



OPERATION MANUAL

MARINE RADAR

MDC-7060/7010/7020

MDC-7960/7910/7920

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For Your Safe Operation

Symbols used in this Operation Manual

This manual uses the following symbols. Understand the meaning of each symbol and implement the maintenance and inspection.

Symbol	Meaning
 Warning	Warning Symbol This symbol denotes that there is a risk of death or serious injury when not dealt with it correctly.
	High Voltage Danger Symbol This symbol denotes that there is a risk of death or serious injury caused by electric shock when not dealt with it correctly.
 Caution	Caution Symbol This symbol denotes that there is a risk of slight injury or damage of device when not dealt with it correctly.
	Prohibition Symbol This symbol denotes restriction of the specified conduct. Description of the restriction is displayed near the mark.
IMPORTANT	Important Symbol This mark indicates important area where attention is needed. This may include possible data lose or other issues that may interfere with radar operation.
	Reference Symbol This mark shows the part to be referred to concerning this description.

Caution related to Equipment

	<p>Caution, high voltage inside.</p> <p>High voltage that may cause severe injury or death is present. High voltage remains in circuit even after power is turned off. High voltage circuit has a protective cover with a warning label. Make sure to turn off power and discharge capacitors before working on the system. Only authorized personnel should access this circuit for repair and maintenance.</p>
 Warning	<p>Confirm main power is turned off before servicing the equipment.</p> <p>If power switch is turned on while working on the system, possible severe injury or death may occur due to high voltage. Make sure main power is off and a label “Work In Progress” is attached to the breaker powering the system.</p>
 Warning	<p>Caution related to dust</p> <p>Inhaling dust may cause A respiratory disease. When cleaning the inside of equipment, be careful not to inhale dust. Wearing a safety mask is recommended.</p>
 Caution	<p>When choosing equipment location</p> <p>Do not install the equipment where it is excessively damp, humid and under direct dripping water.</p>
 Caution	<p>Caution related to static electricity</p> <p>Static electricity may be generated from floor carpet or synthetic clothes. Static may destroy some electronics parts of the circuit and therefore anti-static measures should be done.</p>
	<p>Prohibited matter</p> <p>Any Display and Scanner unit combination other than specified in the manual is prohibited and will void manufacturer’s warranty.</p>

Caution related to Handling**Caution****Caution related to rotating aerial**



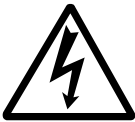


The radar antenna may start rotating to rotate without notice. Please stand clear from the antenna for your safety.

**Caution****Caution related to electromagnetic disturbance**

The operating Antenna & Scanner unit radiates high-energy electromagnetic wave. It may cause harmful effect for human body due to its continuous radiation. As International regulation says, electromagnetic waves less than 100 watt/m² does not have a harmful effect on human bodies, but some kind of medical devices such as heart pacemakers are sensitive even under the low energy electromagnetic wave. Any personnel with such a device should keep away from the electromagnetic wave generating position at all times.

Specified power density and distance from the radar (in accordance with the provision as specified in IEC 60945)

Model name	Transmission power / Antenna length	100W/m ²	50W/m ²	10W/m ²
MDC-7060	6kW / 4 feet Antenna	1.5 m	2.1 m	4.5 m
MDC-7960	6kW / 6 feet Antenna	1.7 m	2.4 m	5.4 m
MDC-7010	12kW / 4 feet Antenna	2.1 m	2.9 m	6.4 m
MDC-7910	12kW / 6 feet Antenna	2.4 m	3.4 m	7.6 m
	12kW / 9 feet Antenna	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.0 m
MDC-7020	25kW / 4 feet Antenna	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.2 m
MDC-7920	25kW / 6 feet Antenna	3.5 m	4.9 m	10.9 m
	25kW / 9 feet Antenna	4.1 m	5.8 m	13.0 m

 Warning	Do not disassemble or modify. It may lead to trouble, fire, smoking or electric shock. In case of trouble, contact our dealer or our company.
 Warning	In case of smoke or fire, switch off the power in the boat and the power of equipment. It may cause fire, electric shock or damage.
	Caution related to remaining high voltage. A high voltage may remain in the capacitor for several minutes after system is powered off. Before inspecting inside, wait at least 5 minutes after powering off or discharging the remaining electricity in an appropriate manner. Then, start the work.
 Caution	The information displayed in this unit is not provided directly for your navigation. For your navigation, be sure to see the specified material.
 Caution	Use properly rated fuse. If incorrect fuse is used, it may cause fire, smoke or damage.

Break in procedure of stored radar**Caution**


Following procedure is recommended for “Break In” of the stored radar.

Otherwise the radar sometimes exhibits unstable transmitting operation such as arcing at its initial operation after long period of storage and make the operation more difficult.

1. Extend preheat time as long as possible (preferably 20 to 30 minutes).
2. Set the pulse width to the shortest one and start the operation.

When the operation in the shortest pulse is stable then go to operation in longer pulse and repeat the similar step until the operation reaches to the final pulse condition.

Used battery and radar disposal

 Warning	<p>A high-energy density lithium ion battery is installed in this radar.</p> <p>Improper disposal of a lithium ion battery is discouraged as the battery has a possibility of short-circuiting. If it gets wet, the generation of heat, explosion or ignition may occur resulting in an injury or fire.</p>
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Treatment of the used lithium ion battery

To dispose of built-in lithium ion battery (CR2032) in this radar, insulate each terminal with tape, and wrap in plastic bag.

The disposal and collection rules may be different depending on each municipal district. Obey the directions of each district.

Disposal of this radar

This radar shall be disposed according to the municipal regulations or rules.

How to use without Heading, Speed, Latitude and Longitude input

To use the function of this radar effectively, the default is set provided that all external input shall be connected at the initial status. Therefore, when no Heading and Speed signals are input from navigation equipment (in case not connected), this radar gives alarms and warning messages at lower right of the display, if the radar is started up factory default settings. These alarms are disengaged by pressing OFF key temporarily, however, the alarms are activated again next time the radar is start up. When only basic function of radar will be used without input signals from other devices, please use this radar with keeping the ship's bearing, ship's speed and latitude and longitude OFF as follows to disengage the alarm detection at start up.

Once set, the alarm is not detected next time the radar is started up. In this case, navigation function, mapping function, display of data, TT (ARPA) and AIS, etc. will be unable to use.

Method of setting

Press MENU key to display "Menu" and set as follows.

When HDG is not input (GPS compass and GYRO are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [HDG INPUT] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

When SPD is not input (LOG and GPS are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [SPD INPUT] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

Note: Please use the stability standard as [SEA STAB] (default value). A warning will be generated if it is set to [GROUND STAB]. Select [DISPLAY] => [STAB MODE] => [SEA] and press ENT key.

When LAT/LON is not input (GPS and PLOTTER are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [LAT/LON INPUT] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

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Introduction

The MDC-7060/7010/7020/7960/7910/7920 type Radar system is a compact and high performance shipboard radar system consisting of the Antenna & Scanner unit with a transmit power of 6kW/12kW/25kW, a Display unit with a 19 inch color LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) and Operation unit.

For this radar, its multi functions and high performance are accomplished with microcomputer technology as well as an image processing in the newly developed radar-dedicated LSI (Large Scale Integration).

- A slim Display unit using liquid crystal technology.
- Stable indication and reliable acquisition of small targets.
- Clear distinction between a moving target and land by true trail display.
- Provision of multi targets TT (ARPA) information and AIS information.
- Various models for selection of optimum radar for your needs.
- Capable of adjusting gain, anti- sea clutter, anti- rain clutter, bearing cursor, and range marker, etc. using rotating knobs.
- The waterproof operating panel (IP23) has a great flexibility in installation.
- Capable of remote control using USB Mouse/Trackball.
- Simple and easy operation by user-friendly rotating knobs.

Configuration items

System configuration

MDC-7060/7010/7020

No.	Name	Type
1	Antenna	*
2	Scanner	**
3	Processor unit	MRM-108
4	Operation unit with connecting cable	MRO-108
5	Connecting cable	242J159098B-15M
6	DC power cable	CW-259-2M
7	Spare parts	SP-MRD/MRM-108
8	Installation material	M12-BOLT.KIT
9	Installation material	CONNECTOR.KIT
10	Operation manual	MDC-7000_7900.OC.OM.E
11	Installation manual	MDC-7000_7900.OC.IM.E
12	Quick reference	MDC-7000_7900.OC.QR.E

* RW701A-04: 4feet, RW701A-06: 6feet, RW701B-09: 9feet

** RB717A: 6kW (MDC-7060), RB718A: 12kW (MDC-7010), RB719A: 25kW (MDC-7020)

MDC-7960/7910/7920

No.	Name	Type
1	Antenna	*
2	Scanner	**
3	Display unit	MRD-108
4	Operation unit with connecting cable	MRO-108
5	Connecting cable	242J159098B-15M
6	DC power cable	CW-259-2M
7	Spare parts	SP-MRD/MRM-108
8	Installation material	M12-BOLT.KIT
9	Installation material	CONNECTOR.KIT
10	Operation manual	MDC-7000_7900.OC.OM.E
11	Installation manual	MDC-7000_7900.OC.IM.E
12	Quick reference	MDC-7000_7900.OC.QR.E

* RW701A-04: 4feet, RW701A-06: 6feet, RW701B-09: 9feet

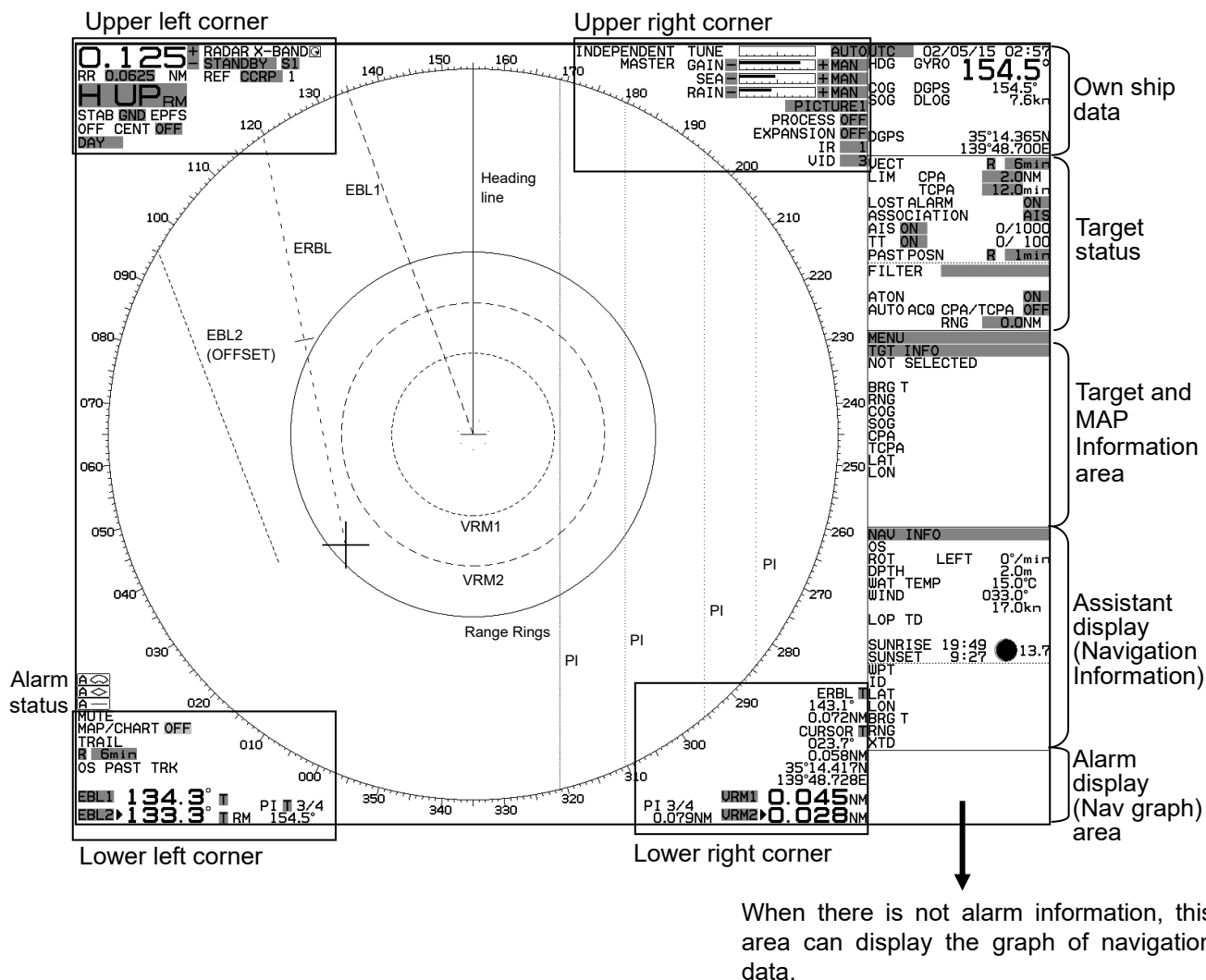
** RB717A: 6kW (MDC-7960), RB718A: 12kW (MDC-7910), RB719A: 25kW (MDC-7920)

Option list

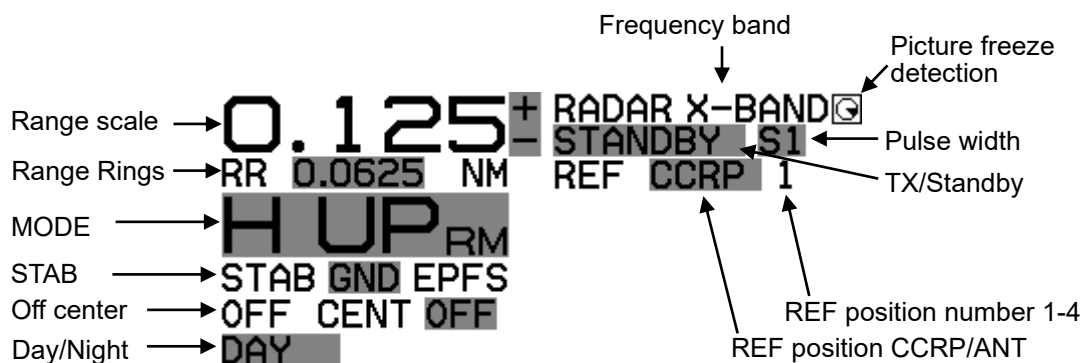
No.	Name	Type	Comment
1	Gyro Interface	S2N, U/N 9028C	Gyro converter
2	Log pulse NMEA converter	L1N, U/N 9181A	200pulse/NM only
3	Rectifier unit	PS-010	5A fuse attached.
4		VL-PSG001	20A fuse attached.
5	AC power cable	VV-2D8-3M	Without a connector on the both sides
6	Junction box	JB-35	With CW-376-5M
7	Connecting cable	CW-373-*	With 6-pin water resistant connectors at both ends (cable for data)
8		*: 5M, 10M, 30M	
9		CW-374-5M	With a 6-pin connector and a 6-pin water resistant connector (cable for data)
10		CW-376-5M	With a 6-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for data)
11		CW-387-5M	With an 8-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for AIS)
12		CW-429-5M	With an 8-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for AIS)
13		CW-561-*	With 12-pin water resistant connectors at both ends (cable for remote display)
		*: 10M, 30M	
		CW-576-0.5M	With a 10-pin water resistant connector and D-Sub connector (analog RGB) +Alarm out
14	Operation unit connecting cable	CW-401-*	With connectors on both sides
		*: 5M, 10M	
15	Antenna unit –	242J159098C-20M	With connectors on both sides
16	Display unit	242J159098D-30M	With connectors on both sides
17	connecting cable	242J159098x-xxM	With a connector on the both sides
		xx: 100 m max	

Chapter 1 Display and Operation

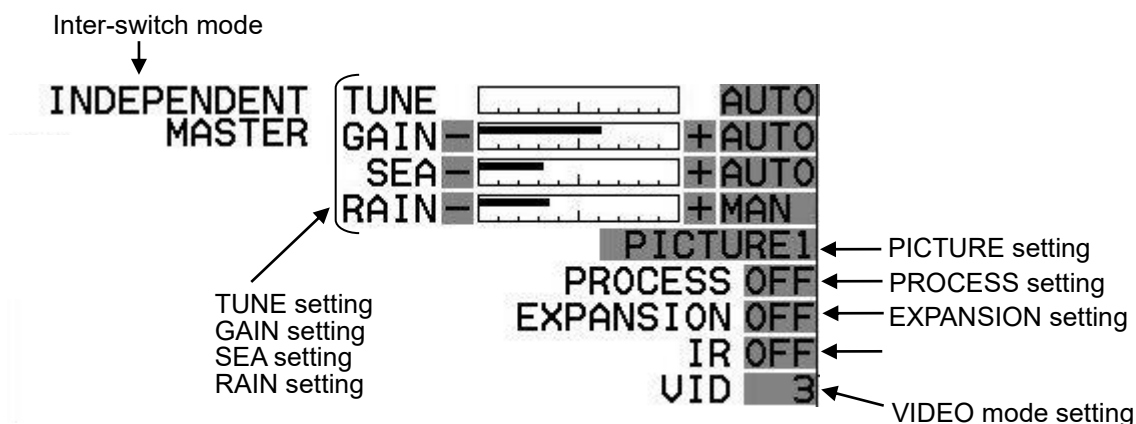
1.1 Radar Display



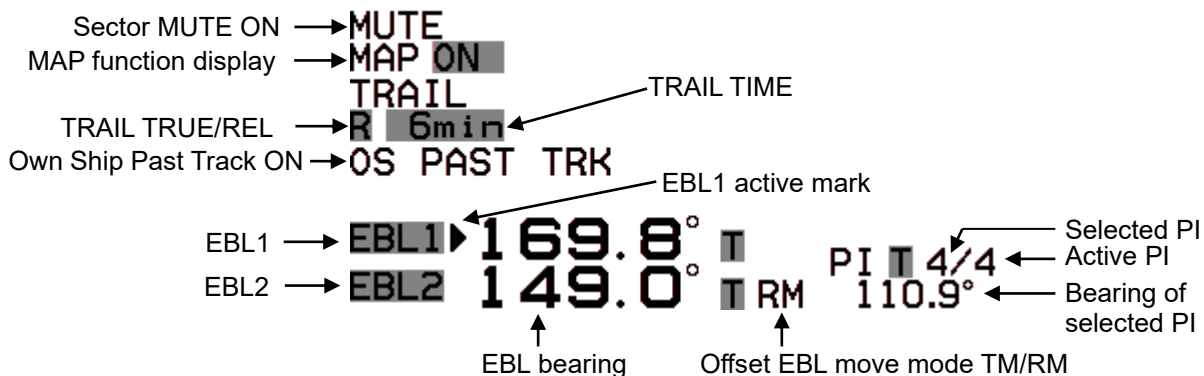
Upper left corner



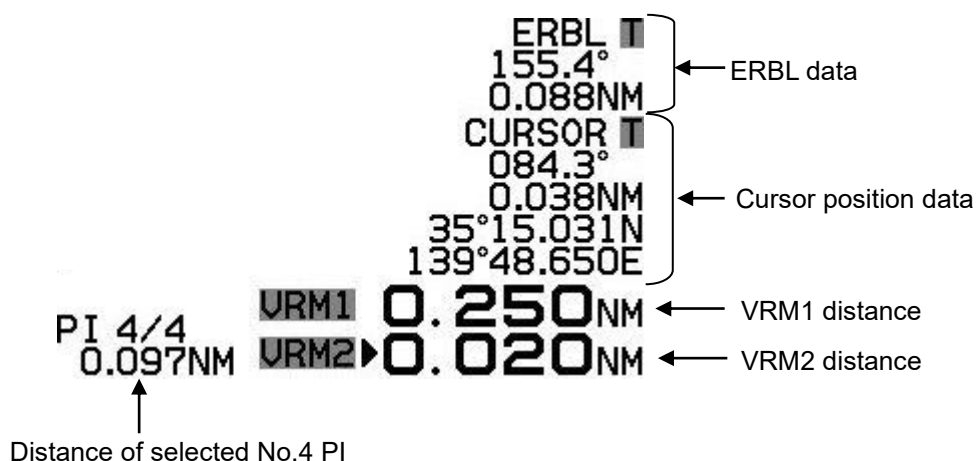
Upper right corner



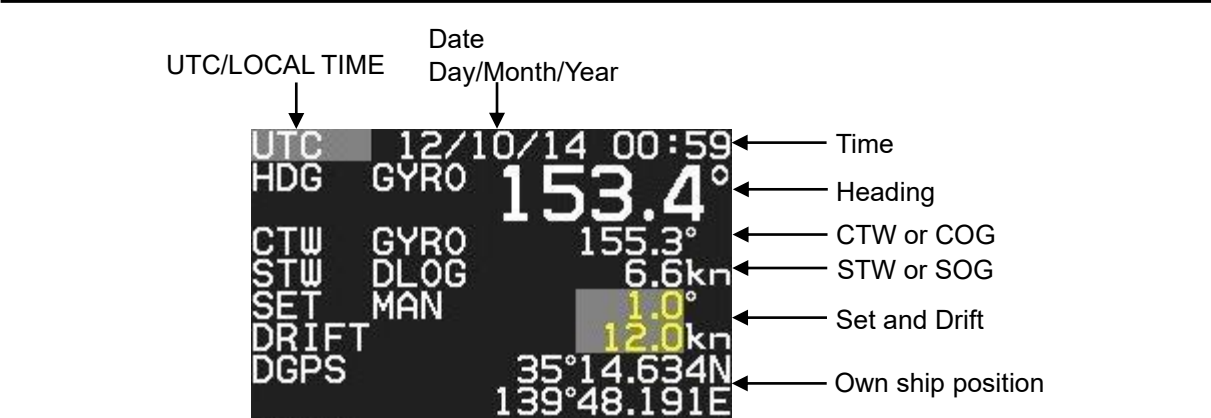
Lower left corner



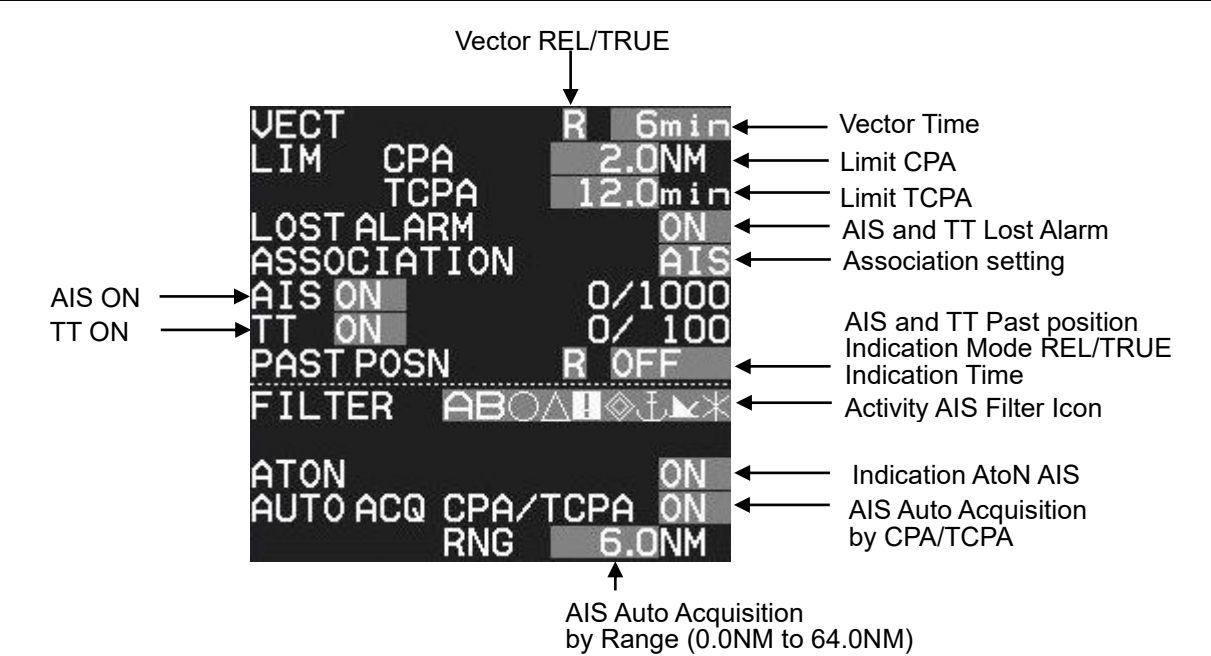
Lower right corner



Own ship data

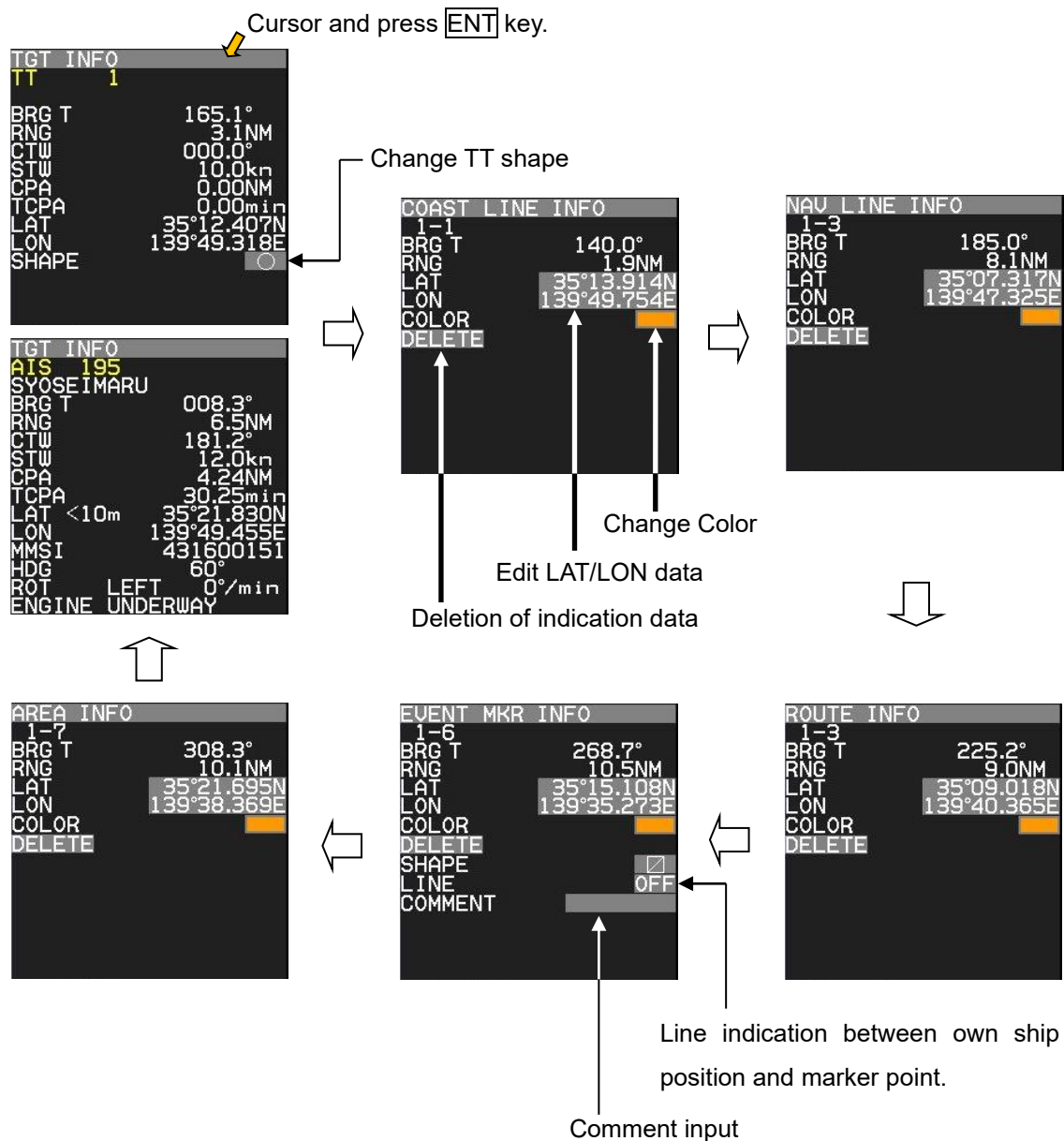


Target status



Target and MAP information area

Selected AIS, TT or MAP (COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA) information is displayed, this data can be changed by selecting with cursor and pressing **ENT** key.

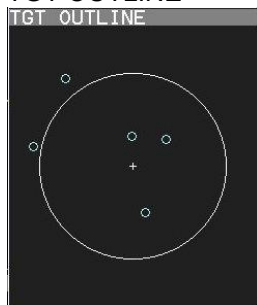


Assistant display (Navigation information)

NAV INFO

NAV INFO
OS
ROT
DPH
WAT TEMP
WIND
L0P TD
SUNRISE 5:44
SUNSET 17:10
GPS
WPT ID
WPT002
LAT 35°18.000N
LO 139°40.000E
BRG T 065.0°
RNG 10.0NM
XTD

TGT OUTLINE



TGT LIST CPA/TCPA

TGT LIST	SORT:TCPA
ID	CPA:NM TCPA:min
1	0.00
156	0.02
206	7.74
220	11.18
132	16.01
186	12.30
136	12.43
154	18.60
113	10.83
231	13.57
130	9.29
238	12.90
232	4.24
195	3.49
240	3.28
117	18.98

TGT LIST BRG/RNG

TGT LIST	SORT:RNG
ID	BRG T RNG:NM
235	273.8° 3.1
232	200.6° 3.2
240	018.4° 6.7
195	015.9° 6.8
141	023.3° 7.4
172	022.1° 7.4
185	025.0° 7.4
206	329.9° 7.9
239	009.0° 8.7
127	010.0° 9.1
165	002.3° 10.1
220	328.3° 11.4
164	010.2° 11.8
186	331.2° 12.7
223	356.1° 12.8

TGT LIST LAT/LON

TGT LIST	SORT:TCPA
ID	LAT/LON
1	35°12.247N
156	35°46.885E
206	35°28.119N
220	35°43.466E
132	35°24.973N
186	35°40.985E
136	35°10.098N
154	35°44.665E
113	35°26.394N
231	35°40.838E
130	35°26.540N
238	35°40.795E
232	35°29.121N
195	35°29.121N
240	140°00.330E
117	35°28.091N
103	139°40.795E

TGT LIST COG/SOG

TGT LIST	SORT:TGT
ID	COG SOG:kt
142	110.4° 8.0
156	144.4° 8.0
115	144.4° 8.0
116	045.7° 8.0
117	045.7° 8.0
123	134.5° 8.0
111	152.1° 8.0
111	299.3° 8.0
193	156.6° 0.1
149	233.2° 0.1
222	010.0° 0.1
168	307.0° 0.1
104	177.7° 0.1
210	207.3° 0.1
132	316.3° 10.7
208	319.3° 0.0
173	058.5° 0.1
103	171.0° 0.0

TGT LIST LABEL

TGT LIST	SORT:TGT
ID	LABEL
142	FUKUJOU MARU
156	TOHSHI
116	TAKAMARU
123	TUG BUKOU
111	TOKACHI MARU
193	
149	MT SIENA
222	CAPE LILAC
168	AN GUANG JIANG
104	ASAHIMARU
210	TAISETSU MARU
132	
208	
173	HEISEI MARU
103	YAYOI EXPRESS

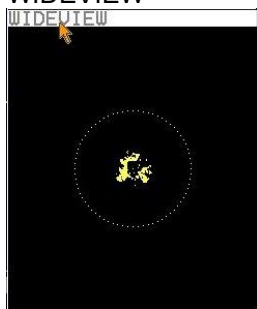
SELECTED AIS INFO

SELECTED AIS INFO
CLASS A
RAIM OFF
TYPE CARGO
CALL SIGN URAL4
IMO 9113173
DRAUGHT 6.8m
DEST
TOKYO
ETA UTC 02/10 13:00
DIMENSIONS
A 14m
B 121m
C 16m
D 5m
DTE ON
DEVICE GPS

BIRDVIEW



WIDEVIEW



ZOOMVIEW



Selection values are NAV INFO, TGT OUTLINE, TGT LIST (CPA/TCPA), TGT LIST (BRG/RNG), TGT LIST (LAT/LON), TGT LIST (COG/SOG), TGT LIST (LABEL), SELECTED AIS INFO, BIRDVIEW, WIDEVIEW and ZOOMVIEW.

TGT LIST can be sorted by CPA, TCPA, RNG, TGT and SEL

CPA: It is displayed with the nearest first from the top of display.

TCPA: It is displayed with the shortest first from the top of display.

RNG: It is displayed with the nearest first the top of display

TGT: It is displayed with the nearest to the selected target first from the top of display.

SEL: It is displayed with the selected target first from the top of display.

Alarm display area

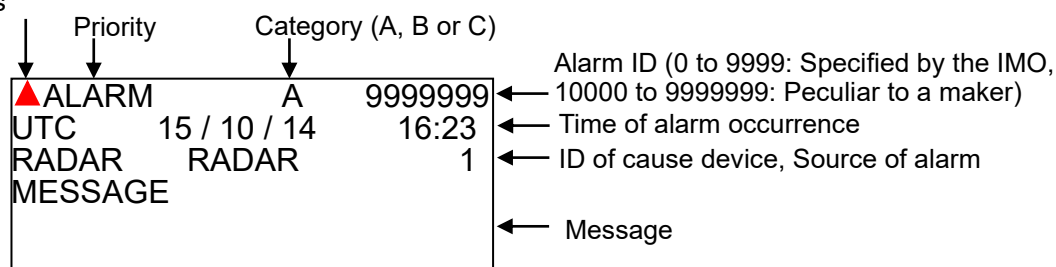
When a malfunction or operation error has been detected in the radar, alarm message will appear at the alarm display area.

Abnormalities are categorized as [ALARM], [WARNING] and [CAUTION]. When these messages actually appear and there is something wrong with radar, record the alarm details by type, location and status and press **OFF** key. The alarm sound (when ALARM and WARNING) and display will disappear. Multiple errors may be displayed one by one. Record all alarms and press **OFF** key for every alarm.

Alarm list: Refer to 9.8 About alarms "Alarm list".

ALARM (Displayed with red)

Alert management icons




In case of unacknowledged alarm, icon and ALARM of priority will be flashing, and 3 short audible signals will be repeating every 7 sec.

In case of silenced alarm, audible signals will be stopping. If silenced alarm condition keeps more than 30sec. silence alarm condition will cancel.

Type of ALARM icons






	Active Unacknowledged alarm
	Active Silenced alarm
	Active Acknowledged alarm
	Active Responsibility transferred alarm
	Rectified Unacknowledged alarm

WARNING (Displayed with yellowish orange)


	WARNING	A	9999999
UTC	15 / 10 / 14		16:23
RADAR			1
MESSAGE			

In case of unacknowledged alarm, icon and WARNING of priority will be flashing, and 2 short audible signals will be repeating every 60 sec.

Type of WARNING icons

	Active Unacknowledged warning
	Active Silenced warning
	Active Acknowledged warning
	Active Responsibility transferred warning
	Rectified Unacknowledged warning

CAUTION (Displayed with yellow)

	CAUTION	A	9999999
UTC	15 / 10 / 14		16:23
RADAR	RADAR		1
MESSAGE			

In case of CAUTION status, icon and CAUTION of priority is not flashing and audible signal is silent.

Type of CAUTION icon

	Caution
---	---------

Alarm display area (Navigation graph)

Following navigation data graphs can display at alarm display area.

Water temperature and water depth

Wind

Set/drift

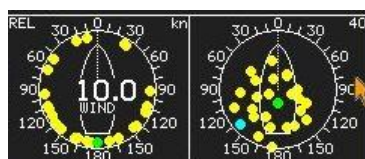
Course and speed

Radar echo level monitor

- 1 Move cursor on the alarm display area with trackball, and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Navigation data graph will be displayed as follows.



Temperature and depth



Wind 1



Wind 2



Set/drift 1



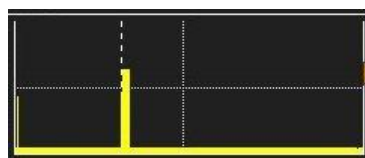
Set/drift 2



Course/ speed 1



Course/ speed 2



Own ship position
VRM 1 marker
Selected range marker
Echo level monitor

It is necessary to input MTW sentence to display water temperature.

It is necessary to input DPT or DBT sentence to display water depth.

It is necessary to input MWD sentence to display wind direction and speed.

It is necessary to input VDR sentence to display set and drift.

Echo level monitor shows the signal level of EBL1 direction.

Alarm status

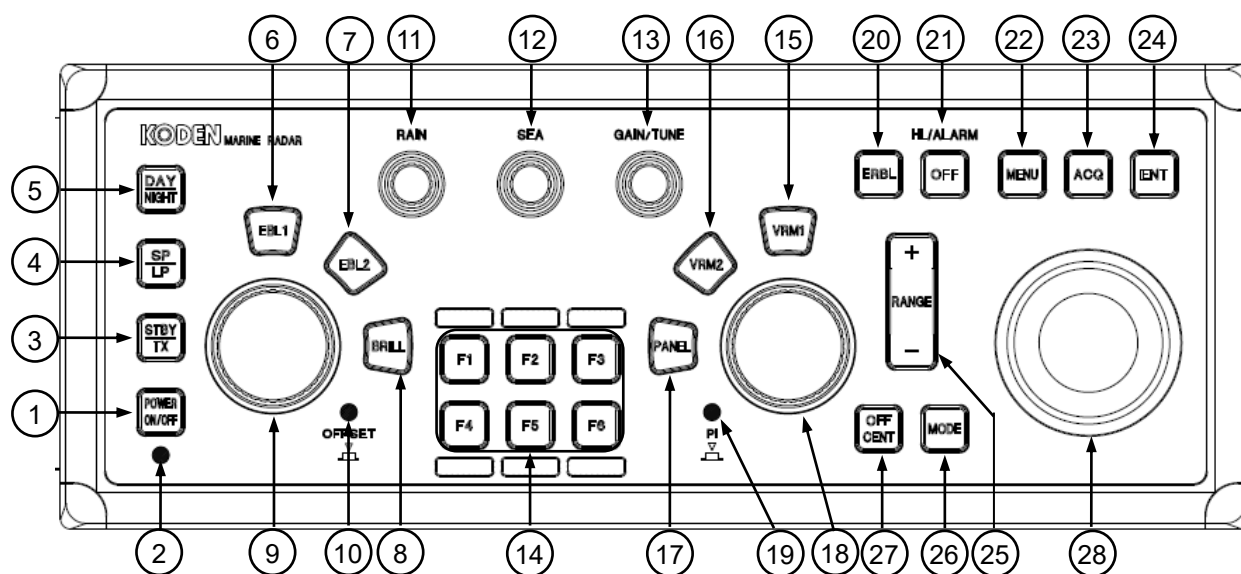
The icon of alarm status will be displayed at the lower left corner of the display.

Alarm icon	Icon name	Setting method (Refer to Chapter 3 Alarm)
	Echo alarm	Refer to 3.1 Echo alarm
	Map area alarm	Refer to 3.2 Map area alarm
	Nav line cross alarm	Refer to 3.4 Nav line cross

Alarm icons are displayed only when alarm function is active and they are not displayed when alarm function is inactive. Alarm icons are displayed in red color while alarm is detected.

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1.2 Operation Unit



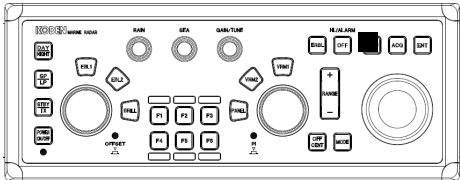
No.	Key/knob name	Contents
1	POWER ON/OFF key	Turn on and off the power.
2	POWER lamp	Status of power on.
3	STBY/TX key	Transmission on and off.
4	SP/LP key	Change transmission pulse width.
5	DAY/NIGHT key	Change echo color, day or night.
6	EBL1 key	EBL1 on and off
7	EBL2 key	EBL2 on and off
8	BRILL key	Display brilliance adjust mode on and off
9	EBL/BRILL knob	Adjust EBL1,EBL2 or display brilliance
10	OFFSET lamp	Status lamp of offset EBL mode on
11	RAIN knob	Reduce rain clutter
12	SEA knob	Reduce sea clutter
13	GAIN knob	Adjust radar receiver gain
14	FUNCTION keys F1 - F6	Quick short cut menu access
15	VRM1 key	VRM1 on and off
16	VRM2 key	VRM2 on and off

17	PANEL key	Control panel brilliance adjustment
18	VRM/PANEL knob	Adjust VRM1,VRM2 or panel brilliance
19	PI lamp	Status lamp of parallel index lines
20	ERBL key	Electronic range and bearing line on and off
21	OFF key	Erase heading line, stop alarm sound, etc.
22	MENU key	Turn MENU on and off
23	ACQ key	Start manual TT acquisition
24	ENT key	Key most often used to make a selection
25	RANGE key	Change radar range scale.
26	MODE key	Change display mode HU/NU/CU
27	OFF CENT key	Off center mode on and off
28	TRACKBALL	Used to make MENU selection and move cursor

1.3 Menu usage

Turn MENU on and off

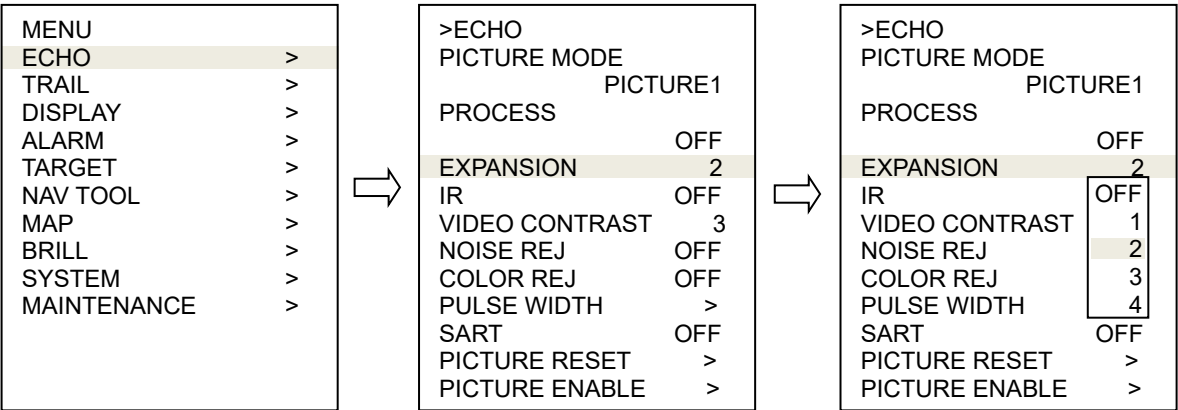
- 1 Press **MENU** key, “Menu” display on the right side of the display.
- 2 “Menu” display is turned off by pressing **MENU** key again.



Select menu item

- 1 Press **MENU** key and “Main menu” will show on the display. Select one of main menu items by moving the trackball up or down.
- 2 Move the trackball to the right after making selection in main menu and the sub menu will show on the display.
- 3 Select a sub menu item by moving the trackball up or down.
- 4 Move the trackball to the right after making selection in sub menu and value of selected item will show.
- 5 Select desired value, then press **ENT** key.
Note: Pay attention that **ENT** key must be pressed for selected item to take effect.
- 6 Move trackball to the left to return to previous menu.
To exit from menu, press **MENU** key again.

<Example of menu display>



Note: “Menu” setup value is stored in the non-volatile memory inside the radar. Therefore, no setup operation is required after power is turned on.

Note: About the shaded menu:

[INTER-SWITCH] in [SYSTEM] menu, and [SECTOR MUTE], [BACKUP], [TOTAL HOUR] and [TX HOUR] in [MAINTENANCE] menu are not available during transmission, therefore they are greyed out.

Standby

```

09 >SYSTEM
01 INTER-SWITCH
   INDEPENDENT MASTER
02 TIME                UTC
03 USER 1 A            >
04 SOUND                >
05 LANG                ENGLISH
06 DISP INFO          ALL
07 HELP                ON

```

Transmission

```

09 >SYSTEM
01 INTER-SWITCH
   INDEPENDENT MASTER
02 TIME                UTC
03 USER 1 A            >
04 SOUND                >
05 LANG                ENGLISH
06 DISP INFO          ALL
07 HELP                ON

```

Standby

```

10 >MAINTENANCE
01 STARTUP
02 I/O
03 SECTOR MUTE
04 PRESET
05 BACKUP
06 BITE
07 TOTAL HOUR          2hr
08 TX HOUR              0hr

```

Transmission

```

10 >MAINTENANCE
01 STARTUP
02 I/O
03 SECTOR MUTE
04 PRESET
05 BACKUP
06 BITE
07 TOTAL HOUR          2hr
08 TX HOUR              0hr

```

1.4 Cursor Access usage

Basic radar functions can be operated by using the trackball and **[ENT]** key without using menu.

This function is effective for the operation with USB Mouse/Trackball from the remote place.

Move cursor on a grey item with trackball, then press **[ENT]** key.

```

0.125 + RADAR X-BAND
RR 0.0625 NM  STANDBY S1
H UP RM REF CCRP 1
STAB SEA SDME
OFF CENT OFF
DAY

```

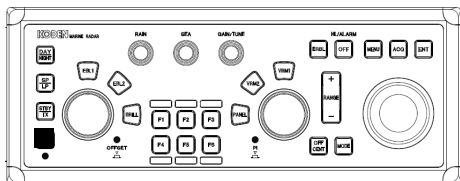
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Chapter 2 Radar Basic Operation

2.1 Power ON/OFF

Power ON

Press **POWER ON/OFF** key located at the lower left corner of the operating unit. Radar system is turned on with beep sound.



After power on, radar model name and preheating countdown time will appear at the center of the display.

Wait for 120 sec. (*1) or 180 sec. (*2) until preheating countdown time has disappeared, and status changes from **WAIT** to **STANDBY** at the upper left of the display.

(*1) MDC-7060/7960/7010/7910

(*2) MDC-7020/7920

RADAR X-BAND WAIT S1 REF CCRP 1		RADAR X-BAND STANDBY S1 REF CCRP 1
--	--	---

The brilliance of the display is set to the previous value of the last power off.

During operation, "POWER LAMP" under **POWER ON/OFF** key lights up red.

Note: The power source shall not be turned off until operational window is displayed.

Power OFF

Press **POWER ON/OFF** key for two sec. for power off.

"SHUTDOWN" message appears at the center of the display, release **POWER ON/OFF** key immediately, and from five to ten sec. later will completely power off.

Note:

- The power source shall be turned off by pressing **POWER ON/OFF** key.

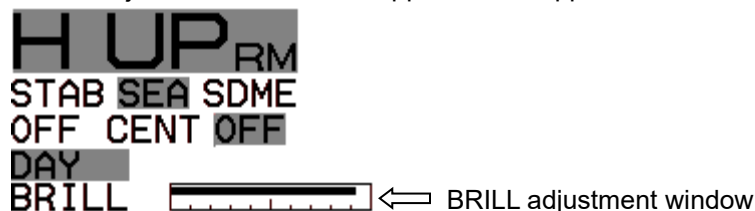
When the ship's power source is lost during operation, an important setup data may be lost

- After radar has been turned off, wait at least five seconds before turning it back on.

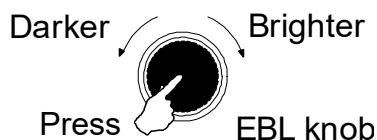
2.2 Change Brilliance

Display Brilliance

- 1 Press **BRILL** key.
- 2 The BRILL adjustment window will appear in the upper left of the display.

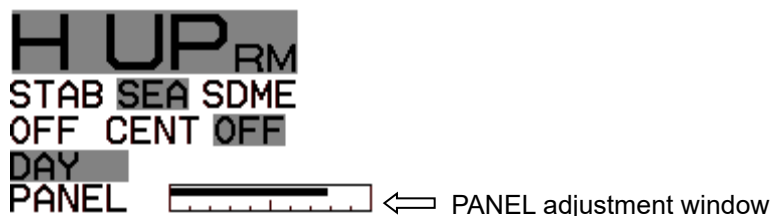


- 3 Turn **EBL** knob clockwise to increase the display brilliance.
Turn **EBL** knob counterclockwise to decrease the display brilliance.
The display brilliance can also be changed in five steps by pressing **EBL** knob.



Operation unit Brilliance

- 1 Press **PANEL** key
- 2 The PANEL adjustment window will appear in the upper left of the display.



- 3 Turn **VRM** knob clockwise to increase the lighting of the panel brilliance.
Turn **VRM** knob counterclockwise to decrease the lighting of the panel brilliance.
The panel brilliance can also be changed in five steps by pressing **VRM** knob.



2.3 Transmission

Transmission ON

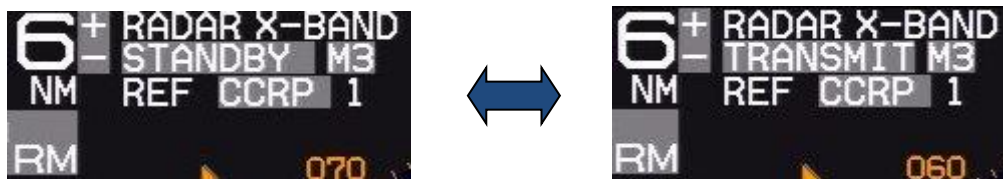
After preheating time countdown is completed, the radar can be placed in transmit mode.

Press **STBY/TX** key, or select the **STANDBY** box at the upper left corner of the display using trackball and press **ENT** key.

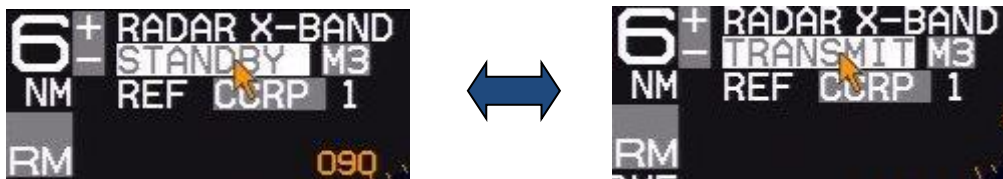
Radar system will start transmission.

The status of **STANDBY** changes to **TRANSMIT**.

Operation of **STBY/TX** key



Operation of Trackball



Transmission OFF

Press **STBY/TX** key, or select the **TRANSMIT** box at the upper left corner of the display using trackball and press **ENT** key to stop transmission.

The status of **TRANSMIT** returns to **STANDBY** at upper left of the display.

2.4 Tuning method

The transmitting and receiving frequency of this radar may become detuned by environmental changes.

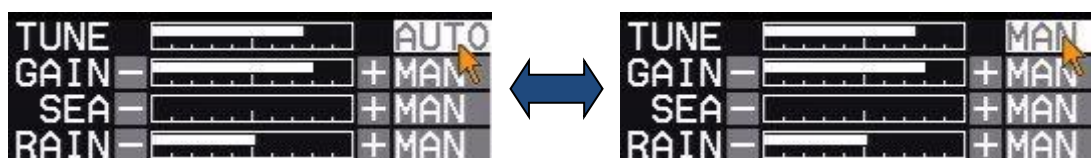
This result in “detuning” of the gain and the same echo images may show weaker, even if the setup is the same as before.

Tuning method can be changed directly in the upper right of the display, with trackball and **[ENT]** key, without using menu function.

Tuning menu operation method, refer to 4.2.1 Tune adjustment of Installation manual.

Change MAN (manual) and AUTO

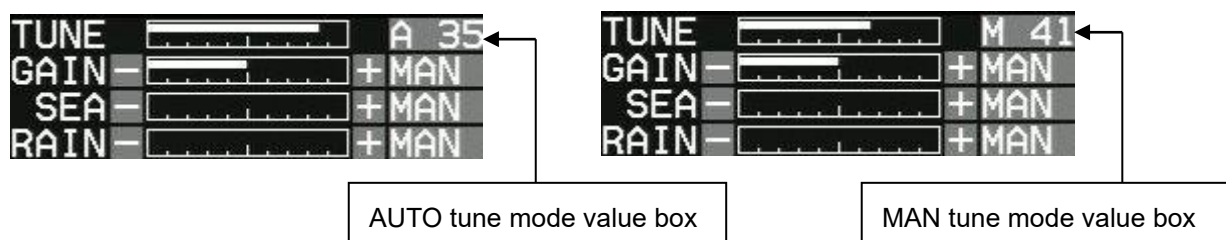
Move cursor to the **[MAN]** or **[AUTO]** box (whichever is shown) of tune indicator at upper right of the display using trackball and press **[ENT]** key.



Optimized value setup method

Adjustment shall be performed based on stable echo object such as from land. (Land is used in following explanation.)

- 1 Set RAIN and SEA at 0.
- 2 Set lower GAIN until land echo almost disappears.
- 3 Press **[GAIN/TUNE]** knob until light around knob turns red.
Tune value box will appear on the place of **[MAN]** or **[AUTO]** box of tune indicator.



- 4 Turn **[GAIN/TUNE]** knob clockwise or counterclockwise to get the strongest land echo.
- 5 When tune adjustment is completed, press **[GAIN/TUNE]** knob or **[ENT]** key to save setting data to internal memory.
Light around **[GAIN/TUNE]** knob will turn green.
- 6 Repeat step 3 to 5 for both **[MAN]** and **[AUTO]** modes.

2.5 Change range scale

The coverage area can be changed by changing range scale.

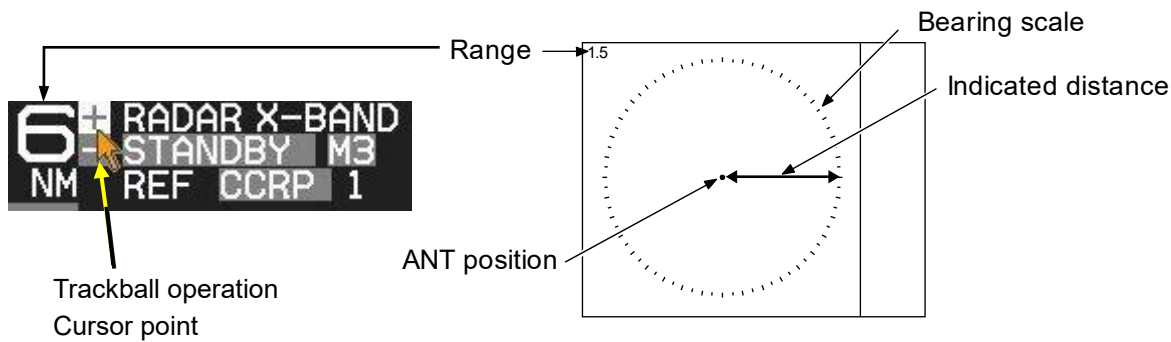
Larger the value of range the more coverage area expands. (The target image will become smaller.)

The range scale value and range rings value are indicated at the upper left on the display.

Range scale can be changed directly at the upper left of the display, with trackball and **ENT** key, without using **RANGE+** and **RANGE-** key.

Range is changed centering on the antenna position.

- 1 Press **Range +** key to zoom out the picture, and to observe a wider area.
- Press **Range -** key to zoom in the picture, to magnify and to observe closer to Antenna position.



Model-specific ranges are as shown below.

Model name	MDC-7020/7920 (Max. output : 25 kW)												
	MDC-7010/7910 (Max. output : 12 kW)												
	MDC-7060/7960 (Max. output: 6 kW)												
Range(NM)	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	32*	48	64*	96**

* 32NM and 64NM is for 6kW / 12kW only.

** 96NM is for 25kW only.

Change range unit (NM / km / sm / kf / ky)

The unit of range measurement can use five kinds of distance units.

- Selection unit:
- NM: nautical mile
 - km: kilo meter
 - sm: statute mile
 - kf: kilo feet
 - ky: kilo yard

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
- Select **[DISPLAY]** => **[RANGE UNIT]** => select **[NM]**, **[km]**, **[sm]**, **[kf]** or **[ky]**, and press **ENT** key.

When changing to other range unit, Range and Cursor range unit will be changed.

2.6 Adjust receiver gain (GAIN)

It is recommended to adjust [GAIN] in the upper right side of the display to have the evenly scattered vague background noise with low intensity in the PPI.

Lower than required [GAIN] may result in missing small vessels and buoys.

Higher [GAIN] than required may result in difficult discrimination between small ships and densely displayed high level background noise.

Under some situation, desired target object may be masked by side lobe of antenna directivity or false echo by multi path.

Lower [GAIN] until masked target echo can be recognized outside of the area where 2.7 "Reject sea clutter (anti-SEA)" is effective.

However since lower [GAIN] tends to lose weak target echo, try to return the [GAIN] to original position each time [GAIN] is changed to maintain target recognition. In the short distance area where anti-SEA is effective, recognize target by adjusting MAN SEA.

When suppressing RAIN clutter (rain or snow), adjust [GAIN] knob and [RAIN] knob side by side.

[GAIN] state is displaying in the upper right of the display.

Selection of MAN GAIN and AUTO GAIN

By [GAIN] knob

When the [GAIN] knob is pressed, [AUTO GAIN] and [MAN GAIN] change alternately.

By trackball

- 1 Move cursor on the [MAN] or [AUTO] display (whichever is shown) at right side of [GAIN] on the top of the display.
- 2 Press [ENT] key to change [AUTO] or [MAN] as appropriate.

AUTO adjustment of GAIN

When [AUTO GAIN] is set, [GAIN] is adjusted automatically.

Note: AUTO GAIN may remove weak target echoes, or too much sea clutter may be on the display, turn [GAIN] knob clockwise or counterclockwise to adjust AUTO GAIN effectively.

If not setup properly, adjust AUTO GAIN settings by referring to 4.5.3 Setup GAIN MIN and MAX mode of Installation manual.

MAN adjustment of GAIN

When **MAN GAIN** is selected, GAIN can be adjusted manually.

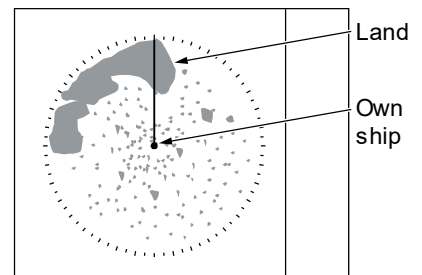
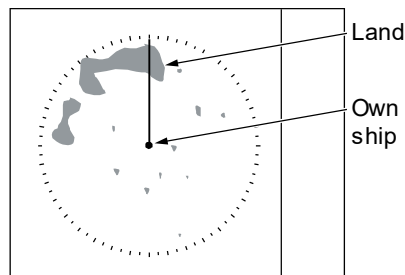
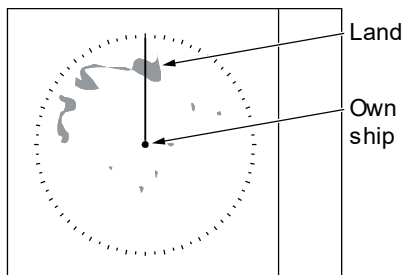
- 1 Turn **GAIN** knob clockwise to increase receiving gain.
Turn **GAIN** knob counterclockwise to decrease receiving gain.



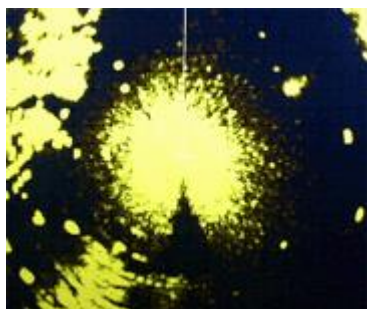
Note:

- Decrease gain for shorter range and dense targets.
- Increase gain for long range targets and small target however take care in not using too much gain and losing targets in the surrounding noise.

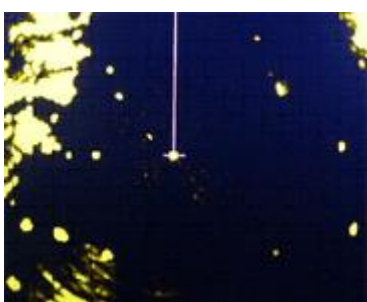
Result picture after adjustment a **[GAIN]** knob



2.7 Reject sea clutter (anti-SEA)



SEA clutter at center



After Adjusted MAN SEA

MAN (manual) SEA and AUTO (automatic) SEA are provided for anti-SEA function. On the rough sea, SEA clutter noise appears around antenna position (center spot), and short distant targets are masked and not recognizable. In that case, anti-SEA function suppresses sea clutter noise and reveals masked target echoes. Recommended adjustment of anti-SEA is to adjust to make echoes from sea clutter vaguely displayed by low (weak) level.

If anti-SEA level is too high to show sea clutter noise, short distance gain is over suppressed and it may result in loss of targets like buoys and small ships.

On the other hand, if anti-SEA level is too low, clutter noise around antenna position (center spot) is displayed by high intensity level and it makes difficult to discriminate small ships and buoys from sea clutter.

Anti-SEA is effective to suppress false echoes and ground clutter in short distance. However adjustment of GAIN should be used beyond effective coverage of anti-SEA.

If target echoes are masked by excessive false echoes within anti-SEA effective area, then adjust MAN SEA to confirm it. Excessive anti-SEA may lose echoes from small ships and buoys. So, return to appropriate anti-SEA level for normal use.

Note:

- Small targets become harder to detect when [SEA] is used together with [RAIN]. Therefore, please adjust them carefully.
- The echo process (refer to 2.23 Echo process) is useful to reject sea clutter. Be careful, when the echo process is active, high speed targets are harder to detect than stationary ones.

Selection of MAN SEA and AUTO SEA

By **[SEA]** knob

When the **[SEA]** knob is pressed, **[AUTO SEA]** and **[MAN SEA]** change alternately.

By trackball

- 1 Move cursor on the **[MAN]** or **[AUTO]** display (whichever is shown) at right side of [SEA] on the top of the display.
- 2 Press **[ENT]** key to display **[AUTO]** or **[MAN]** as appropriate.

AUTO adjustment of SEA

When **AUTO SEA** is set, anti-SEA is adjusted automatically.

Note: AUTO SEA may erase weak target echoes. If excessive sea clutter erasing or too much clutter is observed, turn **SEA** knob clockwise or counterclockwise to adjust AUTO SEA effectively.

If not setup properly, adjust it by referring to 4.5.3 Setup GAIN MIN and MAX mode of Installation manual.

In case there are strong echo targets such as in the harbor or canal, anti-SEA tends to suppress excessively, use MAN SEA in that case.

Manual adjustment of SEA

When **MAN SEA** is selected, anti-SEA can be adjusted manually.

By using **SEA** knob, suppress this effect and make targets seen easier.

[SEA] state is displayed in the upper right of the display.

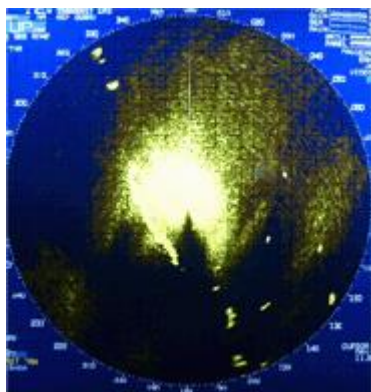
- 1** Turn **SEA** knob clockwise to increase anti-sea clutter effect.
Turn **SEA** knob counterclockwise to decrease anti-sea clutter effect.
- 2** Turn **SEA** knob clockwise until even low (weak) SEA clutter is displayed by observing the display.
- 3** Adjust **SEA** knob from time to time to get low (weak) SEA clutter on the display as intensity of sea clutter changes as time passes.



Note:

- When waves do not affect the result, turn the knob fully counterclockwise.
- This function reduces gain in closest ranges. Too much sea clutter may result in actual targets being lost.
- Manual SEA user keep watching and adjusting SEA with changing conditions.
- If SEA and anti-RAIN are used in combination, then small targets will be less visible.

2.8 Reject rain/snow clutter (anti-RAIN)



Rain clutter

In rain or snow, targets become hard to be seen as a result of unwanted weather reflection.

Rain or snow image appears as a large target echo with surrounding mid gradation rim.

Anti-RAIN is available MAN and CFAR.

Adjustment of MAN (manual) and CFAR (Constant False Alarm Rate) by turning **RAIN** knob suppresses clutter, and helps to see targets clearly.

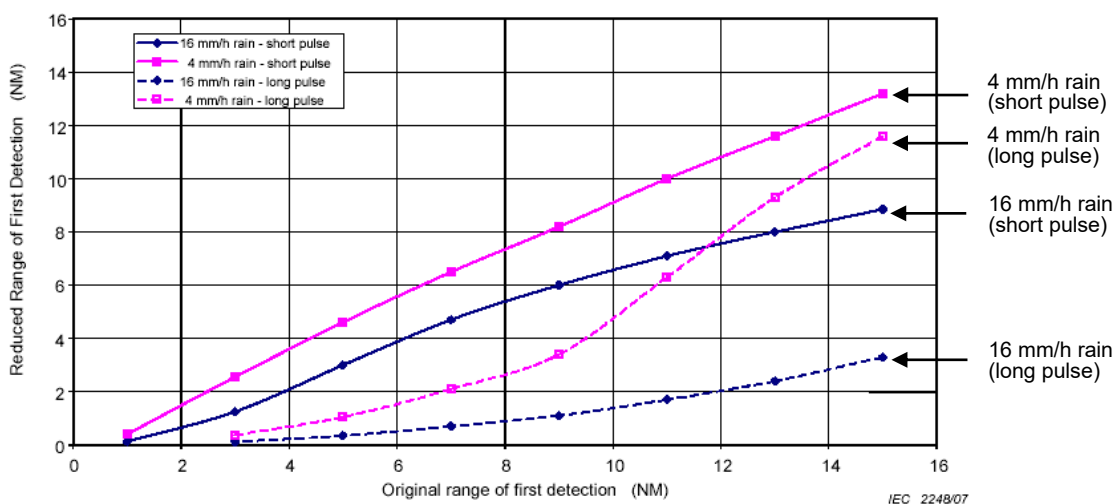
MAN is effective for suppression of rain and snow.

CFAR is effective for suppression of sea, rain and snow clutter.

[RAIN MODE] can be changed directly in the upper right of the display without using menu function.

Note:

- Small target becomes harder to detect when [RAIN] is used together with [SEA]. Therefore, please adjust them carefully.
- The echo process (refer to 2.23 Echo process) is useful to reject rain clutter. Be careful, when the echo process is active, high-speed targets are harder to detect than stationary ones.
- The performance of radar detection range is degraded by rain as shown in the figure below.



The details of the figure (An example of 6 NM range)

A target which was able to observe at 6 NM (Original range of first detection), can only be detected at the range (Reduced Range of First Detection) shown below in rain condition.

4 mm/h rain (short pulse): approx. 5.6 NM

4 mm/h rain (long pulse): approx. 1.5 NM

16 mm/h rain (short pulse): approx. 3.9 NM

16 mm/h rain (long pulse): approx. 0.5 NM

Changing method of CFAR and MAN

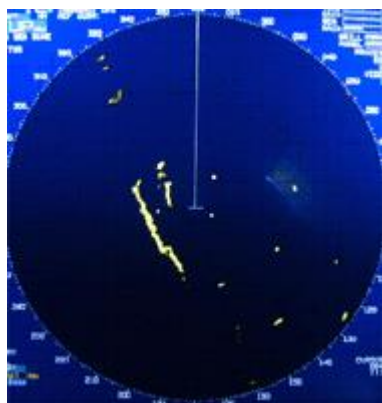
By **RAIN** knob

When **RAIN** knob is pressed, **MAN** and **CFAR** change because of the alternation.

By trackball

- 1 Move cursor on the **MAN** or **CFAR** display (whichever is shown) at right side of **[RAIN]** on the top of the display.
- 2 Press **ENT** key to alternate **CFAR** and **MAN**.

CFAR (Constant False Alarm Rate) adjustment



CFAR function is used to suppress of sea, rain and snow clutter easily.

CFAR function is active when **CFAR** is indicated at the upper right side of the display.

Level of CFAR is indicated on the left side of **CFAR** indication.

After CFAR adjustment

- 1 Turn **RAIN** knob clockwise to increase anti-clutter effect.
Turn **RAIN** knob counterclockwise to decrease anti-clutter effect.

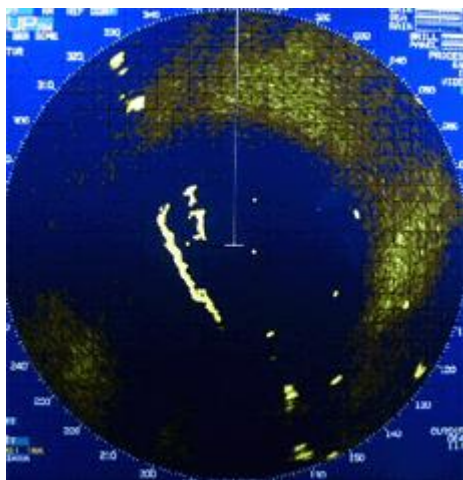


- 2 Turn **RAIN** knob clockwise to get even low (weak) clutter while watching the display.

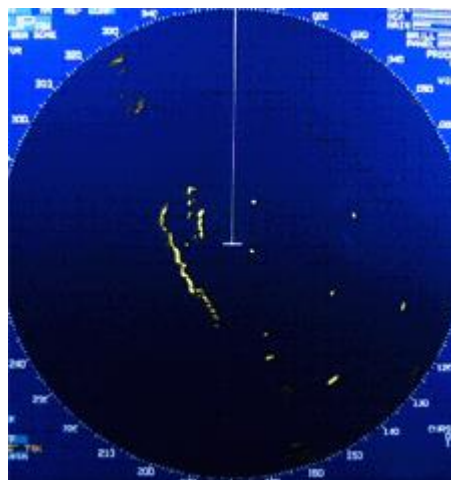
Note:

- In the case of **CFAR** mode, the gain adjustment is not possible.
Adjust **SEA** knob to suppress remaining sea clutter.
- In typical environment CFAR should be turned all the way down via **RAIN** knob, and no white level should be indicated by CFAR window.
- Turning the knob to the right shows the targets hidden in the rain/snow image, but care shall be taken that small target may be hidden and not displayed if over adjusted.
- If there are strong echo targets such as in the harbor or channel, CFAR tends to suppress targets excessively. In that case, change CFAR to MAN and use MAN SEA in addition.

RAIN MAN (manual) adjustment



After adjusted anti-SEA



After adjusted anti-SEA & RAIN MAN

- 1 Turn **RAIN** knob clockwise to increase anti-clutter effect.
Turn **RAIN** knob counterclockwise to decrease anti-clutter effect.
Turn **GAIN** knob clockwise until sea clutter is visible on the display.



- 2 Use anti-SEA (AUTO SEA or MAN SEA).
- 3 While observing the display, suppress RAIN clutter outside of anti-SEA effective area by turning **RAIN** knob clockwise. Adjust RAIN so that sea clutter is lightly visible.
- 4 Intensity of RAIN clutter is affected by weather. Adjust by **RAIN** knob according to weather change by watching the display.

Note:

- In typical environment RAIN should be turned all the way down via **RAIN** knob, and no white level should be indicated by RAIN window.
- Turning the knob to the right shows profiles of the targets hidden in the rain/snow image, but care shall be taken that small target may be hidden and not displayed.
- Small target becomes harder to detect when RAIN is used together with SEA.

2.9 Change transmission pulse width (SP/LP)

This radar provides a function capable of achieving suitable target detection by manually changing the transmission pulse width.

Eight different pulse widths are available.

	6kW/12kW		25kW		IF Band width
	Pulse width	Pulse repetition frequency	Pulse width	Pulse repetition frequency	
S1	0.08μs	2500Hz	0.08μs	2000Hz	15MHz
S2	0.08μs	2500Hz	0.08μs	2000Hz	15MHz
M1	0.25μs	2000Hz	0.3μs	1300Hz	15MHz
M2	0.25μs	2000Hz	0.3μs	1300Hz	3MHz
M3	0.5μs	1000Hz	0.6μs	800Hz	3MHz
L1	0.7μs	700Hz	0.8μs	600Hz	3MHz
L2	1.0μs	500Hz	1.2μs	470Hz	3MHz
L3	1.0μs	450Hz	1.2μs	400Hz	3MHz

The short (narrow) pulse width used in short range has high resolution and is effective for dense targets.

The long (wide) pulse width used in long range has high gain (sensitivity) and is effective for detecting small targets.

Two different pulse widths are set by default in the following ranges, 0.75NM, 1.5NM, 3NM and 6NM.

Ranges 0.25NM and below, and 12NM and above are setup with same pulse width in SP and LP.

Note: Refer to 2.29 Pulse width to set pulse width.

6kW/12kW

Range(NM)	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	32	48	64
SP mode	S1	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	M3	L2	L2	L2	L2	L3
LP mode	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	M3	L1	L2	L2	L2	L2	L3

25kW

Range(NM)	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	48	96
SP mode	S1	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	M3	L2	L2	L2	L3
LP mode	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	M3	L1	L2	L2	L2	L3

- 1 Press **SP/LP** key. Two different pulse widths are toggled by each key press.

Current pulse width is shown at the upper left of the display.



Note: Pulse width can be changed directly at the upper left of the display, with cursor and **ENT** key.

2.10 Select Display Mode

The display mode is a combination of the bearing indication and the target motion indication.

The bearing is indicated in three ways: **HUP**, **CUP** and **NUP**.

The target motion is indicated in two ways: **RM** and **TM**.

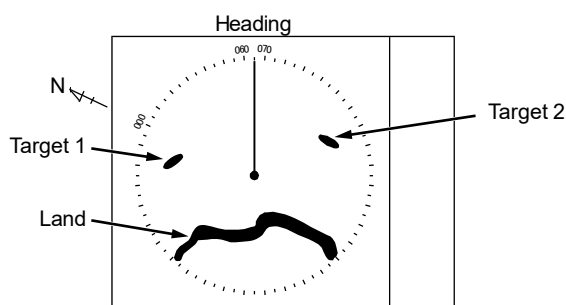
- 1 Press **MODE** key. The display changes in following order by pressing **MODE** key. Current display mode is displayed at the upper left of the display.



For H UP (Head up mode)

Heading line is always oriented toward the top of the display.

This mode is based on the bow of the ship and is suitable to monitor targets because targets are seen as they are in navigating own ship.

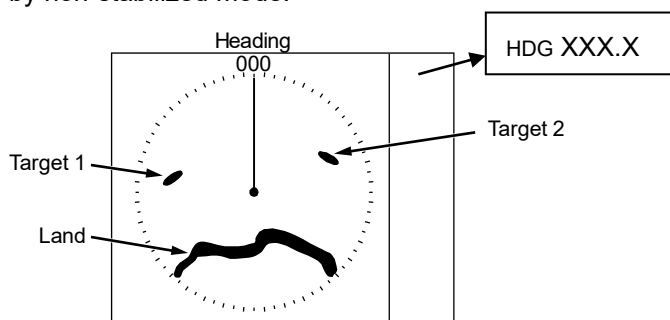


When heading signal is connected, H UP works by stabilized mode. (STAB H UP)

Note:

- This is a presentation mode stabilized in azimuth with fixed origin in which the radar image is oriented “up” toward the top of the bearing scale.
- Radar echoes and tracked targets are shown at their measured distances and moving in a direction relative to own ship’s heading.
- The heading line points from the CCRP the top of the bearing scale showing own ship’s heading in true bearing mode.
- The target trails mode can use both functions of true and relative.

At the time of the XXX.X heading indication of own ship data at upper right of the display, H UP works by non-stabilized mode.



Note:

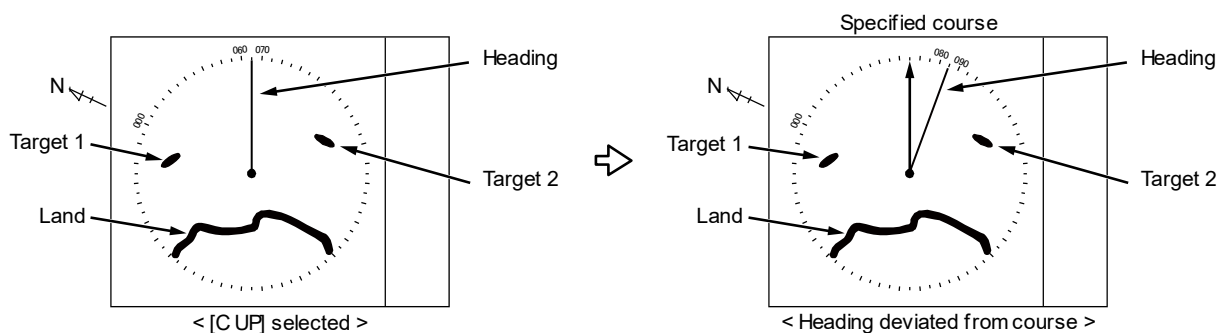
- This is a presentation mode not stabilized in azimuth with fixed origin in which the radar image is oriented “up” toward the top of the bearing scale.
- Radar echoes and tracked targets are shown at their measured distances and moving in a direction relative to own ship’s heading.
- The heading line points from the CCRP to the top of the bearing scale showing 000 relative bearing.
- Target trails can use only relative mode.

For C UP (Course up mode)

When choosing Course up mode, current heading becomes the course at the top of the display and a moving heading line indicates actual.

This mode is used to navigate towards a specified course.

It easily shows any deviation of own ship from the specified course.



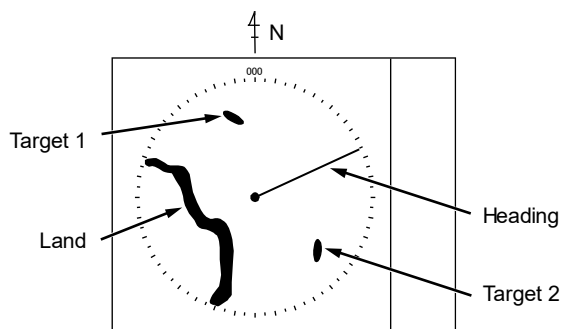
Note:

- This is an azimuth-stabilized presentation in which the bearing scale can be oriented so that own ship’s course on the bearing scale is vertically above the CCRP.
- The heading line points from the CCRP to own ship’s referenced heading on the bearing scale.
- If own ship’s heading differs from the course, then the heading line does not point vertically upwards from the CCRP until the bearing scale is reset (manually or automatically) to reflect the course alteration.

For N UP (North up mode)

This mode always keeps true north at the top of the display.

A north oriented representation makes it easy to reference with a chart.



Note:

- This is an azimuth-stabilized presentation in which north on the bearing scale remains fixed vertically above the CCRP.
- The heading line points from the CCRP to own ship's referenced heading on the bearing scale.
- The true bearing of any target on the display is measured from north.

For relative motion (RM) and true motion (TM)

Relative motion fixes your antenna position at the center of the display, and indicates the motion of targets that surround your antenna position.

Your antenna position is displayed at the center. So, while the ship is moving, the fixed targets such as the land also continue to move.

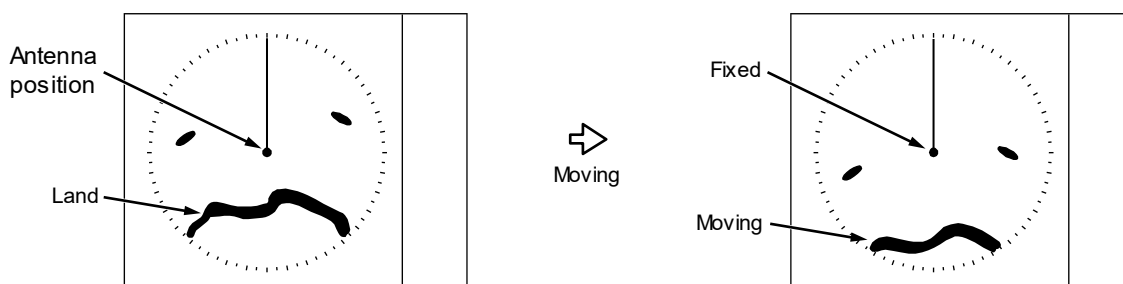
True motion indicates the motion of the target with respect to the specified bearing.

Fixed targets that do not move in any direction stay on the display, and all the moving targets move on the display.

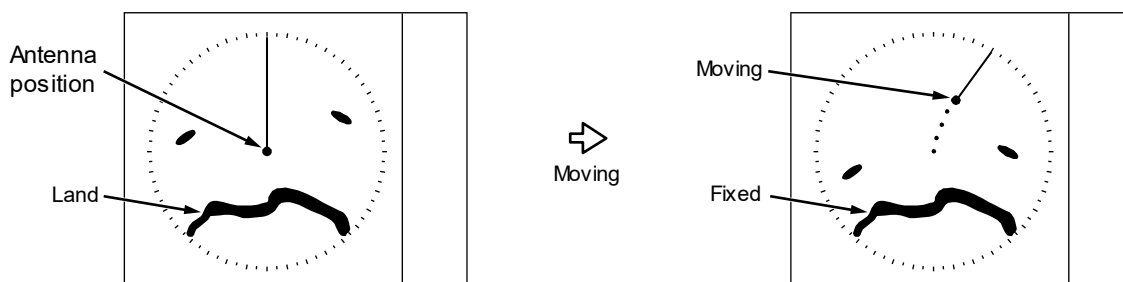
Note: The heading always continues to move. So, no true motion **TM** is available for **HUP**.

Relative motion (RM): The antenna position is fixed and the other surrounding targets move on the display.

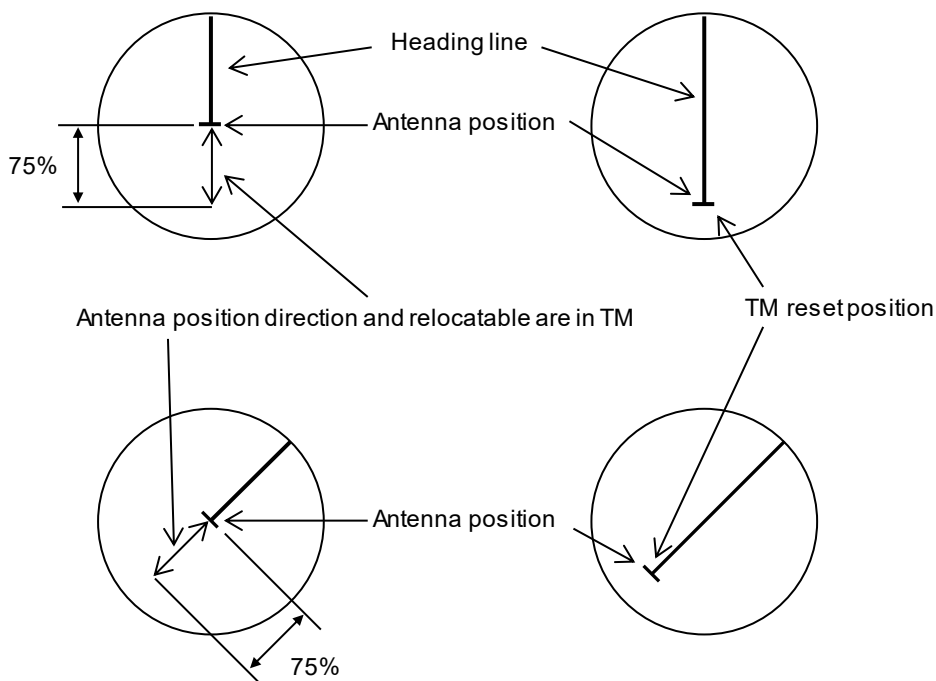
This is useful to monitor the surrounding situation with respect to own ship's position.



True motion (TM): The antenna position on the display moves according to its speed and tidal current. Stationary targets are fixed on the display. This mode is useful to monitor your position with respect to the fixed targets such as land.



N-UP or C-UP TM mode is selected, own ship position moves to opposite side of heading direction, and begins to show the true motion image. When own ship position reaches center of the range scale, own ship position is to reset to the course over water or to the opposite direction of the course over ground.



Reset true motion

Own ship display position can be manually reset when in true motion operation at any given point, by following procedure.

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select **[DISPLAY] => [TM RESET]**, and press **ENT** key.

2.11 Ground and Sea stabilization

STAB MODE is a function to select speed for movement calculation for True trail, TT (ARPA), Past position and True motion (TM).

SEA: Stabilization mode using speed over water.

GND: Stabilization mode using speed over ground.

[STAB MODE] can be changed directly at the upper left of the display, by cursor and **[ENT]** key.



When SDME or EPFS is not available for any reason, it is possible to get the speed over ground by setting reference target.

Refer to 4.3 TT (ARPA) "Reference target acquisition".

SEA (Sea stabilization)

SEA stabilization uses CTW (course through water) and STW (speed through water) referenced to water. Accordingly course and speed indication at the upper right of the display becomes CTW/STW.

- STW is relative speed of the ship against water surface in the heading direction.
- Information from SDME (speed and distance measuring equipment) like LOG is inputted by serial data (VBW or VHW).
- Single axis water log indicated as LOG on the display cannot detect the effect of leeway.
- When speed information is interrupted for 30 seconds from SDME for any reason or VBW water status flag is invalid, then the numerical indication of CTW/STW becomes XXX.X in orange color.

In this case, speed can be entered manually.

Manual speed input.

By menu

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[I / O]** => **[STW]** => **[STW]** => **[MAN]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
- 2 Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[I / O]** => **[STW]** => **[MAN]** => input speed, and press **[ENT]** key.

By trackball

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[I / O]** => **[STW]** => **[STW]** => **[MAN]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
- 2 Press **[MENU]** key to close menu.
- 3 Move cursor to the window on the right side of STW MAN on the top right side of the display.

4 Press **ENT** key to get ready for speed entry. Enter speed by using trackball.

5 Press **ENT** key to save the input.

GND (Ground stabilization)

GND stabilization uses COG (course over ground) and SOG (speed over ground) referenced to the ground. Accordingly course and speed indication at the upper right side of the display becomes COG/SOG.

- SOG is the absolute speed of the ship with reference to the land.
- Two-dimensional GND SDME device like dual axis LOG and EPFS (electronic position fixing system) provide information for serial input.
- If both serial sentence data of VTG (EPFS) and VBW (SDME) are available, then VBW takes priority.
- If failure of EPFS or SDME interrupts the speed information for 30 seconds or if the ground status flag or VTG indicator flag is invalid, then the numerical indication of COG/SOG becomes XXX.X in orange color.
- If SDME or EPFS is not usable due to failure or any other reason, then COG/SOG can be obtained by setting Reference target.

Refer to 4.3 TT (ARPA) "Reference target acquisition".

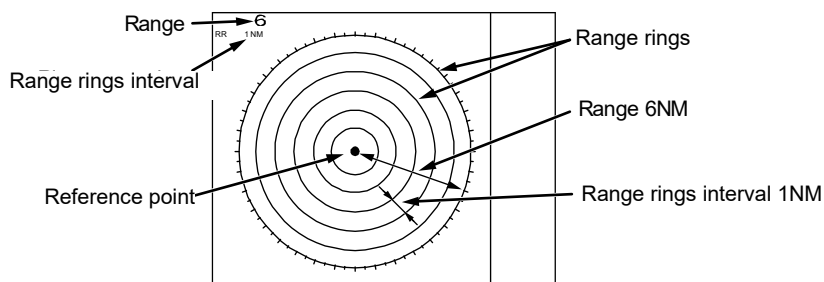
2.12 Measurement of distance by RR and VRM

There are three ways to measure distance to a target: Range Rings, Cursor or VRM.

Display Range Rings (RR)

Range rings (RR) are markers displayed at the specified distance from reference point.

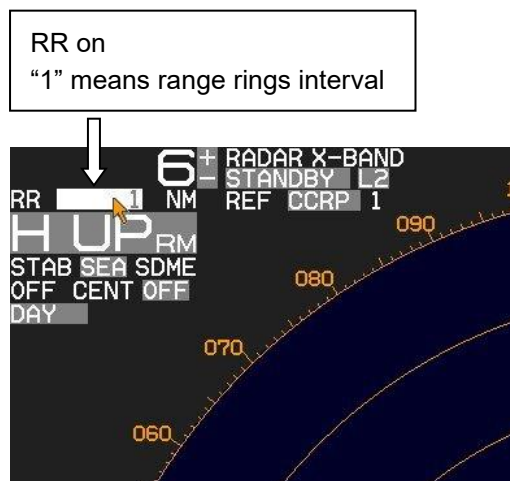
They are used as a rough indication of the distance to a target.



- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[NAV TOOL]** => **[RR]** => **[RR]** => **[ON]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

Note: **[RR]** display can be changed directly in the upper left of the display, by moving cursor and pressing **[ENT]** key.



Note: When **[NAV TOOL]** => **[BRG TRUE / REL]** => **[TRUE]** is selected, 0° of the range rings indicates North direction. While, when **[REL]** is selected it indicates heading direction.

Measurement Range (VRM: Variable Range Marker)

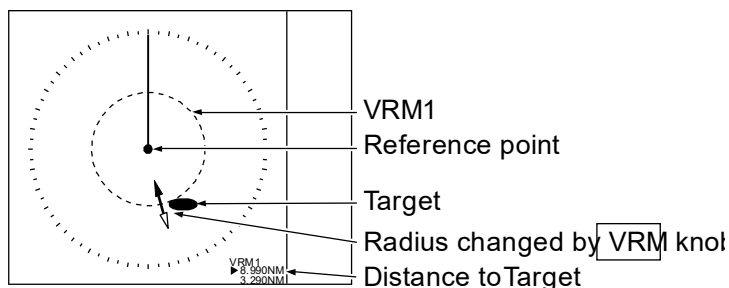
Two variable range markers [VRM1] and [VRM2] are provided.

Turn [VRM] knob and lay each circle on the desired target to read the distance to the target on the display.

- 1 Press [VRM1] key to display a dashed line circle of VRM1.

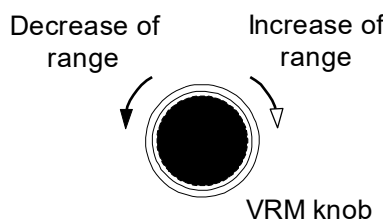
Turn [VRM] knob to adjust the line circle on the desired target.

The distance to the target is indicated at the lower right of the display, and also a ► symbol is displayed on the left side of the distance value.



- 2 The dashed line circle is zoomed in or zoomed out by turning [VRM] knob clockwise or counterclockwise, respectively.

Note: Turning [VRM] knob (while pressing it) changes the range quickly.



- 3 Another press of [VRM1] key will make the circle disappear.
- 4 Press [VRM2] key to activate the dotted line circle of VRM2.
Operation procedure and distance display are the same as VRM1.
- 5 If you want to display both VRM1 and VRM2 simultaneously, press [VRM1] key and [VRM2] key.
Then, both the dashed line circle and the dotted line circle are displayed.
- 6 Switching between VRM1 and VRM2 is performed with pressing either of [VRM] keys as desired.
When the selected key is pressed, the color of operation panel changes to red.

Measurement Range (Cursor)

Move the cursor on the target with trackball/joystick.

The distance and bearing to the target is indicated at the lower right of the display.

Note: While "MENU" is displayed, the cursor operation cannot be used.

Press [ENT] key while pressing [OFF] key to return the cursor to reference point position.

CURSOR I
084.3°
0.038NM
35°15.031N
139°48.650E

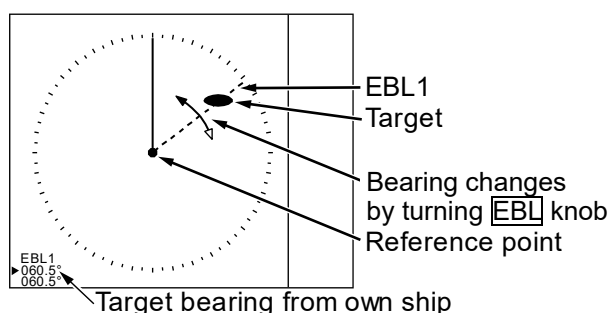
2.13 Measurement of bearing by EBL

This feature is used for measuring the bearing of the target from the base point (reference point for default value.) Two electronic bearing lines [EBL1] and [EBL2] are provided.

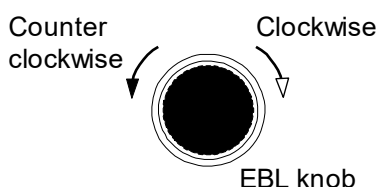
Turn **EBL** knob and lay each bearing line on the desired target and read the bearing on the display.

[Bearing mode] can be changed directly in the lower left of the display, by cursor and **ENT** key, without using menu function.

- 1 Press **EBL1** key, and the bearing line of EBL1 is displayed as a dashed line.
The bearing value to the target is indicated at the lower left of the display, and a ► symbol is displayed on the left side of the bearing value.
- 2 Rotate bearing line using **EBL** knob to adjust the line on the desired target.
The bearing value changes at the same time and you can read the bearing of the target.



Note: Turning **EBL** knob (while pressing it) changes the bearing quickly.



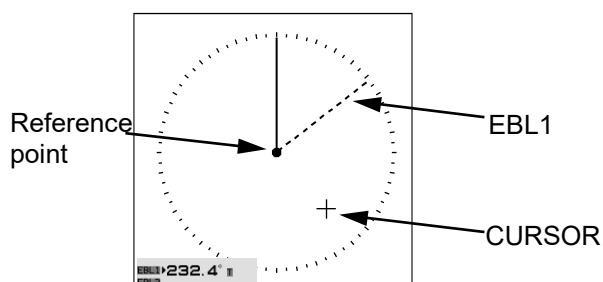
- 3 Another press of **EBL1** key, and the dashed line disappears and the bearing value on the lower left of the display also disappears.
- 4 Press **EBL2** key, and the bearing line is shown as a dotted line.
The operation procedure and display of the bearing is the same as EBL1.
- 5 If you want to display both EBL1 and EBL2 simultaneously, press **EBL1** key and press **EBL2** key.
Then, you can show both the dashed bearing line and the dotted bearing line.
- 6 Press **EBL** key to switch EBL1 or EBL2 as you desired.
The color of selected **EBL** key on the operating panel changes to red.

Using the EBL/VRM OFFSET

EBL (and VRM) base point can be changed to any position other than the initial reference point.

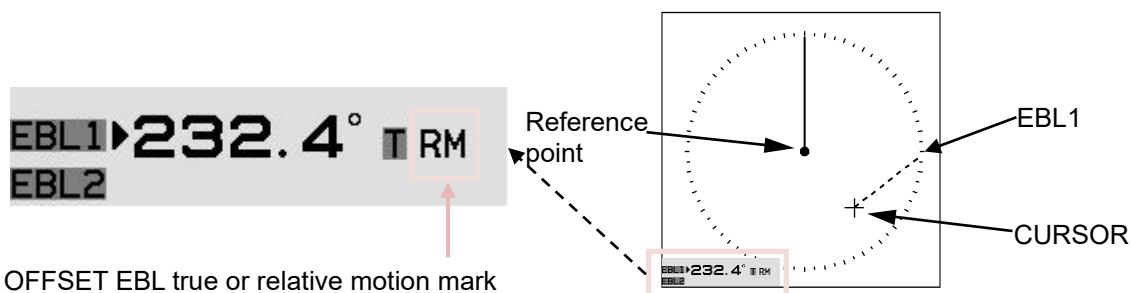
By changing the base point, the bearing from a random target can be measured.

- 1 Display the EBL (and VRM) for which the base point is required to be changed.
- 2 Move the cursor to new position.



- 3 Press **[EBL]** knob, and the base point of EBL (and VRM) changes.
During offset, the color of **[OFFSET lamp]** at the lower right of **[EBL]** knob changes from green to red, and the "TM" or "RM" mark is added right of the numerical figures.
"TM" means true motion, and "RM" means relative motion of OFFSET EBL1 and EBL2.
The motion selection can be changed by **[NAV TOOL] => [EBL] => [EBL1 OFFSET]** or **[EBL2 OFFSET] => select [RM] or [TM], and press **[ENT]** key.**

EBL knob



- 4 Press **[EBL]** knob again, and the base point returns to the reference point.

VRM cannot offset alone.

When **[NAV TOOL] => [VRM] => [OFFSET] => [ON]** is selected, the base point can change a position same as EBL.

2.14 Bearing mode set up

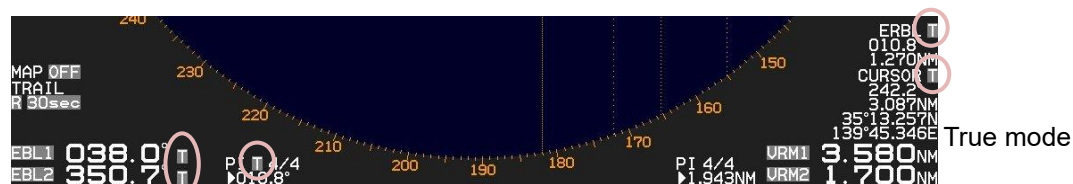
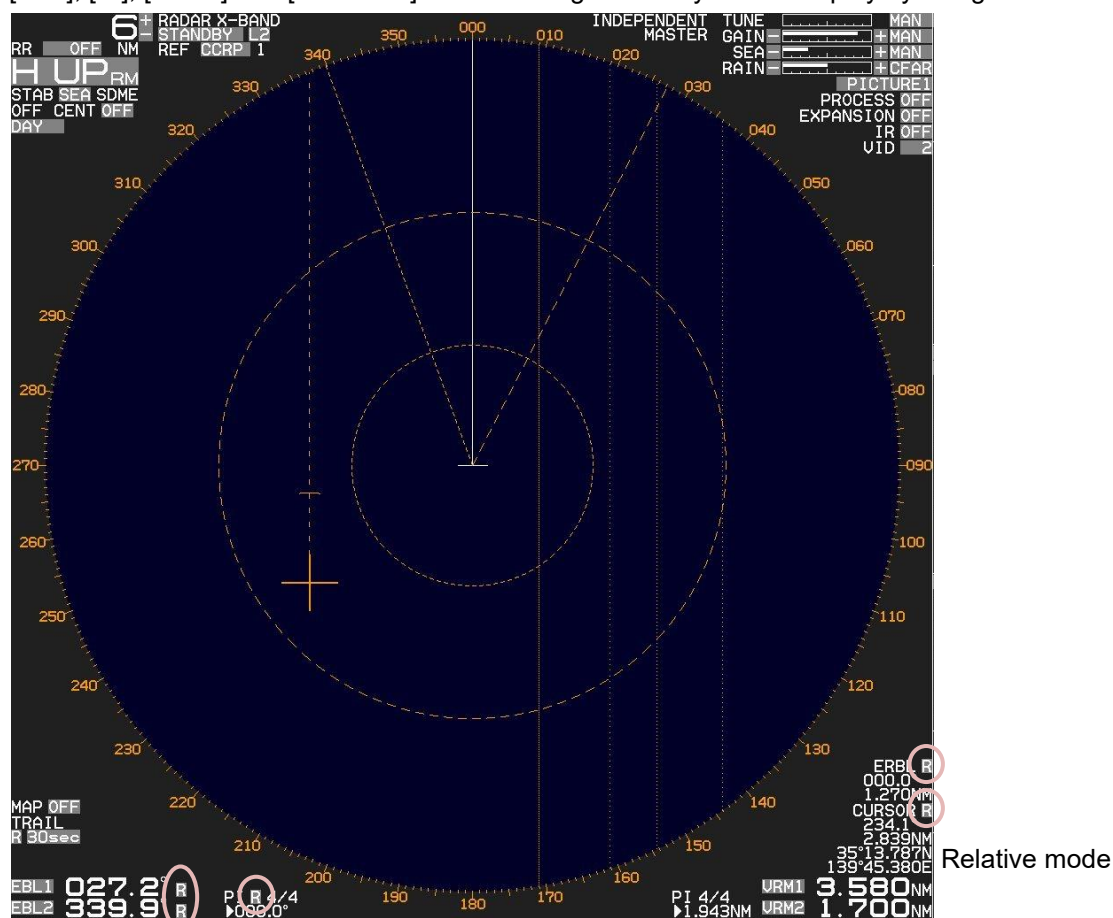
This menu is used to change the bearing mode in EBL, PI, ERBL, Bearing scale and CURSOR.

The settings available in the true bearing with the true north of 000 degree, and in the relative bearing with the heading of 000 degree.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select **[NAV TOOL]** => **[BRG TRUE/REL]** => **[TRUE]** or **[REL]**, and press **ENT** key.

[EBL], **[PI]**, **[ERBL]** and **[CURSOR]** can be changed directly on the display by using trackball.



2.15 Measurement of distance/bearing by PI

This function is used to display straight Parallel Index (PI) lines on one or both sides of the vessel, range and bearing of which can be manipulated by following procedures.

There are two kinds of modes of CURSOR and LINE.

In LINE mode, display location (distance, bearing) of each line can be changed independently or together when in BULK operation. The length of LINE can also be changed.

CURSOR mode

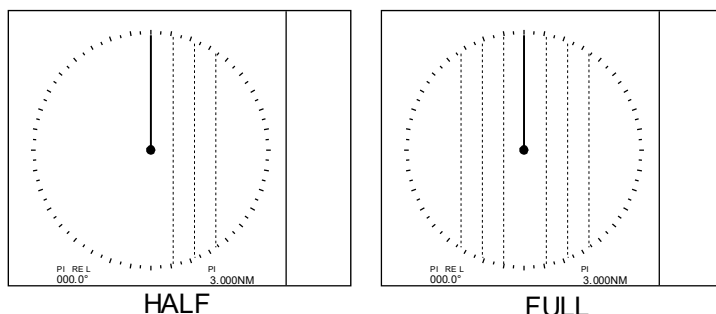
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [PI] => [MODE] => [CURSOR], and press **ENT** key.

PI line number setting

- 1 [PI] => [CURSOR] => select [NORMAL], [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6] or [7], and press **ENT** key.
NORMAL: PI line number is equal to range of range ring. Variable range is min: equal to range ring one, max: 50% of selected range.
1 to 7: Designated number of PI is displayed. Variable range is min: 0, max: about 1.6 times of selected range.

PI display side setting

- 1 [PI] => [PI DISP SIDE] => select [HALF] or [FULL], and press **ENT** key.



Operation

- 1 Press **VRM** knob, and PI lines are displayed.
Bearing is displayed by figure on middle lower left of the display, and distance between PI lines is displayed on middle lower right of the display during PI is displayed.
- 2 Turn the **VRM** knob to change the interval between lines.
- 3 Turn the **EBL** knob to change the bearing.

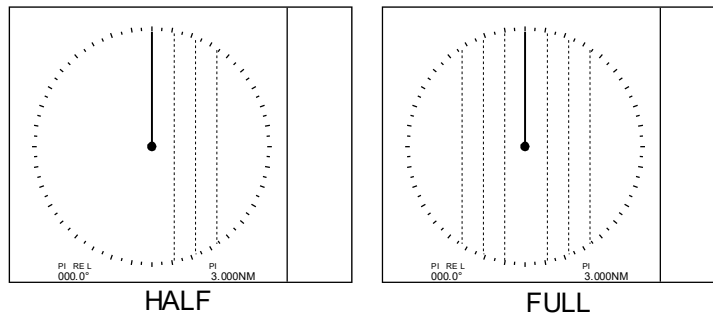
LINE mode

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [PI] => [MODE] => [LINE], and press **ENT** key.

Detailed setting of the LINE mode

- 1 By following procedure user can turn any one of 7 lines ON or OFF and change its needed.
Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [PI] => [LINE]
LINE: Lets user choose line number (1 to 7) and its parameters.
DISP: Lets user turn selected line ON or OFF.
START RNG: Lets user choose starting position of selected line.
(-96.0 to 96.0 NM)
END RNG: Lets user choose ending position of selected line.
(-96.0 to 96.0 NM)

Select [PI] => [PI DISP SIDE] => select [HALF] or [FULL]



Select [PI] => [PI OPERATION] => select [BULK] or [INDIVIDUAL]

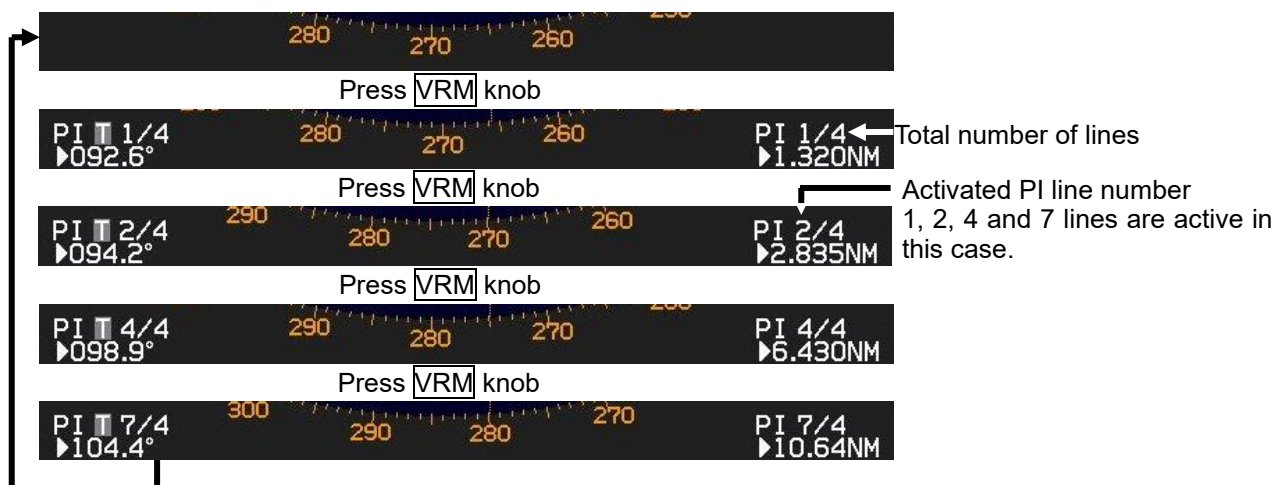
(When BULK is selected all PI lines are operated together by **VRM** and **EBL** knobs.)

(When INDIVIDUAL is selected PI lines are operated one by one in sequence by pressing **VRM** knob)

Operation

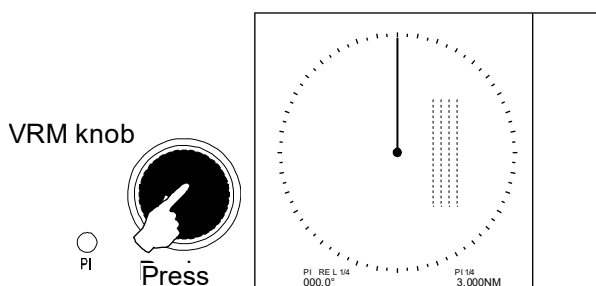
- 1** Press **VRM** knob, and PI lines are displayed.

By pressing **VRM** knob again, line number will be changed and will be turned off after the last line selection.



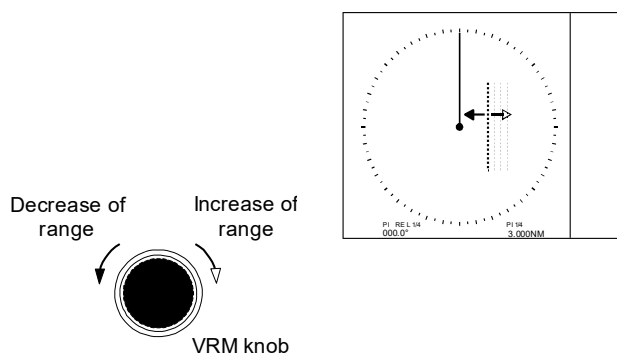
- 2** While activated, the bearing and range are shown at the lower left and lower right of the display, respectively.

The lamp color of PI located at the lower left of **VRM** knob changes from green to red when PI is activated.



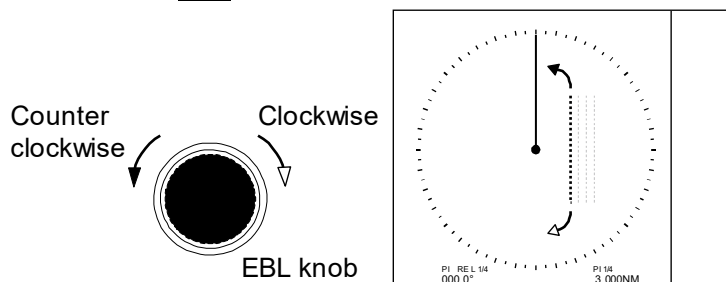
- 3** The range of selected line can be changed by turning **VRM** knob.

Note: Turning **VRM** knob (while pressing it) changes the range quickly.



- 4** Turning **EBL** knob changes the bearing of a selected line.

Note: Turning **EBL** knob (while pressing it) changes the bearing quickly.



- 5** To return all PI lines to original position, press **VRM** knob while pressing **OFF** key.

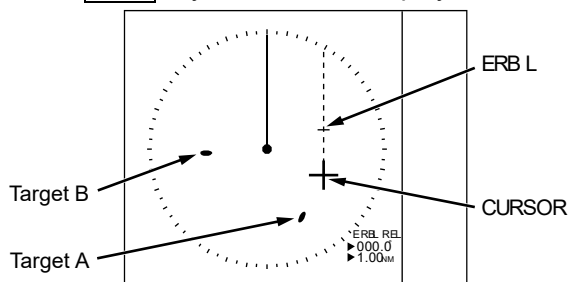
2.16 Measurement distance/bearing by ERBL

The given point of distance and bearing can be measured with the cursor as follows.

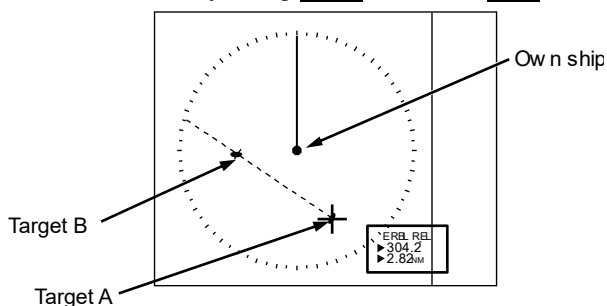
Measurement of distance and bearing from reference point can be performed by moving cursor to reference point position.

[Bearing mode] can be changed directly in the lower right of the display, with trackball and **ENT** key, without using menu function.

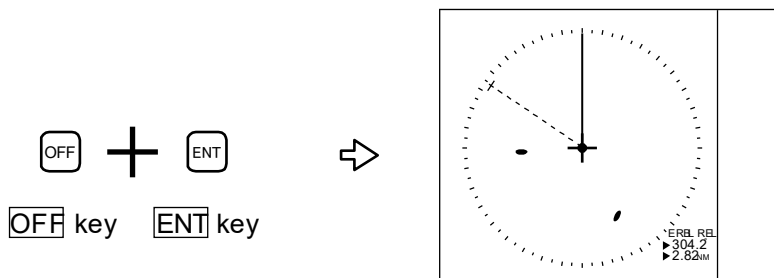
- 1 Press **ERBL** key and ERBL is displayed.



- 2 By moving cursor to target A, measurement of distance and bearing from target A to target B can be obtained by using **VRM** knob and **EBL** knob.



- 3 Pressing **ENT** key (while pressing **OFF** key) returns cursor to the reference point position. Therefore, it is possible to measure the distance/bearing from the reference point position.

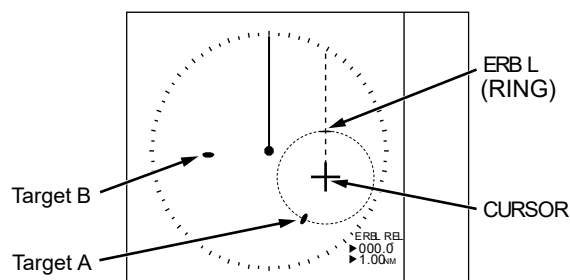
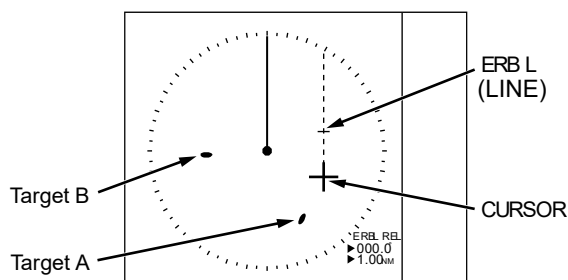


Change ERBL mark to LINE or RING

ERBL mark can be changed from LINE to RING.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [NAV TOOL] => [ERBL] => [RNG] => select [LINE] or [RING], and press **ENT** key.



Change ERBL offset method

(MDC-5500 series only)

ERBL offset function can be operated by "CURSOR" or "TM".

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [NAV TOOL] => [ERBL] => [OFFSET] => select [CURSOR] or [TM], and press **ENT** key.

[CURSOR]: The basic point of ERBL moves with the movement of the cursor.

[TM]: A cursor position becomes the basic point of ERBL.

After that, a position is fixed without synchronizing cursor movement.

The operation is limited to a bearing marker and range marker.

Note: [TM] function needs heading and Lat/Lon signal input of the own ship.

A basic point moves to the position of the last [TM] setting.

Move cursor in a new basic point, and press **ERBL** key.

2.17 Change color and brightness (Day/Night)

This function is used to change default echo, trail and all data color and contrast for day and night mode.

DAY/NIGHT mode can be changed directly by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key, or select **DAY** or **NIGHT** icon at the upper left of the display by moving cursor and pressing **ENT** key.

Setup color

- 1 Select the mode (Day or Night) by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key, color palette of which you would like to change.

- 2 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [BRILL] => select [ECHO], [TRAIL], [BKGND PPI], [BKGND DATA], [DATA], or [OTHERS].

After selecting color for each item, press **ENT** key.

ECHO: WHITE, YELLOW, GREEN, MULTI, USER1 or USER2

TRAIL: BLUE, BROWN, USER1 or USER2

BKGND PPI: BLACK, BLUE, USER1 or USER2

BKGND DATA: BLACK, BLUE, USER1 or USER2

DATA: WHITE, GREY, USER1 or USER2

OTHERS SCALE: NORMAL, DARK, USER1 or USER2

OS TOOL: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

TGT: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

COAST LINE: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

NAV LINE: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

ROUTE: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

EVENT MKR: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

AREA: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

PAST TRK: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

MONITORED ROUTE: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

LAT/LON LINE: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

GPS BUOY: NORMAL, USER1 or USER2

CURSOR: NORMAL, DARK, USER1 or USER2

CHART LAND: BROWN, GREEN, LIME, YELLOW, USER1 or USER2

DEPTH: WHITE, BLUE, USER1 or USER2

- 3 Make sure day or night mode is selected by [BRILL] first before making adjustments in step 2.

Setup USER1 and USER2 color

1 Select the mode (Day or Night) by pressing **[DAY/NIGHT]** key, color palette of which you would like to change.

2 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[BRILL]** => select **[USER1]** or **[USER2]**.

After selecting the each item, and after adjusting each item with trackball, press **[ENT]** key.

You can change the following item's color.

ECHO:

TRAIL:

BKGND PPI:

BKGND DATA:

DATA:

SCALE:

OS TOOL:

TGT:

COAST LINE:

NAV LINE:

ROUTE:

EVENT MKR:

AREA:

PAST TRK:

MONITORED ROUTE:

LAT/LON LINE:

GPS BUOY:

CURSOR:

CHART LAND:

DEPTH:

	<R>	<G>	
Black	0	0	0
Blue	0	0	255
Green	0	255	0
Light blue	0	255	255
Red	255	0	0
Pink	255	0	255
Yellow	255	255	0
White	255	255	255
Orange	255	152	0
Dark blue	0	0	128
Grey	128	128	128

Combination of representative colors

Setup brightness

This is to set up brightness of ECHO, TRAIL, BKGND, OS TOOL, TGT, MAP, CURSOR, DATA and MENU/ALERT.

Default value of these items is 100 (max).

For safety reason, brightness cannot be adjusted to less than 20.

- 1** Select the mode (day or night) by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key, brightness of which you would like to change.
- 2** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [BRILL] => select [ECHO], [TRAIL], [BKGND], [OS TOOL], [TGT], [MAP], [CURSOR], [DATA] and [MENU/ALERT].
After adjusting each item with trackball, press **ENT** key.

Color and brightness settings reset

If you want to return the color and brightness settings back to default value, please use following procedure.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [BRILL] => [RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

2.18 Remove the heading line/navigation data

This function is used when a target is overlapped with a heading line and hard to be distinguished.

- 1 Press **OFF** key to temporarily hide the heading line.

For safety reason, the heading line disappears only while the key is pressed. (It is not possible to keep it removed.)

Continue pressing **OFF** key for 2sec. All navigation tool data (RR, EBL, VRM, ERBL, PI, [MAP], such as COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR, and AREA, etc.) will hide.

2.19 Target trail

Other ships trails are displayed by following procedures.

Two display modes, relative display **REL** and true display **TRUE** are available.

At the start of trail, "TRAIL" characters at lower left of the display change to yellow. When trail time has passed, character color turns white.

Note:


- The trail by its nature records and displays past images. The trail does not display right after transmission is started.

In addition, after the change of [TIME], or after the change of two or more steps in [RANGE], the trail will disappear, because the recording is reset (erased).

- The trail [TIME] and [REL] or [TRUE] mode can be changed directly at the lower left of the display, with trackball and **ENT** key, without using menu function.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TRAIL] => [TRUE / REL], and press **ENT** after making selection.

TRUE/REL		REL
TIME		TRUE
SHAPE		
TRAIL LEVEL		
CLEAR >		
RANGE KEEP		
FIRST IMPRESSION		
MARK		
DITHER		
MOVE		

- 2 There are additional set up items, [TIME], [SHAPE], [TRAIL LEVEL], [CLEAR], [RANGE KEEP], [FIRST IMPRESSION], [MARK], [DITHER] and [MOVE].

[TIME]: This is to set up the time of the trail to be displayed.

Initial set up time: OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min, PERM

Time setting can be changed by [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TIMES ENABLE] menu operation

[SHAPE]: Seven types of trail shapes available, as shown below.



[TRAIL LEVEL]: This is to set up echo level of trail to be recorded.

“1” records all signal levels returned as a trail.

“15” records only the strongest signal levels as a trail.

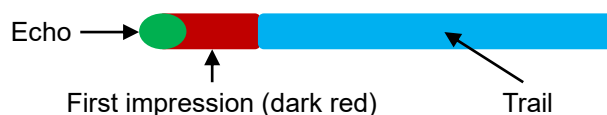
[CLEAR]: This is to delete all current trails and restart new trails.

[RANGE KEEP]: “OFF” deletes trails when changing range.

“ON” does not delete trails when changing range.

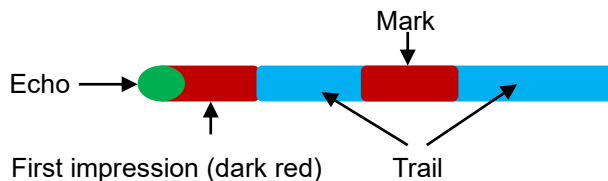
[FIRST IMPRESSION]: The trail is displayed by dark red color during the setting time, afterwards, will be blue color.

Setting time: OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min



[MARK]: After setting time, the trail color will change to dark red while 1minute.

Setting time: 0 to 1440 min



[DITHER]: The trail echo is displayed with mesh form.

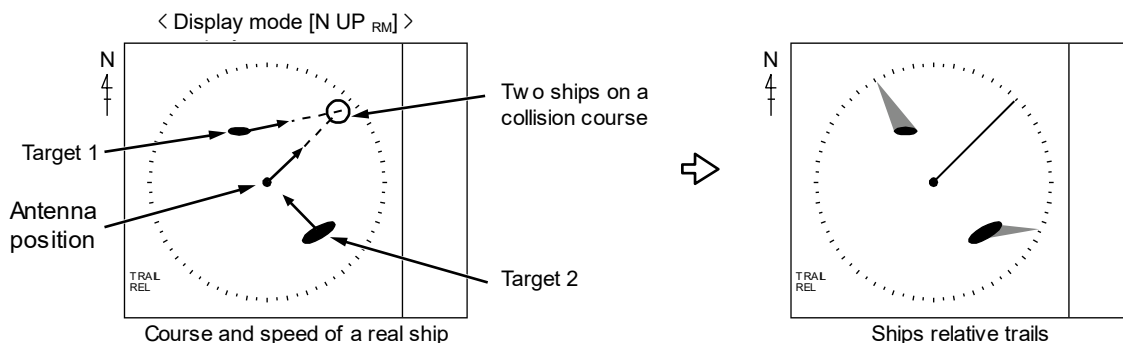


[MOVE]: This function is to select “COURSE” (Heading, Speed) or “POSITION” (Lat/Lon) for the display reference of trails.

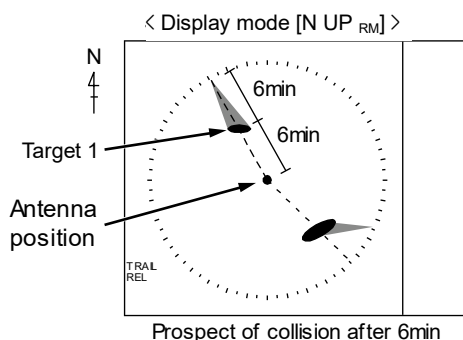
If “POSITION” is used, the display of trails will be more stable, because there is no effect due to staggering of ship’s bearing. However, latitude and longitude are to be input.

Relative display (R)

The target trail is displayed as result of sum of vector (course and speed) of the target ship and your ship. When your ship is on the projected course of this trail, it shows that a collision may occur in future. This display is useful to help detect a dangerous situation.



Target 1, whose trail is overlapping the EBL, is a dangerous target while the Target 2 is not. If trail setting is six minutes, and if the trail length is equal to the distance between the antenna position and Target 1, then the collision will occur after six minutes.



True display (T)

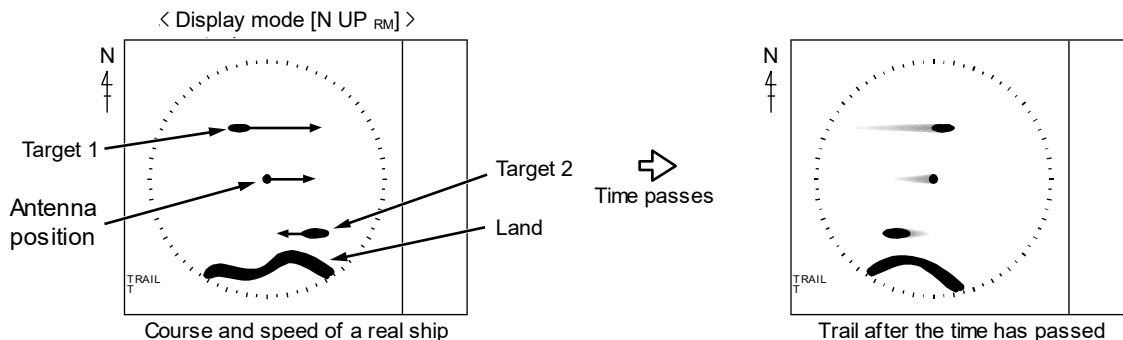
This mode displays the trail of the moving target over a specified time interval independently from own ship's movement.

This mode is used to monitor the bearing and speed of the target.

No trails of fixed targets such as land are shown using this display.

The amount of movement of all ships, own ship, Target 1 and Target 2 are drawn as trails.

The land does not move, so its trail is not shown.



2.20 Off Center

This function is used to get larger view in heading direction.

Two ways “OFF CENTER” can be setup.

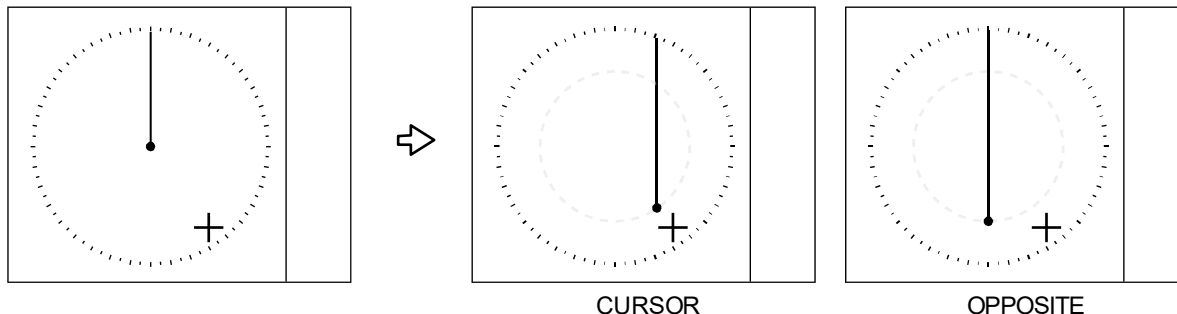
[CURSOR]: Off-centering to CURSOR direction.

[OPPOSITE]: Off-centering to the stern direction.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.
Select [DISPLAY] => [OFF CENT POINT] and press **ENT** key after selecting the off center point “CURSOR” or “OPPOSITE”.
- 2 Off-centering is executed by pressing **OFF CENT** key, or move cursor to set value of **ON** or **OFF** of [OFF CENT] at the upper left part of the display, and press **ENT** key.



- 3 The difference of [CURSOR] and [OPPOSITE] are as follows.



Note: When CCRP is selected for the reference position, there is possibility that CCRP is located outside of 90% echo image area at OFF CENTER function in short range.

In this case, alarm message of “Cannot use the CCRP” will appear at lower right of the display, and the reference position is automatically changed to ANT position.

Refer to 2.33 Reference position and Display center.

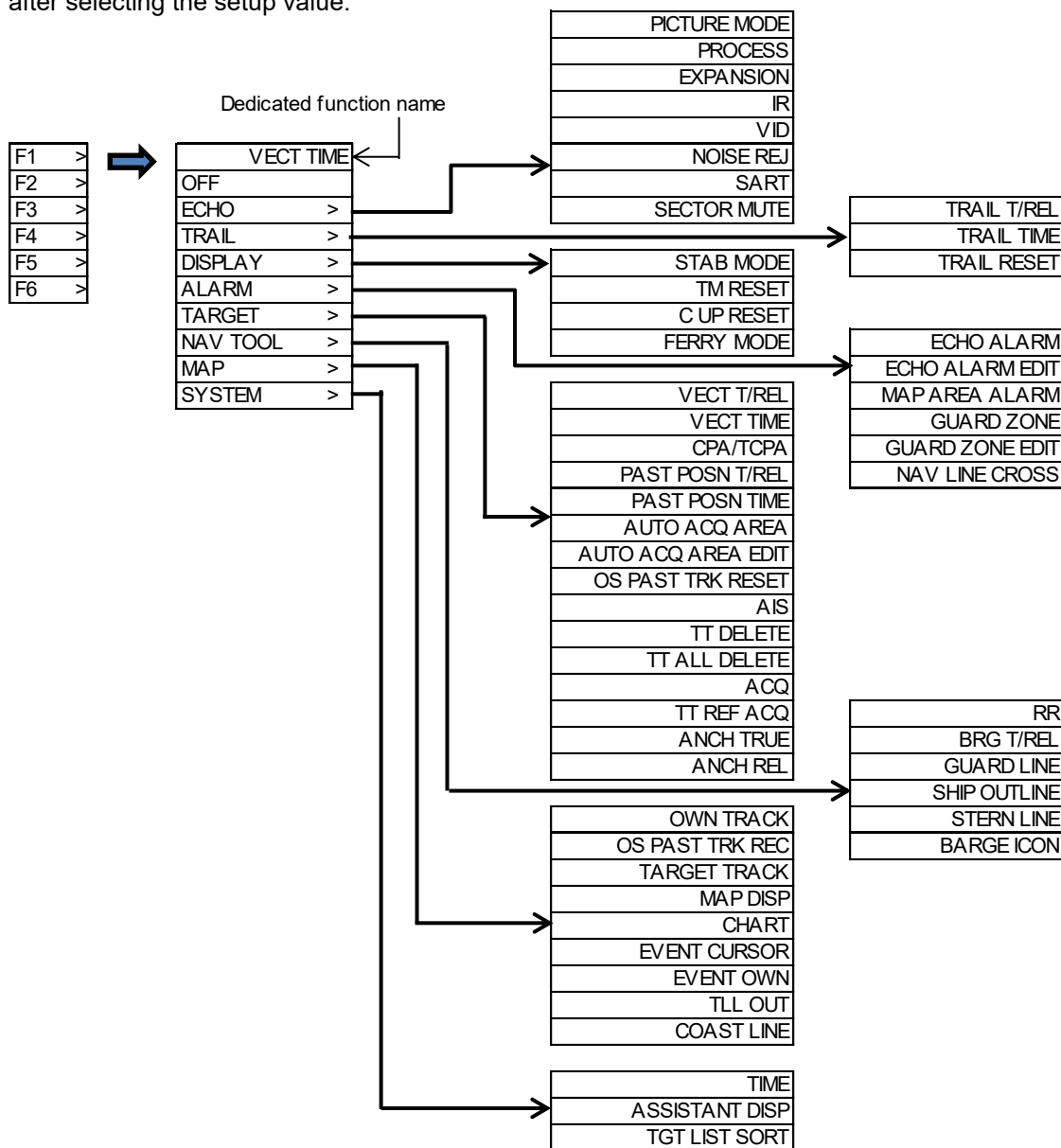
2.21 Function key usage

For quick function access, there are six dedicated function keys provided on this radar ("F1", "F2", "F3", "F4", "F5" and "F6").

You can switch to a pre-specified function by pressing each key.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [FUNCTION KEY] => [F1] key => press **ENT** key and after selecting the setup value.



- 2 Follow procedure (1) to setup keys [F2], [F3], [F4], [F5] and [F6] by selecting each item and press **ENT** key.
- 3 Another way to setup each function key is to press and hold desired key until menu selection shows up on the right of the display. Using trackball and **ENT** key make a selection and save to designated function key.

2.22 Set picture mode

It is necessary to make adjustment to the radar picture as environment and sea condition changes. The Picture mode can quickly change for different settings, [PROCESS], [EXPANSION], [IR] and [VID], depending on the situation. You can change these setting items individually, and these changes are stored in internal memory.

1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.

Select [ECHO] => [PICTURE MODE] => press **ENT** key after making your selection.

The setting value can be selected from “PICTURE1, PICTURE2, PICTURE3, NEAR, FAR, HARBOR, ROUGH SEA, RAIN or PURE”.

Initial setting of [PICTURE MODE]:

	PROCESS	EXPANSION	IR	VID
PICTURE1:	C2	OFF	1	3
PICTURE2:	A2	OFF	1	3
PICTURE3:	C2	1	1	1
NEAR:	A1	OFF	1	1
FAR:	A2	1	OFF	4
HARBOR:	C1	1	2	1
ROUGH SEA:	C2	OFF	1	3
RAIN:	C1	OFF	1	1
PURE:	OFF	OFF	OFF	1

PROCESS: Refer to 2.23 Echo process

EXPANSION: Refer to 2.24 Echo expansion

IR: Refer to 2.25 Interference rejection (IR)

VID: Refer to 2.26 Video contrast

[PICTURE MODE] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display using trackball.



Note:

- When [ECHO] => [PICTURE ENABLE] menu is set to “OFF”, it is possible to hide the unnecessary PICTURE MODE. But [PICTURE1] cannot be set to “OFF”.
- To return to initial setting, select [ECHO] => [PICTURE RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

2.23 Echo process

Echo process mode is used to suppress of sea, rain and snow clutter and the target appears on the display. Echo process mode is used correlation method. Five types of C1, C2, C3, A1 and A2 are available.

[PROCESS] mode can be changed directly at the upper right of the display using trackball.

- 1 Move the cursor to **OFF**, **C1**, **C2**, **C3**, **A1** or **A2** of [PROCESS] at the upper right part of the display.
Press **ENT** key repeatedly until the desired choice appears.



Correlation image echo process

Process mode: C1, C2, C3

The effect to suppress the sea and rain/snow clutter will be stronger in the order of $C1 < C2 < C3$.

Process mode: A1, A2

A2 mode will display the hardly distinguished target of video signal for a long time than A1 mode.

Note:

- For confirmation of an image that may be hidden between the waves and the image of a fast ship that appears at a different position for each scan, the image may be displayed weaker than the actual one. Therefore, when fast moving target on the display, select [PROCESS] **OFF**.
- For operation of GAIN, SEA and RAIN, it may take some time before it becomes effective. Take enough time for the operation, or operate again after [PROCESS] has been once off.
- Echo process mode requires heading signal and speed signal, echo process mode turns into **OFF** if heading signal or speed signal is unavailable.

2.24 Echo expansion

This function is to enlarge an image in the direction of distance/bearing.

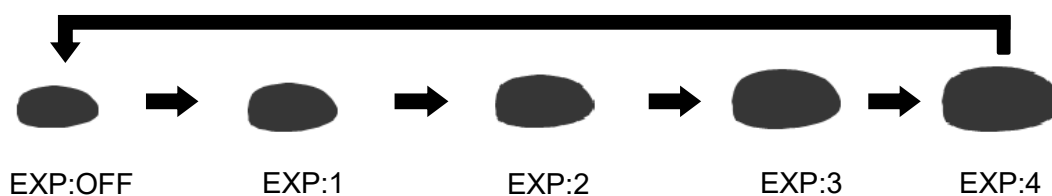
Small ships and remote targets can be enlarged to be easier to see.

[EXPANSION] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

- 1 Move the cursor to set value window of **OFF**, **1**, **2**, **3** or **4** of [EXPANSION] at the upper right part of the display.

Press **ENT** key repeatedly until the desired choice appears.

Note: The setting value can be selected from “OFF, 1, 2, 3 and 4” and the larger value applies stronger enhance effect.



Note: The enlargement of targets has effect on all echoes. So, a large target such as land is also enlarged. Consequently, land and a small target may sometimes be seen as a single target. Pay attention to that.



2.25 Interference rejection (IR)

This feature is used to reject interference from other radars.

Radar transmissions on same frequency band can cause interference noise on the display depending on its transmitted power. This noise pattern appearance varies case by case, but is usually spiral shape or like the spokes of a wheel in shape. This function can reduce interference effect.

[IR] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

[IR] is also effective to reduce second echo phenomenon.

1 Move the cursor to set value window of [IR] at the upper right part of the display.

Press **ENT** key repeatedly until desired value appears.

Note:

- The setting value can be selected from “OFF, 1, 2, and 3” and the larger value applies stronger interference rejection effect.
- Too much removal effect may also remove small targets. Pay attention to that.

2.26 Video contrast

This is a function to change the relation between the strength of returned echo and their display gradation.

At **VID 1**, the difference of signals strength between strong echo and weak echo becomes larger. As the numerical figure becomes larger in **VID 2**, **VID 3**, **VID 4**, and **VID 5** the difference in signal strength becomes smaller.

[VID] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

1 Move cursor to **1**, **2**, **3**, **4** or **5** of [VID] at the upper right part of the display.

Press **ENT** key repeatedly until desired value appears.

When the difference of signal strength is small, images becomes sharper.

However, signal strength from small ships and buoys is weak, and the difference between clutter and them is not large enough.

Therefore, it is necessary to display clutter which may blend together with small ships and buoys.

2.27 Noise rejection

This radar is equipped with a function that is capable to remove various signals picked up by the radar such as white noise, and display clean picture.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ECHO] => [NOISE REJ] => select [OFF], [1] or [2], and press **ENT** key.

Noise rejection of [2] setting works more effective than [1].

2.28 Echo color rejection

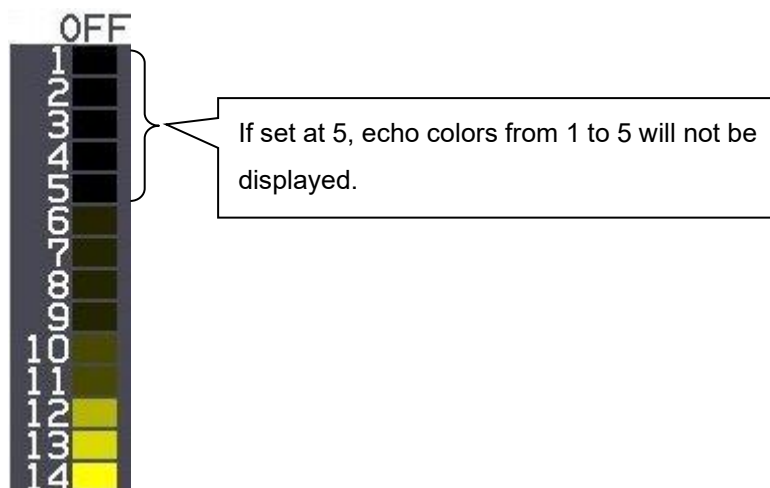
This radar has a function to remove a color selected by menu operation.

This effect is to show the strong signal image clearly and to delete the unwanted signal such as noise.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ECHO] => [COLOR REJ] => select [OFF] or [1 to 14], and press **ENT** key.

Selection value 1: Lowest signal level color

Selection value 14: Highest signal level color



2.29 Pulse width

This radar can change pulse width of the transmission from 0.25NM to 12NM range scale.

SP and LP pulse width can be set separately.

The pulse width in use is displayed at the upper left of the display, using the indications shown in the table below.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ECHO] => [PULSE WIDTH] => select range scale (0.25 to 12 NM) => select [SP] or [LP]
=> set pulse width, and press **ENT** key.

6kW / 12kW

Range	SP mode							LP mode						
0.125	S1							S1						
0.25	S1	S2						S1	S2					
0.5	S1	S2	M1					S1	S2	M1				
0.75	S1	S2	M1	M2				S1	S2	M1	M2			
1.5	S1	S2	M1	M2	M3			S1	S2	M1	M2	M3		
3		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2
6				M2	M3	L1	L2				M2	M3	L1	L2
12						L1	L2						L1	L2
24							L2							L2
32							L2							L2
48							L2							L2
64							L3							L3

25kW

Range	SP mode							LP mode						
0.125	S1							S1						
0.25	S1	S2						S1	S2					
0.5	S1	S2	M1					S1	S2	M1				
0.75	S1	S2	M1	M2				S1	S2	M1	M2			
1.5	S1	S2	M1	M2	M3			S1	S2	M1	M2	M3		
3		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2
6				M2	M3	L1	L2				M2	M3	L1	L2
12						L1	L2						L1	L2
24							L2							L2
48							L2							L2
96							L3							L3

Indication	6kW / 12kW		25kW	
	Pulse width	PRF	Pulse width	PRF
S1 (Short pulse 1)	0.08 μ s	2500 Hz	0.08 μ s	2000 Hz
S2 (Short pulse 2)	0.08 μ s	2500 Hz	0.08 μ s	2000 Hz
M1 (Medium pulse 1)	0.25 μ s	2000 Hz	0.3 μ s	1300 Hz
M2 (Medium pulse 2)	0.25 μ s	2000 Hz	0.3 μ s	1300 Hz
M3 (Medium pulse 3)	0.5 μ s	1000 Hz	0.6 μ s	800 Hz
L1 (Long pulse 1)	0.7 μ s	700 Hz	0.8 μ s	600 Hz
L2 (Long pulse 2)	1.0 μ s	500 Hz	1.2 μ s	470 Hz
L3 (Long pulse 3)	1.0 μ s	450 Hz	1.2 μ s	400 Hz

2.30 Receiving Radar Beacons, SART and Radar Enhancer

The X-band radar system is required to be capable of receiving signals emitted from a Radar Beacon, SART (Search and Rescue Transponder) and Radar enhancer. To receive those signals by the radar system, use the following procedures.

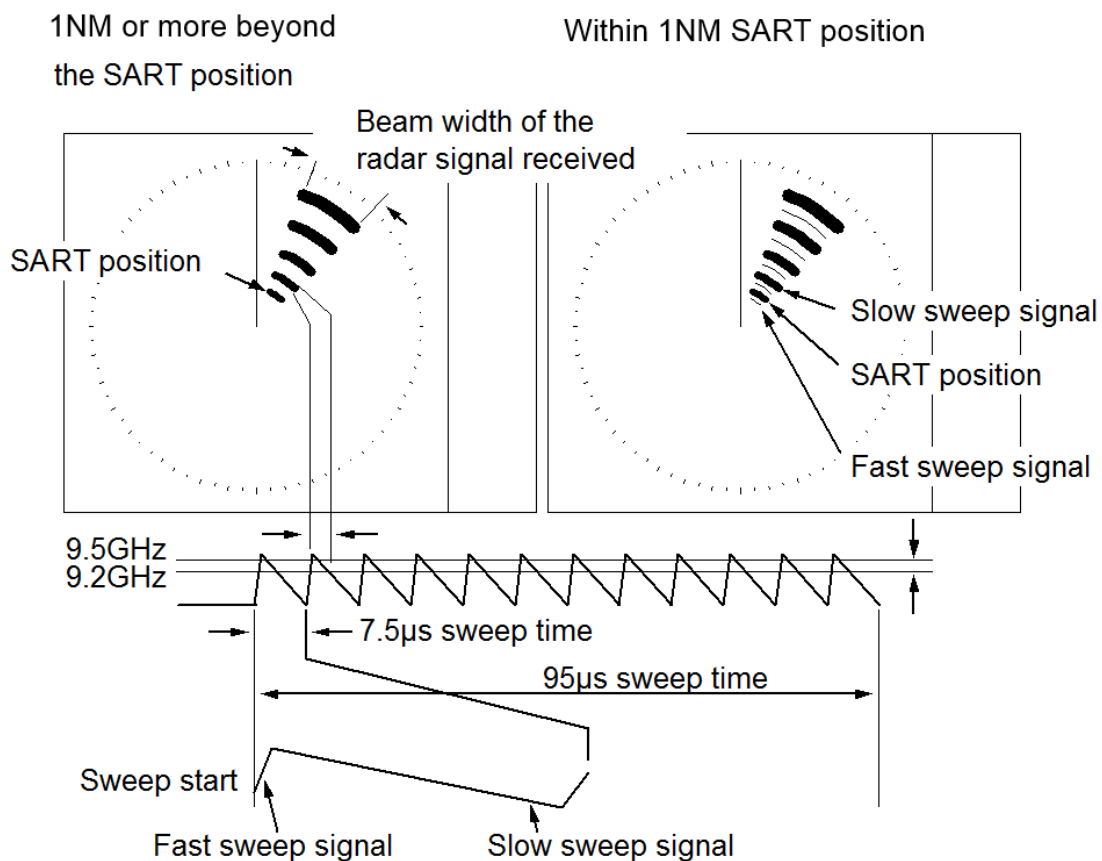
- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ECHO] => [SART] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Radar functions are set with following settings.
Range scale: 12 NM
Pulse width: L2
Interference Rejection: OFF
- 3** In case the radar picture is obscured with too many signals, reduce gain for better observation.
- 4** When own ship approaches the transmitting Radar Beacon or SART, the echoes will become blurred in an arc. For better observation of those signals, adjust the Gain, SEA and RAIN controls, as appropriate.
- 5** [ECHO] => [SART] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key, the setting of above 3 is restored.

About SART

According to the GMDSS (Global Maritime Distress and Safety Systems) requirement, the IMO/SOLAS class ships must be equipped with a SART. When a ship is in distress, a signal will be automatically emitted from the SART so that other ships and/or aircrafts can identify its location. When your ship equipped with a X-band radar comes within 8 NM of a ship in distress, the SART picks up the radar signal and responds to it. The signal consists of 12 sweeps and is emitted in the frequency range of 9.2 GHz through to 9.5 GHz. The SART has two sweep times that switch from slow sweep (7.5 μ s) to fast sweep (0.4 μ s) and vice versa, according to the distance. When the radar receives this signal, a line of 12 dots, which is equally spaced at about 0.64 NM, appears on the display. The nearest blip of the SART indicates the location of the ship in distress. When your ship comes within 1 NM to the SART, a fast sweep signal is displayed on the radar and a thin line connects the 12 blips.

Actual location of the ship carrying the SART

If your ship is located at 1 NM or more away from the SART, the position at which the first echo is displayed is 0.64 NM behind the actual SART position when the 12 SART echoes are identified. If your ship comes within 1 NM from the SART, the fast sweep signal is indicated. The position of this echo is displayed 150 m beyond the actual SART position.



The SART signal presentation and its signal timing

2.31 Inter-switch

Inter-switch is a way to setup two radars to be connected together.

Note: If either radar fails while two radars are in use, then set the [INTER-SWITCH] menu of the working radar to [INDEPENDENT MASTER] and use it independently.

Refer to “3.4.10 Cable connection for inter-switch” of Installation manual.

NOTE: [INTER-SWITCH] menu cannot be used while transmitting.

1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.

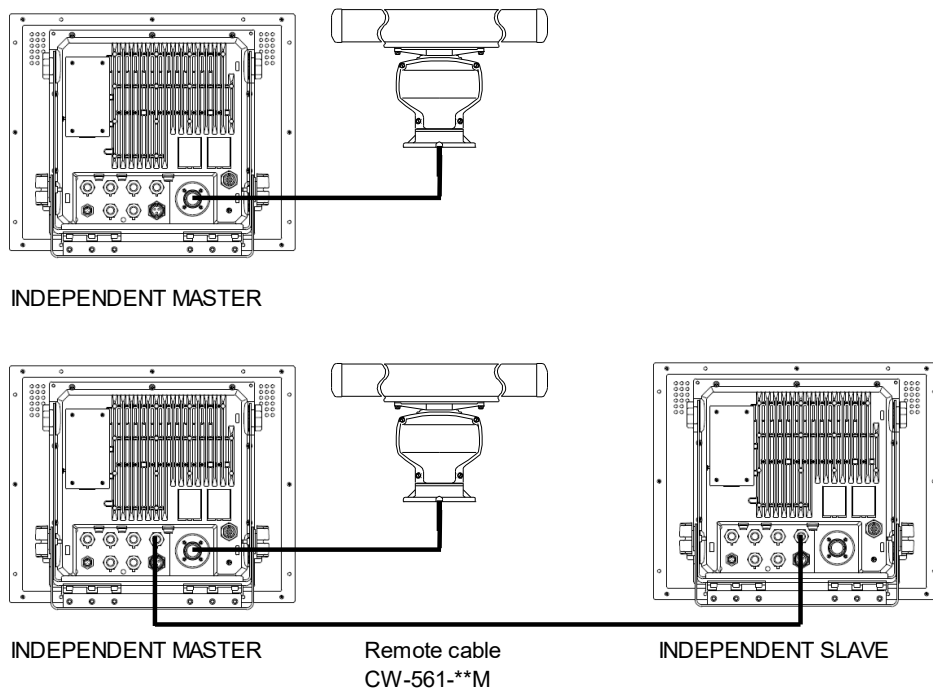
Select [SYSTEM] => [INTER-SWITCH] => select [INTER-SWITCH] mode*, and press **ENT** key.

* Available choices: INDEPENDENT MASTER, INDEPENDENT SLAVE, DUAL MASTER, DUAL SLAVE, CROSS, MONITOR

INDEPENDENT MASTER: Connection status where one antenna is connected to one radar.

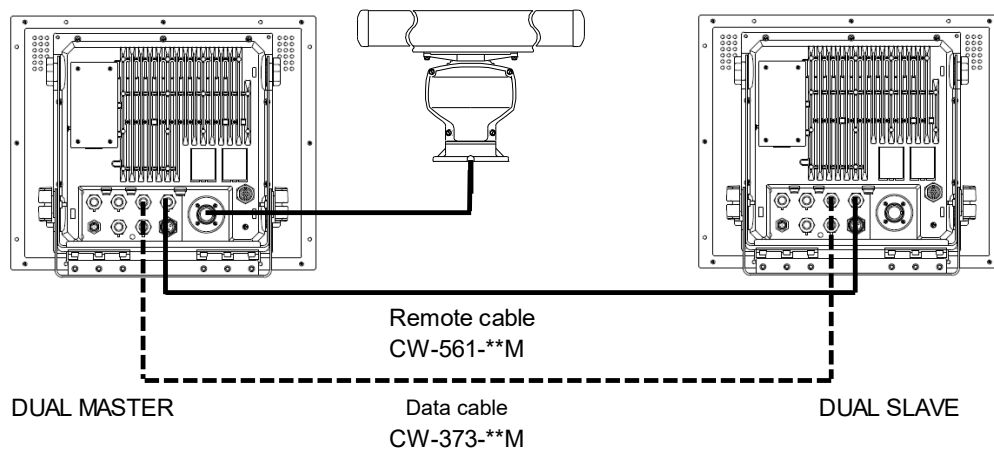
INDEPENDENT SLAVE: Connection status where the dedicated cable is connected to the above-mentioned INDEPENDENT (MASTER), and the image of antenna of INDEPENDENT (MASTER) is displayed on (SLAVE) radar.

The SLAVE display unit cannot control the antenna unit. The monitor (SLAVE display unit) will display its range in accordance with the MASTER one.

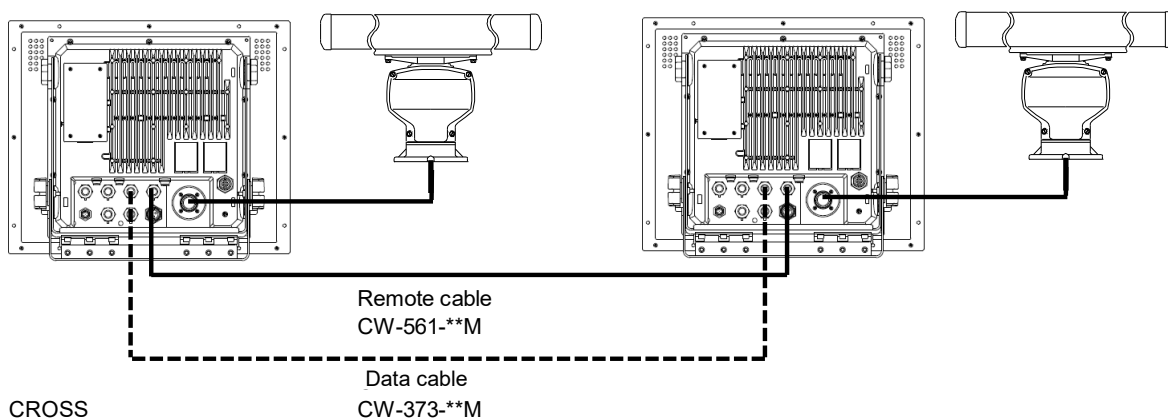


DUAL MASTER: Connection topology is the same as the above-mentioned INDEPENDENT (MASTER) and INDEPENDENT (SLAVE), and the control cable is necessary. By this way, either radar can control the antenna. The radar to which the antenna is connected is DUAL (MASTER).

DUAL SLAVE: The radar to which the antenna is not connected is DUAL (SLAVE).



CROSS: In this status, there are two radars to which each antenna is connected. In this status, the antenna that is not connected to its own radar is used.

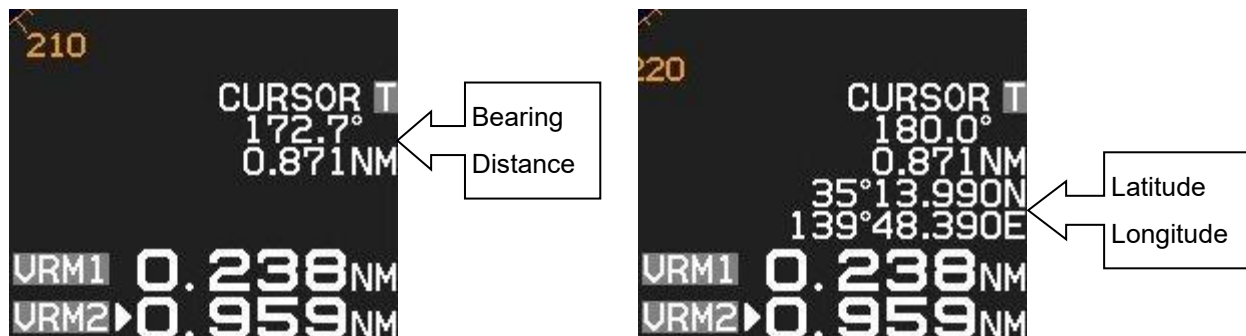


MONITOR: In this status, the antenna is not connected, and a simulator is connected and used.

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set Heading (HL OFFSET), TX DELAY and ANT CABLE adjustment of each antenna. (Refer to 4.1.2, 4.1.3 and 4.1.5 of Installation manual) These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

2.32 Cursor data

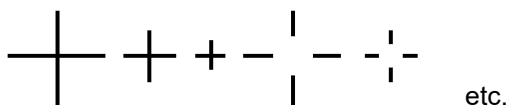
Cursor data is displayed in distance and bearing at lower right of the display. In addition, it can also be displayed in latitude and longitude position.



CURSOR setting menu

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
- 2 Select **[NAV TOOL] => [CURSOR] =>**

CURSOR SHAPE: Set up shape of cursor.



CURSOR:

NOT OPERATION: ON/OFF of the cursor indication.

ON: The cursor shape and data are always indicated on the display.

OFF: The cursor shape and data will be disappeared after 30 sec. from last cursor operation.

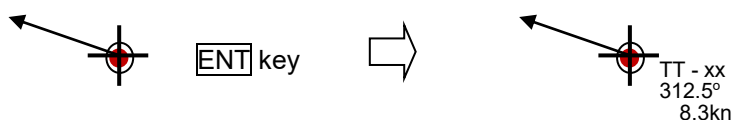
POSN DISP: ON/OFF of the latitude and longitude position display.

CURSOR HUP MOVE: When HUP mode is used, OFF always remains at the fixed position.

ON links a bearing changes and moves.

INFO: ON/OFF of the TT, AIS and MAP information data display selected by cursor and **[ENT]** key.

ON: TT, AIS and MAP information data will be displayed near cursor during about 15 sec. after these data is selected.



2.33 Reference position and Display center

Reference position

The base point for range, bearing, relative course, relative speed, CPA or TCPA, EBL or VRM is named [Reference position], respectively.

Either CCRP (consistent common reference point) or ANT (antenna position) can be used as the reference position.

Selection of the reference position is made in **CCRP** or **ANT** of [REF] located of the upper left of the display, with trackball and **ENT** key.



Display center

The display center position can be changed to CCRP (consistent common reference point) or ANT (antenna position) when reference position is CCRP.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu"
Select [DISPLAY] => [DISPLAY CENTER] => select [ANT] or [CCRP], and press **ENT** key.

The display center of echo image (PPI) is always ANT position.

When CCRP is selected for the reference position, there is possibility that CCRP is located outside of 90% echo image area in short distance range.

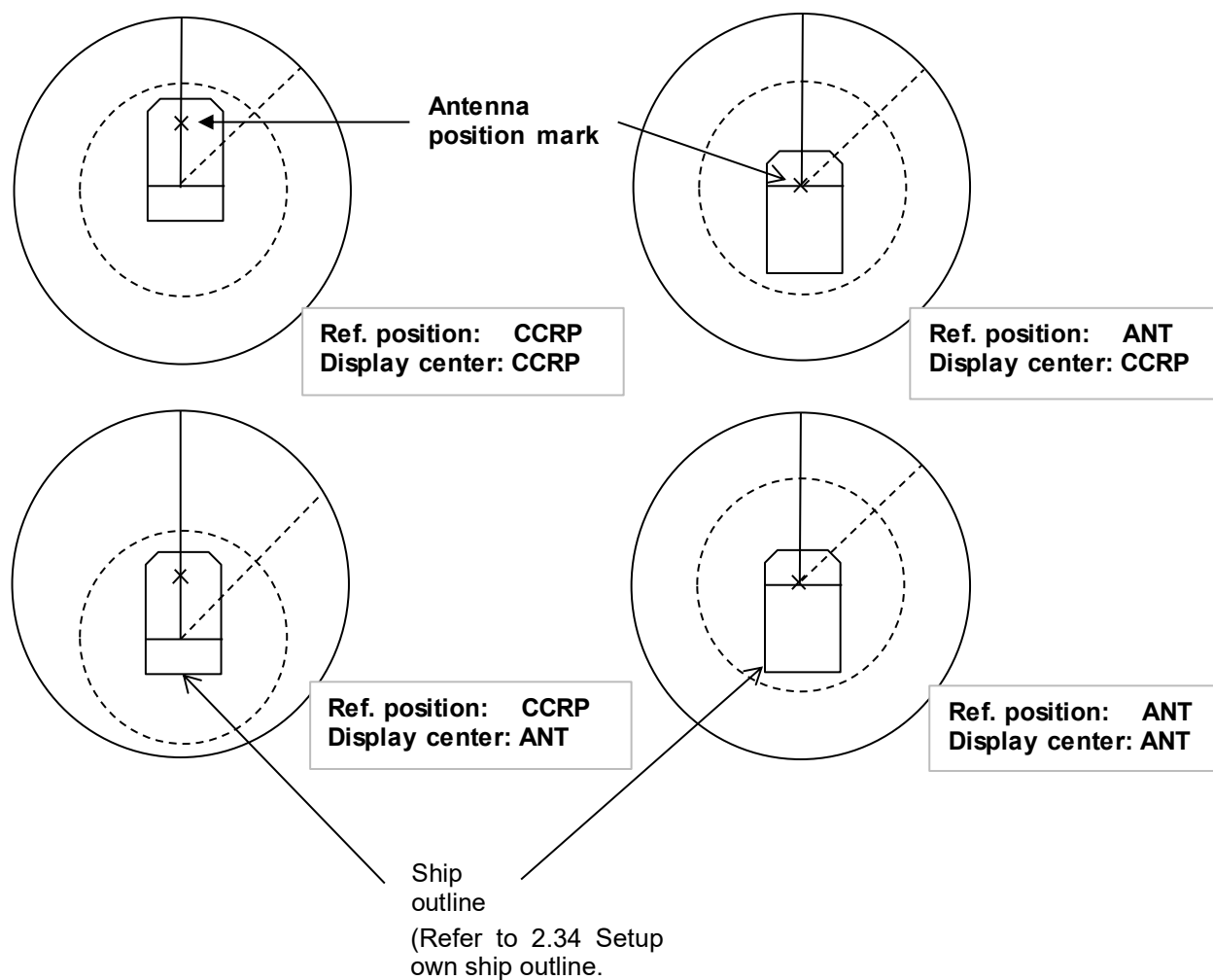
In this case, the reference position is automatically changed to ANT position.

Antenna position mark ON or OFF

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu"

Select **[DISPLAY]** => **[ANT POSN]** => select **[ON]** or **[OFF]**, and press **ENT** key.

Note: Antenna position mark is displayed at transmission on condition.



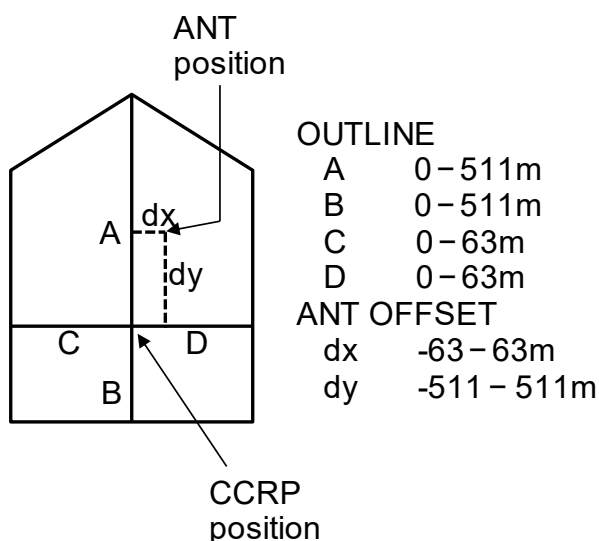
2.34 Setup own ship outline

Set up own ship outline and antenna position from CCRP (Consistent common reference point).

Setup CCRP number and ship outline

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [CCRP] => select CCRP number (1 to 4), and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Select [OS PROFILE] => and after selection.

This setup is to designate ship's outline and antenna location of CCRP.



CCRP number (1 to 4)

To show own ship outline, turn on ship outline menu.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

If ship's width (C+D) is less than 10m, then even 0.125NM range will not show own ship outline.

2.35 FERRY MODE

It is a function to use a river for by coming and going ferry etc.

It becomes effective at H UP, and the letter of the FERRY appears on the screen while using it.

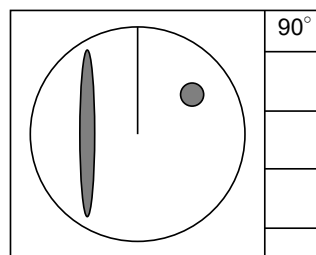
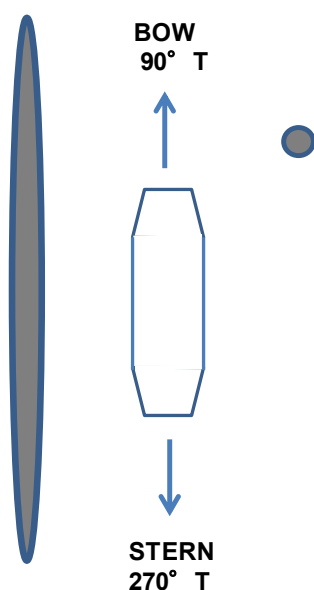
1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select **[DISPLAY]** => **[FERRY MODE]** =>

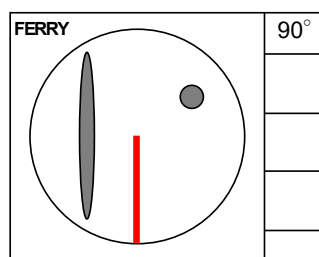
FERRY MODE: OFF, ON Turn ferry mode on or off

HDG: 0°, 180° Gyro reading has 180 degrees added to it or subtracted from it

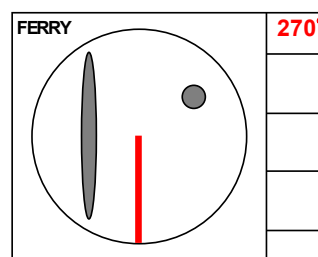
HEADING LINE: UP, DOWN Change of the heading line indication up or down



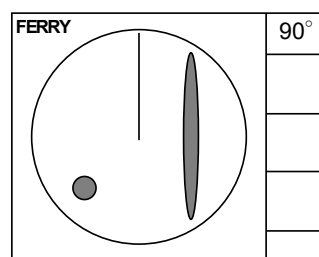
FERRY MODE: OFF



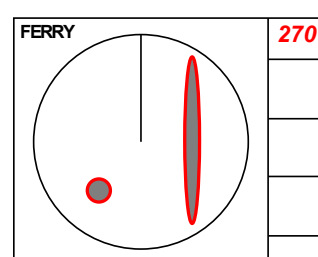
FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 0°
HEADING LINE: DOWN



FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 180°
HEADING LINE: DOWN



FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 0°
HEADING LINE: UP



FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 180°
HEADING LINE: UP

Note: HL line shows the direction that the ship moves.

You can easily change it when you set ferry mode at function key.

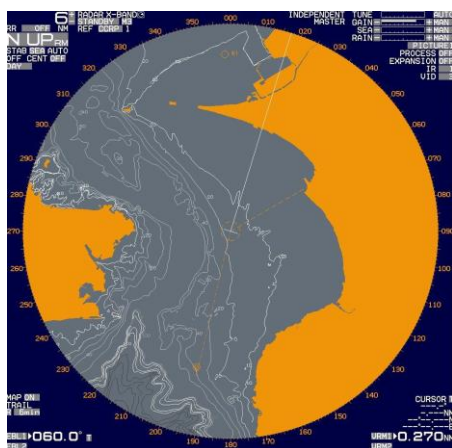
2.36 Display setup

2.36.1 ALL PPI mode

ALL PPI function is to display radar echo images, trails, maps and c-map chart on all screens (excluding menu area and own ship's information area).

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [ALL PPI] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.



ALL PPI: OFF



ALL PPI: ON

2.36.2 ROTATION MARGIN (H UP, C UP)

This function is to set rotation margin of radar echo images, trails, maps and c-map chart depending on angle of ship's bearing.

When the ship's bearing is changing little by little, the pictures become stable if the set value is larger.

In this case, the direction of the heading line moves according to the change of the bearing. When bearing exceeds the set value, the pictures rotate to right position, and heading line returns to the origin position.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [ROTATION MARGIN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the trackball.

- 2 Turn the **TRACKBALL** up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 0.0° to 30.0°

2.36.3 ROTATION SPEED

This function is to set the rotation speed of the radar echo images, trails, maps and c-map chart when the ship's bearing has changed.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [ROTATION SPEED] => select [FAST], [MEDIUM] or [SLOW], and press **ENT** key.

Selection value: FAST, MEDIUM, SLOW

2.36.4 LOCATION INFO

This function displays the line from the own ship position to WPT or LAT/LON position, and displays the mark on that position.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [LOCATION INFO] => select [OFF], [WPT] or [LAT/LON], and press **ENT** key.

WPT: It is necessary to input WPT data (RMB, BWC or RTE and WPT) from navigation device.

LAT/LON: The position data of [LOCATION INFO] => [LAT] and [LON] is displayed.

2.36.5 BIRD VIEW

Bird view image is displayed on the assistant display area. Refer to 1.1 Rader display "Assistant display".

This function sets the details of the bird view function.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [BIRD VIEW] => select [VIEW AREA DISP], [VIEW HEIGHT], [VIEW POINT], [FRAME POINT], [FRAME LEFT/RIGHT] or [EXPANSION].

After adjusting each item with trackball, press **ENT** key.

VIEW AREA DISP: Set on or off of the indication of the VIEW AREA on the radar display.

This menu will be active when BIRD VIEW display is selected.

VIEW HEIGHT: Set height value. (50 to 500)

VIEW POINT: Set view point value. (50 to 500)

FRAME POINT: Set frame point. (20 to 200)

FRAME LEFT/RIGHT: Set frame position. (-200 to 200)

EXPANSION: Set expansion of the BIRD VIEW image. (ON or OFF)

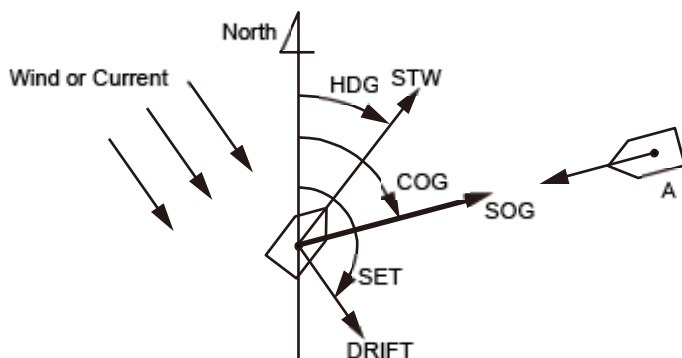
Chapter 3 Alarm

This function is used to monitor hazardous targets such for collision prevention.

Collision avoidance

It is strongly recommended to maneuver the ship for collision avoidance based on true and dependable SOG and COG information.

This is because ship's heading and running speed against water may be different from the actual ship's movement due to foreign or mostly natural environmental effect such as wind, current, wave etc.



3.1 Echo alarm

Echo alarm function has two movement modes of [IN] and [OUT].

[IN] mode: When the echo enters a specified fan type alarm area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

[OUT] mode: When echoes leave specified fan type alarm area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

How to set echo alarm area (Fan type)

1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[ALARM]** => **[ECHO ALARM]** => select **[IN]** or **[OUT]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

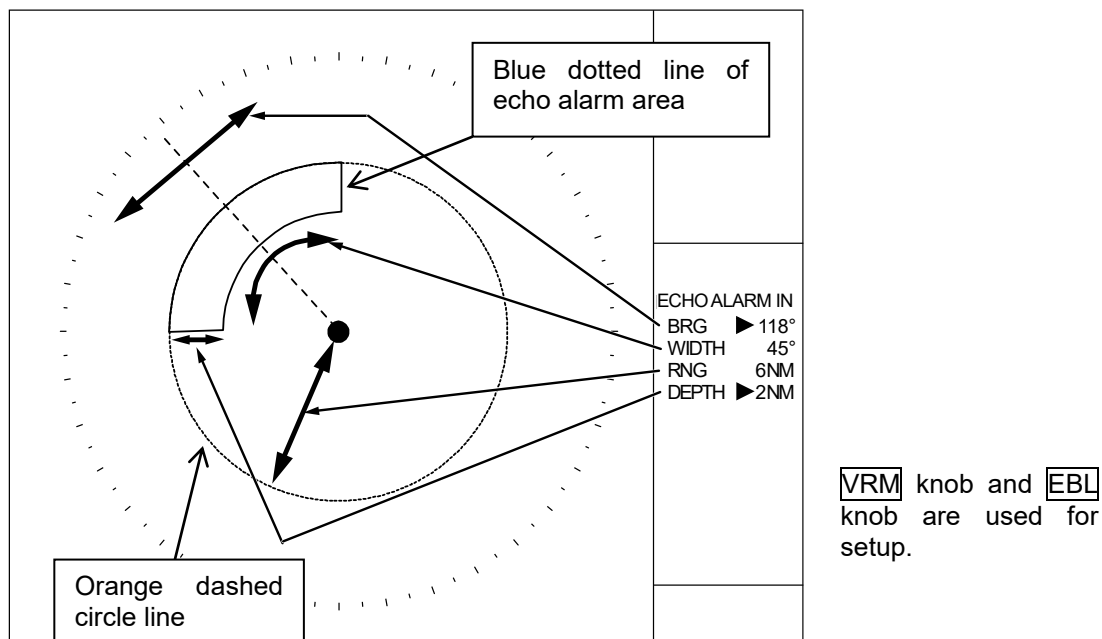
The color of **[EBL1]**, **[EBL2]**, **[VRM1]** and **[VRM2]** key's light turn red.

► symbol will be shown at the left of numerical indication of **[BRG REL]** or **[WIDTH]** and **[RNG]** or **[DEPTH]** menu.

Blue dotted line of echo alarm area and orange dashed circle line will be displayed on the display.

```

04 >ALARM
01 ECHO ALARM      IN
02 BRG REL         328.0°
03 WIDTH           ►110.0°
04 RNG             ►004.5NM
05 DEPTH           001.0NM
  
```



- 2 Press **EBL1** or **EBL2** key, and select an item to be set between [BRG REL] and [WIDTH] by using **EBL** knob.

In the same way, press **VRM1** or **VRM2** key, and select an item to be set between [RNG] and [DEPTH] by using **VRM** knob.

The selected item is shown with a ► symbol at the left of numerical indication at the echo alarm in the menu display.

- 3 When the setting of the echo alarm area is completed, then press **ENT** key, orange dashed circle line will disappear, and echo alarm will be active.

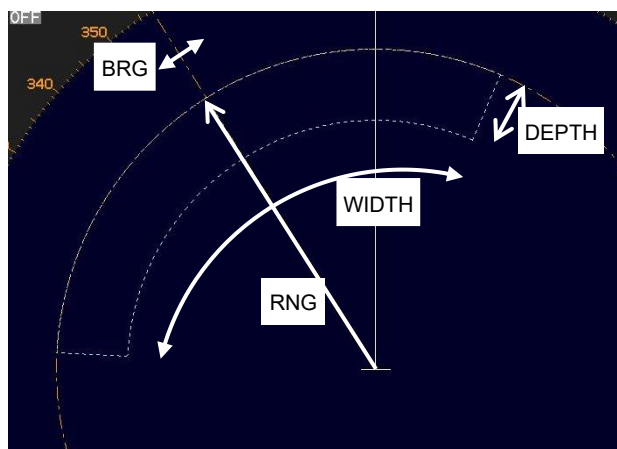
- 4 There are additional items, [ALARM] => [DETECT LEVEL] => select [1 to 15]

It designates echo strength to determine an alarm sound.

1 means lowest signal echo level, 15 means highest signal echo level.

When the level is set too low, noise may cause false alarm.

Note: [DETECT LEVEL] is applied to the map area alarm function of next section.



Note: If the echo alarm area is set in the whole circumference, [WIDTH] needs to be set the 0.0° or 360.0°.

3.2 Map area alarm

Map area alarm function provides alarm display when echo enters or leaves from the MAP AREA.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => select [IN] or [OUT], and press **ENT** key.

[IN] mode: When the echo enters a specified map area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

[OUT] mode: When the echo leaves a specified map area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

How to edit map area

There are two methods to edit map area. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude via the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [EDIT] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

- 2 Move cursor to first input position, then press **ENT** key.

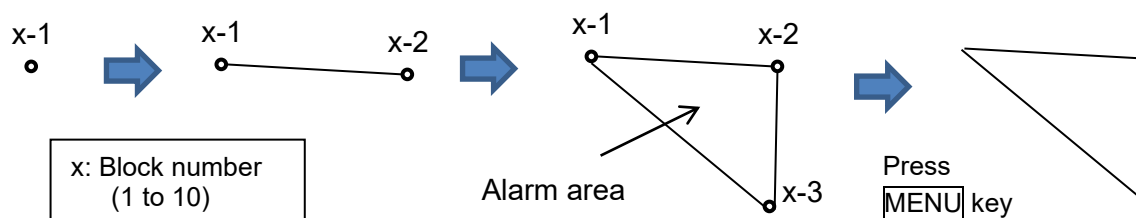
No.1 mark (small circle) is displayed with numerical number on the display, and numerical data information is displayed in the "AREA INFO" area at right side on the display.

If necessary, Latitude and longitude data can be changed using cursor and **ENT** key by "AREA INFO". Also line color can be changed directly by using cursor by "AREA INFO". If you want to delete input data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

- 3 Move cursor to second input position, then press **ENT** key. No.2 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.1 to No.2.

- 4 Move cursor to third input position, then press **ENT** key. No.3 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.2 to No.3 and No.1 to No.3.

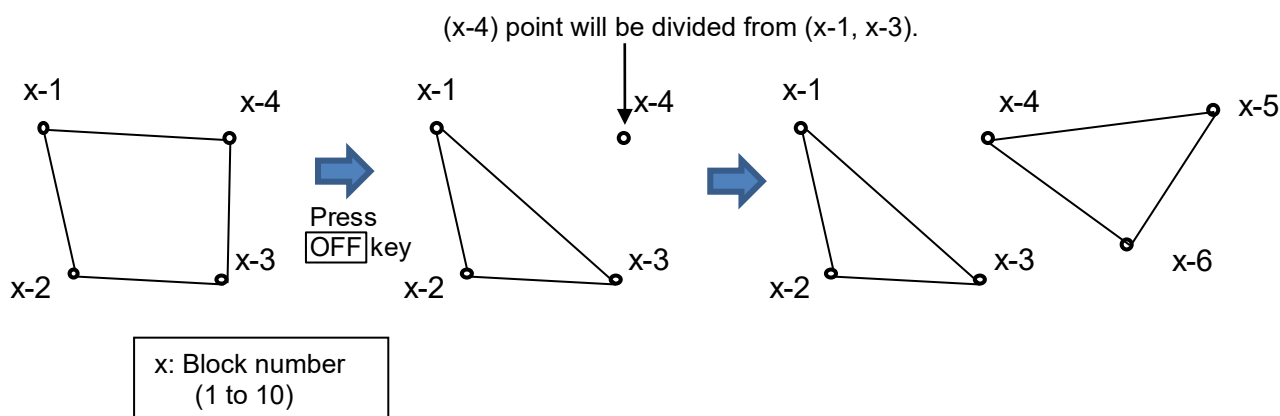
You can input up to 100 points. The minimum is three points. When input is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and map area alarm will be activated.



- 5** The procedures to input plural divided map areas in the memory of same block number are as follows. (Example)

After input the one map area (from x-1 to x-3), please input the start point of the new map area (x-4). Press **[OFF]** key to divide the start point (x-4) from the first and last point (x-1, x-3).

Repeat operation of clause 3 and 4 mentioned previously (x-5, x-6).



- 6** There are additional items, [ALARM] => [DETECT LEVEL] => select [1 to 15]

It designates echo strength to determine an alarm sound.

1 means lowest signal echo level, 15 means highest signal echo level.

When the level is set too low, noise may cause false alarm.

Note: [DETECT LEVEL] is applied to the echo alarm function in previous section.

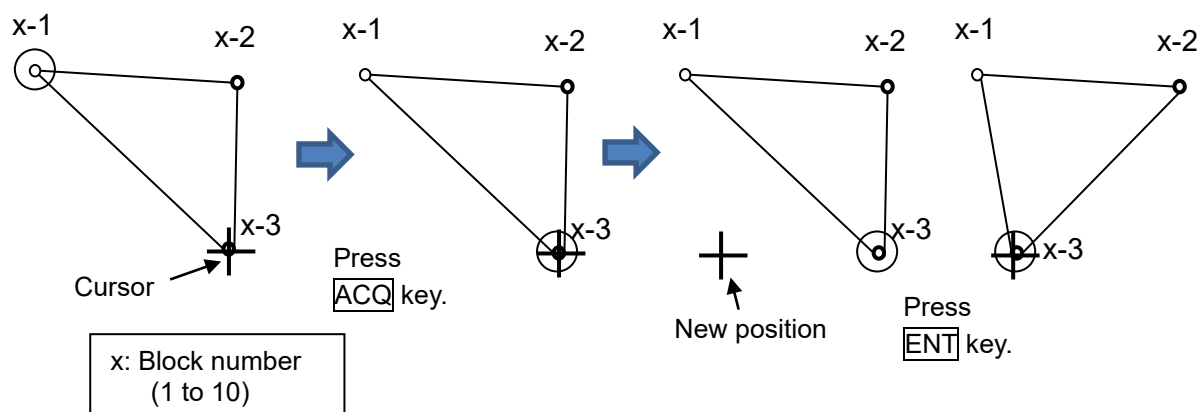
How to move map area

There are two methods to move map area position. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude via the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [MOVE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **[ENT]** key.
- 2** Move cursor to the map area mark which you want to move to new position, then change color or delete position data.
- 3** Press **[ACQ]** key, middle circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information is displayed in the "AREA INFO" at right side of the display.
- 4** Move cursor to new position, then press **[ENT]** key. Selected mark position will move to new position.
Latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly by using cursor and **[ENT]** key by "AREA INFO". Line color can be changed directly by using cursor by "AREA INFO". If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **[ENT]** key.

- 5 Repeat operation of clause 2 to 4 mentioned previously.



- 6 When move operation is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and map area alarm function will be active.

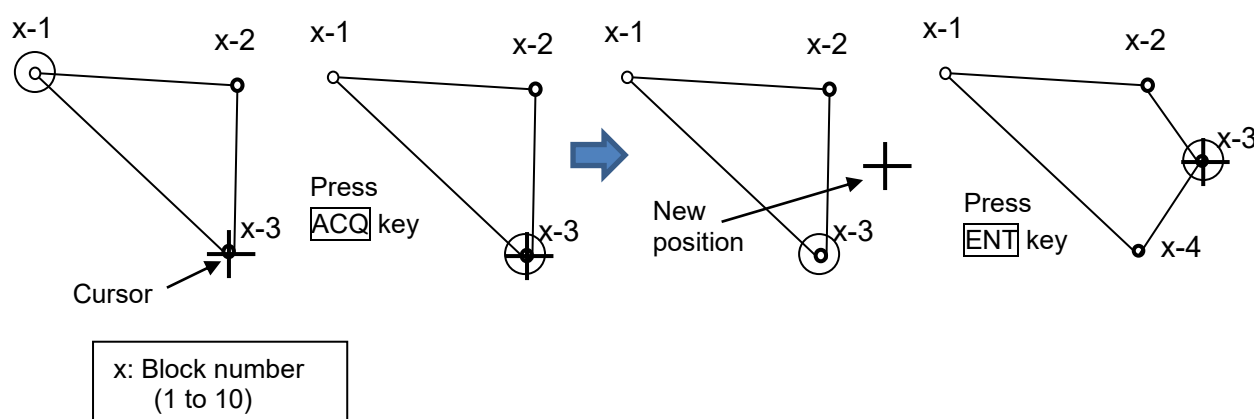
How to add data to map area

There are two methods to add map area alarm position. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude via the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select **[ALARM]** => **[MAP AREA ALARM]** => **[ADD]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]**, and press **ENT** key.
- Move cursor on the map area mark before which you want to insert new mark, then change color or delete position data.
- Press **ACQ** key, middle circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information is displayed in the "AREA INFO" at right side on the display.
- Move cursor to new position where you want to add point, then press **ENT** key. New position point will be inserted on the display.

Selected latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly by using cursor and **ENT** key by "AREA INFO". Line color can change directly using cursor by "AREA INFO". If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

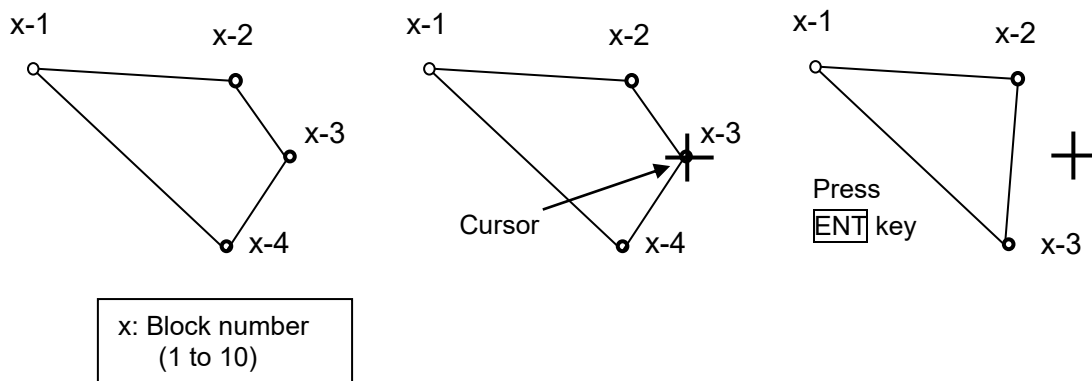


How to delete the data of map area

There are two methods to delete map area alarm position. First method is to delete the point that is selected by cursor, second is to select the number from the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [DELETE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor on the map area mark which you want to delete.
- 3 Press **ENT** key.
Selected map area position data will delete.



How to clear entire block of map area data

The map area data block can be cleared by using menu operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [CLEAR] => [BLOCK NUMBER] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
Selected map area block will be cleared.

3.3 Guard zone alarm

Guard zone alarm is an alarm system using TT (ARPA) tracked target or an AIS active target signal.

If a TT (ARPA) tracked target or an AIS active target enters a guard zone, then a large, red symbol is displayed and [ALARM] is generated.

If a TT (ARPA) un-tracked target or an AIS sleeping target enters there, then no alarm is generated.

How to set guard zone alarm

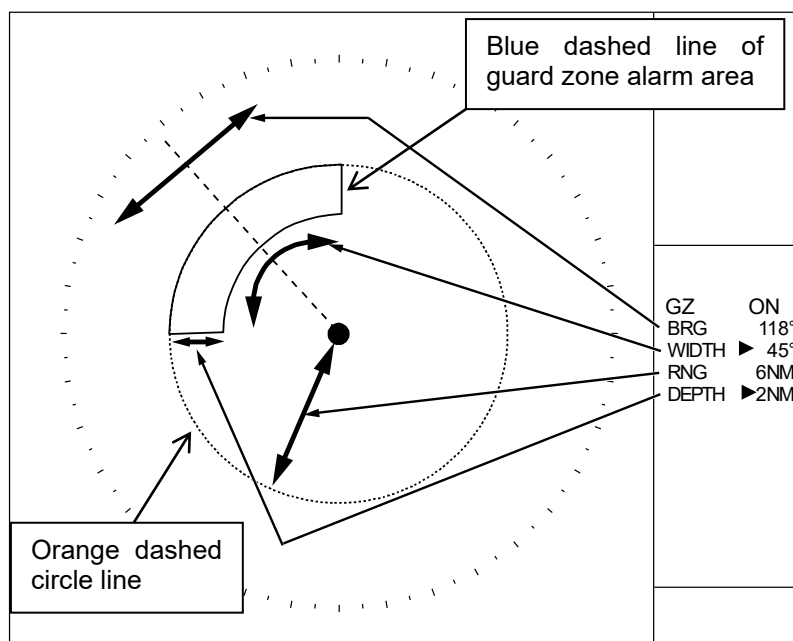
- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [GUARD ZONE] => [ON], and press **[ENT]** key.

The color of **[EBL1]**, **[EBL2]**, **[VRM1]** and **[VRM2]** key's light turns red.

► symbol will be shown at the left of numerical indication of [BRG REL] or [WIDTH] and [RNG] or [DEPTH] menu.

Blue dashed line of guard zone alarm area and orange dashed circle line will be displayed on the display.



[VRM] knob and **[EBL]** knob are used for setup.

- 2 Press **[EBL1]** or **[EBL2]** key, and Select an item to be set between [BRG REL] and [WIDTH] by using **[EBL]** knob.

In the same way, press **[VRM1]** or **[VRM2]** key, and select an item to be set between [RNG] and [DEPTH] by using **[VRM]** knob.

The selected item is shown with a ► symbol at the left of numerical indication at the guard zone alarm in the menu display.

- 2 When the setting of the guard zone alarm area is completed, then press **[ENT]** key, orange dashed circle line will disappear, and guard zone area alarm will be activated.

Note: If the guard zone alarm area is set in the whole circumference, [WIDTH] needs to be set the 0.0° or 360.0°.

3.4 Nav line cross

Nav line cross function enables to attract attention for safety navigation with alarm display when own ship crosses the course preliminarily set (by cursor or latitude/longitude input).

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Note: When set [NAV LINE CROSS] menu to [OFF], this data will be displayed as line data of map that looks like coast line.

Refer to 6.4 COAST LINE.

Refer to 6.5 NAV LINE.

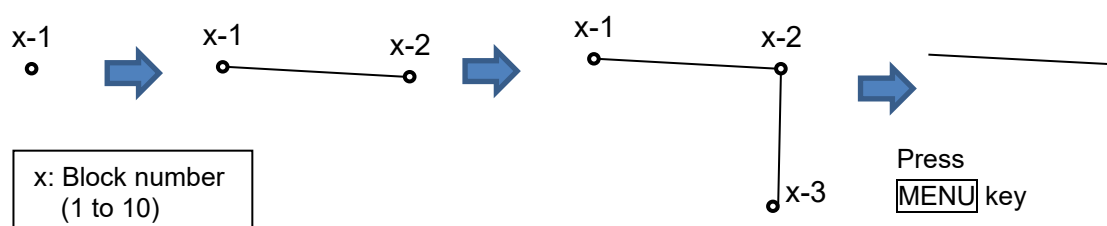
How to edit

There are two methods to edit nav line cross alarm. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude by the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [EDIT] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to first input position, then press **ENT** key. No.1 mark (small circle) is displayed with numerical number on the display, and numerical data information is displayed in the "NAV LINE INFO" area at right side on the display.
If necessary, latitude and longitude data can be changed using cursor and **ENT** key by "NAV LINE INFO" area. Also line color can be changed directly by using cursor and **ENT** key by "NAV LINE INFO" area. If you want to delete input data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.
- 3 Move cursor to second input position, then press **ENT** key. No.2 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.1 to No.2.
- 4 Move cursor to third input position, then press **ENT** key. No.3 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.2 to No.3.

You can input up to 100 points. The minimum is two points. When input is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and nav line cross alarm will be activated.

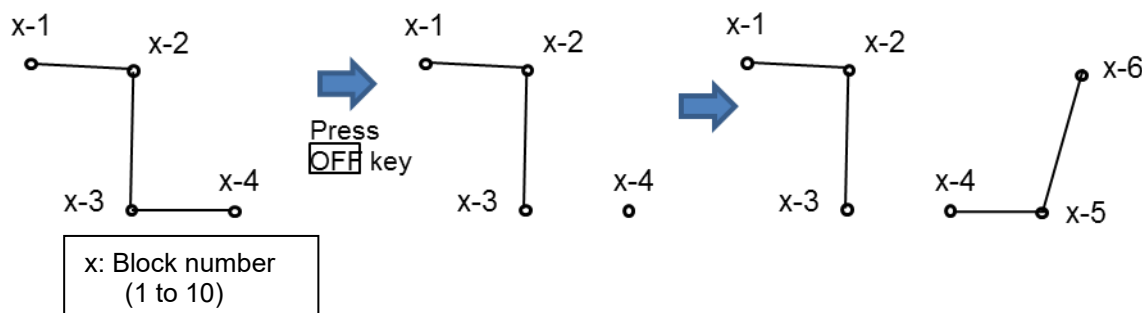


- 5 The procedures to input plural divided nav line in the memory of same block number are as follows.
(Example)

After input the one nav line (from x-1 to x-3), please input the start point of the new nav line (x-4).

Press **OFF** key to divide the start point (x-4) from the last point (x-3).

Repeat operation of clause 3 and 4 mentioned previously (x-5, x-6).

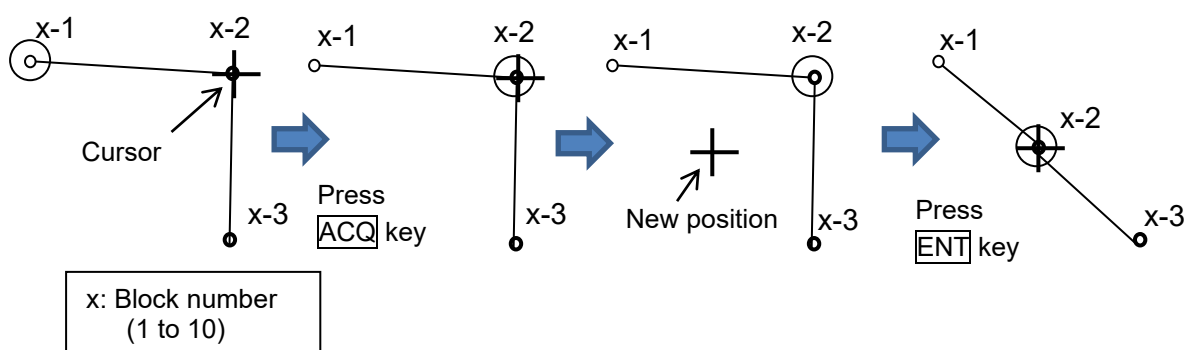


How to move nav line

There are two methods to move nav line cross alarm. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude by the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [MOVE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to the nav line cross mark which you want to move to new position, then change color or delete position data.
- 3 Press **ACQ** key, medium circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information will be displayed in the "NAV LINE INFO" area at right side on the display.
- 4 Move cursor to new position, then press **ENT** key. Selected mark position will move to new position.
Latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly by using cursor and **ENT** key by "NAV LINE INFO" area. Line color can be changed directly by using cursor by "NAV LINE INFO" area. If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.
- 5 Repeat operation of clause 2 to 4 mentioned previously.



- 6** When move operation is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and nav line cross alarm will be activated.

How to add

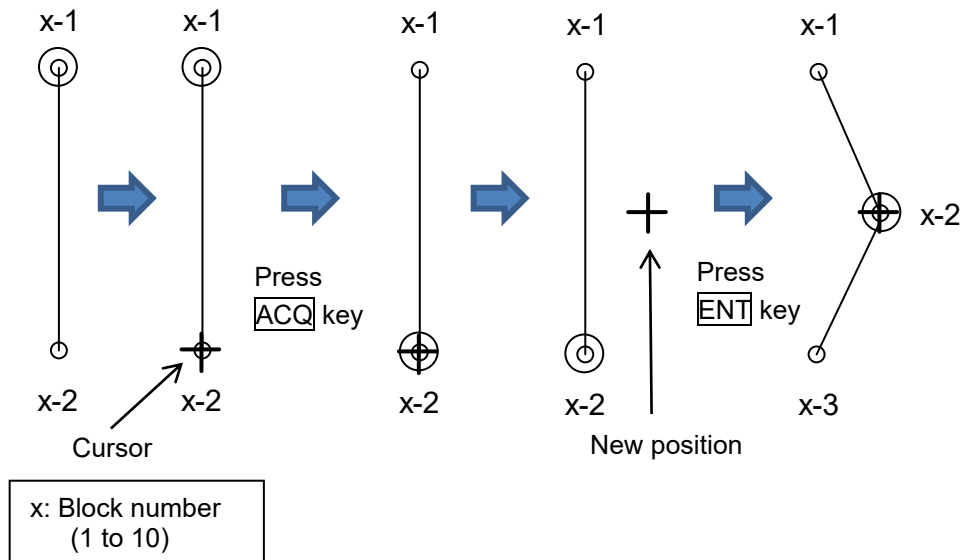
There are two methods to add nav line cross alarm position. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude by the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [ADD] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Move cursor to the nav line cross mark before which you want to add new mark, then change color or delete position data.
- 3** Press **ACQ** key, medium circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information is displayed in the "NAV LINE INFO" area at right side on the display.
- 4** Move cursor to new additional position, then press **ENT** key. New position point will be inserted on the display.

Selected latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly using cursor and **ENT** key via "NAV LINE INFO" area. Line color can be changed directly using cursor via "NAV LINE INFO" area. If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

- 5** Repeat operation of clause 2 to 4 mentioned previously.



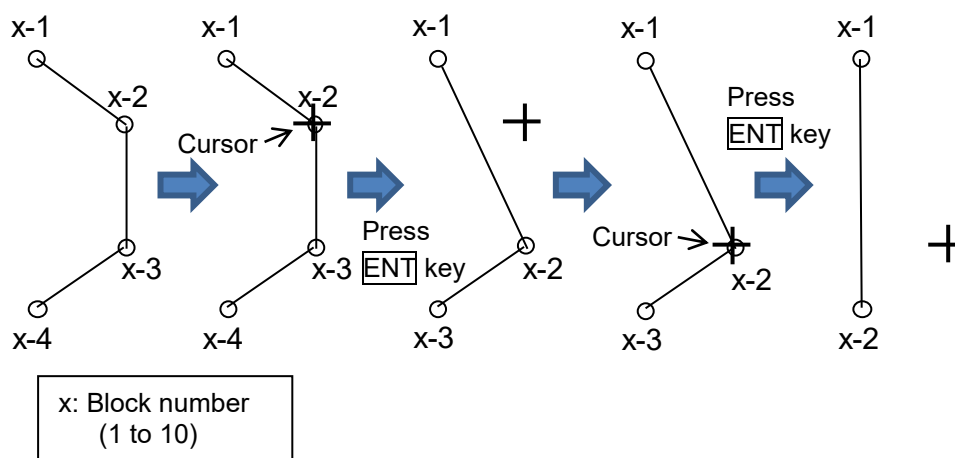
- 6** When add operation is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and nav line cross alarm will be activated.

How to delete

There are two methods to delete the data of nav line cross alarm position. First method is to delete the point that is selected by cursor directly, second is to select the number from the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [DELETE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to the nav line cross mark which you want to delete.
- 3 Press **ENT** key.
Selected nav line cross position data will be deleted.



How to clear

The nav line cross alarm data block can be cleared by using menu operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [CLEAR] => [BLOCK NUMBER] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
Selected nav line cross alarm data block will be cleared.

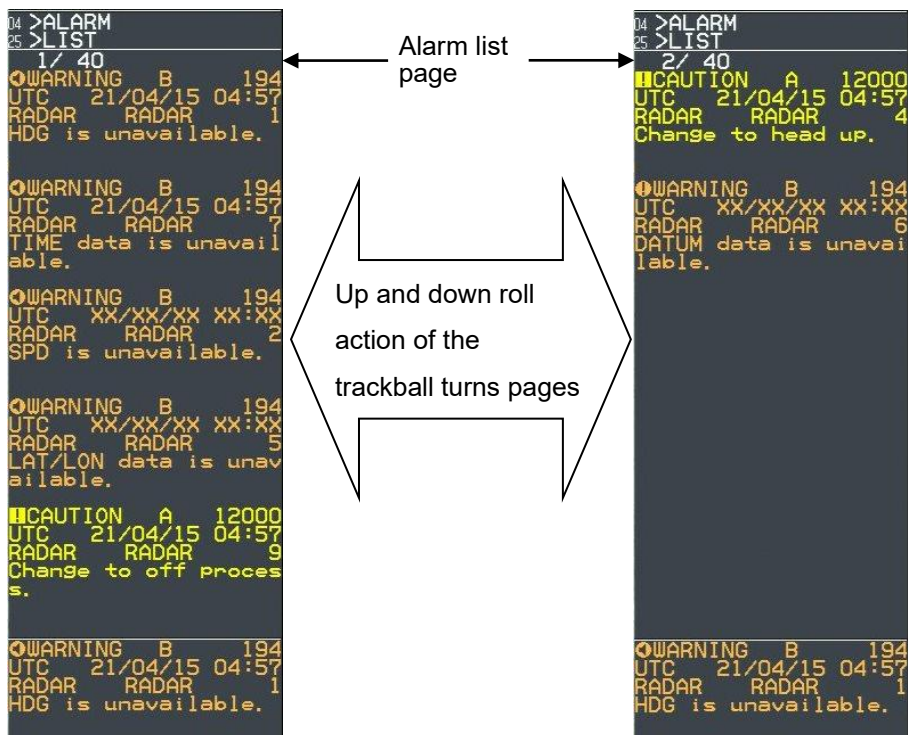
3.5 Alarm List

List is an area that displayed a list of currently present alarms.

It lists the alarms activated by the error device selected by the after-mentioned [PRIORITY] in chronological order from top to bottom. Then, it lists the alarms of other error devices in the same order.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [LIST] =>



Alarm goes off automatically when cause of alarm disappears.

3.6 Alarm History list

Alarm History List is an area that displayed a list of past alarms.

It lists the alarms activated in the past in chronological order from top to bottom.

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[ALARM]** => **[HISTORY LIST]** =>



Maximum number of alarms which can be displayed is 200. Alarms in excess of 200 are deleted.

The up and down roll action of the trackball turns 40 pages.

History List Sort menu sorts the indication contents of History List.

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[ALARM]** => **[HISTORY LIST SORT]** => **[PRIORITY, CATEGORY or TIME]** =>
[PRIORITY] => ALL, ALARMS, WARNINGS or CAUTIONS
Sorts the kinds of alerts
[CATEGORY] => ALL, A or B
Sorts the kinds of category
[TIME] => LAST IN or FIRST IN
Choose a turn of the indication

3.7 Alarm on/off (TT and AIS)

This function is to set auto acquisition target (TT and AIS) alarm function on or off which is set by [TARGET] => [AUTO ACQ AREA] menu.

[AUTO ACQ] function [ON] activates the alarm function when TT and/or AIS target enters designated auto acquisition area.

[MESSAGE] function of [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [AIS] menu is the alarm of received message.

When AIS receive a message for own ship, alarm information is displayed on alarm display area, and select AIS symbol automatically to know the sender.

Using AIS message alarm function user must input own ship MMSI number correctly.

Chapter 4 Target (AIS, TT and Trial manoeuvre)

4.1 Common setting

VECTOR REL/TRUE

The course and speed are indicated as vector after tracking is established.

Two types of display mode are available: relative display (REL) and true display (TRUE).

REL: This vector adds the course/speed of a target to the course/speed of own ship.

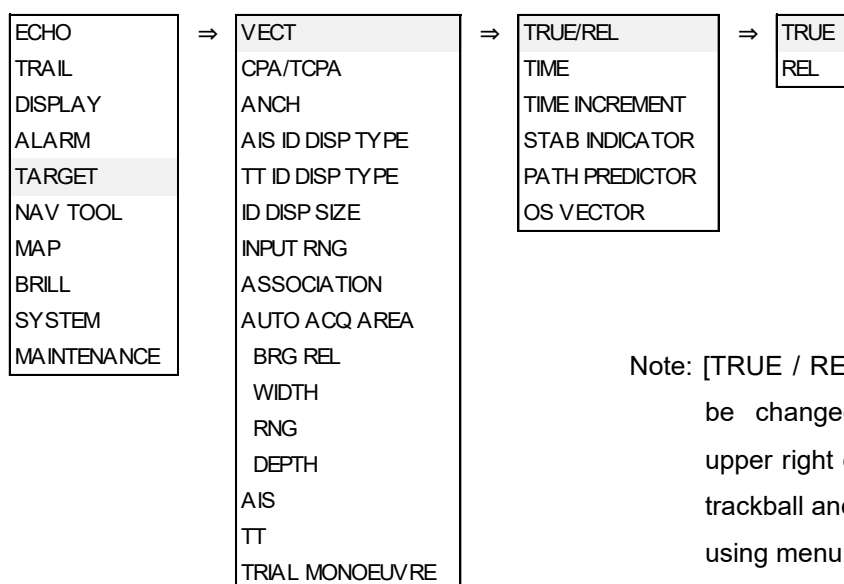
If the vector is directed towards own ship, possibility of collision exists.

It shows danger of collision at a glance and is useful to avoid collision.

TRUE: This vector shows the course/speed of a target only, regardless of own ship.

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[TARGET]** => **[VECT]**, and press **[ENT]** key after making selection.



Note: **[TRUE / REL]** and **[TIME]** can be changed directly at the upper right of the display, with trackball and **[ENT]** key, without using menu.

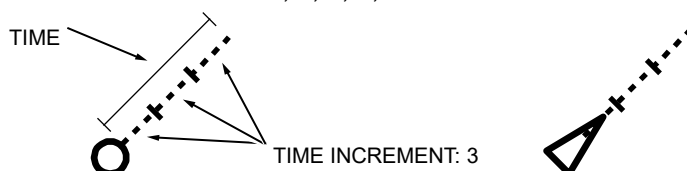
- 2 In addition, there are **[TIME]**, **[TIME INCREMENT]**, **[STAB INDICATOR]**, **[PATH INDICATOR]** and **[OS VECTOR]** setups.

[TIME]: It designates length of vector by time. When **[TIME]** is specified by 1 min, the vector is displayed to the position that will be reached in 1 min by present target speed.

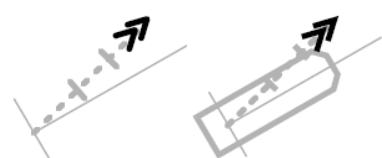
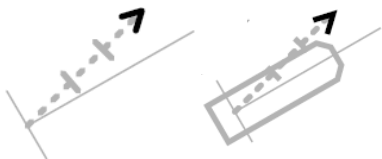
Selection values: OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min

[TIME INCREMENT]: This vector displays the division number of time divider. When the setup value is 2, vector is 1/2 and the parting line is displayed at a half-length location of vector.

Selection values: OFF, 2, 3, 5, 10



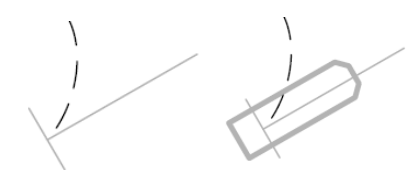
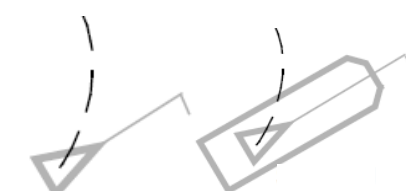
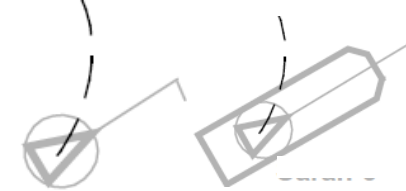
[STAB INDICATOR]: This function is to display the mark of GND or SEA stabilization on the end of own ship vector.

Symbol	Symbol name
	GNG indicator (Double arrowhead)
	SEA indicator (Single arrowhead)

STAB INDICATOR is displayed only when VECTOR is displayed.

STAB INDICATOR is not displayed when PATH PREDICTOR is "on".

[PATH PREDICTOR]: This function is to display a path predictor in place of a velocity vector as a curved line.

Symbol	Symbol name
	Own ship path predictor
	AIS target predictor
	Associated target path predictor

[OS VECTOR]: This function is to turn [OS VECTOR] display on or off.

CPA/TCPA alarm

The menu of "[TARGET] => [CPA/TCPA]" sets the alarm function ON or OFF.

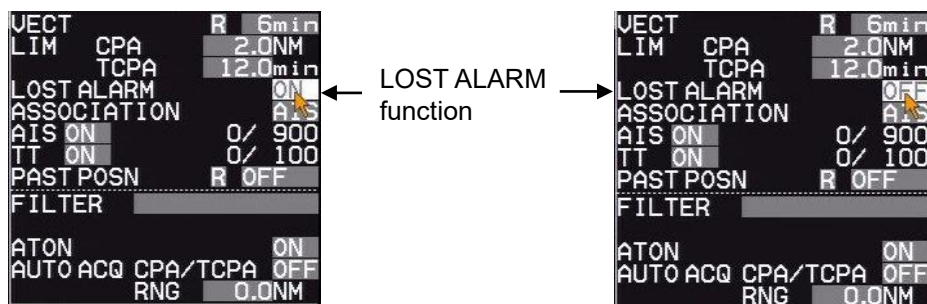
To avoid collision, it sets up LIMIT CPA (closest point of approach) and LIMIT TCPA (time to CPA).

[LIMIT CPA] and [LIMIT TCPA] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

- 1 Move the cursor to set the value window of [CPA] / [TCPA] at the upper right of the display.
Press **ENT** key and change the setting value with the trackball.
Press **ENT** key to save after changing the setup value.
- 2 In addition, [LIMIT TCPA] is used to specify limit by time.

LOST ALARM

LOST ALARM function of target status area can be changed lost alarm ON or OFF mode of TT (ARPA) and AIS target.



- 1 When LOST ALARM is ON, lost target symbol is displayed on the last reported (known or predicted) target position and a lost target warning is appeared on alarm area display until confirmation operation with **OFF** key.
- 2 When LOST ALARM is OFF, lost target symbol is not displayed, and does not appear lost alarm message on alarm area display.

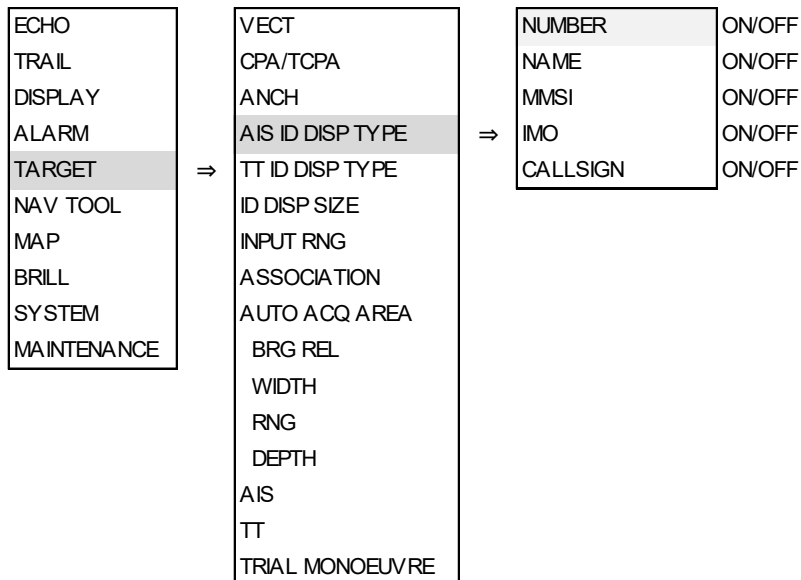
Note: When Sleeping lost of AIS alarm mode sets to OFF, Lost of AIS sleeping target will delete without using confirmation operation.

Refer to 4.2 AIS "AIS alarm [Sleeping lost]".

Set AIS ID DISP TYPE

ID can be displayed with AIS target.

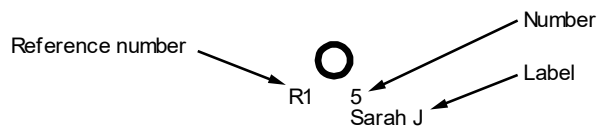
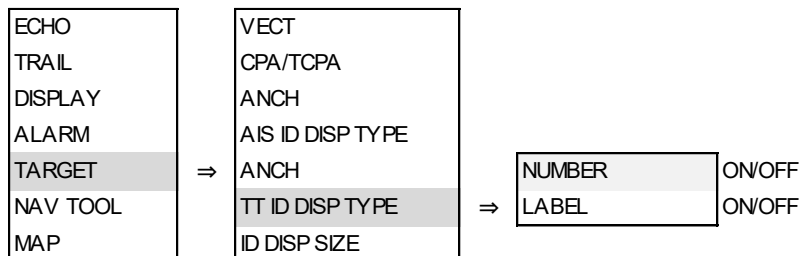
Set items: NUMBER, NAME, MMSI, IMO and CALLSIGN



Set TT ID DISP TYPE

ID can be displayed with TT (ARPA) target.

Set items: NUMBER and LABEL



Refer to 4.3 TT (ARPA) “Reference target acquisition” about reference number.

Set ID DISP SIZE

This menu is used to specify display ID size.

Selection values: X-SMALL, SMALL, MEDIUM, LARGE

Set Input range

This is to set up the operation range of TT (ARPA) and AIS.

It designates the entire operation range of TT (ARPA) and AIS. So, TT (ARPA) and AIS do not function outside of the range.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select **[TARGET]** => **[INPUT RNG]**, and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.
Setting value: 1.0NM to 64.0NM

ASSOCIATION

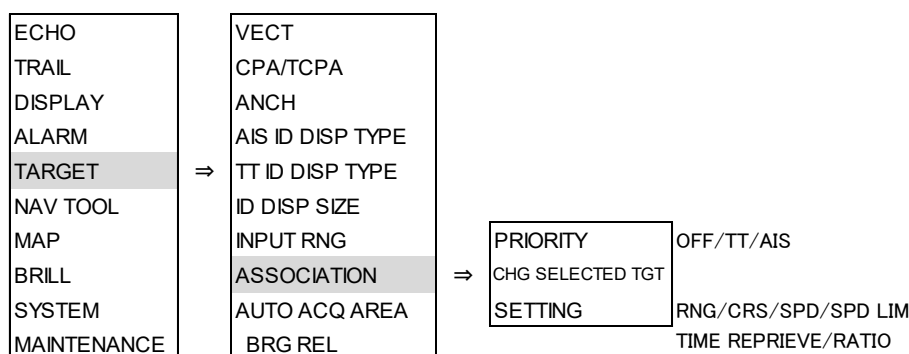
When an AIS target and a tracked target of TT (ARPA) are the same target, it is automatically associated to a single target.

Select priority of the association with either AIS or TT (ARPA).

If the low-speed ship is associated and displayed with TT priority, then HDG may be unstable. So, the display with AIS priority is recommendable.

1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[TARGET]** => **[ASSOCIATION]** => **[PRIORITY]**, and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the setup value.



OFF: Association is turned off.

TT: Symbols of both TT (ARPA) and AIS are associated to TT (ARPA). However when the target of AIS is sleeping target it is not associated.

AIS: Symbols of both TT (ARPA) and AIS are associated to AIS. However when the target of AIS is sleeping target it is not associated.

[PRIORITY] can be changed directly in **[ASSOCIATION]** at the top right of the display using the trackball and **[ENT]** key without using the menu functions.

In addition, **[CHG SELECTED TGT]** and **[SETTING]** are provided.

[PRIORITY] changes priority of the association of all targets while **[CHG SELECTED TGT]** changes priority of the association for selected target only.

[SETTING] designates conditional items of association among RNG, CRS, SPD, SPD LIM, TIME REPRIEVE and RATIO.

RNG: It designates the range to determine association. (0.001NM to 1.000NM)

CRS: It designates the course to determine association. (10.0° to 60.0°)

SPD: It designates the speed difference to determine association. (1.0kn to 20.0kn)

SPD LIM: It designates the minimum speed to determine association. (1.0kn to 10.0kn)

TIME REPRIEVE: It designates the time to determine association. (1sec to 99sec)

RATIO: It designates the ratio to determine association. (0 to100)

Automatic acquisition area

AUTO ACQ AREA is function that is used for automatic acquisition of TT or AIS targets that enter area designated in a fan type range.

TT: When an un-tracked target enters, it is automatically acquired and an alarm sounds.*1

When a tracked target enters, no alarm sounds.

AIS: When a sleeping target enters, it is changed to an active target (activated) and an alarm sounds.*2

When an active target enters, no alarm sounds.

It takes at least 20 seconds before target is acquired by TT (ARPA).

Take note that the target may not be acquired when the setting area is too narrow or target is moving at high speed.

*1: Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [TT] => [AUTO ACQ] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Select [OFF], alarm sound will be disappeared.

*2: Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [AIS] => [AUTO ACQ] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Select [OFF], alarm sound will be disappeared.

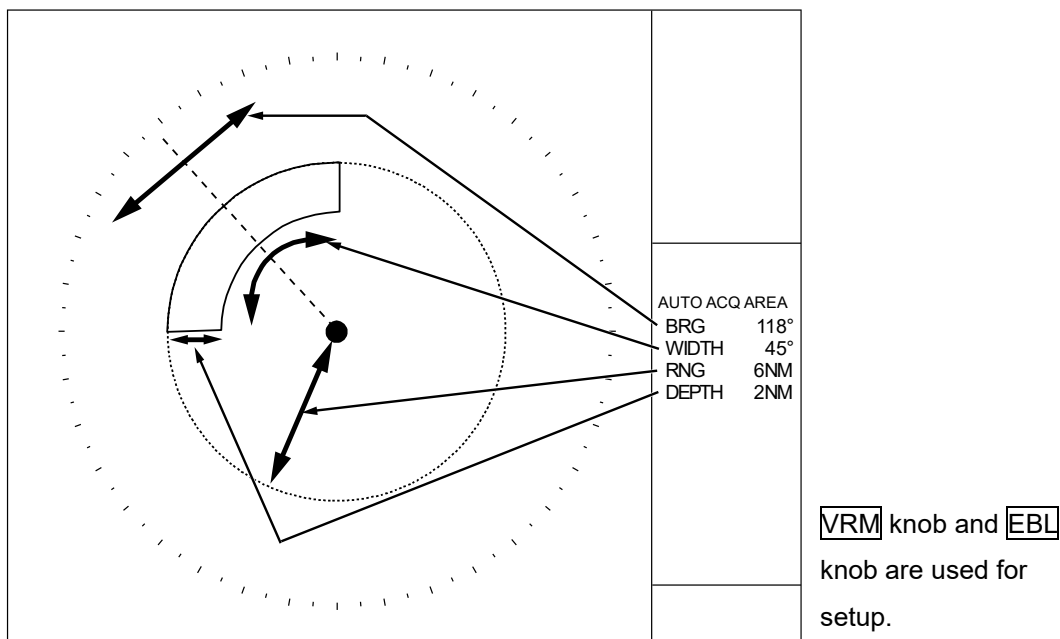
1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AUTO ACQ AREA] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

The color of **EBL1**, **EBL2**, **VRM1** and **VRM2** key's light turn red.

2 Setup area. (Method using the cursor)

The items to be selected are [BRG REL], [WIDTH], [RNG], and [DEPTH]



- 3 Press **EBL1** or **EBL2** key, and select an item to be set between [BRG REL] and [WIDTH] by using **EBL** knob.

In the same way, press **VRM1** or **VRM2** key, and select an item to be set between [RNG] and [DEPTH] by using **VRM** knob.

The selected item is shown with a ► symbol at the left of numerical indication at the auto acquisition area in the menu display.

- 4 When the setting of the automatic acquisition area is completed, then press **ENT** key, AUTO ACQ AREA will be activated.

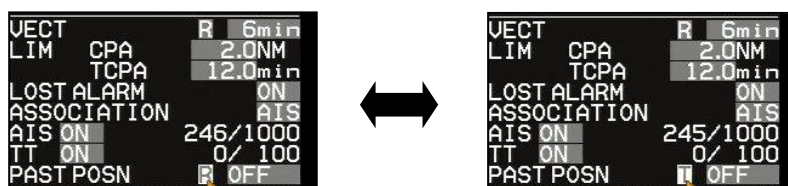
Note: If AUTO ACQ AREA is set in the whole circumference, [WIDTH] needs to be set the 0.0° or 360.0°.

PAST POSN: Past position

The past position of TT (target tracking) and AIS (activated target) can be displayed.

- 1 Move the cursor to set value window of [PAST POSN] upper right part of the display.
Press **ENT** key to select [T] or [R].

Note: [TRUE/REL] is in common with [TRAIL] (Refer to 2.19 Target trail). So, if you change one part, the other part will change accordingly.

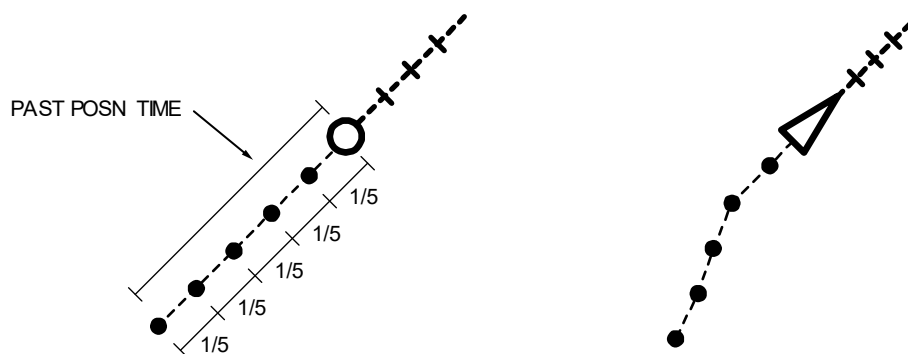


- 2 [PAST POSN TIME] item designates recording length.

PAST POSN T OFF

Setting value: OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min

PAST POSN T 60min

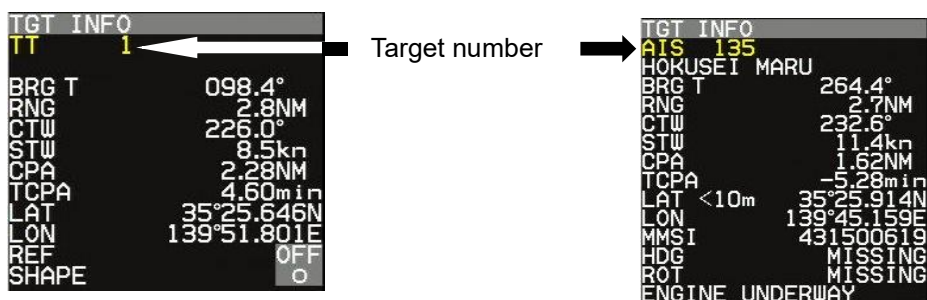


Up to five record points are available.

Note: The past position by its nature records and displays past positions. Immediate display is impossible after the start of TT (ARPA) and after the change from AIS sleep target to active target.

In addition, when [TIME] is changed, a past position record is reset (erased). So, immediate display is impossible.

In above case, TT or AIS target number characters in [TGT INFO] message at right of the display change to yellow. When "PAST POSN" setting time has passed, character color turns white.



4.2 AIS

- The AIS communicates with other ships via VHF (Very High Frequency) radio by transmitting your ship information and by receiving other ships information.
- Only AIS data with WGS84 datum is accepted.
If AIS data has no datum or if datum is other than WGS84, then the warning of [AIS datum is not WGS84] appears. AIS data is not displayed.
- Capable of displaying up to 1000 other ship symbols/IDs.
- If the displayed targets exceed 951, then caution is displayed at the lower right of the display.
AIS target count number at the upper right of the display changes to yellow.
- If the displayed targets exceed 1000, then warning is displayed at the lower right of the display.
AIS target count number at upper right of the display changes to red.
In that case, change [TARGET] => [INPUT RNG] value and decrease the displayed targets.

Note:

- If the displayed targets exceed 1000, then next coming AIS data cannot be displayed. For the sake of safety, if warning is displayed, then change [INPUT RNG] value immediately and decrease the displayed targets.
- If the own ship information display at upper right of the display is turned orange, then it means that the input sentence is incomplete. So, this function does not work.

If AIS is used in combination with [ASSISTANT DISP], then AIS is effective.

Enable AIS function

There are two methods to enable this function. One is [ON/OFF] using menu. The other is [ON/OFF] of [AIS] at the upper right of the display using cursor.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [AIS] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Select ID

This is to change the target selected by using [ACTIVE/SLEEP].

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [SELECT ID], and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.
Selection values: 101 to 1099

ACTIVE/SLEEP

This is to change ACTIVE/SLEEP of the target selected by [SELECT ID] function.

The change of ACTIVE/SLEEP can be executed also by using trackball, moving a cursor to the desired target, then press **ENT** key.

Ship outline

Ship outline function is displayed only when OUTLINE is included in the target information received by AIS.

Ship outline is not displayed if it is less than 3 mm in size of the display, and it is not displayed when own ship outline is OFF.

(Refer to 4.2 AIS "Types of AIS target symbol")

(Refer to [NAV TOOL] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [SHIP OUTLINE] and [OS PROFILE])

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
Selection values: OFF, ON

HDG line

This is displayed only when HDG LINE is included in the target information received by AIS.

(Refer to 4.2 AIS "Types of AIS target symbol")

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [HDG LINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
Selection values: OFF, ON

Turn indicator

This is displayed only when HDG LINE is included in the target information received by AIS.

(Refer to 4.2 AIS "Types of AIS target symbol")

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [TURN INDICATOR] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: OFF, ON

OS display

This is to turn own ship AIS symbol ON or OFF.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [OS DISP] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: OFF, ON

OS MMSI

This menu is where user can enter MMSI number of own ship.

MMSI number is necessary to be able to receive message for own ship.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [OS MMSI] => set numbers, and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: 0 to 1073741824

Message display

This is to set up displayed speed when message is included in AIS information.

Message is displayed at "AIS INFO" of ASSISTANT DISP.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [MESSAGE DISP], and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.

Selection values: OFF, SLOW, MEDIUM, FAST

AIS filter

When there are many AIS targets, the display may become unclear. In that case, by setting AIS FILTER, it is possible to hide unnecessary sleeping targets or to display the necessary targets only, and the clear view of the target can be achieved.

Note: The filter is absolutely used to limit display. When input is to be limited, [INPUT RNG] shall be operated.

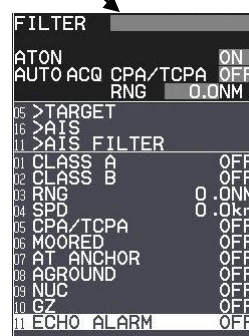
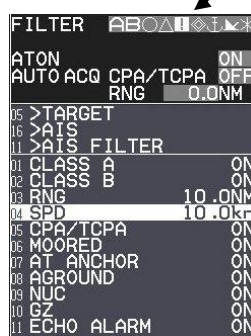
1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[TARGET]** => **[AIS]** => **[AIS FILTER]**, and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the setup value.

Selection values:

A	CLASS A:	OFF, ON
B	CLASS B:	OFF, ON
○	RNG:	0.0 to 64.0NM
△	SPD:	0.0 to 100.0kn
!	CPA/TCPA:	OFF, ON
◇	MOORED:	OFF, ON
⚓	AT ANCHOR:	OFF, ON
⚓	AGROUND:	OFF, ON
*	NUC:	OFF, ON
	GUARD ZONE:	OFF, ON
	ECHO ALARM:	OFF, ON

AIS filter indication



Exclude from RNG filter.

Exclude from RNG filter.

AIS alarm [Sleeping lost]

When sleeping target disappears, AIS alarm will come on.

1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[TARGET]** => **[AIS]** => **[AIS ALARM]** => **[SLEEPING LOST]** => **[ON]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

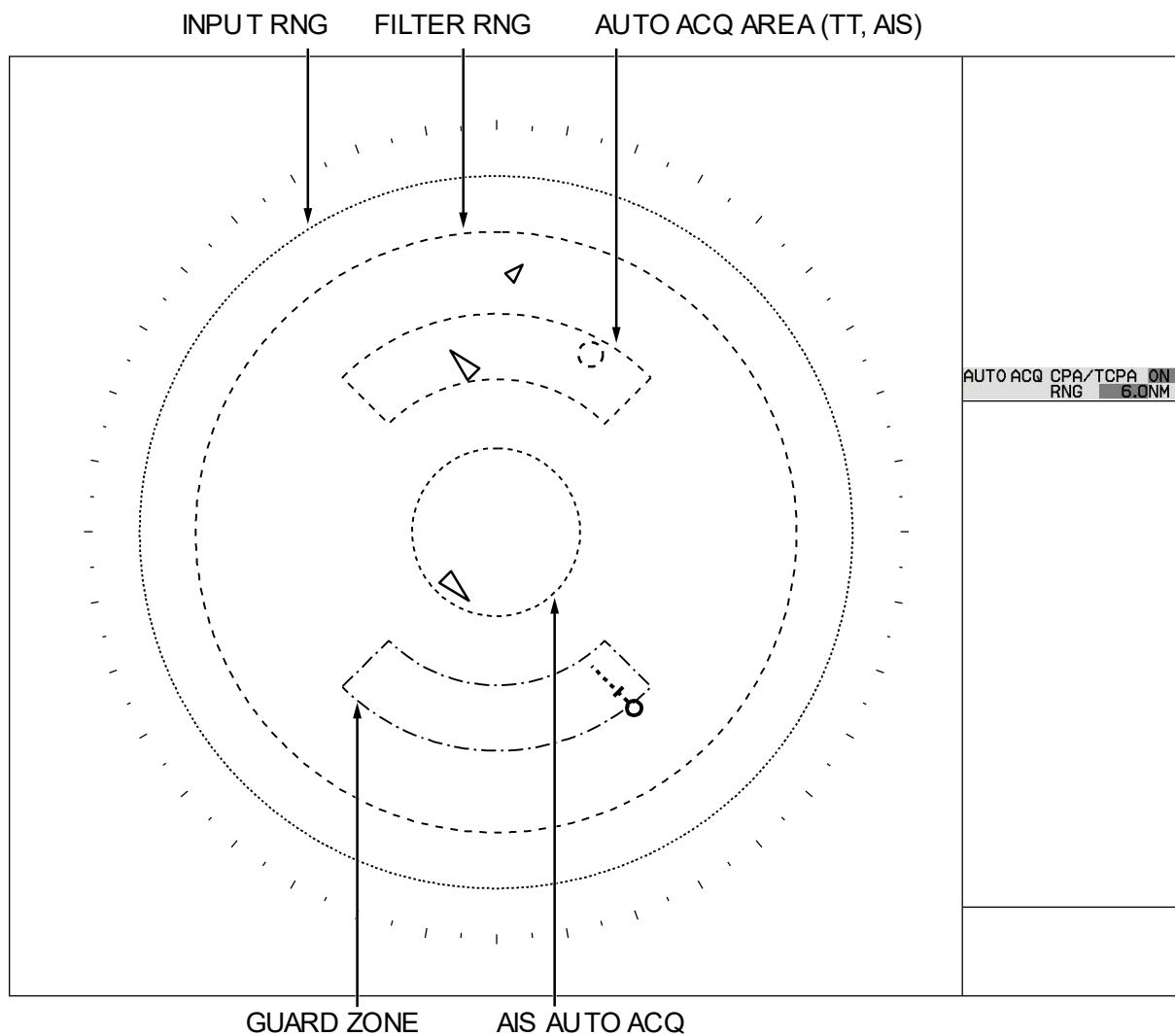
Selection values: OFF, ON

AIS auto ACQ

When sleeping target enters the "AUTO ACQ AREA" or "AIS AUTO ACQ", sleeping targets is changed to active target.







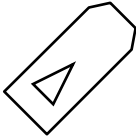
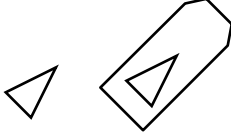


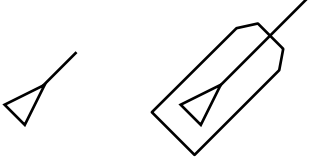
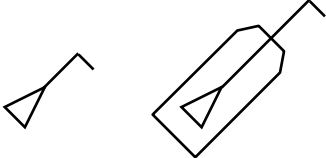
"AUTO ACQ AREA" is applied to both "AIS" and "TT (ARPA)". (Refer to 4.1 Common setting "Automatic acquisition area".)

























The range of "AIS AUTO ACQ" sets up in the "Target status" area at right side on the display.










Types of AIS target symbol

The following symbols are overlapped on target.

Symbol	Symbol name
	Sleeping target
	Sleeping target without HDG.
	Sleeping target with neither reported HDG nor COG.
* 	Activated target
* 	Activated target without HDG.
* 	Activated target with neither reported HDG nor COG.
* 	Activated target - true scaled outlines
*  Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Activated target - dangerous targets
*  Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Activated target without HDG.
*  Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Activated target with neither reported HDG nor COG.
* 	Activated target with heading lines
* 	Activated target with turn indicators

<div><div><p>Basic shape</p></div><div><div><p>Racon</p></div><div><p>Emergency wreck mark</p></div><div><p>North cardinal mark</p></div></div><div><div><p>East cardinal mark</p></div><div><p>South cardinal mark</p></div><div><p>West cardinal mark</p></div></div><div><div><p>Port hand mark</p></div><div><p>Starboard hand mark</p></div><div><p>Isolated danger</p></div></div><div><div><p>Safe water</p></div><div><p>Special mark</p></div></div><div><p>(IALA dictionary, topmarks)</p></div><div><div><p>Off position</p></div><div><p>Lights failure</p></div><div><p>Racon failure</p></div></div></div>	Physical AIS AtoN
<div><div><p>Basic shape</p></div><div><div><p>Emergency wreck mark</p></div><div><p>North cardinal mark</p></div></div><div><div><p>East cardinal mark</p></div><div><p>South cardinal mark</p></div><div><p>West cardinal mark</p></div></div><div><div><p>Port hand mark</p></div><div><p>Starboard hand mark</p></div><div><p>Isolated danger</p></div></div></div>	Virtual AIS AtoN

 <p>Safe water</p>  <p>Special mark</p> <p>(IALA dictionary, topmarks)</p>  <p>Intended location of missing AtoN</p>	
	<p>AIS-SART</p> <p>(AIS Search And Rescue Transponder)</p>
	<p>BASE</p>
	<p>AIS SAR aircraft</p>
	<p>AIS SAR vessel</p>

* ID can be displayed with Activated target.

4.3 TT (ARPA)

It is an effective mean for collision avoidance by generating vectors on tracked targets.

It is an effective means for collision avoidance to set up CPA/TCPA.

If AIS information is available with tracked targets, association increases tracking accuracy.

Limitations of the TT function

There are the following limitations on use of the target acquisition and tracked target of TT (ARPA) functions.

Note:

- If multiple targets approach each other, this may cause the system to regard them as one target and thus to swap them or loss part of them. Such swapping or loss of targets may also occur if the picture of the target being tracked is affected by rain/snow clutter returns or sea clutter returns or moves very close to land.
- Intensity of echoes and the TT function have a correlation ship, and thus the target will be lost if no echoes and detected during six scans in succession. If a lost target exists, therefore, radar gain must be increased to support detection of the target. If radar gain is increased too significantly, sea clutter returns or other noise may be erroneously detected and tracked as a target, and resultingly, a false alarm may be issued.
- To execute accurate tracking, it becomes necessary first to appropriately adjust the **GAIN**, **SEA** and **RAIN** knobs of the radar so that the target to be acquired and tracked id clearly displayed on the radar display. Inappropriate settings of these adjustments reduce the reliability / accuracy of automatic tracking.

Enable TT function

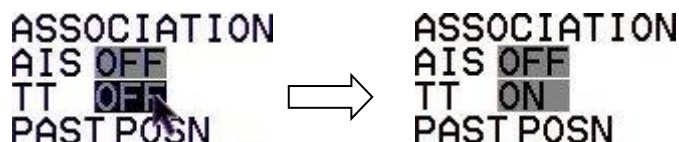
There are two methods to enable TT function.

By menu

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [TT] => [ON], and press **[ENT]** key.

By trackball

- 1 Move cursor on the TT **[OFF]** in the upper right of the display, then press **[ENT]** key.



Note:

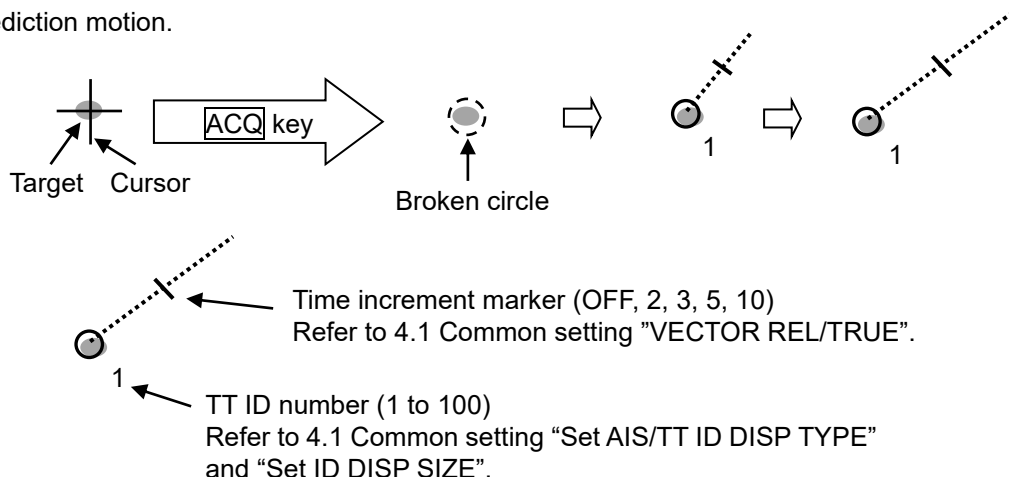
- Pressing **[ACQ]** key in [OFF] state automatically turns to [ON] state.
- TT function does not work due to incompleteness of input sentence when own ship information display in upper right of the display is turned orange.
- TT (ARPA) is effective by using TT in combination with [ASSISTANT DISP].

Manual acquisition

- 1 Move cursor to a target to be acquired, and then press **[ACQ]** key.

A broken circle symbol is displayed at the cursor location, and acquisition starts.

About 30sec. from 1min. later, a broken circle symbol turn into a thick solid line, displayed vector of target's motion trend and TT ID number (if selected), and displayed within 3min. the target's prediction motion.



Delete TT target

There are two methods to delete TT target. First method is to use menu operation, second is to use cursor operation.

Menu operation

This is to delete the TT target selected [SELECT ID] and [DELETE] function.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [SELECT ID] => select ID number, and press **ENT** key.
Selection values: 1 to 100
- 2** Select [DELETE] => and press **ENT** key.

Cursor operation

- 1** Move cursor to a TT (ARPA) target to be deleted, keep **OFF** key pressed, and then press **ACQ** key.

Delete all TT targets

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [ALL DELETE], and press **ENT** key.
All TT targets acquisitions are deleted.

Reference target acquisition

If SDME or EPFS is not usable due to malfunction or other reason, then COG/SOG can be obtained by setting Reference target.

By tracking 1 or 2 stationary targets, the true speed course can be used.

This stationary tracked target is called [Reference target].

A letter "R" denoting reference and number are attached to the lower left of Reference target symbol.

Note:

- Reference target can be used only when COG/SOG is not available.
- HDG input is necessary to use a reference target.
- Reference target has considerable error factor caused by target size, backlash and distance. Accordingly, if COG/SOG is obtained from the reference target, then its accuracy is generally not good. It is probable to mistake a moving target for a reference target. Therefore, if a reference target is used, then CPA/TCPA of TT (ARPA), relative vector and relative speed are prohibited by IEC 62388. For this reason, if a reference target is used, its speed and vector should be only informative.
- Pay attention to that, if a reference target is lost, then accuracy of the true speed/the true course is significantly reduced.
- Select a stationary target as a reference target to calculate own ship speed as ground tracking speed. Do not choose a moving target as a reference target. A moving produces target error in the vector for TT and AIS, which results in wrong collision avoidance information. Further, an unstable stationary target produces inaccurate speed data and the target itself may become lost.
- The combined use with AIS function cannot be performed.
- When a reference target is lost, that reference target mark blinks and the indication "Ref tracked target is lost" appears in the alarm display area.
- If the target is lost for 20 seconds, then reference target function is considered a lost target. If a lost target happens, then the numerical indication of COG/SOG becomes XXX.X in orange color. Then stabilization mode automatically changes from ground stabilization to water stabilization.
- Loss of reference target will affect the calculation of true speed and true course of targets. Further, own ship speed will be inaccurate.

By using menu







- 1** Move cursor using Trackball to the stationary target to be acquired.
- 2** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [REF ACQ], and press **[ENT]** key.
- 3** When reference target is tracked, [GYRO] characters in the own ship information area at right side of the display change to yellow. Move cursor using Trackball to the [GYRO] characters, then press **[ENT]** key. [GYRO] characters change to [REF] characters.
COG/SOG computed by the reference target can be used.

By without using menu

- 1** Move cursor using Trackball to the stationary target to be acquired, then press **ACQ** key.
- 2** Move cursor to the acquired target, then press **ENT** key.
Acquired target information will be displayed in "TGT INFO" area at side of the display
- 3** Move cursor to the **REF OFF** position in "TGT INFO" area at side of the display, and [OFF] characters change to reverse characters.
Press **ENT** key to set REF target from TT target.
[GYRO] characters in the own ship information area at right side of the display change to yellow.
Move cursor using Trackball to the [GYRO] characters, then press **ENT** key. [GYRO] characters change to [REF] characters.
COG/SOG computed by the reference target can be used.

Types of tracked target symbol

The following symbols are overlaid on target.

Symbol		Symbol name
		Radar target in acquisition state
*	 Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Radar target in acquisition state Automatic acquisition (Red color)
**		Tracked radar target
**		Tracked radar target (Displayed at indicating numerical value)
** ***	 Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Tracked radar targets - dangerous target (Red color)
** ****	 Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Lost target (Red color)

* Pressing **OFF** key to acknowledge changes of target symbol to normal color and stop blinking.

** ID can be displayed in Tracked target.

*** Alarm display and alarm sound disappear by pressing **OFF** key to acknowledge, while color remains red until the target leaves outside of setting range or tracking is stopped.

**** The lost target display disappears automatically when **OFF** key is pressed to acknowledge or when 10 seconds have passed.

TEST TGT

Two types of test are provided.

One is check of TT (ARPA) performance and the other is check of functions.

Note:

- For TEST TGT execution, input of own-ship position is required.
- Time input (ZDA, DTM) is not necessary, but without time input, an alarm will activate periodically.

• TT (ARPA) performance check

Confirm that the acquisition and track of target is possible, and that the accuracy of data is within the specification mentioned below.

Time of steady state minutes	CPA NM	TCPA minutes	True course Degrees (°)	True speed
1 min: trend	1.0	—	—	—
3 min: prediction	0.3	0.5	5	0.5kn or 1% (whichever is greater)

• Preparation

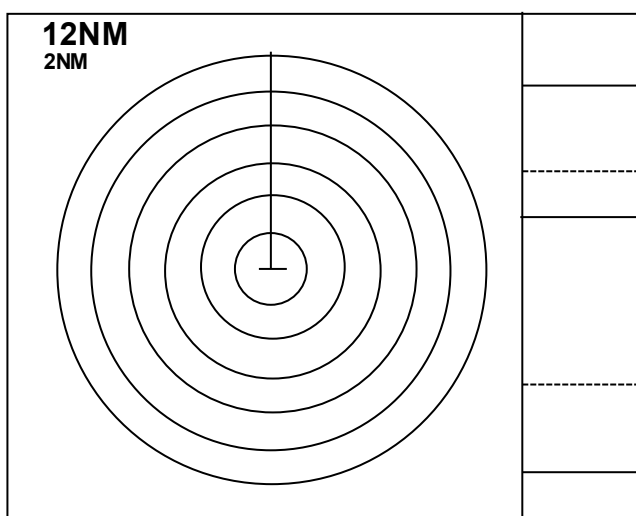
Display Range rings as follows.

By menu

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[NAV TOOL]** => **[RR]** => **[RR]** => **[ON]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

By trackball

- 1 Move cursor on the RR **OFF** display at upper left of the display, then press **[ENT]** key.



- 2 Set **[RAIN]** at a minimum level by turning **[RAIN]** knob and set **[SEA]** at a minimum level by turning **[SEA]** knob.
- 3 Set **[GAIN]** at a maximum level by turning **[GAIN]** knob.

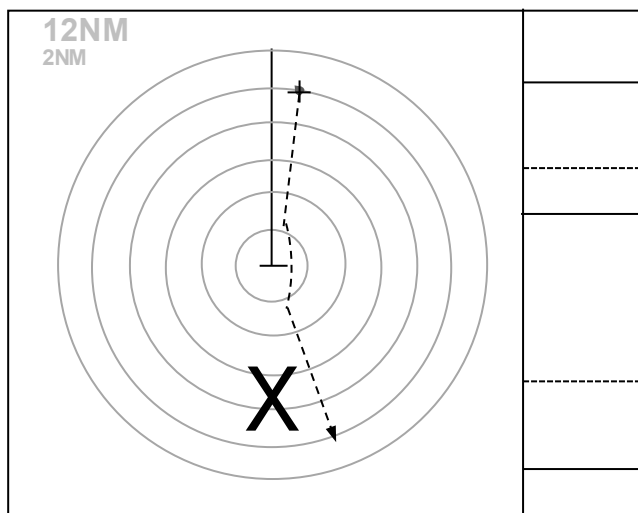
TEST TGT ON

By turning TEST TGT [ON], a large character [X] is displayed at the lower middle of the display center. A small character [x] is displayed in Target position.

Turn on TEST TGT, and start transmission. Then, range scale changes to 12NM automatically, and a test target appears under the small character [x] position.

A test target appears near the direction 10° and range 12NM. After approaching to own ship, the target moves toward direction 207°.

Own ship's speed is about 42kn and the test target speed is about 32kn (Relative speed is 74kn).

Turn ON TEST TGT.

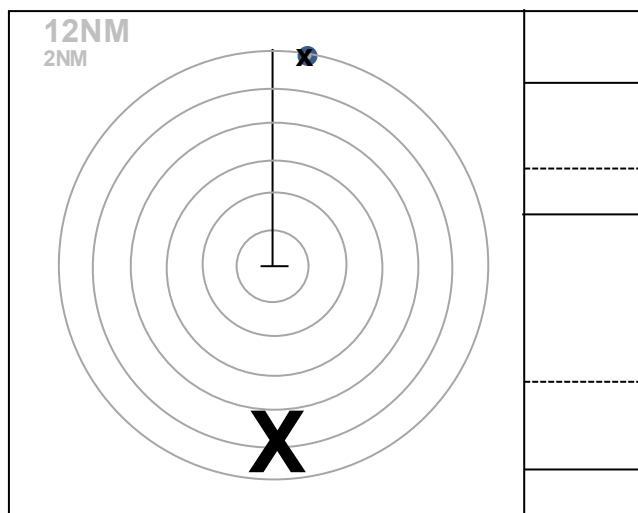
1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [TEST TGT] => [ON], and press **[ENT]** key.

Range scale will change to 12NM automatically.

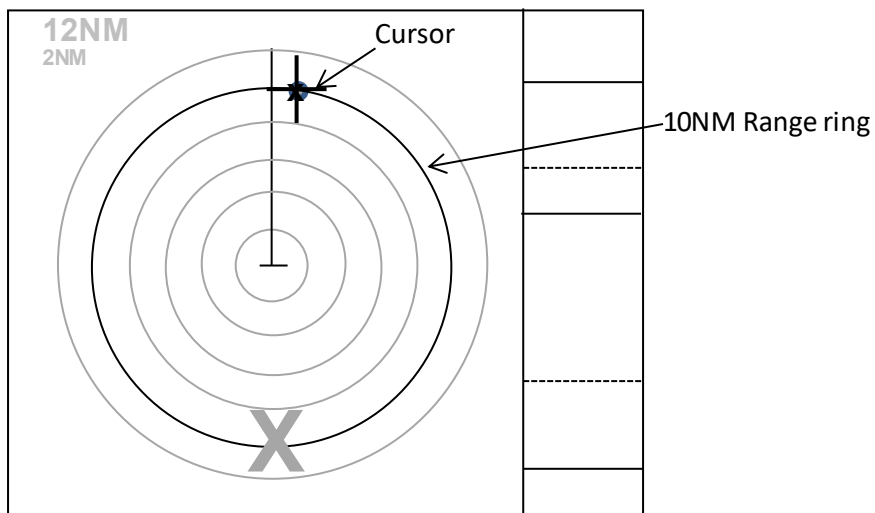
During [TEST TGT] operation, range scale is fixed at 12 NM and cannot be changed.

2 Press **[STBY / TX]** key to start transmission.



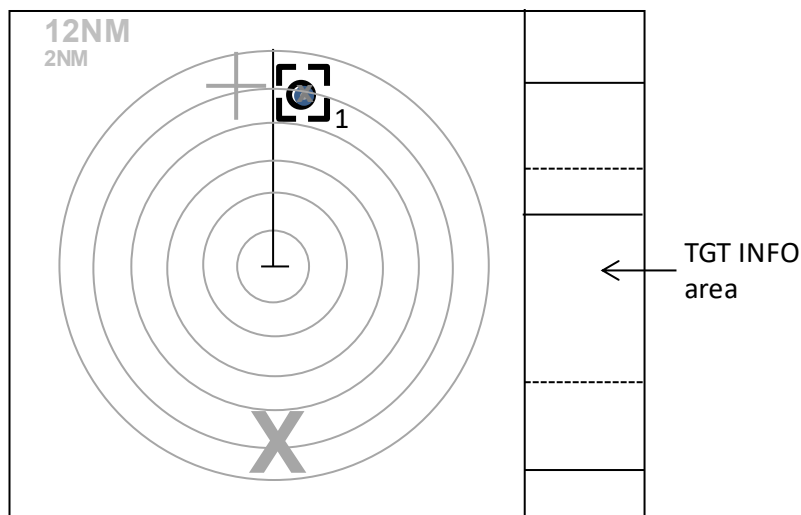
Start ACQ

- 1 After the center of the target reaches to 10NM (the second ring from outside), use a trackball, and move cursor to the target and press **ACQ** key.



- 2 Confirm appearance of the dotted circle of acquisition start symbol and the parenthesis of value near it.

The values are indicated in "TGT INFO" area.



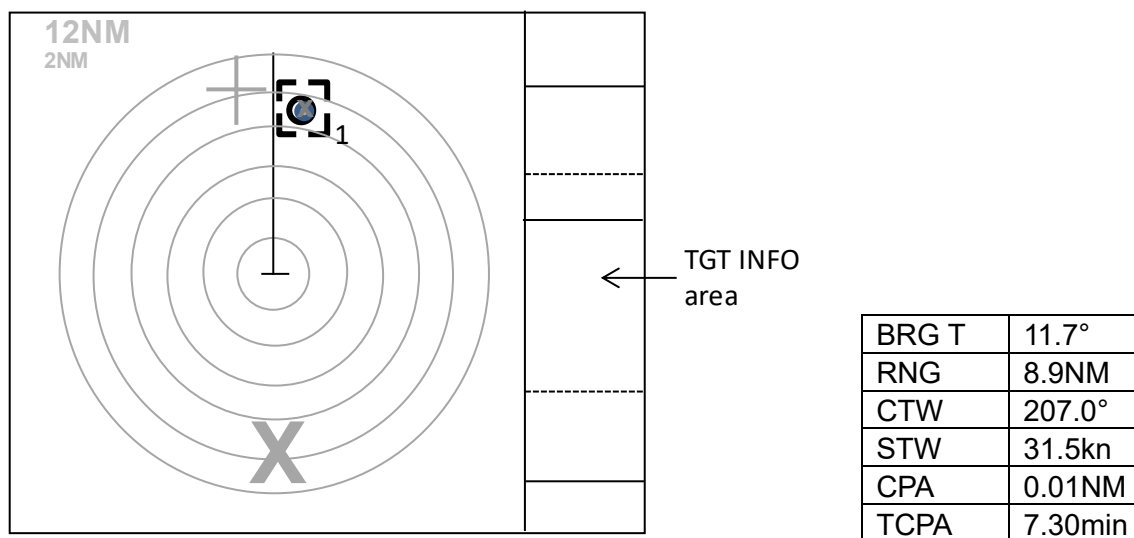
Note: If the parentheses are not displayed, then drag a cursor to the acquisition start symbol and press **ENT** key.

Compare it with the known result.

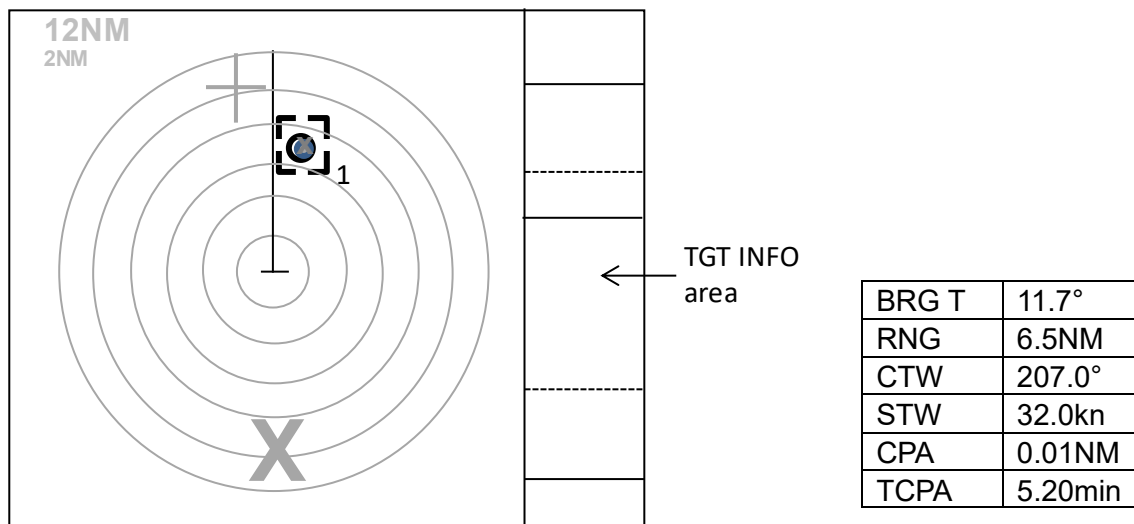
- 1** Tracking starts 30 seconds after the start of acquisition
Confirm that the target has the tracking symbol.
Confirm that the symbol number is [1].

Note: If the number is not correct, then no comparison with the known result is made. Delete the symbol and start it over.

- 2** Compare with the known result after 1 minute from acquisition start



- 3** Compare with the known result after 3 minutes from acquisition start.



Note: If difference from the known result exceeds the limit, then the following warning is indicated in alarm display are at lower right of the display.

Tracking malfunction. BRG T	(Bearing accuracy is degraded)
Tracking malfunction. RNG	(Range accuracy is degraded)
Tracking malfunction. CPA	(CPA accuracy is degraded)
Tracking malfunction. TCPA	(TCPA accuracy is degraded)
Tracking malfunction. T CRS	(True course accuracy is degraded)
Tracking malfunction. T SPD	(True course accuracy is degraded)

TEST TGT OFF

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [TEST TGT] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

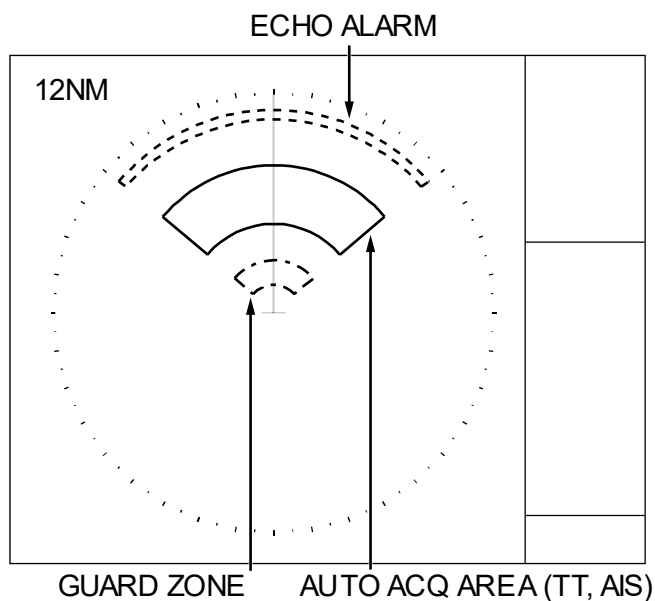
Stop transmission and restore GAIN, RAIN, and SEA setting value of knobs to the original value.

• Function check

This function is used to confirm the operation of Echo alarm, Manual acquisition TT (ARPA), Auto acquisition, Past position and Guard zone.

• Preparation

- 1** Set up the range to 12 NM.
- 2** Turn **GAIN**, **RAIN** and **SEA** knobs and set these levels at a minimum.
- 3** Set up the echo alarm as follows:
Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select **[ALARM]** => **[ECHO ALARM]** => **[IN]**, and press **ENT** key.
Set up the echo alarm range.
- 4** Set up the Guard zone.
Select **[ALARM]** => **[GUARD ZONE]** => **[ON]**, and press **ENT** key.
Set up the range of Guard zone.
- 5** Set up the Auto acquisition.
Select **[TARGET]** => **[AUTO ACQ AREA]** => **[ON]**, and press **ENT** key.
Set up the range of Auto acquisition.



• TEST TGT ON

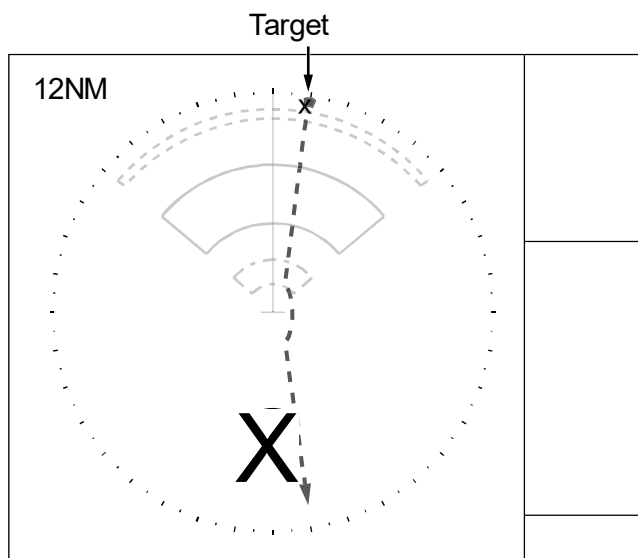
By turning TEST TGT [ON], a large character [X] is displayed at the lower middle of the display.

A small character [x] is displayed in Target position.

Turn on TEST TGT, press **STBY / TX** key, and start transmission. Then, a target appears.

A target appears near the direction 10° and range 12 NM. After approaching to own ship, the target moves toward direction 207°.

Own ship's speed is about 42 kn and the target speed is about 32 kn (Relative speed is 74 kn).

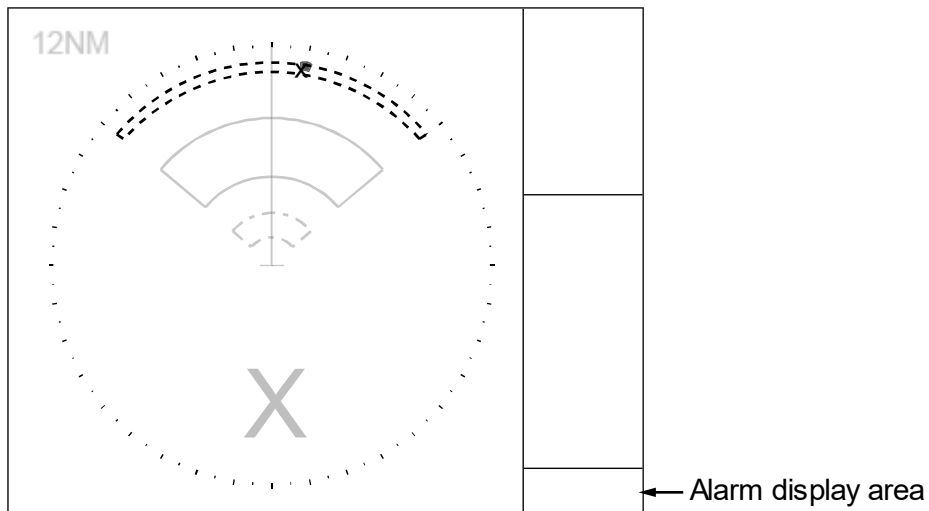


- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [TEST TGT] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
Range is fixed at 12 NM and cannot be changed.
- 2** Press **STBY / TX** key to start transmission.

- **Echo alarm**

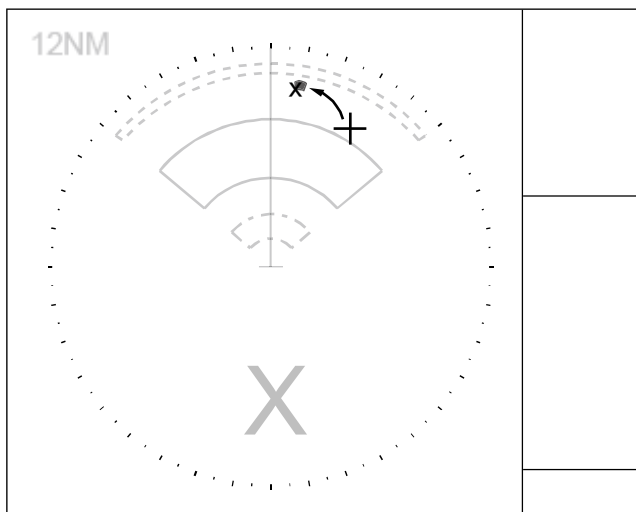
- 1 Confirm that when the target enters the echo alarm area, the echo alarm is displayed in alarm display area at the lower right of the display



Press key to acknowledge. Then, alarm will disappear.




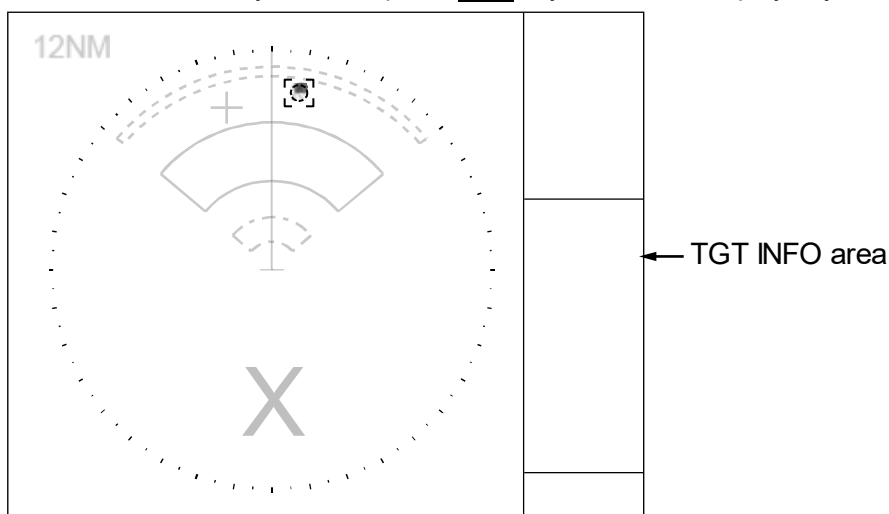
• Manual acquisition TT (ARPA)

- 1 Use a trackball to move cursor to the target and press **ACQ** key.



- 2 Symbol  will be displayed by acquisition.
Information of symbol with  is displayed in the "TGT INFO" area.
CPA/TCPA are displayed as [missing] until tracking is started.

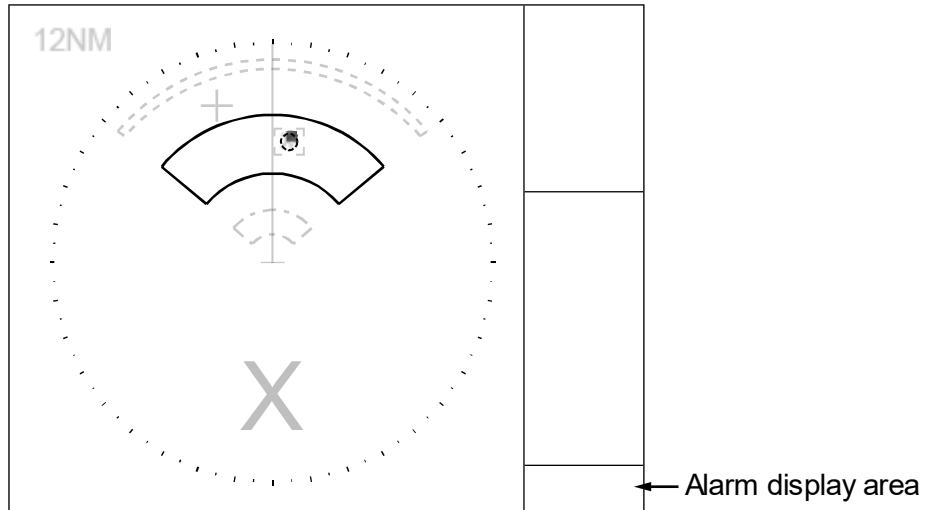
Move the cursor on symbol and press **ENT** key if  is not displayed yet.



- 3 Confirm that data is changed from [missing] after the symbol is changed to tracked one.
- 4 Move the cursor again.
Delete the tracked symbol by pressing **ACQ** key while keeping **OFF** key pressed.

• Auto acquisition

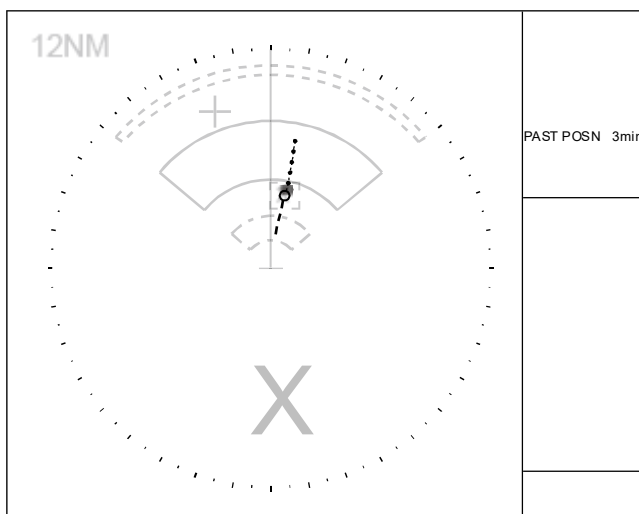
- 1** If a target enters the Auto acquisition area and 15 seconds pass, then automatic acquisition starts. Start of tracking is displayed in the alarm display area at lower right of the display. Acquired symbol is shown in blinking red until **OFF** key is pressed to acknowledge.



• Past position

- 1 Trail of tracked symbol is displayed by setting past position time.

Set up the past position time in the "PAST POSN" at the right middle of the display.

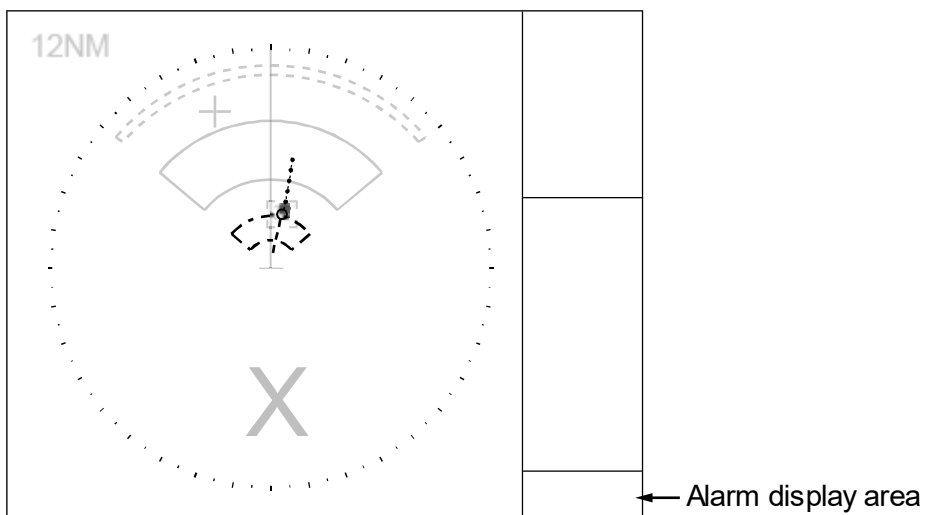


• Guard zone

- 1 Confirm that the Guard zone alarm is displayed in the alarm display area at the lower right of the display when the tracked symbol has entered the Guard zone.

Blinking of tracked symbol will stop by pressing **OFF** key to acknowledge.

The tracked symbol remains red until it leaves from Guard zone.



• TEST TGT OFF

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [TEST TGT] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Stop transmission and restore GAIN, RAIN, and SEA setting value to original knob position.

4.4 Trial manoeuvre

In case it is suspected the own ship could collide with tracked targets or activated AIS targets, this function provides such reference information as the actual anti-collision manoeuvre can be taken. This function is to display the simulation result in the form of graphic vector on the radar display, on the assumption that the own ship travels with the current course and speed.

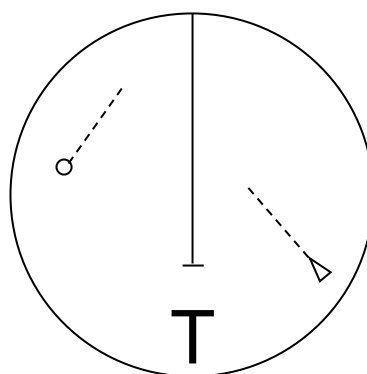
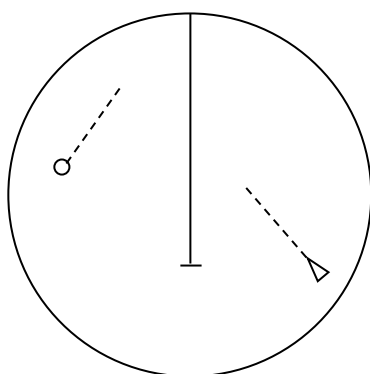
- Assuming that the own ship and other ships (tracked targets and activated AIS targets) are both concurrently moving at the present course and speed [CRS·SPD] for the duration set at [DELAY], vector is displayed in such a way that the own ship is to move at the set [CRS T], [SPD], [RATE OF TURN] and [RATE OF SPD] from the starting point.

Note:

- Better information is provided by using relative motion and sea stabilization (water tracking).
- The function is terminated once the HDG input, SPD input, LAT/LON input (AIS only) are disrupted, as tracked targets and activated AIS targets are used.

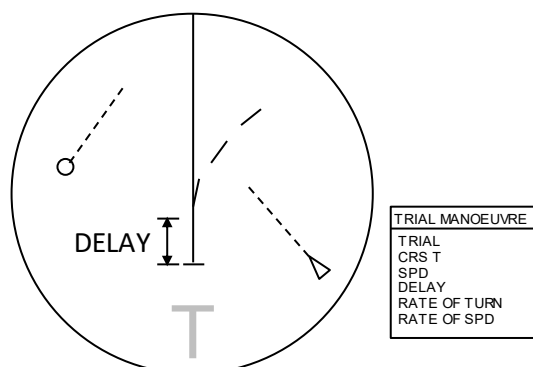
- Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TRIAL MANOEUVRE] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

- By turning TRIAL MANOEUVRE [GO], a large character [T] is displayed at the lower center of the display and the setting menu of TRIAL MANOEUVRE is displayed at the lower right of the display.



TRIAL MANOEUVRE
TRIAL
CRS T
SPD
DELAY
RATE OF TURN
RATE OF SPD

In addition, the movement of the own ship and the other ships is displayed in vector after elapse of the time set at [DELAY] of TRIAL MANOEUVRE setting menu.



3 TRIAL MANOEUVRE setting menu

Each numerical value in the grey background color area is set by user. Move the cursor to the grey area, press **[ENT]** key, and a numerical value input dialogue box will appear. The value of the dialog box can be set by the trackball.

For [TRIAL OFF], moved the cursor **[OFF]** and press **[ENT]** key, TRIAL MANOEUVRE is finished immediately.

TRIAL MANOEUVRE		
TRIAL	OFF	296sec
CRS T		38.3°
SPD		6.6kn
DELAY		3.0min
RATE OF TURN		10.0°/min
RATE OF SPD		10.0kn/min

TRIAL: OFF

When the trial manoeuvre commences, count down starts from 300 seconds and ends at 0 second. When you decide to stop the function during the countdown, select the countdown display and set OFF.

CRS T: This indicates own ship's course after [DELAY].

SPD: This indicates own ship's speed after [DELAY].

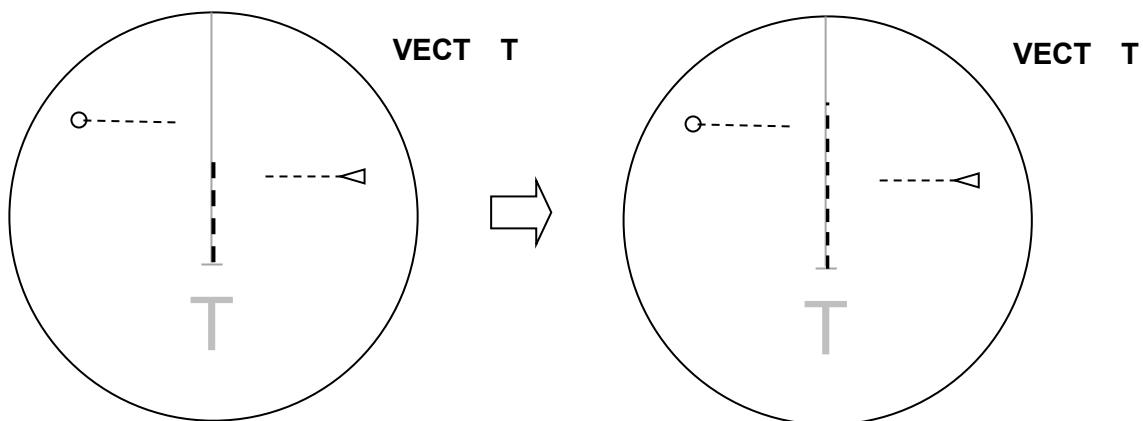
DELAY: This indicates the starting time of TRIAL MANOEUVRE. After the time set, the own ship starts moving at [CRS T], [SPD], [RATE OF TURN], [RATE OF SPD].

RATE OF TURN: This indicates own ship's rate of turn after [DELAY].

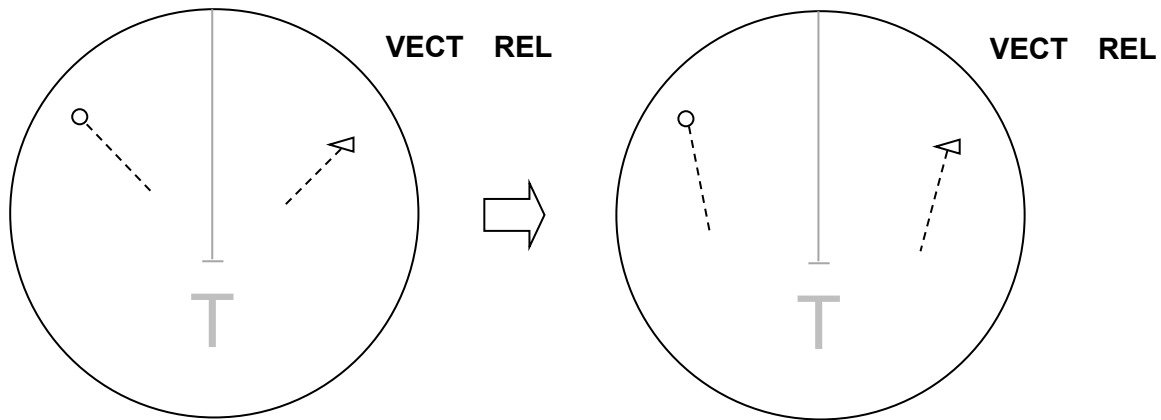
RATE OF SPD: This indicates own ship's acceleration rate after [DELAY].

- 4 When setting is done for [CRS T], [SPD], [RATE OF TURN], [RATE OF SPD], own ship's vector will change when the vector setting is [VECT T] and the other ship's vector will change when vector setting is [VECT REL].

[TRUE VECTOR when own ship's speed is doubled]



[RELATIVE VECTOR when own ship's speed is doubled]



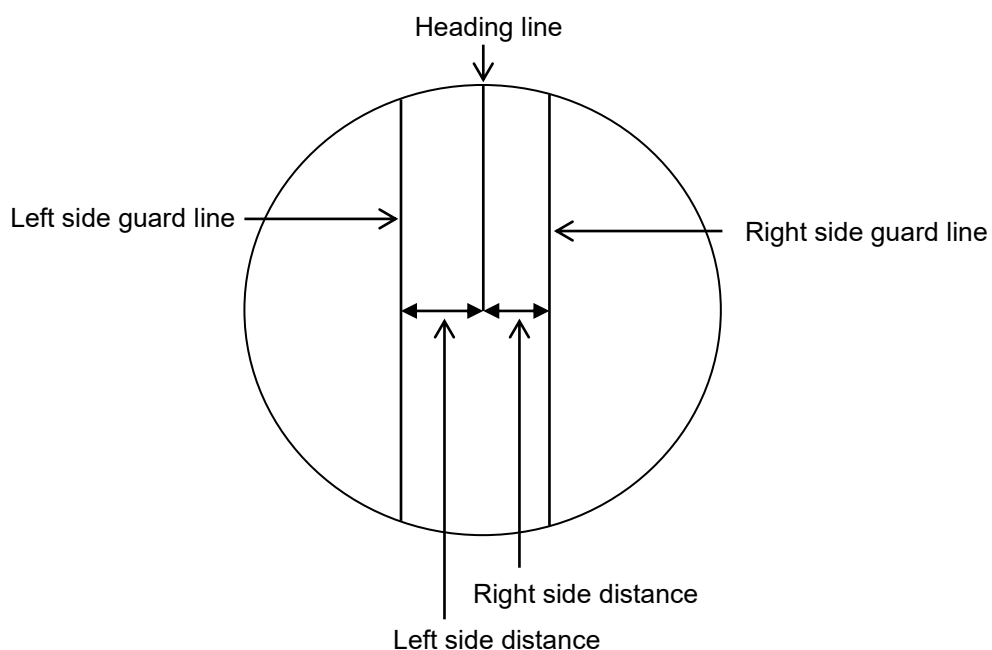
Chapter 5 Nav tool

5.1 Guard line

Guard line function is a function that displays parallel lines to the heading on both side of own ship.

Distance to guard line from own ship can be set from 0 to 10000m (left and right side independently).

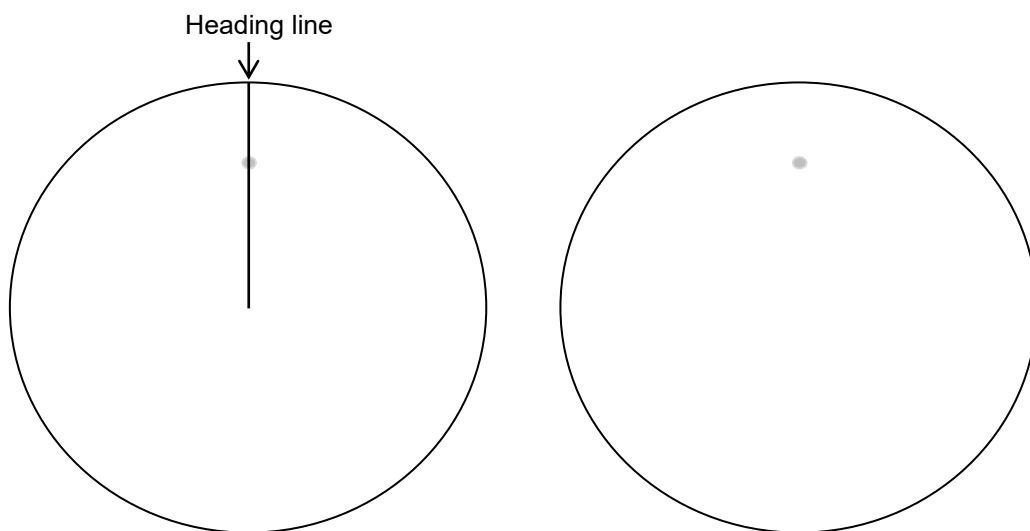
- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [GUARD LINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Select [LEFT] => set left side distance 0 to 10000m, and press **ENT** key.
- 3** Select [RIGHT] => set right side distance 0 to 10000m, and press **ENT** key.



5.2 HL blink

HL BLINK function lets HL marker display blinks every antenna rotation. It is effective to confirm that there is no small targets right under the HL marker.

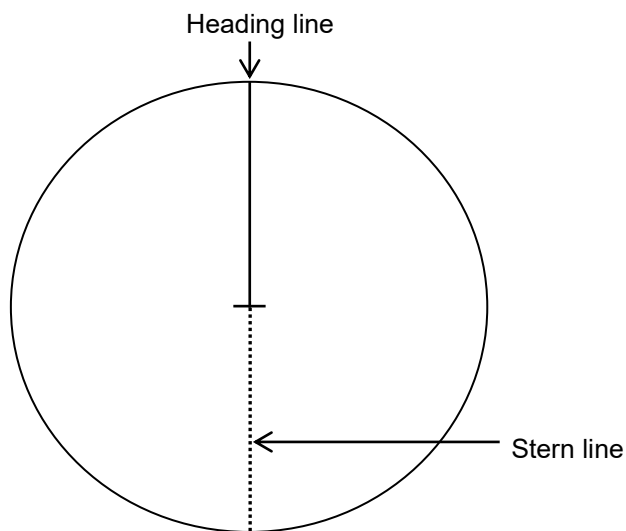
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [HL BLINK] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.



5.3 Stern line

STERN LINE is to set up the display of dotted line extended from reference position to bearing scale toward stern direction.

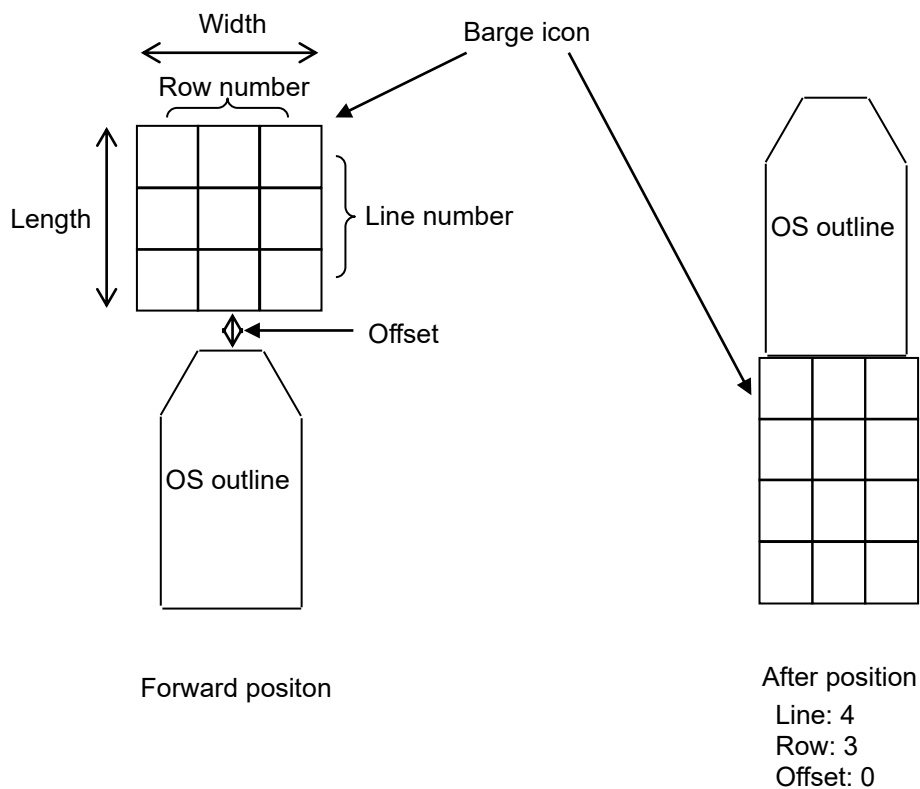
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [STERN LINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.



5.4 Barge icon

This radar is equipped with a barge icon feature that is very helpful for river operation where user can set up the size dimensions of the tow and be able to display it on the display.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [BARGE ICON] => [BARGE ICON] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Select and set [POSITION], [LENGTH], [WIDTH], [LINE NO.], [ROW NO.] and [OFFSET]
 POSITION: FWD, AFT
 LENGTH: 0m to 511m
 WIDTH: 0m to 511m
 LINE NO.: 1 to 10
 ROW NO.: 1 to 10
 OFFSET: 0m to 511m



- This page intentionally left blank.-

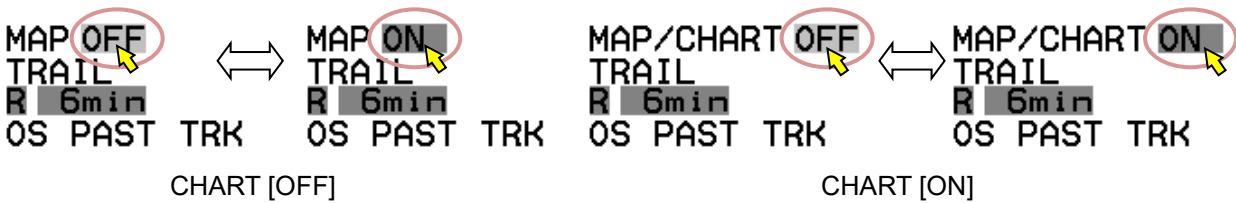
Chapter 6 Map operation

6.1 MAP function display ON or OFF

This is to turn ON/OFF the entire MAP function.

Select the MAP ☐ ON or ☐ OFF box at the lower left corner of the display using trackball and press key. (To display CHART, select [MAP] => [CHART] => [ON].)

This operation links the functions, COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA. In case CHART is "ON", CHART display is linked to this operation.



It is not displayed as well as HL while ☐ OFF key is pressed.

6.2 OWN SHIP PAST TRACK

OWN SHIP PAST TRACK consists of 2000 points x 10 blocks. This is to set up OWN SHIP PAST TRACK, record ON or OFF, display, clear operation, color setting and line style for each block, and set up recording interval common to all blocks.

Record / Display of Own ship past track is set for each block.

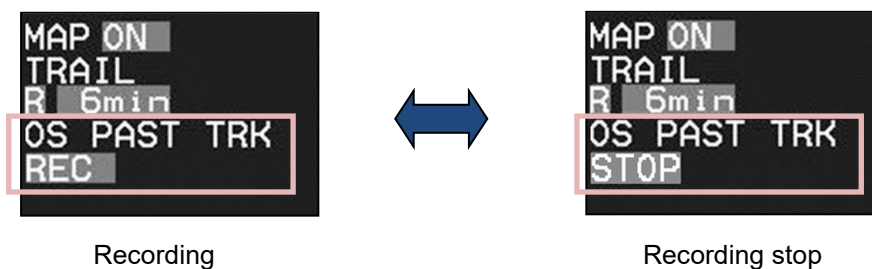
1 Press key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [OWN TRACK] => select [0 to 9] => select [OFF], [ON] or [DISP], and press key.

Setting	Record / Display of Own ship past track
OFF	Own ship past track is not recorded. Own ship past track is not displayed.
ON	Own ship past track is recorded and displayed. When own ship past track record will be full in a block, it continues to be recorded in the next block set to [ON]. When all the blocks set to [ON] will be full, own ship past track record will overwrite previously written data.
DISP	Own ship past track is displayed. In the block set to [DISP], own ship past track will not be recorded.

CAUTION: Factory default settings: All blocks are set to [OFF].

When one of the blocks is set to [ON], the own ship past track message is displayed on the lower left of the display, and it is possible to record the own ship past track.

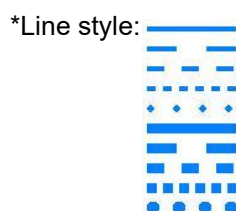


When the recording of the own ship past track is started, move the cursor to the **STOP** of the OS PAST TRK at the lower left of the display, and press the **[ENT]** key. When the recording of the own ship past track is completed, move the cursor to the **REC** of the OS PAST TRK at the lower left of the display, and press the **[ENT]** key.

To restart recording, move the cursor to **STOP** and press the **[ENT]** key.

You can easily change it when you set [OS PAST TRK REC] function to the function key. (Refer to “2.21 Function key usage”)

- 2** Select [PLOT INT] => and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the set up value.
Selection values: 1sec, 2sec, 5sec, 10sec, 30sec, 1min, 3min
- 3** Select [STYLE] => select [BLOCK NUMBER (0 to 9)] => select [COLOR] => select color from eight colors => press **[ENT]** key.
PAST TRACK of the selected block will turn selected color.
- 4** Select [STYLE] => select [BLOCK NUMBER (0 to 9)] => select [STYLE] => select past track line style* => press **[ENT]** key.
PAST TRACK of the selected block will turn selected line style.



How to Clear OWN SHIP PAST TRACK

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display “Menu”.
Select [MAP] => [OWN TRACK] => [CLEAR] => select [BLOCK NUMBER (0 to 9)] => [GO], and press **[ENT]** key.
PAST TRACK of the selected block will be cleared.

6.3 Target track past position display

This is to set up TT past track position display, display ON or OFF, clear operation, color setting, select track style, plot interval, maximum plot numbers and all clear operation.

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[MAP]** => **[TARGET TRACK]** =>
- 2 Select **[TARGET TRACK]** => turn trackball to right, select **[1 to 100]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
- 3 Select **[DISPLAY]** => **[ON]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
- 4 Select **[CLEAR]** => **[GO]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
The past track of chosen TT will be deleted.
- 5 Select **[COLOR]** => select color from eight colors => press **[ENT]** key.
TT past track will turn selected color.
- 6 Select **[STYLE]** => select style* => press **[ENT]** key.

*Line style:



- 7 Select **[PLOT INT]** => and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the set up value.
Selection values: OFF, 2sec, 15sec, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 5min
- 8 Select **[PLOT NUMBER]** => and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the set up value.
Selection values: 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000
- 9 Select **[ALL CLEAR]** => **[GO]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
The all of target track will be deleted.

Target track start

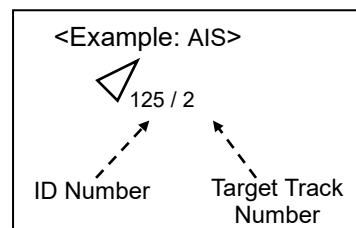
- 1 Move cursor to an AIS target or TT (ARPA) target to display track, keep **[ENT]** key pressed, and then press **[ACQ]** key.

Target track finish

- 1 Move cursor to an AIS target or TT (ARPA) target to track off, and then press **[OFF]** key.

Note: TARGET TRACK ID and numbers are displayed at the lower right of AIS or TT (ARPA) target.

Above ID and numbers are not displayed when **[NUMBER]** of **[AIS ID DISP TYPE]** / **[TT ID DISP TYPE]** setting is **[OFF]**.
(Refer to 4.1 Common setting "Set TT ID DISP TYPE" or "Set ID DISP SIZE".)



6.4 COAST LINE

This function is to let user generate up to 10 coast lines with up to 100 points each to mark important areas of navigation, such as danger zone areas or navigation channels etc. Coast line can be setup by inputting Lat/Lon information for each point or using cursor and **ENT** key.

It is displayed one by one or all.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] =>

COAST LINE: Select the number of the coast line to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

ALL: Display all ten coast line.

1 to 10: Display the coast line of selected number.

OFF: Don't display coast line.

EDIT: Create coast line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

MOVE: Change the position. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Insert a position data. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a position data. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear a selected block number coast line data.

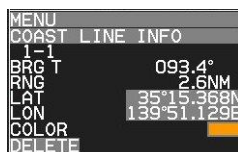
How to edit

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

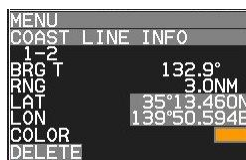
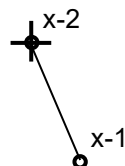
Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] => [EDIT] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO] and press **ENT** key.

- 2 Move cursor to first input position, then press **ENT** key. No.1 mark is displayed on the display and numerical data is shown at coast line info area.



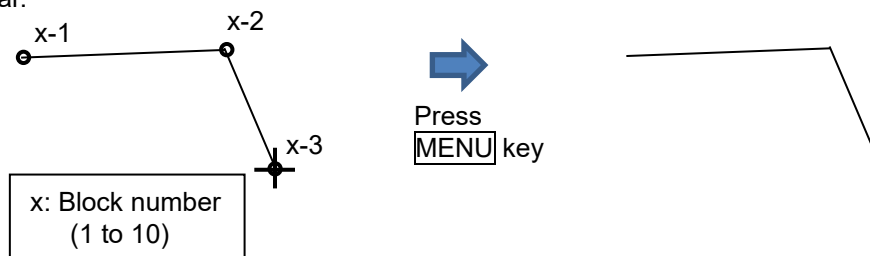
Edit of LAT/LON data, color setting and delete function can be operated directly using cursor with trackball in this info area.

- 3 Move cursor to second input position, then press **ENT** key. No.2 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.1 to No.2.



- 4 Move cursor to third input position, then press **ENT** key. No.3 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.2 to No.3.

You can input up to 100 point. When input is completed, press **MENU** key. Mark number will disappear.



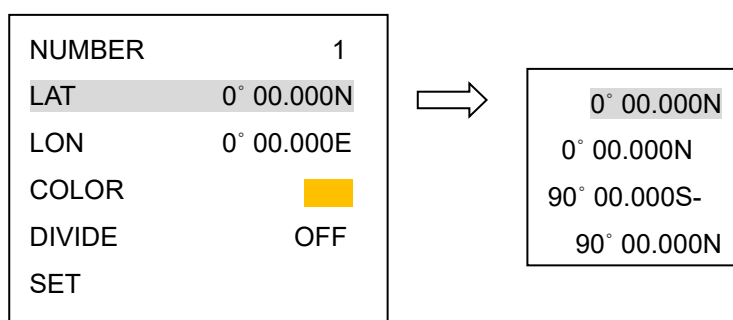
- 5 Refer to 3.4 Nav line cross “How to edit” for the procedures to make plural divided coast line in the memory of same block number.

(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

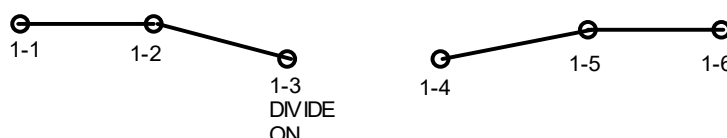
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[EDIT]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following input menu is displayed.



- 2 Select **[LAT]** => Latitude data set screen is displayed.
Set LAT data by moving of trackball to the right, left, up or down, and press **ENT** key.
- 3 Select **[LON]** => Longitude data set screen is displayed.
Set LON data by moving of trackball to the right, left, up or down, and press **ENT** key.
- 4 Select **[COLOR]** => Eight colors box is displayed.
Select color by moving of trackball up or down, and press **ENT** key.
- 5 Select **[DIVIDE]** => **[ON]** or **[OFF]**, and press **ENT** key.
[DIVIDE] => **[ON]** means that it is not connected coast line to the next number data.



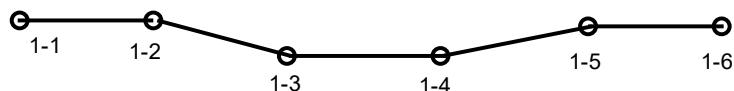
- 6 Select **[SET]**, and press **ENT** key to save input data.

How to move

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

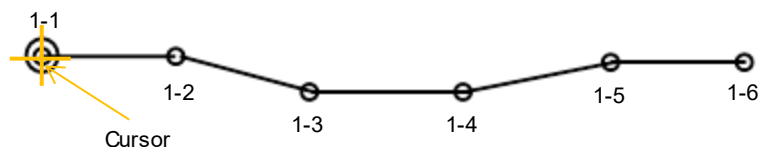
Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[MOVE]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]**, and press **[ENT]** key. Numerical number is displayed each points of coast line.



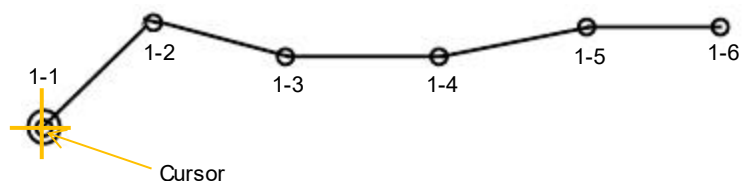
MENU	
COAST LINE INFO	
1-1	
BRG T	068.2°
RNG	2.0NM
LAT	35°00.750N
LOX	139°52.288E
COLOR	
DELETE	

- 2** Move cursor on editing and moving cursor data.

Press **[ACQ]** key. Circle mark will be displayed on the selected coast line and numerical data is shown at coast line info area.



- 3** Move cursor to new position, then press **[ENT]** key.



MENU	
COAST LINE INFO	
1-1	
BRG T	110.1°
RNG	2.6NM
LAT	34°59.112N
LOX	139°52.960E
COLOR	
DELETE	

- 4** Press **[MENU]** key to exit MOVE operation.

(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[MOVE]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following input menu is displayed.

NUMBER	1
LAT	35° 15.368N
LON	139° 51.129E
COLOR	
DIVIDE	OFF
SET	

- 2** Select **[NUMBER]** => NUMBER data screen is displayed. => select [1 to 100] =>

Press **[ENT]** key. Selected number's numerical data is shown.

- 3** Edit data of LAT, LON, COLOR and DIVIDE.

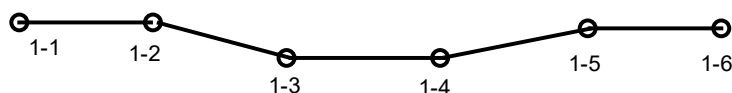
- 4** Select **[SET]**, and press **[ENT]** key to save input data.

How to add

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

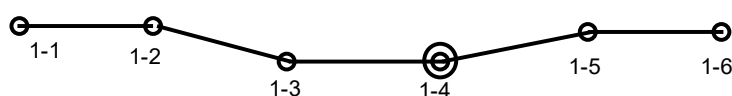
Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[ADD]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]** and press **[ENT]** key. Numerical number is displayed each points of coast line.



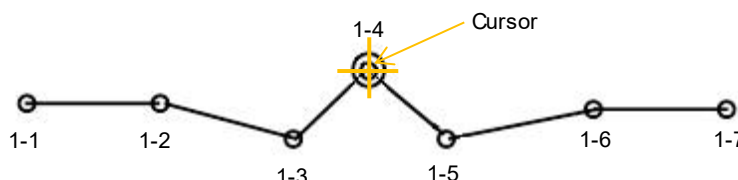
MENU	
COAST LINE INFO	
1-1	
BRG T	068.2°
RNG	2.0NM
LAT	35°00.750N
LON	139°52.288E
COLOR	
DELETE	

- 2 Move cursor on position that new data is added in just before it.

Press **[ACQ]** key. Circle mark will be displayed on the selected.



- 3 Move cursor to the position that new data will be added, then press **[ENT]** key.



MENU	
COAST LINE INFO	
1-4	
BRG T	092.7°
RNG	4.5NM
LAT	34°59.786N
LON	139°55.523E
COLOR	
DELETE	

- 4 Press **[MENU]** key to exit ADD operation.

(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[ADD]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following input menu is displayed.

NUMBER	4
LAT	35° 15.368N
LON	139° 51.129E
COLOR	
DIVIDE	OFF
SET	

- 2 Select **[NUMBER]** => NUMBER data screen is displayed. => select [1 to 100] =>

Press **[ENT]** key. Selected number's numerical data is shown.

- 3 Edit data of LAT, LON, COLOR and DIVIDE.

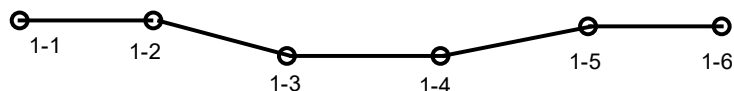
- 4 Select **[SET]** and press **[ENT]** key to save input data. New data is added as same as cursor operation.

How to delete

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

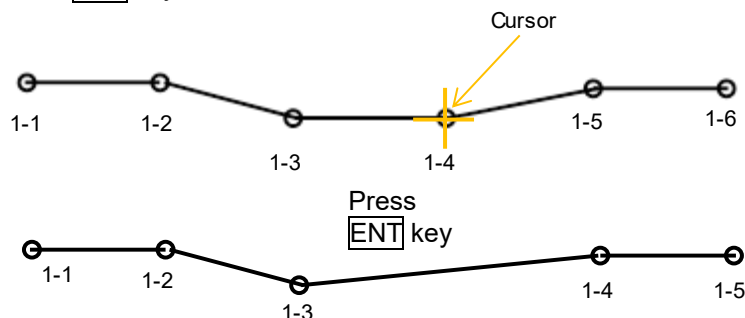
- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] => [DELETE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO] and press **ENT** key. Numerical number is displayed each points of coast line.



- 2** Move cursor on the position deleting.

Press **ENT** key. Selected coast line data will be deleted.



(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] => [DELETE] => [BLOCK NUMBER] => select [1 to 10] => Following delete menu is displayed.

NUMBER	4
LAT	35° 15.368N
LON	139° 51.129E
SET	

- 2** Select [NUMBER] => NUMBER data screen is displayed. => select [1 to 100] =>

Press **ENT** key. Selected number's numerical data is shown.

- 3** Select [SET], and press **ENT** key to delete selected data.

How to clear

All data of selected block number are cleared.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] => [CLEAR] => [BLOCK NUMBER] => select [1 to 10] => select [GO], and press **ENT** key.

6.5 NAV LINE

NAV LINE is a function to display Navigation line by inputting Lat/Lon information for each point or using a cursor and **ENT** key to input the points, user can set 10 lines up to 100 points each.

“NAV LINE” generated in this section can also be used in the alarm function for “NAV LINE CROSS” alarm.

Refer to 3.4 Nav line cross.

1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.

Select [MAP] => [NAV LINE] =>

NAV LINE: Select the number of the nav line to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

EDIT: Make nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

MOVE: Revise the position of the nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Add a point data in a nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a point data in a nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear selected block number nav line data.

NAV LINE operation is same as 3.4 Nav line cross and 6.4 COAST LINE operation.

6.6 ROUTE

The ROUTE function is for display purposes only, user can setup ROUTE on radar display for visual navigation aid. ROUTE can be setup using cursor and **ENT** key or by inputting Lat/Lon information for each point. User can add 10 routes with up to 100 points each by using below procedure.

Note: If WPT ID DISP in MAP menu is set to "OFF" then route waypoint name information will not be displayed, and if set to "ON" all waypoints on the route will have name information displayed next to them.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [ROUTE] =>

ROUTE: Select the number of the route to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

EDIT: Make route. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

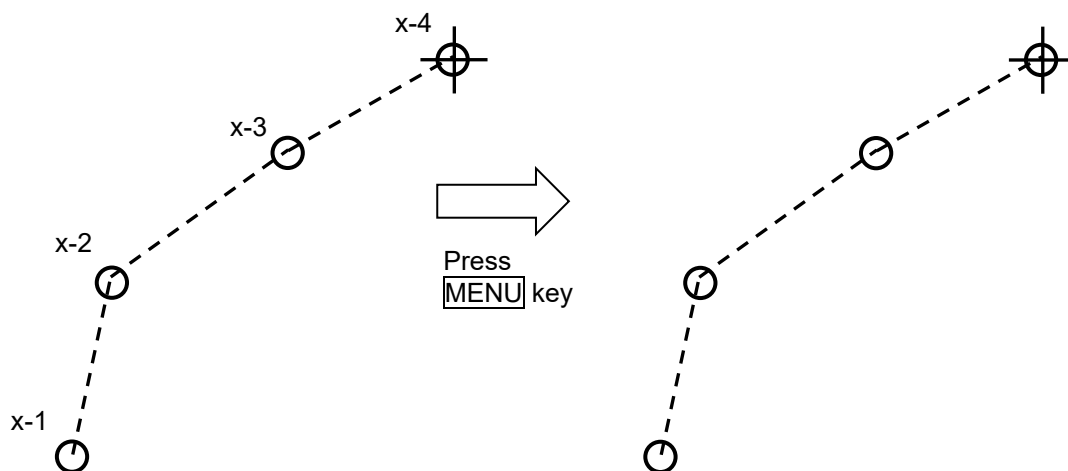
MOVE: Revise route position. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Add a point to a route. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a point from a route. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear selected block number route.

ROUTE operation is same as COAST LINE operation.



6.7 EVENT MKR

EVENT MKR function displays various marks on the designated place, and can utilize it for sign, such as a destination, a fishery and a caution area. EVENT MKR set can be done by input of Lat/Lon information or by cursor and **ENT** key.

There are 10 blocks that can store 100 marks in each block.

Below procedure is to operate [EVENT MKR] menu.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAP] => [EVENT MKR] =>
 EVENT MKR: Select the number of the event mark to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)
 EDIT: Input event mark. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 MOVE: Revise position of an event mark. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 ADD: Add an event mark. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 DELETE: Function to delete event mark using cursor and **ENT** key or BLOCK NUMBER.
 CLEAR: Clear all event marks in a given memory block.

User can designate function key such as [F1] - [F6] to [EVENT CURSOR] or [EVENT OWN] for quick shortcut to input [EVENT MKR].

Refer to 2.21 Function key usage.

When set [EVENT MKR] by using function key operation, this radar can output Lat/Lon data of EVENT MKR to external device.

It is necessary to set the output port to output [EVENT MKR] data to external device, following [MAINTENANCE] menu must be set.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] => [TLL OUT] => [MARK], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] =>
 Select [OUTPUT PORT from J3, J5, J6, OP1 and OP2] that is connected to external device.
- 3** Select [TLL] => set time to [0.1 to 10.0 sec (except 0.0 sec)], and press **ENT** key.

When pressing function key (EVENT CURSOR or EVENT OWN), this radar outputs the Lat/Lon data of EVENT by \$RATLL sentence.

6.8 AREA

Area function is for visual navigation where user can input points connected by a line to help with navigation. There are 10 memory blocks for area that can hold up to 100 points each. This function is valid with a minimum input of 3 points which will be connected with a line.

It is possible to use AREA to set alarm for targets entering or leaving the area.

Refer to 3.2 Map area alarm.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [AREA] =>

AREA: Select the block number to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

EDIT: To create new area. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

MOVE: Revise the position of points in area. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Add a point to any given position in an area line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a point data in area. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear selected block number area data

AREA operation is same as 3.2 Map area alarm operation.

6.9 MONITORED ROUTE

This function when activated can display ROUTE information from external device such as chart plotter or GPS navigator.

RTE + WPL sentences are required from external device to display ROUTE information.

RMB or BWC sentence when inputted from external device will display waypoint information only.

If [RTE + WPL] and [RMB] or [BWC] are inputted in the radar, the ROUTE [RTE + WPL] information takes priority over [RMB] or [BWC] waypoint information.

Route is displayed by dotted line in orange color.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [MONITORED ROUTE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

6.10 WPT ID DISP

This function when activated can display WPT name information from external device such as chart plotter or GPS navigator. This applies to all waypoints from WPT and also ROUTE waypoints. When [WPT ID DISP] turned on, ID information will be displayed next to waypoints and when turned off only waypoints without ID information will be displayed.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [WPT ID DISP] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

6.11 TARGET TRACK ID

When tracking a target and past target track is activated, each track will have a label number associated with it. TARGET TRACK ID and the numbers will disappear or reappear with turning this function "on" or "off".

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [TARGET TARCK ID] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

6.12 DATUM

Local geodetic datum and datum offsets from a reference datum. This is used to define the datum to which a position location and geographic locations are referenced. Latitude, Longitude and altitude offsets from the reference datum, and the selection of the referenced datum is provided in following menu.

This is to set up DATUM code.

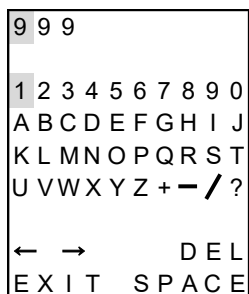
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [DATUM] => select [W84], [W72], [S85], [P90], [TOY], [999], and press **ENT** key.
[999] is a user datum. In some special cases and or areas specific datum should be entered therefore please use user datum and edit it for that specific datum. User datum can be setup by following "EDIT USER DATUM" menu.

6.13 EDIT USER DATUM

In case that user specific datum needs to be entered, then use below procedure to set the name.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [EDIT USER DATUM] => Datum data input window will appear.



- 2 Select each letter one by one and press **ENT** key after each letter, when finished select [EXIT] and press **ENT** key.

The three letters of [999] in the [DATUM] menu change to the edited letters.



— The [999] changes to edited letters.

6.14 POSITION OFFSET

This is to select OFFSET input of position.

Selection values: DTM, MAN

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [OFFSET] => select [DTM] or [MAN], and press **ENT** key.

POSITION MANUAL OFFSET

LAT/LON position offset values input is available only when [MAN] of [POSITION OFFSET] menu is selected.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [MAN OFFSET] => input offset value of latitude/longitude separately => and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: 1.000S to 1.000N

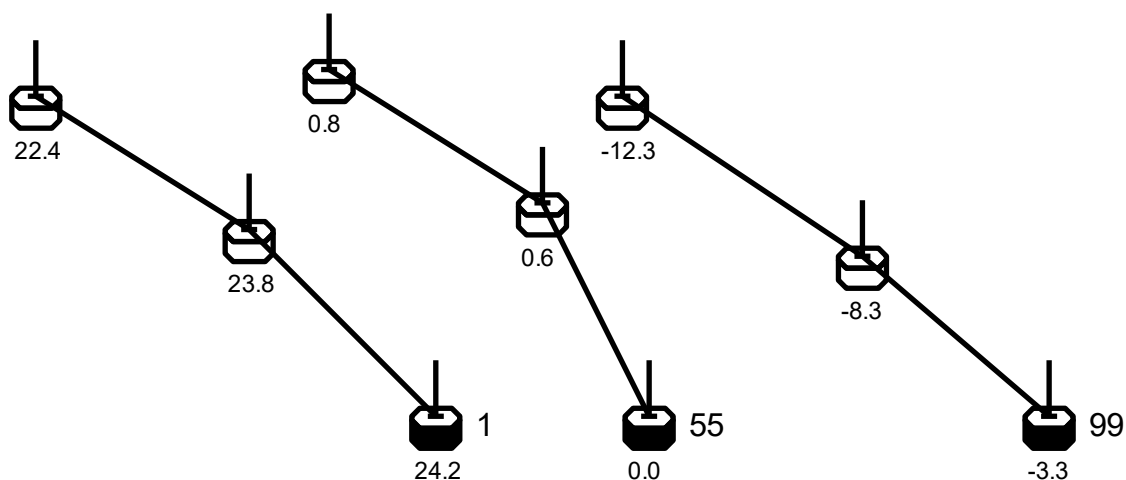
1.000W to 1.000E

6.15 GPS BUOY

GPS BUOY, of which display is connected to a GPS BUOY's transmitter-receiver, will receive buoy information sentences (BLV).

A buoy ID can record 10 kinds of information, and time, position and water temperature at 100 points can be recorded per 1 ID. As for the latest data, in addition to time, position and water temperature, course, speed and battery voltage can be recorded.

Examples of display:



Buoys with same ID will be displayed linked with straight lines. Under each buoy symbol, water temperature can be indicated.

The latest data will be indicated with marked-out symbols, and ID can be also indicated at the right hand side of the symbol as shown in the above examples.

1. NUM DISP

This is the function to display Buoy IDs at the right sides of the latest data buoy symbols

2. WAT TEMP DISP

This is the function to display water temperature under the buoy symbols.

3. BLOCK NUMBER

This is the function to select block numbers. 1 ID buoy data can be recorded in 1 block.

The following 4 to 6 will be applied to the blocks selected in above 3.

4. BLOCK COLOR

This is the function to select buoy color in the blocks.

4. BLOCK CLEAR

This is the function to deleted buoy data recorded in blocks.

5. BLOCK DATA

This is the function to confirm buoy data in blocks in a list of data.

6.16 WPT FLAG

This function is related to MONITORED ROUTE function. When route or waypoint is inputted from external device flag will be shown of first waypoint. When route and waypoint information is inputted the first waypoint on a route takes priority and flag is displayed. Follow below procedure to turn [WPT FLAG] on or off

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [WPT FLAG] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

6.17 LAT/LON LINE

LAT/LON LINE is a function which when enabled displays geographical latitude and longitude lines on the radar display. Follow below procedure to turn LAT/LON LINE on or off.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [LAT/LON LINE] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

6.18 C-MAP chart display

This radar can display chart of C-MAP. The CHART and CHART DISP SET menu are displayed when C-MAP chart of SD-card type has been inserted in the lower card reader on the rear of the Display unit.

CAUTION: Please ensure that the C-MAP SD-card must be inserted in the lower card reader on the rear of the Display unit.

CAUTION: Turn off the power of radar system before inserting / removing the C-MAP SD-card.

Chart on/off

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [CHART] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Setting of the detailed chart display

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [CHART DISP SET] => select item of detailed setting, and select [ON] or [OFF] => press **ENT** key.

Setting item: LAND FILL, PLACE NAME, LIGHTHOUSE, BUOY, FISH HAVEN/WRECK, TRAFFIC ROUTES, CAUTION AREA, FISHERY, CABLE

Chapter 7 System and Maintenance menu operation

7.1 SYSTEM MENU

INTER-SWITCH: Refer to 2.31 Inter-switch

TIME

USER

SOUND

LANG

DISP INFO

HELP

7.2 Change UTC/LOCAL time

1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[SYSTEM]** => **[TIME]** => select **[UTC]** or **[LOCAL]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

[UTC / LOCAL] time can be changed directly at the upper right of the own ship data area, with trackball and **[ENT]** key, without using menu.



Note:

- Refer to **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[I/O]** => **[TIME]** menu for detailed how to set time.
- For display of DATE/TIME, receive ZDA sentence from the external device or set the internal clock of radar. (Refer to "4.2.1 Setup TIME" of Installation manual)
- When the battery runs low, the internal clock of the radar will not always work properly. Please exchange the internal battery. (Refer to "5.4.2 Replacement of Internal Battery" of Installation manual)

7.3 User memory

This radar is equipped with four user memory slots. All functions and settings can be memorized in the user memory slots and names can be edited individually.

Change USER memory

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [USER] => select new user memory [1name to 4 name] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

How to save to memory

All operations are automatically saved in selected user memory slot in real time as they take place so no action is required from user to save settings.

Edit User Name

The used user memory's name can be changed by next operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [USER] => [EDIT USER NAME] =>
- 2 Edit user name window will appear and can change user name.
Maximum 10 letters or numbers can be set for the name.
After name has been changed, press **ENT** key to save setting.

Default User setting

Using these steps it is possible to clear all data associated with currently selected user.

To delete all user settings and return to default, follow below procedure.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [USER] => [DEFAULT SETTING] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
This operation will clear all information stored in current user memory.

7.4 Sound setting

Sound menu is to turn sound ON/OFF, setup frequency of sound in Operation unit, key click sound and external buzzer.

Sound ON/OFF

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [SOUND] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Sound frequency

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [FREQUENCY] => select [1 to 8] and press **ENT** key.
Selection values: 1 to 8
1: Lowest frequency
8: Highest frequency

Key click ON/OFF

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [KEY CLICK] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

External buzzer setting

External buzzer signal (Failure alarm) can be output from J1 connector on the back panel.

Output signal is relay contact. (Alarm contact will close in case of failure)

Output of relay contact is continuous when set to continue.

Output of relay contact is intermittent when set to interval.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [EXT BUZZER] => select [OFF], [CONTINUE] or [INTERVAL],
and press **ENT** key.

7.5 LANGUAGE select

MDC-7000/7900 series radar can use the language of English or Japanese selected by menu.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.
Select [SYSTEM] => [LANG] => select [ENGLISH] or [日本語], and press **ENT** key.

Without menu operation

To Japanese

- 1 Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on while keeping **RANGE+** key.
- 2 Keep **RANGE+** key pressed until the start-up screen is displayed, then release the **RANGE+** key.
Language changes to Japanese.

To English

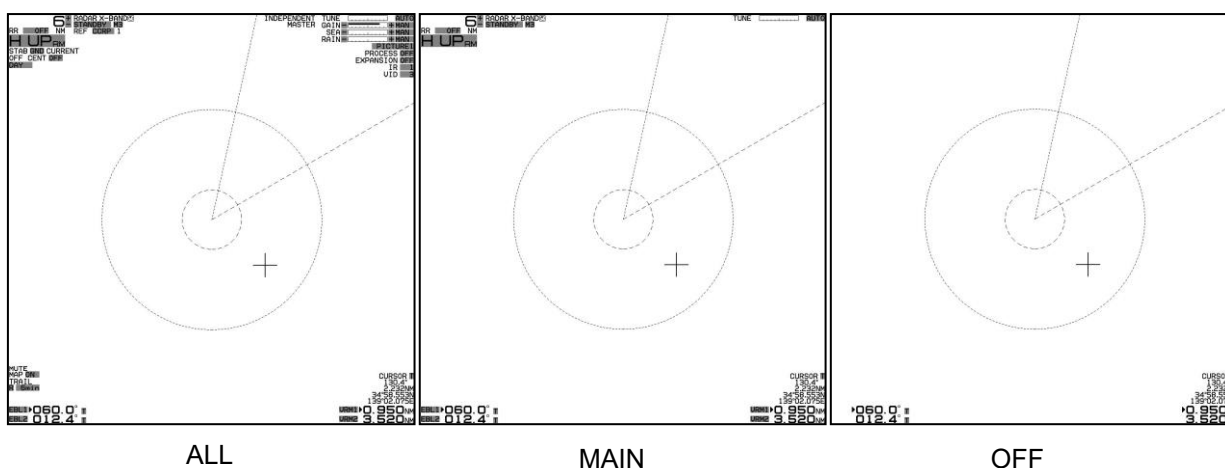
- 1 Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on while keeping **RANGE-** key.
- 2 Keep **RANGE-** key pressed until the start-up screen is displayed, then release the **RANGE-** key.
Language changes to English.

7.6 DISPLAY INFORMATION (DISP INFO)

This radar can reduce the radar information items to watch radar image wider.

Selection items are ALL/ MAIN/ OFF, the indication information is as follows.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.
Select [SYSTEM] => [DISP INFO] => select [ALL], [MAIN] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.



During “Menu” operation, all information will be displayed even if [DISP INFO] menu is selected to be [MAIN] or [OFF].

7.7 HELP window ON/OFF

Help window is displayed at the lower right of the display. When the help window menu is on, it displays a procedure of complicated operation such as ALARM and MAP.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [HELP] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

```
Map ADD Operation
ACQ:Select item
ENT:Insert to the
    point
OFF:Divide the item
MENU:Exit of edit
```

7.8 MAINTENANCE MENU

STARTUP: Refer to 4.2_STARTUP menu of Installation manual

I/O: Refer to 4.3_Setup I/O Interface of Installation manual

SECTOR MUTE: Refer to 4.4_Setup SECTOR MUTE mode of Installation manual

PRESET: Refer to 4.5_Setup PRESET of Installation manual

BACKUP:

BITE: Refer to Chapter 9_Simple fault diagnosis

TOTAL HOUR

TX HOUR

MENU SETUP

VERSION

7.9 BACKUP of Setup data (Cannot be used while transmitting)

By saving setup data to the internal memory or external memory, the initial setup and all settings are saved, in the event that the radar needs to be reinitialized or some setup changes been made, user can go back to the original settings by restoring from memory.

Backup of setup data should be saved after initial setup.

In case of malfunction of display where re-initialization must be done, restore of backup data completed at the time of original setup will bring all proper settings and tuning setup back to normal operation.

Internal save of setup data

To save data internally at the time of setup,

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP SAVE] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

To restore from internally backup after re-initialization,

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP LOAD] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

External save of setup and map data

To save setup and map data externally, this information can be later used to restore after a possible malfunction.

The external memory uses an SD memory card.

CAUTION: Please do not use the SD memory card which is loaded with software program files.

To perform external backup to SD card,

- 1 Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader on the rear of the Display unit.
- 2 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => select [SETUP SAVE], [MARK SAVE], [TGT TRACK SAVE] or [OWN TRACK SAVE] => [CANCEL] or [GO], and press **ENT** key.
When SD memory card not inserted, [SD CARD] menu is greyed out and cannot be operated.

To restore from SD card backup after re-initialization,

- 1 Insert SD card that was used to store settings in above procedure in the upper card reader on the rear of the Display unit.
- 2 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => select [SETUP LOAD], [MARK LOAD], [TGT TRACK LOAD] or [OWN TRACK LOAD] => [CANCEL] or [GO], and press **ENT** key.
When SD memory card not inserted or no data found on the card, [SD CARD] menu is greyed out and cannot be operated.

Parameter reset

Use this function as means to return the radar to its default settings as it was at first power on.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [PARAMETER RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

MAP/PAST reset

This function resets all the data of Map, Target track and Own ship in the Display unit.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [MAP/PAST RESET] => [GO] => and press **ENT** key.

7.10 TOTAL HOUR and TX HOUR (Cannot be used while transmitting)

TOTAL HOUR menu indicates the total operating time of the radar.

This menu can reset total hour to 0.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TOTAL HOUR] => [RESET], and press **ENT** key.

TX HOUR menu indicates the total transmitting time of the radar.

This is useful information to use when exchanging radar parts. Use this hour information to judge magnetron life expectancy.

Reset after components have been exchanged

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TX HOUR] => [RESET], and press **ENT** key.

The total transmitting time (TX HOUR) can be displayed at all times while transmission is stopped.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TX HOUR DISP] => select [WAIT] or [STANDBY], and press **ENT** key.

7.11 MENU SETUP

MENU SETUP menu can be used to simplify full menu and turn off the items in full menu that are not used. This is often used to remove not needed menu items for simple operation of the radar.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [MENU SETUP] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
Setup menu display will display.
- 2 Select menu item to set ON or OFF => select [X] or [O], and press **ENT** key.
- 3 When setup finish, press **MENU** key. Menu display will disappear.
Press **MENU** key again. [X] mark menu items are not displayed.

>ECHO	
PICTURE MODE	x
PROCESS	x
EXPANSION	x
IR	O
VIDEO CONTRAST	O
NOISE REJ	O
COLOR REJ	O
PULSE WIDTH	O
SART	O
PICTURE RESET	O
PICTURE ENABLE	x
>ECHO	O

>ECHO	
IR	OFF
VIDEO CONTRAST	3
NOISE REJ	OFF
COLOR REJ	OFF
PULSE WIDTH	>
SART	OFF
PICTURE RESET	>

When set [>ECHO] to [x], all ECHO menu items will not be available.

7.12 System Program

Version confirmation

Currently installed firmware version can be found by using following menu operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [VERSION] =>
MRD/MRM-108
KM-F44 xx.xx ⇐ Firmware version of Display/Processor unit
MRO-108
KM-F45 yy.yy ⇐ Firmware version of Operation unit

How to update the system program

- 1 Prepare SD memory card with latest program.
File name: radar
File type: MOT
- 2 Turn off the power.
- 3 Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader on the rear of the Display unit.
- 4 Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on, radar will start update procedure automatically.
Message of "LOADING IN PROGRESS", "PLEASE DO NOT POWER OFF" etc., and time bar will be displayed.
During updating, **EBL1** and **VRM1**, **EBL2** and **VRM2**, **BRILL** and **PANEL** key's lamps flash red.
Few minutes later, when program update is complete, "LOADING COMPLETE" and "PLEASE EJECT SD CARD" messages will appear on the display.
- 5 Remove SD memory card from the card reader, and new system program will run automatically.
The list of updated program file will be shown on the display.

In some cases, message of "SHUTDOWN" is displayed, and power will be turned off.

In this case, please press **POWER ON/OFF** key again, and message of "INITIALIZING" will be displayed.

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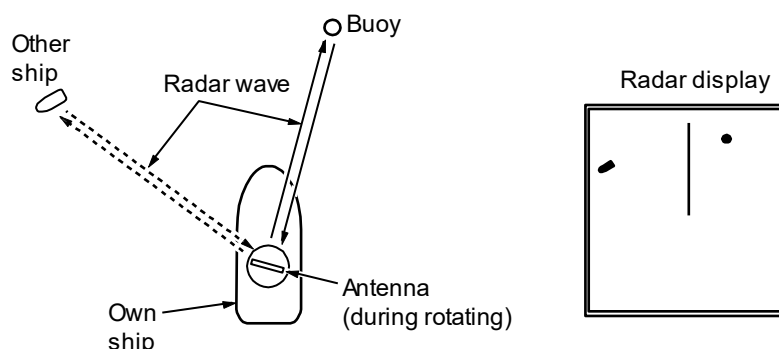
Chapter 8 Principal of radar system

8.1 What is radar system?

The radar is a navigation device that transmits a very high frequency radio wave referred to as microwave from the antenna. The radar then receives the radio wave reflected by target(s) (e.g. other ship, buoy, island, etc.) via the same antenna and converts the received radio wave to electronic signals and sends these signals to the Display unit. The radar makes it possible to find objects (targets), such as other ships, rocks or coastline, not seen by eyesight at night or in fog and allows ships to avoid these potential hazards. As the antenna transmits during 360-degree rotation, it is possible to see the current surrounding situation around your ship at a glance.

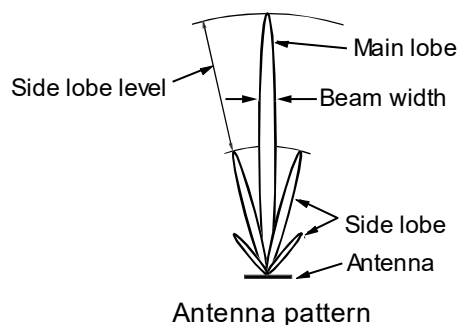
The microwave radiated from the radar is referred to as pulse wave and the transmitting and receiving of these waves is alternated. Up to thousands of pulse waves are transmitted and received during one rotation

The typical radar antenna is of parabolic type or slotted array type and its performance is essential for good radar performance. Some of factors affecting the quality of the target returns are antenna beam width and side lobe level. The narrow beam width provides high resolution for angular orientation to distinguish objects and the low side lobe level reduces false image effect.



Side lobe

The main lobe means the strongest radiated beam sent from the specific antenna, and the other weaker beams, are referred to as a side lobes. A side lobe level is a difference between the largest side lobe level and main lobe level.

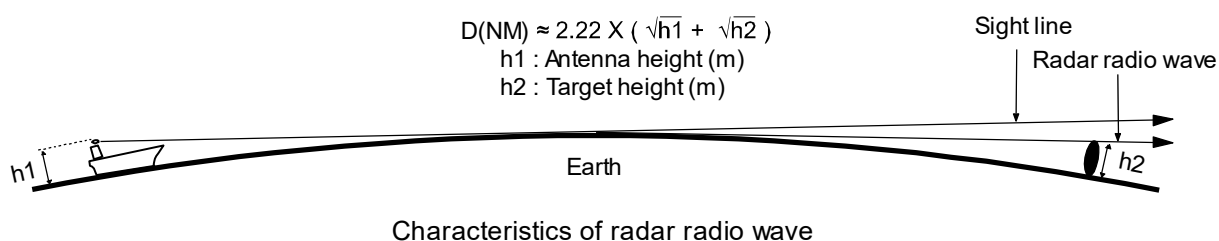


Beam width

Antenna beam width is defined as the angle where the radiation power density is within a half of maximum power density (-3 dB) in main lobe (also, referred to as "half value width").

8.2 Characteristics of radar radio wave

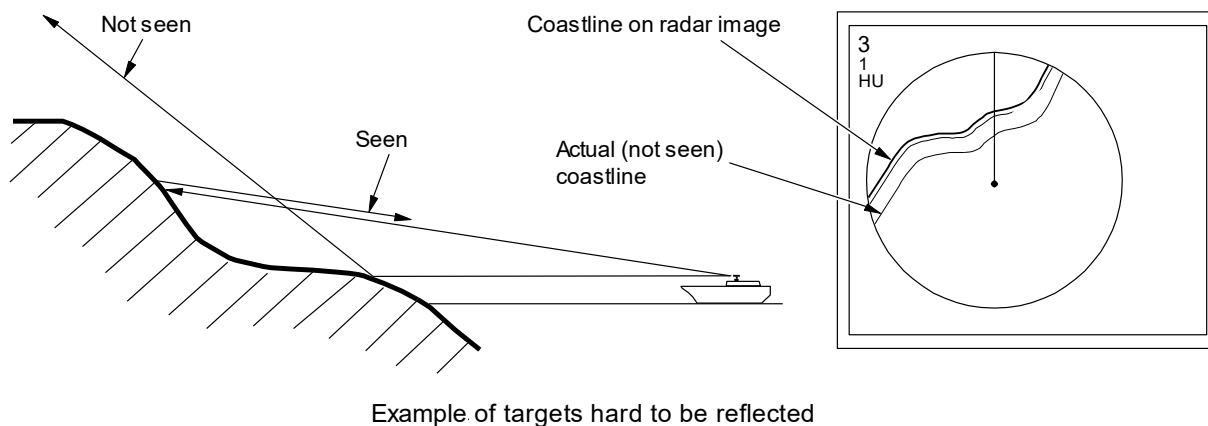
The radar radio wave propagates slightly along the ground (primarily line of sight). This characteristic varies depending on density of atmosphere, but is generally calculated according to the formula as shown below, considering that the distance with radar sight D is about 6% longer than the distance with optical sight.



Target hardness reflected

The strength of the reflected wave from a target varies depending on not only the distance from the target, its height or size, but also its material and features. A target with a low degree of reflection or low incident angle, such as FRP (Fiber Reinforced Plastic) and wooden ship is not reflected well. Therefore, care shall be taken that a FRP ship, a wooden ship or an object such as sand, a sandbar and muddy cay are poor radar targets.

Since the distance from the coastline, etc. to your ship on a radar image tends to be seen as longer than that from the actual coastline, more caution should be paid when navigating around such objects.



Radar shadow

Since radar radio wave is line of sight in nature your stack mast close to the antenna or, a large ship or mountain may create blind spots for which the radar cannot penetrate. In such cases, they may completely or partially hide targets and cast a long shadow.

Since the shadow of your stack or mast is known at the time of installation, proper selection of the antenna location is necessary to reduce the shadow effect. Since targets in this shadow area is less likely to be seen than in open sea, extra attention should be paid in shadowed areas.

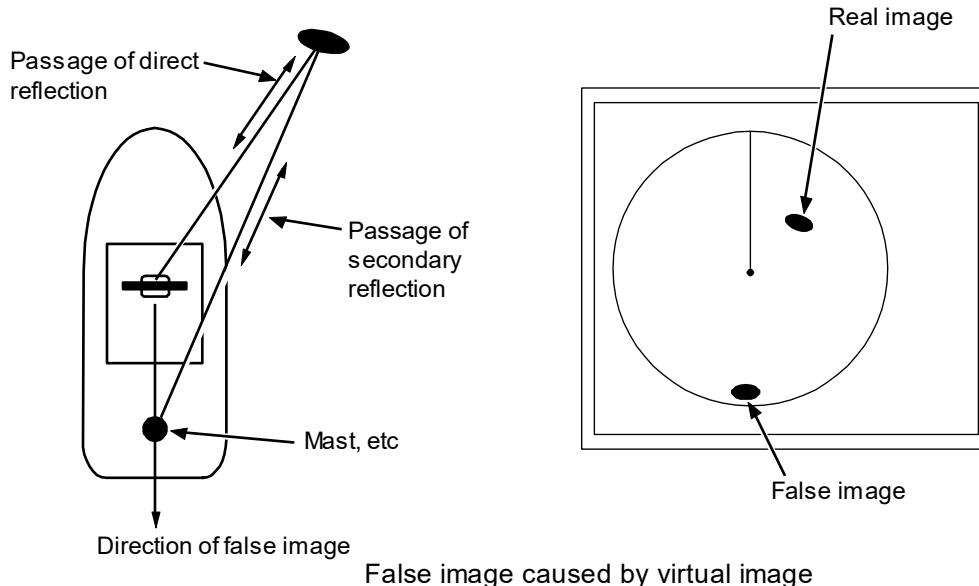
False image

An image that does not actually exist (false image) at sea may appear on the display.

The phenomena that causes false echoes are categorized and be described as follows:

• Virtual image

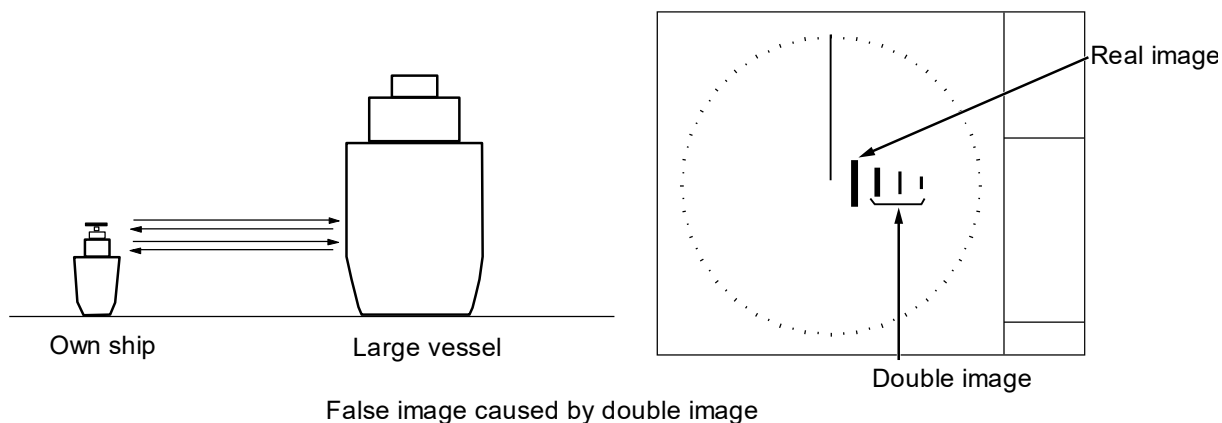
The image of a large physical object in proximity may appear in two different orientations. One is a real image and the other is a false image caused by wave re-reflected by the stack or the mast, etc. On the display, one image appears at the correct distance and bearing, and another one appears in the direction of a stack, a mast, etc. These images may also be generated by re-reflection from bridges and quays too.



• Duplicate target images


When there is a big reflective surface nearby and it is perpendicular at a close distance (i.e. when your ship is passed by a big ship, etc.), the radio wave bounces between own ship and the other ship. Therefore, two to four images may appear at equal range in the direction of this target. The false images generated by this multi-path reflection are referred to as “double targets”. In this case, the closest target is the real image.

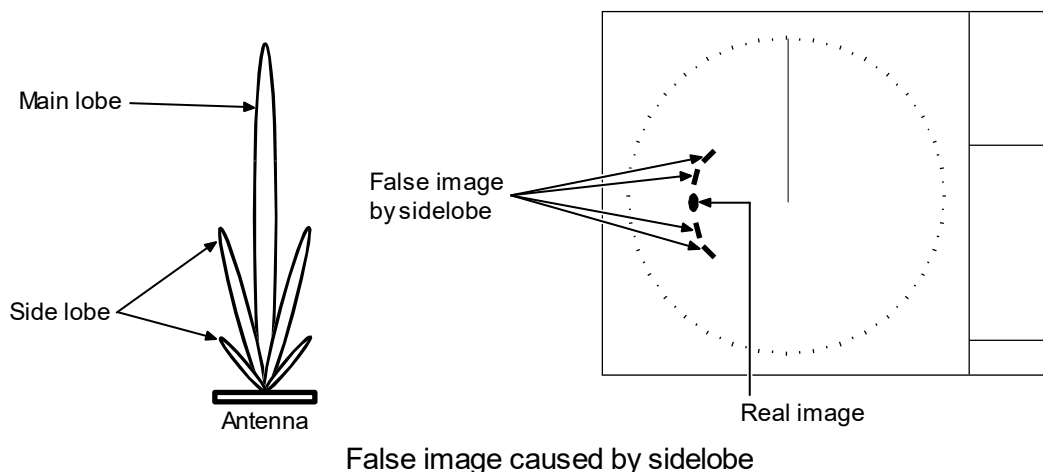
If the distance and bearing between own ship and the reflective target changes, then the duplicate targets will disappear. Therefore, this false image can be easily distinguished.



•Side lobe images

The microwave beam radiated from the antenna has a side lobe in different direction than that of the main beam. Since this side lobe level is lower than that of main beam, the effect is negligible for targets at long range, but a close, strong reflecting target may cause false image appearing in a circular arc shape.

 <h2 style="margin: 0;">CAUTION</h2>	<p>When own ship is close to large targets such as land, a circular image may appear.</p>
---	---



●Skip target images

False image of a distant target caused by “skip” phenomenon

Depending on weather conditions, skip caused by the temperature inversion layer of air, etc. may appear. In this case, the radio wave may unusually propagate to distant targets out of the radar range. A target at more than the maximum range may appear as an image, and may be displayed as a false image with closer distance than the actual one. This phenomenon is a result of the wide range echo delay time exceeding the transmission period, and is displayed as echo in the following rotation. If the range scale is changed and the target range is changed, it can be judged as a false image.

8.3 Radar interference

When the radar with the same frequency band is used nearby, interference noise appears on a display. Although appearance of interference is not constant, the shape is almost always swirling or radial. This series of radars features an IR (interference rejection) facility to reduce this interference.

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Chapter 9 Simple fault diagnosis

For simple fault diagnosis, follow below procedures.

For faults not listed below, refer to the Installation manual.

Items posted

- 9.1 No alarm sound. (ALARM TEST)
- 9.2 Operation unit (panel) key is not operational. (PANEL TEST)
- 9.3 TT (ARPA) is not operational. (DIAGNOSE TT)
- 9.4 No AIS display. (DIAGNOSE AIS)
- 9.5 Need to confirm serial input. (SERIAL MONITOR)
- 9.6 No radar video display. (ANT MONITOR)
- 9.7 Frozen display.
- 9.8 About alarms

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] =>

>MAINTENANCE
>BITE
ALARM TEST
PANEL TEST
DIAGNOSE TT
DIAGNOSE AIS
SERIAL MONITOR
ANT MONITOR
SD CARD

9.1 No alarm sound

Follow this procedure to troubleshoot no alarm sound trouble.

First, select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [SOUND] and confirm that the status is [ON].

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [ALARM TEST] => [ON], and press **ENT** key after selection.
- 2** Please confirm the frequency setting, because it may be hard to hear the alarm sound according to the setting value.
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [FREQUENCY] (Initial setting: 4)
- 3** Alarm sounds (two times) and alarm display appears at the lower right of the display.
Alarms displayed are [WARNING B 999], [Test alert only.].



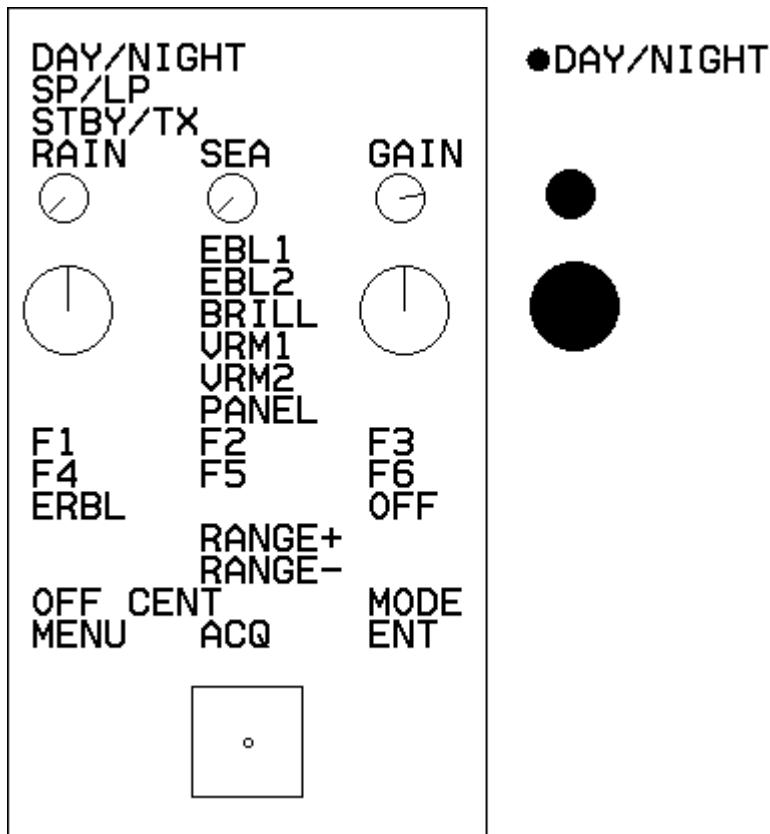
- 4** Confirmation is completed if alarm sounded.
- 5** Alarm sounds are repeated every 60 seconds.
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [ALARM TEST] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key to turn alarm test off.

Note: After running the test and there is still no alarm sound the Operation unit has malfunction.

9.2 Operation unit (panel) key is not operational

Following procedure is a test for Operation unit in case some keys don't function properly. First please make sure all cables are connected properly.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [PANEL TEST] =>.
- 2 Panel illustration will appear on the display.
- 3 Press any key except **MENU** key.
[•] mark will appear at the left side of key name during the key press.
The line in the circle will rotate when the knob is turned.
The circle color will change when the knob is pressed.
The small circle in the square will move when trackball is moved.



- 4 Pressing **MENU** key will complete the test.

Operation unit (panel) malfunctions, if No.3 item is not normally displayed.

9.3 TT is not operational

This procedure is applied when acquisition operation does not start despite **ACQ** key being pressed.

First, confirm that [INPUT RNG] is properly set.

The targets outside of [INPUT RNG] will not be acquired.

This procedure confirms ATA function.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [DIAGNOSE TT] =>.
- 2** Confirm [O] mark appears on the left side of [HDG].
- 3** Turn trackball to the left to complete.

If [x] mark is displayed in step 2, then confirm HDG input for Display unit.

9.4 No AIS display

This procedure is applied when AIS is not displayed.

First, confirm that [INPUT RNG] is properly set.

Targets outside of [INPUT RNG] are not displayed.

Confirm AIS function by following steps.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [DIAGNOSE AIS] =>.
- 2** Confirm that the [O] mark appears at the left side of [AIS DATA], [HDG], [SPD], [LAT/LON] and [COG/SOG].
- 3** Turn trackball to the left to complete.

If [x] mark is displayed in step 2, then

In the case of [AIS DATA]: No valid AIS data input.

Confirm AIS receiver connected to Display unit.

AIS DATA is usually input to AIS (J2) connector.

In the case of [HDG]: No valid HDG input.

Confirm HDG input of Display unit.

HDG is usually input to GYRO connector.

In the case of [SPD]: No valid SPD input.

Confirm SPD input of Display unit.

SPD is usually input to SDME (J6) connector.

In the case of [LAT/LON]: No valid LAT/LON input.

Confirm LAT/LON input of Display unit.

LAT/LON is usually input to EPFS (J5) connector.

In the case of [COG/SOG]: No valid COG/SOG input.

Confirm COG/SOG input of Display unit.

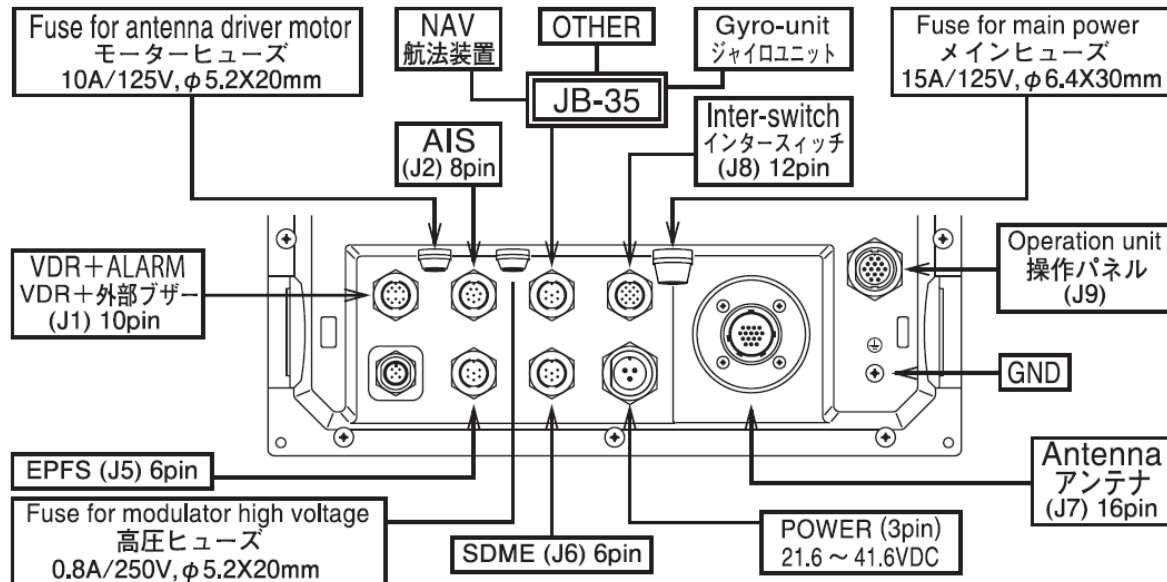
COG/SOG is usually input to SDME (J6) or EPFS (J5) connector.

9.5 Need to confirm serial input

This procedure is applied to confirm serial input of Display unit.

Serial input of connectors can be confirmed with the following 6 connectors:

AIS (J2), NAV (J3), GYRO-unit, OTHER (JB-35), EPFS (J5), SDME (J6).



- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[I/O]** => **[SERIAL MONITOR]** => select **[J3]**, **[J5]**, **[J6]**, **[OP1]**, **[OP2]**, **[AIS]** or **[ALL]**, and press **[ENT]** key.
OP1 and OP2 port will be effective when JB-35 is connected to J3.
[ALL] can confirm the data of all ports at a time.
- 2 Input data will be displayed.
Since the data keeps coming in and the display keeps changing it may be hard to observe the sentences.
By pressing **[ENT]** key, data display will stop temporarily to confirm data content.
- 3 Turn trackball to left to complete.

Data confirming item in step 2

In the case that data is not displayed: Confirm input data device connected to Display unit.

In the case that data is displayed but is garbled: Confirm baud rate (FORMAT).

9.6 No radar video display

This procedure is applied when no radar video (Echo) is displayed on the display.

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[BITE]** => **[ANT MONITOR]** =>.
- 2** Antenna status will be displayed.
- 3** Turn trackball to left to complete.

Antenna status criteria in step 2

Connected scanner model name and type:

HIGH VOLTAGE: If the value is other than xxx to xxx, indicates high voltage malfunction.

MAG CURRENT MONI: If the value is other than xx to xxx, indicates magnetron malfunction.

MAG HEATER: If the value is other than xx to xxx, indicates magnetron malfunction.

MOTOR MONI:

TUNE VOLTAGE: If the value is other than xx to xxx, indicates magnetron or Front End Module failure.

RATE OF ROTATION: Antenna rotation (rpm)

9.7 Frozen Display

Following procedure applies for troubleshooting Frozen Display phenomenon.

Indication of presentation failure

You can aware of a display presentation failure from identification conspicuous periodically time element on the display.

This element is located upper right of the display by eight pattern triangle icons.



These icons will change every two seconds, three angles of directions turn to the clockwise.

When this movement stopped, radar system will be stopping.

Restart Display unit immediately.

Frozen Display refers to case when video is not refreshed or cursor is not responsive.

- 1** Turn **GAIN**, **SEA** and **RAIN** knob to confirm changes of video (Echo).
- 2** Turn trackball to confirm if cursor is moving.
While Menu is displayed, confirm if menu selection can be changed.

When malfunction of either step 1 or step 2 is found, the display is frozen.

Restart Display unit immediately.

9.8 About alarms

If any malfunction or operation error has been detected in the radar, or if the external device gives the ALR sentence input, then alarms, warnings and cautions shown below appear at the lower right of the display.

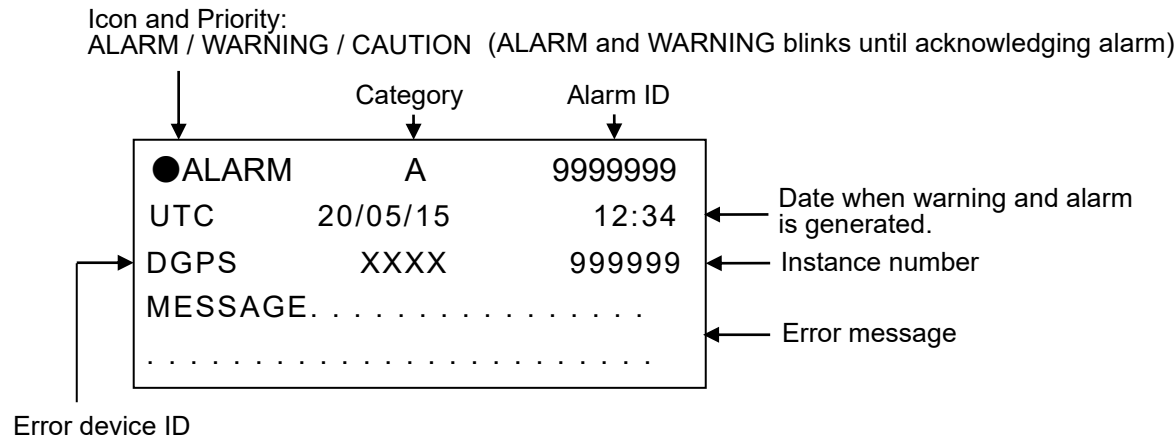
Abnormalities are categorized as [Alarm], [Warning] and [Caution]. When alarm display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar, record the alarm details by type, location and status and press **OFF** key. The alarm sound and display will disappear. Multiple errors may be displayed one by one. Record all alarms and press **OFF** key for every alarm. The type of [Alarm], [Warning] and [Caution] are shown below.

The two or more alarms occur at the same time, then it is possible to confirm all the alarms in [LIST].

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [LIST] =>

Alarms occurred since Power ON can be confirmed by [HISTORY LIST].

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [HISTORY LIST] =>



Refer to 1.1 Radar Display "Alarm display area".

Alarm list

List of system alarm and message.

<div> <div>Category</div> <div>Priority (A: ALARM, W: Warning, C: Caution)</div> <div>ID number (0-9999: IMO, 10000-9999999: Maker)</div> <div>Instance number</div> <div>ALR number</div> </div>					Contents	Cause
A	W	190	1	57	AIS targets exceed the limit.	Number of AIS targets exceeding the maximum 1000 has been input.
A	W	190	2	54	Tracked targets exceeded the limit.	Number of tracked targets in TT (ARPA) exceeded the maximum 100.
A	W	190	3	56	AIS input targets exceeded the limit.	Number of AIS targets exceeding the maximum 1000 has been input.
B	C	190	4	58	AIS targets overload. (95%)	Number of AIS targets being input exceeded 951.
B	C	190	5	55	Tracked targets overload. (95%)	Number of tracking targets exceeded 95.
A	A	191	1	3	Tracked target exceeded the CPA/TCPA limit.	Tracked target has turned into dangerous target.
A	A	191	2	8	AIS target exceeded the CPA/TCPA limit.	AIS target has turned into dangerous target.
A	W	192	1	4	Tracked target entered into the guard zone.	Tracked target has entered into the guard zone.
A	W	192	2	5	Auto acquisition of a radar target.	Captured a target entered into auto acquisition area.
A	W	192	3	9	AIS target entered into the guard zone.	AIS target entered into the guard zone.
A	W	192	4	10	Auto activation of an AIS target.	A sleeping target has been activated.
A	W	193	1	1	Tracked target is lost.	TT (ARPA) has been lost.
A	W	193	2	7	AIS target is lost.	AIS target has been lost.
A	W	193	3	2	Ref tracked target is lost.	Ref tracked target has been lost.
B	W	194	1	22	HDG is unavailable.	THS or HDT are not inputted.
B	W	194	2	23	SDP is unavailable.	VBW, VTG, RMA or RMC are not inputted.
B	W	194	3	24	COG/SOG is unavailable.	COG/SOG is not inputted.
B	W	194	4	25	SET/DRIFT data is unavailable.	VDR is not inputted.

B	W	194	5	26	LAT/LON data is unavailable.	GLL or GGA, GNS, RMC, RMA are not inputted.
B	W	194	6	27	DATUM data is unavailable.	DTM is not input.
B	W	194	7	28	TIME data is unavailable.	ZDA or RMC, GGA are not input.
B	C	194	8	60	AIS no OS COG/SOG data.	Own ship's data that is necessary for AIS are not input.
B	W	194	9	61	AIS no data.	There is no AIS data. VDM is not input from AIS.
B	C	194	13	29	HDG is manual.	There is not heading signal.
B	C	194	14	30	SDP is manual.	There is not speed signal.
B	C	194	15	31	COG/SOG is manual.	There are not ground course and speed signal.
B	C	194	16	32	SET/DRIFT is manual.	There is not tide signal.
B	C	194	17	33	LAT/LON is manual.	There are not latitude and longitude signal.
B	C	194	18	80	Receive alert of any signal or sensor in use.	Receive alert of any signal or sensors in use.
B	C	194	25	109	AIS no data.	There is no AIS data. VDM is not input from AIS.
B	C	194	26	110	SPD is unavailable.	VBW, VTG, RMA or RMC are not inputted.
B	C	194	27	111	COG/SOG is unavailable.	COG/SOG is not inputted.
B	W	999	1	89	Test alert only.	Under alert test.
A	W	10000	1	53	Echo area alarm detected.	Images are detected in echo alarm area.
A	W	10000	2	15	Echo map area alarm detected.	Images were detected in map area.
B	C	10000	3	11	Activated AIS target without HDG or COG.	There is neither ship's bearing nor fairway of AIS active target input data to HDG or COG.
B	C	11000	1	14	Nav line exceeded.	Own ship crossed the Nav line.
B	C	11000	2	62	Received AIS message.	Received AIS message to OWN ship.
B	C	12000	1	16	Change to relative bearing.	True bearing is not inputted.
B	C	12000	2	17	Change to relative vector.	VBW, VTG or VDR are not inputted.
B	C	12000	3	18	Change to relative past position.	VBW, VTG or VDR are not inputted.
B	C	12000	4	19	Change to head up.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not inputted.
B	C	12000	5	20	Change EBL origin position.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not inputted.

B	C	12000	6	34	Change to sea stabilization.	Ship's bearing: THS, HDT, HDM, VTG Course against water: VBW Speed: VBW, VTG, VHW are not input.
B	C	12000	7	64	Change to reference antenna.	The set CCRP went beyond radar display. Reference has moved to antenna position.
A	A	12000	8	65	Cannot use the CCRP.	Cannot display CCRP position. Change position or range.
B	C	12000	9	21	Change to off process.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not inputted.
B	C	12000	10	35	Change to ground stabilization	Speed: VBW or VHW is not input. Change to ground stabilization. Check VBW or VHW sentence.
B	C	12000	11	36	Change SOG input to EPFS	Change SOG input source from SDME (VBW) to EPFS (VTG).
B	C	16000	1	47	Inter-switch not connected.	NAV ports between master and slave are not connected.
B	C	16000	2	59	AIS alarm signal.	Alarm for abnormality is input in AIS alarm terminal of AIS port or the terminals are open.
B	C	16000	3	66	No WGS84 DATUM.	Input geodetic system is not WGS84.
A	A	17000	1	41	Antenna not connected.	Connector of Antenna may not be connected to Antenna, or Scanner unit may be faulty.
A	A	17000	2	42	Antenna magnetron current abnormal.	Magnetron may be at the end of life or transmission high voltage fuse blown.
A	A	17000	3	43	Antenna magnetron heater abnormal.	Something is wrong with magnetron or Scanner unit.
A	A	17000	4	44	Antenna magnetron high voltage abnormal.	High voltage fuse for transmission blown.
A	A	17000	5	45	Antenna high voltage abnormal.	High voltage fuse for transmission blown.
A	A	17000	6	46	Motor voltage abnormal.	Motor voltage fuse blown.
A	A	17000	7	48	Azimuth abnormal.	BP signal from Scanner unit is not received. May be fault in angle detecting sensor in Scanner unit or poor connection at connector.
A	A	17000	8	49	Head line signal abnormal.	SHF signal from Scanner unit is not received. May be fault in SHF sensor in Scanner unit or rotation of antenna may be stopped.

A	A	17000	9	50	Trigger abnormal.	Trigger from Scanner unit is not received.
A	A	17000	10	51	Radar video abnormal.	IF video from Scanner unit is not received.
A	A	18000	1	13	Panel not connected.	No communication between operating panel is available. Connector (J9) is disconnected.
B	W	18001	1	37	Flash memory erase & write error.	Flash memory erase and write error.
B	W	18001	2	38	Flash memory erase error.	Flash memory erase error.
B	W	18001	3	39	Flash memory write error.	Flash memory write error.
B	W	18001	4	40	Flash memory checksum error.	Flash memory checksum error.
B	C	18002	1	71	SD card problem.	SD card may be broken.
B	C	18002	2	72	SD card not ready.	There is not SD card.
B	C	18002	3	73	SD card write protected.	SD card is protect mode.
B	C	18002	4	74	SD card not enough free space.	Memory of SD card is not left.
B	C	18002	5	75	Illegal data.	The data does not agree.
B	A	18003	1		JB-35 not connected.	No communication between junction box JB-35 is available. Connector J3 is disconnected.
B	A	18003	2		JB-35 not extended mode.	There is not JB-35 with the extended mode.

Operation note

Operation note display may appear at the lower right of the radar display as shown in below when an operation error has been detected in the device.

When operation note display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar operation.

OPERATION NOTE
MESSAGE

3 short audible signals, and after 5 sec.
this message will disappear.

Type of Operation note

Contents	Cause
Tracked target full.	Acquired tracked target beyond the maximum tracking number.
Tracked target no data.	Deleted tracked target as there were no tracked targets.
Tracked target out of range.	Acquired tracked target beyond operating distance set for targets.
Pre heating.	Operated transmission key during pre-heating countdown.
No HDG, LAT/LON signal.	As signals of ship's bearing, latitude/longitude had not been input, functions that need those signals have been disabled.
No HDG signal.	As signals of ship's bearing had not been input, functions that need ship's bearing signal were disabled.
No SPD signal.	As speed signal had not been input, functions that needs speed signal were disabled.
Map data full.	More than the specified number of COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA tried to attempt to register in map function.
Cursor off.	Cursor is not displayed.
Inter-switch changed the mode.	During inter-switch connection, one Display unit switched over inter-switch mode.

No off center.	In the maximum range, off center function was disabled.
Tracking malfunction. BRG T	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of bearing has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. RNG	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of range has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. CPA	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of CPA has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. TCPA	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of TCPA has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. T CRS	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of true course has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. T SPD	AS the result of TT test, the accuracy of true speed has exceeded the reference.
Time to trial manoeuvre is less than 30 seconds.	The remaining time of trial manoeuvre is less than 30 seconds.
Reference target overload.	Attempted to acquire reference target beyond 3.
Do not use MAN COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with COG/SOG data inputted by manual.
Do not use REF COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with COG/SOG data calculated by reference target.
Do not use CURRENT COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with SET/DRIFT data inputted by manual.
Do not use MAN STW.	Cannot use AIS with speed data inputted by manual.
Do not use MAN POSITION.	Cannot use AIS with own ship position data inputted by manual.
Time error.	Cannot use AIS with no time data.
Do not use MAN OFFSET POSITION.	Cannot use AIS with offset positon inputted by manual.

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Chapter 10 Specifications

10.1 Antenna and Scanner unit

Antenna

Model name	RW701A-04	RW701A-06	RW701B-09
Antenna length	4feet	6feet	9feet
Horizontal beam width	1.8°	1.2°	0.8°
Vertical beam width	22°	22°	25°
Side lobe within $\pm 10^\circ$	-25dB	-25dB	-25dB
Side lobe outside $\pm 10^\circ$	-30dB	-30dB	-30dB
Polarization	Horizontal		

Scanner

Model name	MDC-7060/7960	MDC-7010/7910	MDC-7020/7920
Scanner unit	RB717A	RB718A	RB719A
Rotation	24 rpm or 48 rpm		
Output frequency	X-band: 9410MHz \pm 30MHz		
Output power (Peak)	6 kW	12 kW	25 kW
Magnetron	MSF1422B	MSF1425B	M1458A
Temperature	-25°C to +55°C		
Water protection	IPX6		

Range, PRF, Pulse width

RB717A/718A (6kW / 12kW)		RB719A (25kW)															
PRF (Hz)	Pulse width (μs)	PRF (Hz)	Pulse width (μs)	Range (NM)													
				0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	32*	48	64*	96**	
2500	0.08	2000	0.08	S1													
2500	0.08	2000	0.08		S2												
2000	0.25	1300	0.3			M1											
2000	0.25	1300	0.3				M2										
1000	0.5	800	0.6				M3										
700	0.7	600	0.8						L1								
500	1.0	470	1.2						L2								
450	1.0	400	1.2													L3	

* 32NM、64NM is only 6kW and 12kW.

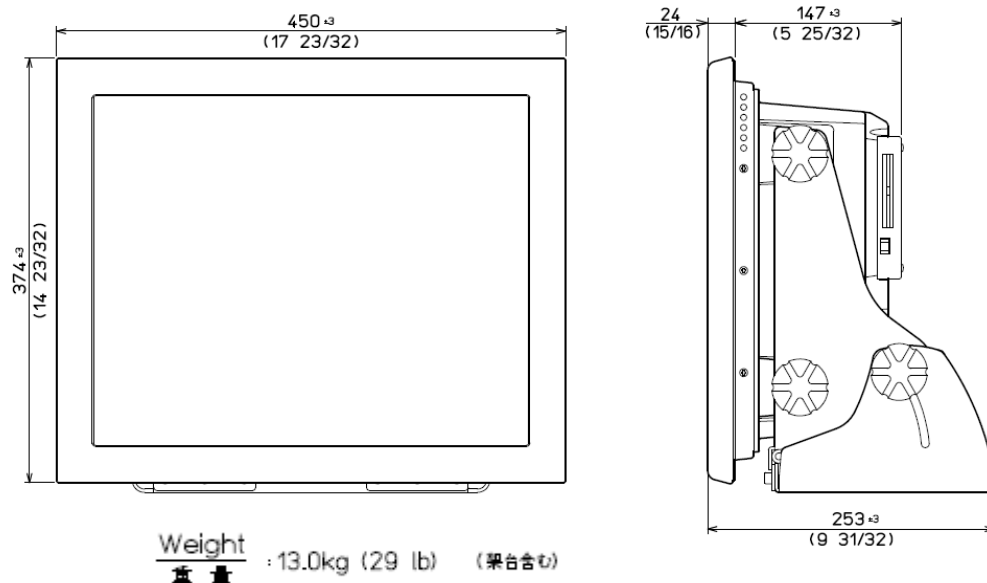
** 96NM is only 25kW.

10.2 Display, Processor and Operation unit

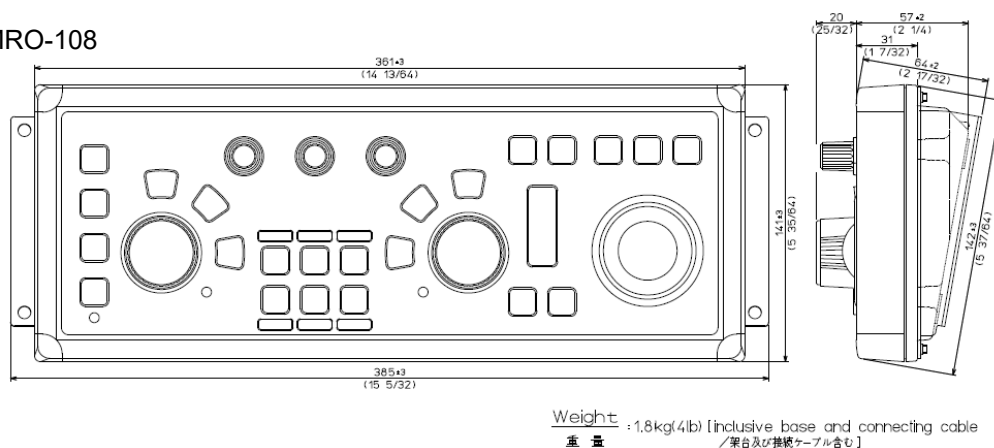
Model name	MDC-7960/7910/7920	MDC-7060/7010/7020
Display unit	MRD-108	---
Processor unit	---	MRM-108
Operation unit	MRO-108	
Display size and type	19 inch color TFT LCD	---
Display Resolution	1280 X 1024 pixels (SXGA)	
Effective diameter	282 mm	---
Viewing distance	1 m	Refer to specification of display.
Frequency band	X-band 9410MHz \pm 30MHz (9380MHz to 9440MHz)	
Speed class	Normal speed class (< 30 knot)	
Echo color	White, Yellow, Green, Multi, User1, User2	
Off-centering	Max. 75%	
Range data accuracy	8m or 1% of range scale selected, whichever is greater	
Range	0.125, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1.5, 3, 6, 12, 24, 32*, 48, 64*, 96** NM *32 NM, 64 NM is for 6kW / 12kW only. (Initial value) **96 NM is for 25kW only. (Initial value)	
Bearing accuracy	$\pm 1^\circ$	
Presentation modes	Head up, North up, and Course up	
Functions	CFAR (Clutter rejection), Interference rejection, Expansion, Process (Residual image, Averaging), VRM, EBL, Parallel index, ERBL, Cursor position (Lat/Lon), Bearing (true/relative), Trail (true/relative), Own ship past track, MAP (Event mark, etc.), RGB Monitor output, VDR output, Inter- switch, Trial manoeuvre, C-map chart	
NMEA Input/output	3 CH (5 CH with JB-35)	
Power supply	21.6 VDC to 41.6 VDC	
Power consumption (at 24 VDC)	MDC-7060/MDC-7960: 130W or less	
	MDC-7010/MDC-7910: 150W or less	
	MDC-7020/MDC-7920: 200W or less	
AIS	1000 targets	
TT (ARPA)	100 targets	
Temperature	-15°C to +55°C	
Water protection	Front panel (MDC-7960/MDC-7910/MDC-7920) and Operation unit: IP23	

10.3 External view and dimensions

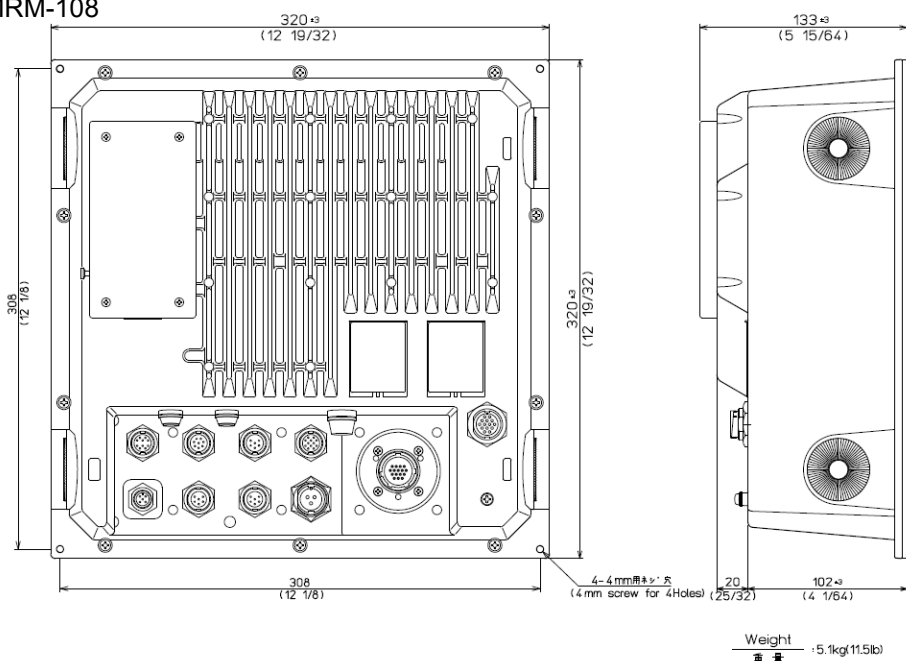
MRD-108



MRO-108

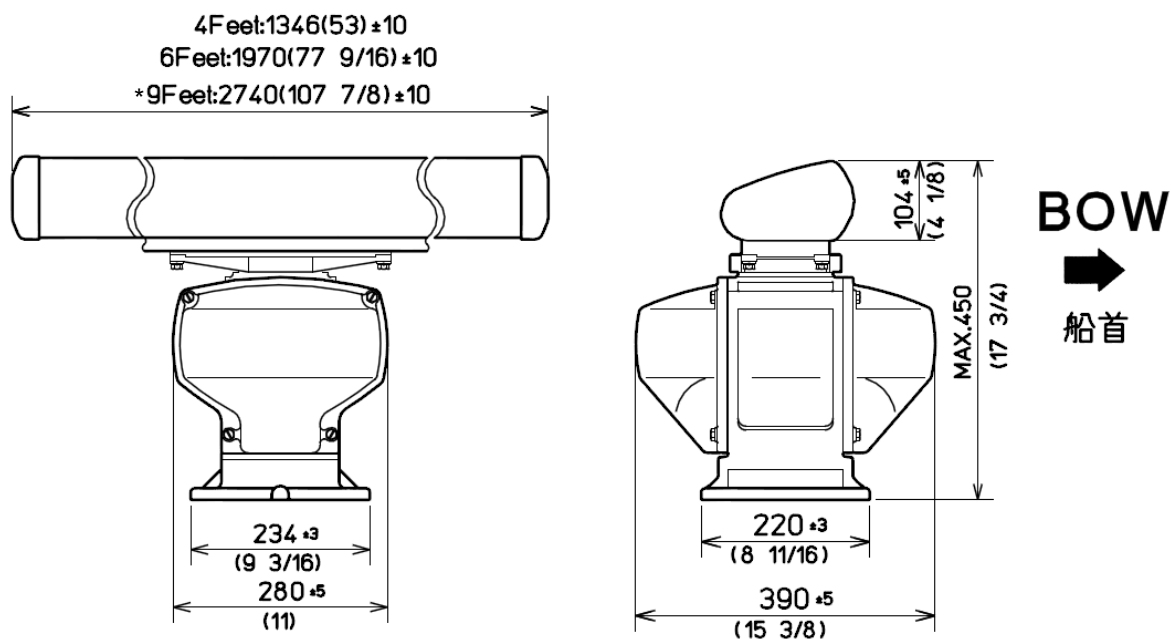


MRM-108



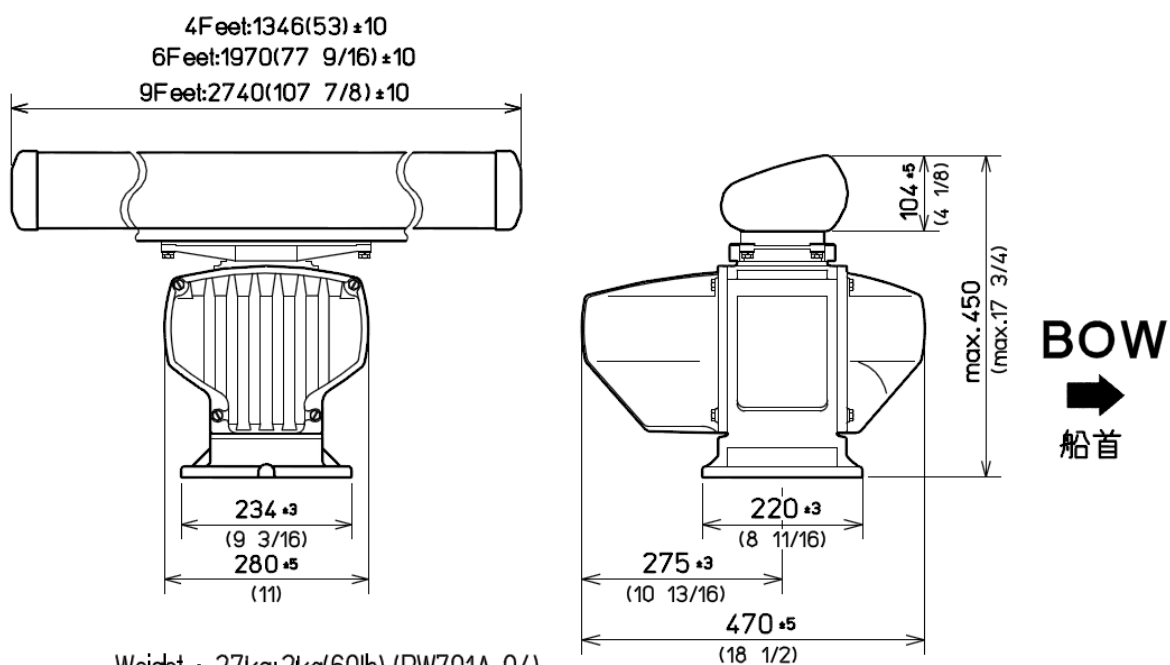
Unit: mm (inch)

RB717A/RB718A



Weight : 23kg/(51lb) . . . 4Feet(RW701A-04)
重量 : 25kg/(56lb) . . . 6Feet(RW701A-06)
29kg/(64lb) . . . 9Feet(RW701B-09*)
*9Feet (RW701B-09): For RB718A only

RB719A




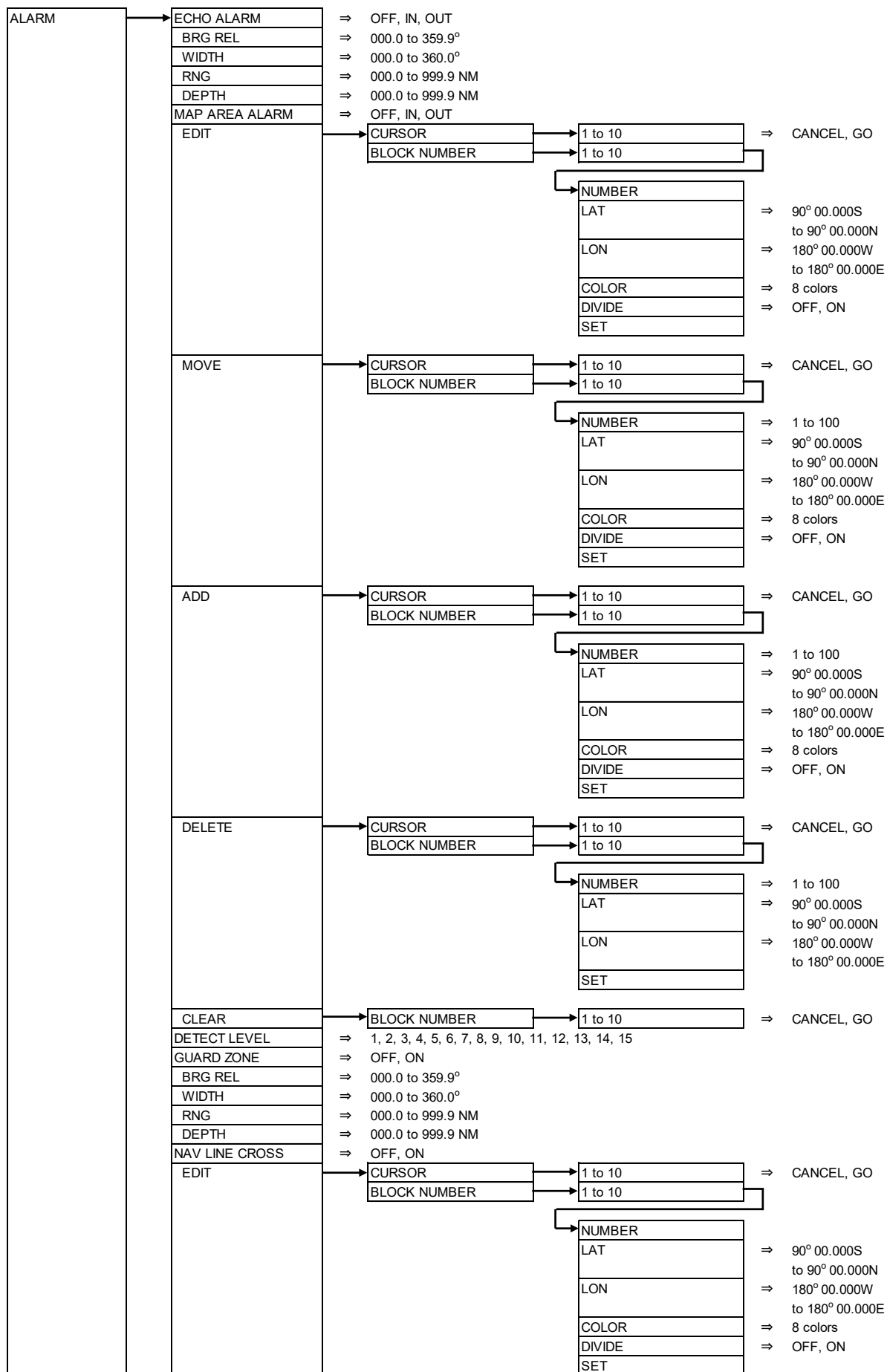
Weight : 27kg±2kg(60lb);(RW701A-04)
29kg±2kg(64lb);(RW701A-06)
33kg±2kg(73lb);(RW701B-09)

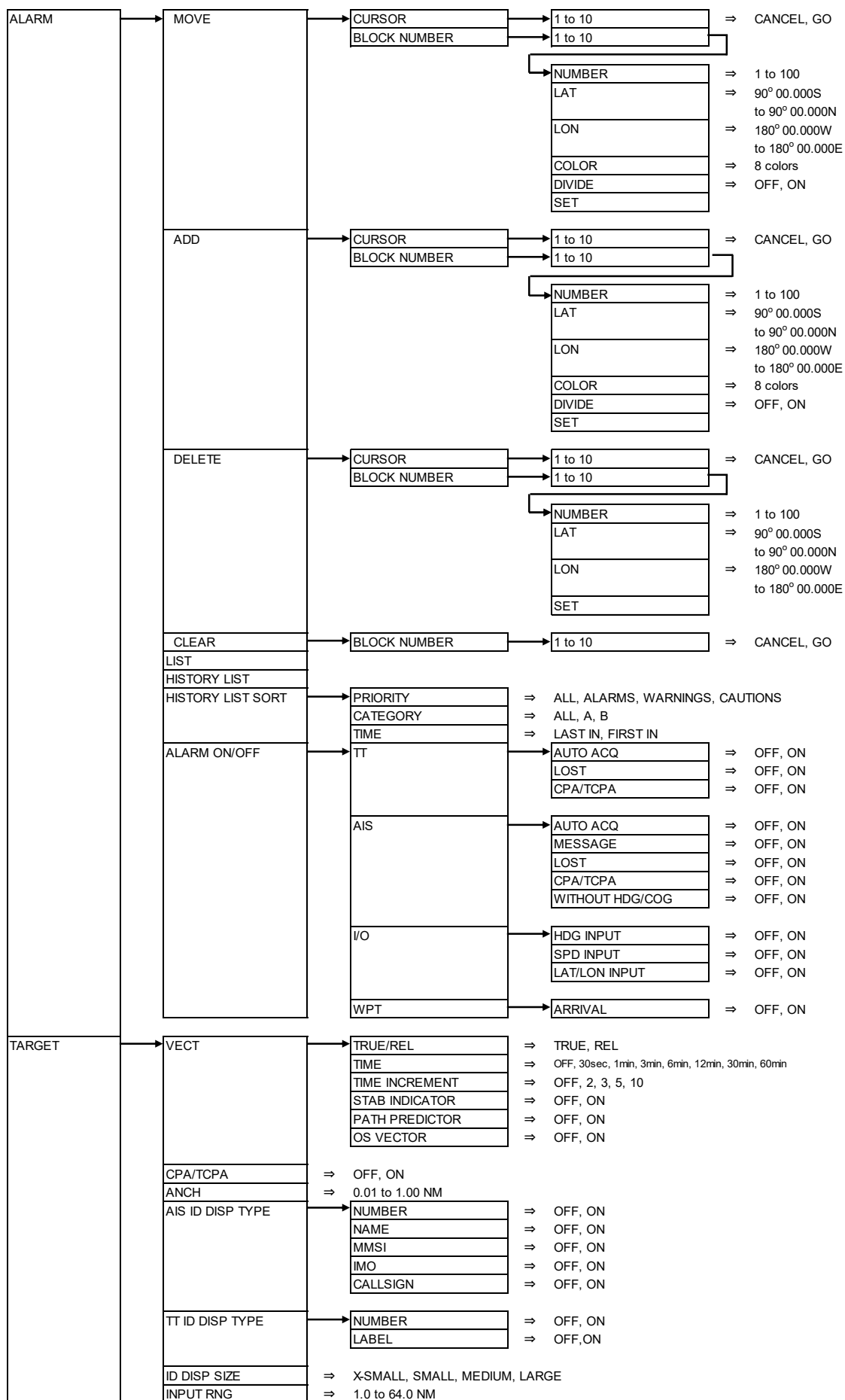
Unit: mm (inch)

Chapter 11 Appendix

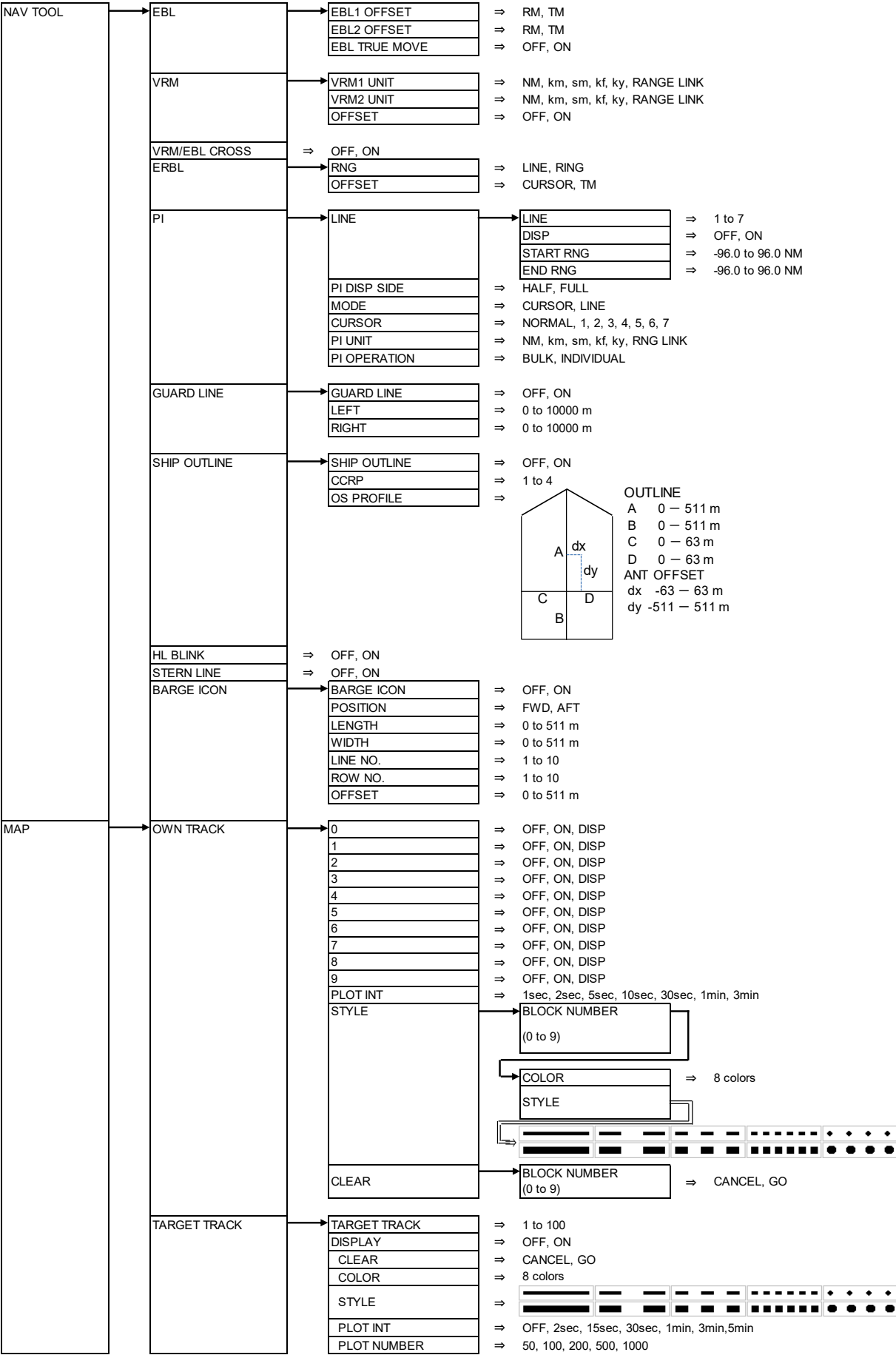
11.1 Menu tree

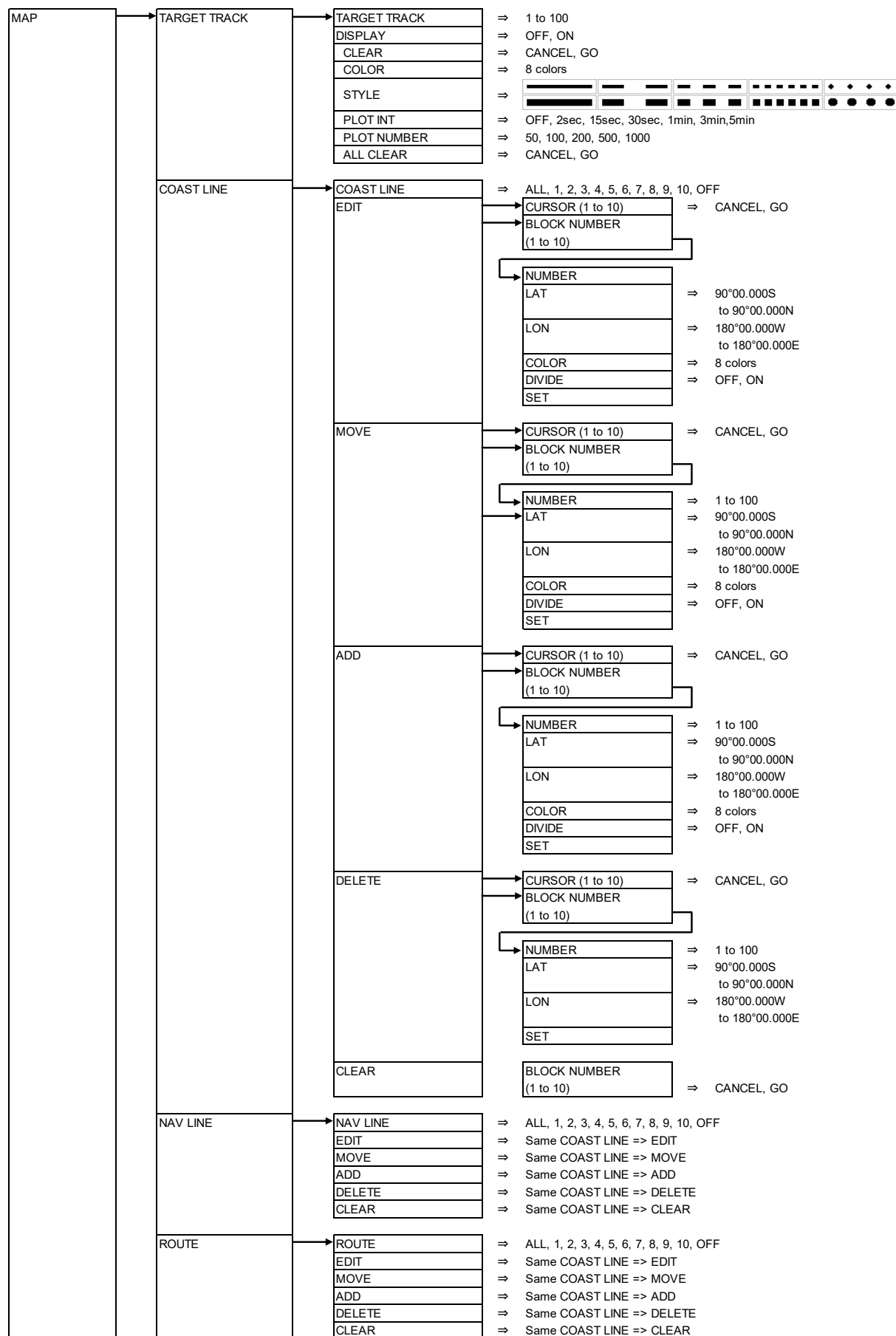
ECHO	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	PICTURE MODE	⇒	PICTURE1, PICTURE2, PICTURE3, NEAR, FAR, HARBOR, ROUGH SEA, RAIN, PURE
		PROCESS	⇒	OFF, C1, C2, C3, A1, A2
		EXPANSION	⇒	OFF, 1, 2, 3, 4
		IR	⇒	OFF, 1, 2, 3
		VIDEO CONTRAST	⇒	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
		NOISE REJ	⇒	OFF, 1, 2
		COLOR REJ	⇒	OFF, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14
		SP/LP	⇒	SP PRIORITY, LP PRIORITY
		PULSE WIDTH	⇒	S1, S2, M1, M2, M3, L1, L2, L3
		SART	⇒	OFF, ON
		PICTURE RESET	⇒	CANCEL, GO
		PICTURE ENABLE	⇒	PICTURE2 ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	PICTURE3 ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	NEAR ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	FAR ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	HARBOR ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	ROUGH SEA ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	RAIN ⇒ OFF, ON
			⇒	PURE ⇒ OFF, ON
TRAIL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	TRUE/REL	⇒	REL, TRUE
		TIME	⇒	OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min, PERM
		SHAPE	⇒	
		TRAIL LEVEL	⇒	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
		CLEAR	⇒	CANCEL, GO
		RANGE KEEP	⇒	OFF, ON
		FIRST IMPRESSION	⇒	OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min
		MARK	⇒	0 to 1440 min
		DITHER	⇒	OFF, ON
		MOVE	⇒	COURSE, POSITION
DISPLAY	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div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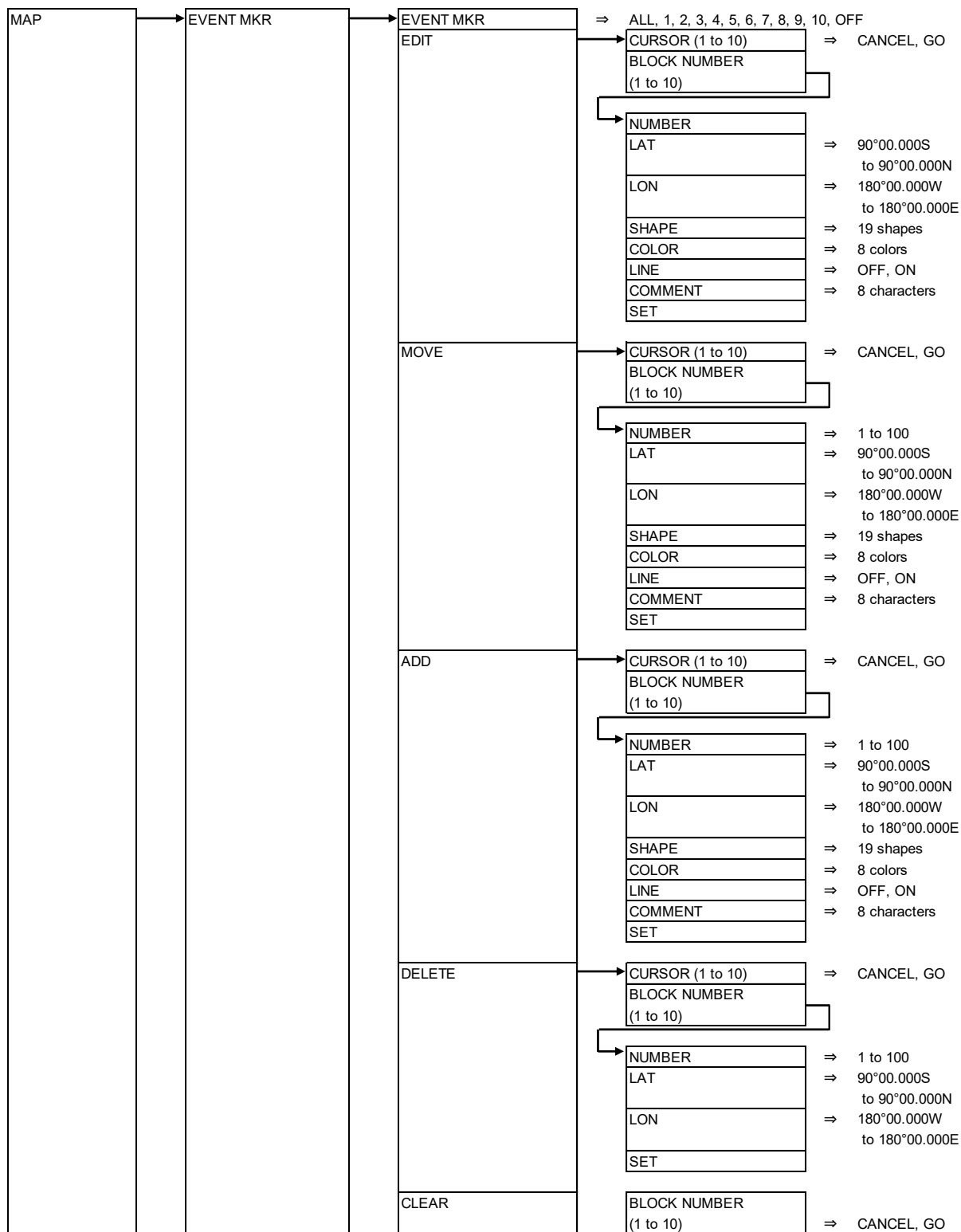




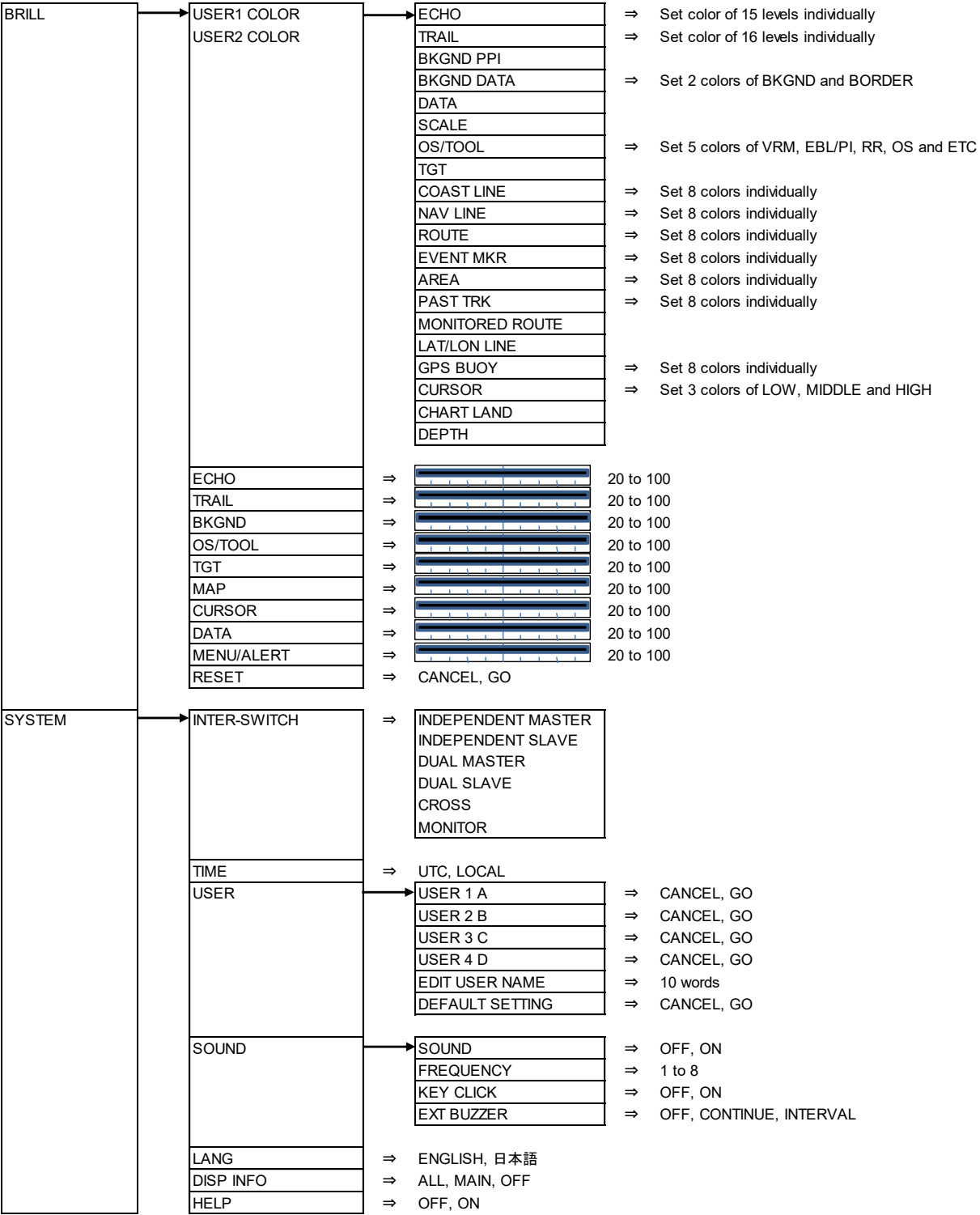


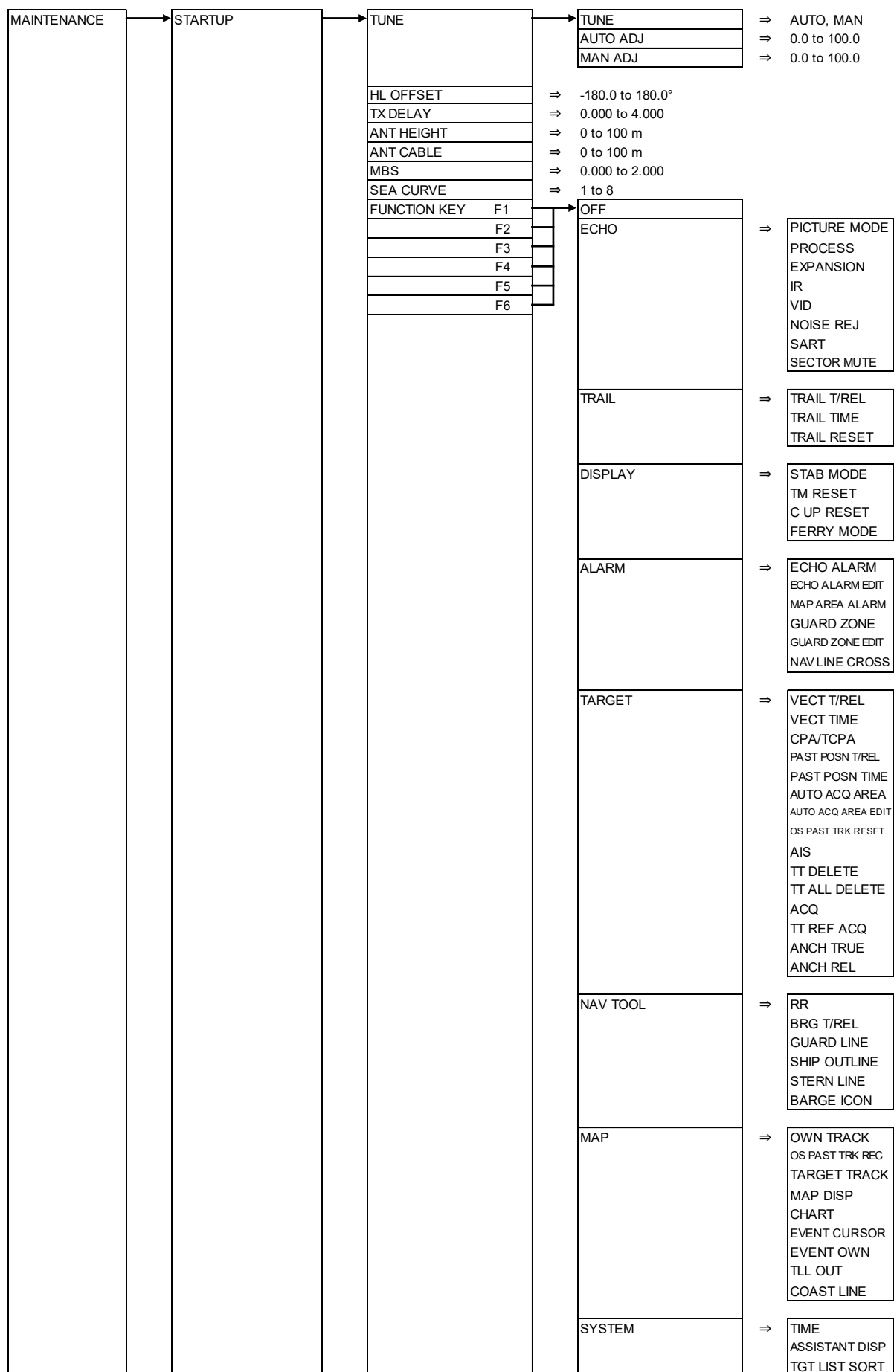


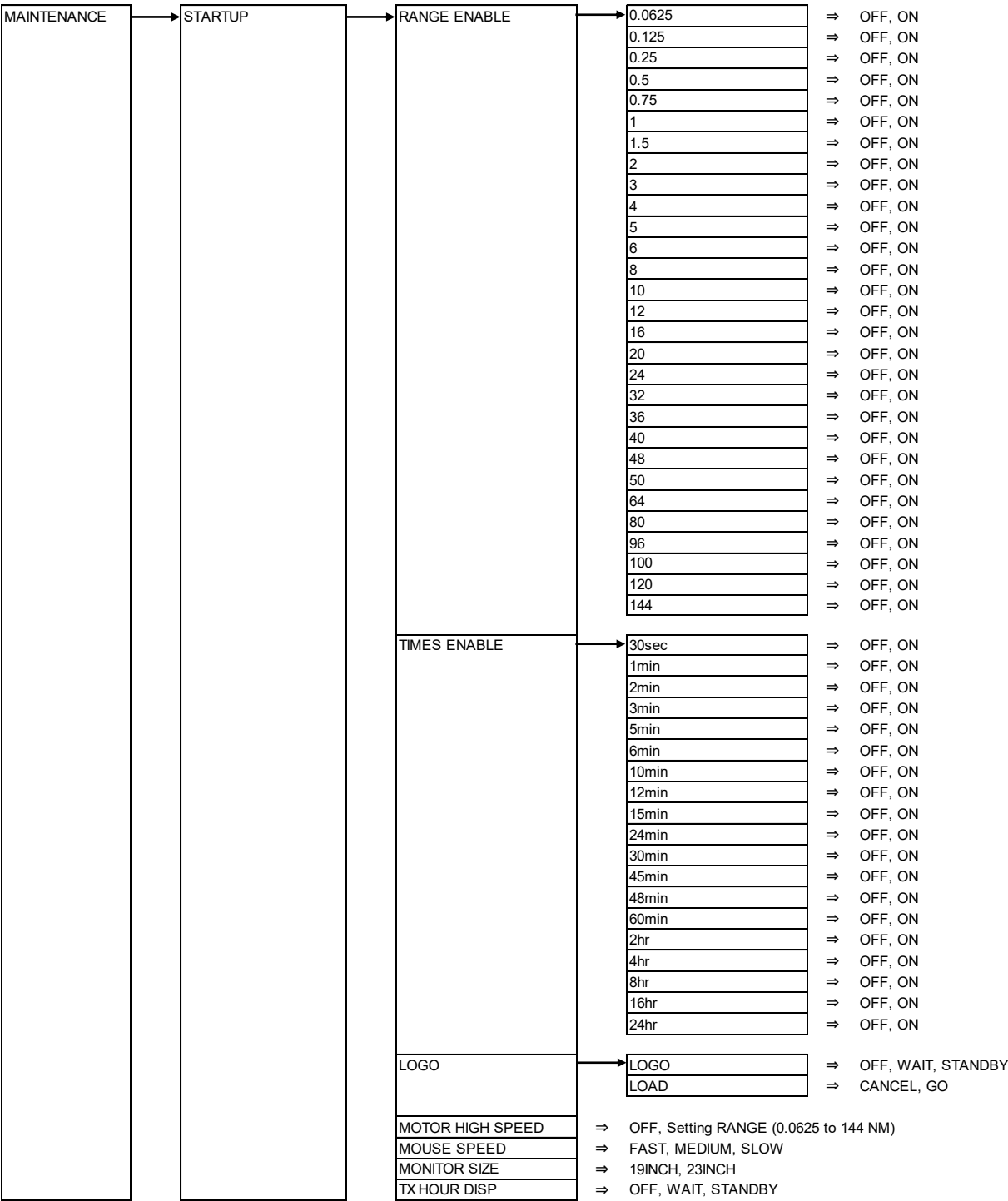


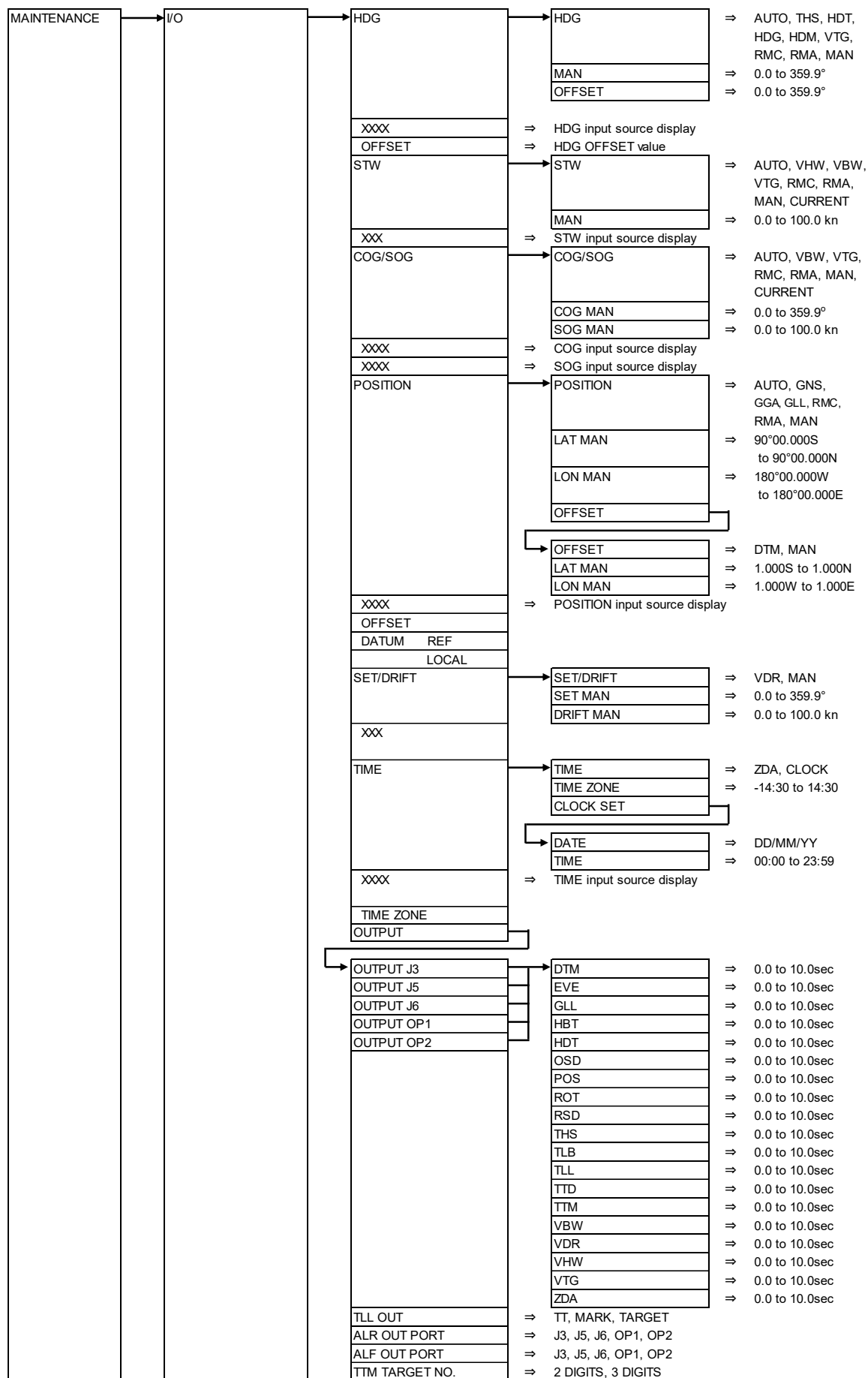


MAP	AREA	AREA	⇒	ALL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, OFF
		EDIT	⇒	Same COAST LINE => EDIT
		MOVE	⇒	Same COAST LINE => MOVE
		ADD	⇒	Same COAST LINE => ADD
		DELETE	⇒	Same COAST LINE => DELETE
		CLEAR	⇒	Same COAST LINE => CLEAR
		MONITORED ROUTE	⇒	OFF, ON
		WPT ID DISP	⇒	OFF, ON
		TARGET TRACK ID	⇒	OFF, ON
		DATUM	⇒	W84, W72, S85, P90, TOY, 999
	GPS BUOY	EDIT USER DATUM	⇒	3 characters
		OFFSET	⇒	DTM, MAN
		MAN OFFSET	⇒	1.000S to 1.000N
			⇒	1.000W to 1.000E
		GPS BUOY	⇒	OFF, ON
		NUM DISP	⇒	OFF, ON
		WAT TEMP DISP	⇒	OFF, ON
		BLOCK NUMBER	⇒	1 to 10
		BLOCK COLOR	⇒	8 colors
		BLOCK CLEAR	⇒	CANCEL, GO
		BLOCK DATA		
	CHART DISP SET	WPT FLAG	⇒	OFF, ON
		LAT/LON LINE	⇒	OFF, ON
		CHART	⇒	OFF, ON
		LAND FILL	⇒	OFF, ON
		PLACE NAME	⇒	OFF, ON
		LIGHTHOUSE	⇒	OFF, ON
		BUOY	⇒	OFF, ON
		FISH HAVEN/WRECK	⇒	OFF, ON
		TRAFFIC ROUTES	⇒	OFF, ON
		CAUTION AREA	⇒	OFF, ON
BRILL	OTHERS	FISHERY	⇒	OFF, ON
		CABLE	⇒	OFF, ON
		ECHO	⇒	WHITE, YELLOW, GREEN, MULTI, USER1, USER2
		TRAIL	⇒	BLUE, BROWN, USER1, USER2
		BKGND PPI	⇒	BLACK, BLUE, USER1, USER2
		BKGND DATA	⇒	BLACK, BLUE, USER1, USER2
		DATA	⇒	WHITE, GREY, USER1, USER2
		SCALE	⇒	NORMAL, DARK, USER1, USER2
		OS/TOOL	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		TGT	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
	DEPTH	COAST LINE	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		NAV LINE	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		ROUTE	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		EVENT MKR	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		AREA	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		PAST TRK	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		MONITORED ROUTE	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		LAT /LON LINE	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		GPS BUOY	⇒	NORMAL, USER1, USER2
		CURSOR	⇒	NORMAL, DARK, USER1, USER2
		CHART LAND	⇒	BROWN, GREEN, LIME, YELLOW, GREY, USER1, USER2
		DEPTH	⇒	WHITE, BLUE, USER1, USER2









MAINTENANCE	I/O	INPUT	BWC, DBT, DPT, DTM, GGA, GLC, GLL, GNS, HBT, HDG, HDM, HDT, MTW, RMA, RMB, RMC, ROT, RTE, THS, VBW, VDR, VHW, VTG, WPL, XTE, ZDA		
			BAUDRATE	J3	⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
				J5	⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
				J6	⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
				OP1	⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
				OP2	⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
		AUTO SETUP		⇒ CANCEL, GO	
		KGC SET	INITIAL	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			BRG CORR	⇒ 0.0 to 359.9°	
		JB-35 SET	JB-35	⇒ OFF, AUTO	
			INITIAL	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
		SERIAL MONITOR	J3	⇒ Monitor	
			J5	⇒ Monitor	
			J6	⇒ Monitor	
			OP1	⇒ Monitor	
			OP2	⇒ Monitor	
			AIS	⇒ Monitor	
			ALL	⇒ Monitor	
	SECTOR MUTE	MUTE	⇒ OFF, ON		
		START	⇒ 0 to 359°		
		END	⇒ 0 to 359°		
		PRESET	RAIN MIN	⇒ 0 to 4095	
	RAIN MAX		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	SEA MIN		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	SEA MAX		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	GAIN MIN		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	GAIN MAX		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	GAIN OFFSET		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	SEA OFFSET		⇒ 0 to 4095		
	BACKUP	SETUP LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO		
		SETUP SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO		
		SD CARD	SETUP LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			SETUP SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			MARK LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			MARK SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			TGT TRACK LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			TGT TRACK SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
			OWN TRACK LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO	
		OWN TRACK SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO		
		PARAMETER RESET	⇒ CANCEL, GO		
MAP/PAST RESET		⇒ CANCEL, GO			
BITE	ALARM TEST	⇒ OFF, ON			
	PANEL TEST	⇒ Panel test			
	DIAGNOSE TT	⇒ TT status			
	DIAGNOSE AIS	⇒ AIS status			
	SERIAL MONITOR	J3	⇒ Monitor		
		J5	⇒ Monitor		
		J6	⇒ Monitor		
		OP1	⇒ Monitor		
		OP2	⇒ Monitor		
		AIS	⇒ Monitor		
ALL	⇒ Monitor				
ANT MONITOR	⇒ ANT status monitor				
CARD	⇒ SD CARD 1 (Backup) status SD CARD 2 (Backup) status				
TOTAL HOUR	⇒ CANCEL, RESET				
TX HOUR	⇒ CANCEL, RESET				
MENU SETUP	⇒ CANCEL, GO				
VERSION	⇒ MRD/MRM-108 KM-F44 xx.xx MRO-108 KM-F45 yy.yy				

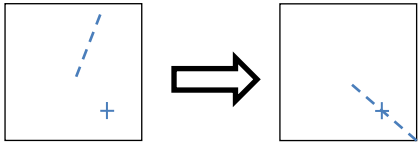
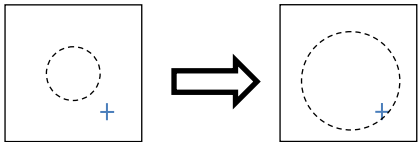
11.2 Special key operations

There are special key operations about the **OFF** key as follows.

1. Return the cursor to reference point position.
2. Delete TT target.
3. Delete event mark.
4. EBL rotates to cursor direction.
5. VRM adjusts to cursor position.
6. Return all PI lines to original position. (Initialize)

Press the applicable key while pressing **OFF** key.

Note: Make sure not to press two keys at the same time.

No.	Key operation	Function
1	OFF key + ENT key	Return the cursor to reference point position.
2	OFF key + ACQ key (Move cursor to a TT (ARPA) target to be deleted. And press ACQ key while pressing OFF key.)	Delete TT target. (Refer to 4.3 TT (ARPA) "Delete TT target")
3	OFF key + Function key which [EVENT CURSOR] function is registered with (F1 , F2 , F3 , F4 , F5 or F6) (Move cursor to an event mark to be deleted. And press Function key while pressing OFF key.)	Delete event mark. (Refer to 6.7 EVENT MKR)
4	OFF key + EBL1 or EBL2 key	Rotate EBL to cursor direction. 
5	OFF key + VRM1 or VRM2 key	Adjust VRM to cursor position. 
6	OFF key + VRM knob (PI lines displayed)	Return all PI lines to original position.

Note : While **OFF** key is pressed, HL, MAP data and other navigation data are disappeared.

But the above special key operation works normally.

Other special key operations

1. The menu being setup to Function key is displayed.
2. Start target track.
3. Finish target track.
4. After initialized, and power off.

No.	Key operation	Function
1	Long press the Function key to be registered. (F1 , F2 , F3 , F4 , F5 or F6) (Shortcut method to setup of Function keys)	The menu being setup to Function key is displayed. (Refer to 2.21 Function key usage)
2	Move cursor to AIS or TT (ARPA) target to display track. And press ACQ key while pressing ENT key.	Start target track. (Refer to 6.3 Target track past position display)
3	Move cursor to AIS or TT (ARPA) target to track off, and press OFF key.	Finish target track. (Refer to 6.3 Target track past position display)
4	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> MENU + ENT key (Long press) </div> + Power ON After message of "INITIALIZING" appears, release the keys.	After initialized, and power off. Note: MAP, TOTAL HOUR and TX HOUR are not initialized. (Refer to 7.9 BACKUP of Setup data "Parameter reset")

Check sum: All the data from \$ to the check sum position * is calculated by exclusive-OR operation and used as checksum.

THS	True heading and status
	<p>\$ = THS, x.x, a*hh<CR><LF></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p> </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p> </p> <p>Check sum</p> <p>Mode indicator*</p> <p>Heading, degrees true</p> </div> <div style="text-align: left;"> <p>Note* mode indicator</p> <p>A=Autonomous valid</p> <p>E=Estimated invalid</p> <p>M=Manual input invalid</p> <p>S=Simulator mode invalid</p> <p>V=Data not valid invalid</p> </div> </div>

HDT	Heading true
	<p>\$ = HDT, <u>x.x</u>, T*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">Heading, degrees true Check sum</p> <p>Note for IMO mode</p> <p>II, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

HDG	Heading, deviation and variation
	<p>\$ -- HDG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, E/W, *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Magnetic sensor heading, degrees Magnetic variation, degrees Magnetic variation, degrees Check sum </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

HDM	Heading Magnetic
	<p>\$ -- HDM, <u>x.x</u>, M*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Heading, degrees magnetic Check sum</p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed
	<p>\$ - VTG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid Speed over ground, km/h Speed over ground, knots Course over ground, degrees magnetic Course over ground, degrees true </p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>,, , , , ,</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> UTC of position fix Latitude, N/S Longitude, E/W Status, A=Valid V=Invalid Not used Check sum Navigation status S=Safe C=Caution Mode indicator A/D/P/R/F=Valid U=Unsafe E/M/S/N=Invalid V=Not valid </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

RMA	Recommended minimum specific LORAN-C data
	<p>\$ -- RMA, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Latitude, degrees N/S Longitude, degrees E/W Status, A=data valid, V=blink, cycle or SNR Not used Not used Check sum Mode indicator, A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid Course over ground, degrees true Speed over ground, knots </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

Speed

VBW	Dual ground/water speed
	<p>\$ = VBW, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> These fields are not used Status ground speed, A=Valid, V=Invalid Transverse ground speed, knots Longitudinal ground speed, knots Status water speed, A=Valid, Invalid Transverse waterspeed, knots Longitudinal water speed, knots Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted. </p>

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed
	<p>\$ = VTG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Course over ground, degrees true Course over ground, degrees magnetic Speed over ground, knots Speed over ground, km/h Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid Check sum </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>

VHW	Water speed and heading
	<p>\$ = VHW, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Heading, degrees true Heading, degrees magnetic Speed, knots Speed, km/h Check sum </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>

VDR	Set and drift
	\$ - VDR, <u>x.x</u> , <u>I</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>M</u> , <u>x.x</u> , N* <u>hh</u> <CR><LF>
	<div style="margin-left: 100px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">—</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">Direction, degrees true</div> </div> <div style="margin-left: 180px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">—</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">Direction, degrees magnetic</div> </div> <div style="margin-left: 260px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">—</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">Current speed, knots</div> </div> <div style="margin-left: 340px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">Check sum</div> </div>

ZDA	Time and date
	<p>\$ -- ZDA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xxxx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> UTC Check sum </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Local zone minutes (00 to +59) </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Local zone hours (00 h to +/-13 h) </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Year (UTC) </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Month , 01 to 12 (UTC) </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Day, 01 to 31 (UTC) </p>

Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.

Note for IMO mode
II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.

Latitude/Longitude

GLL	Geographic position – Latitude/longitude
	<p>\$ = GLL, IIII.II, N/S, yyyyyy.yy, E/W, hhmmss.ss, A, a*hh<CR><LF></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> Note for IMO mode II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN and LC are accepted. </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Status A: Data valid V: Data invalid </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Note* Mode indicator A=Autonomous (Valid) D=Differential (Valid) E=Estimated (Invalid) M=Manual input (Invalid) S=Simulator (Invalid) N=Data not valid </div> </div>

GGA	Global positioning system (GPS) fix data
	<p>\$ -- GGA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>a</u>, , , , , , <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>UTC of position Latitude Longitude GPS quality indicator Check sum</p> <p>These field is not used.</p> <p>GPS quality indicator 1/2/3/4/5=Valid, 0/6/7/8=Invalid</p> <p>0=Fix not invalid or invalid 5=Float RTK</p> <p>1=GPS SPS mode 6=Estimated mode</p> <p>2=Differential GPS, SPS mode 7=Manual input mode</p> <p>3=GPS PPS mode 8=Simulator mode</p> <p>4=Real time Kinematic</p> <p>Note for IMO mode ll, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

GNS	GNSS fix data
	<p>\$ -- GNS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>c--c</u>, , , , , , <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Not used Latitude N/S Longitude E/W Mode indicator Check sum</p> <p>Navigation status indicator</p> <p>S=Safe</p> <p>C=Caution</p> <p>U=Unsafe</p> <p>V=Navigational status not used</p> <p>Note for IMO mode GN, GP, GL and GA are accepted.</p> <p>A/D/P/R/F=Valid</p> <p>E/M/S/N=Invalid</p> <p>GN, GP: first character</p> <p>GL: second character</p> <p>GA: third character</p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, , , , , , <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>UTC of position fix Latitude, N/S Longitude, E/W Not used Check sum</p> <p>Status, A=Valid V=Invalid Navigation status S=Safe</p> <p>Mode indicator C=Caution</p> <p>A/D/P/R/F=Valid U=Unsafe</p> <p>E/M/S/N=Invalid V=Not valid</p>

RMA	Recommended minimum specific LORAN-C data
	<p>\$ -- RMA, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Latitude, degrees N/S Longitude, degrees E/W Not used Check sum</p> <p>Status, A=data valid, Course over ground, degrees true</p> <p>V=blink, cycle or SNR Speed over ground, knots</p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

Datum

DTM	Datum reference																				
	<div>\$ -- DTM, <u>ccc</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>ccc</u> <u>*hh</u><CR><LF></div> <div><div><div>Local datum</div><div>Local datum subdivision code</div><div>Lat offset min, N/S</div><div>Lon offset min, E/W</div><div>Altitude offset, m</div><div>Reference datum</div><div>Check sum</div></div><div><table><tr><th></th><th>Reference datum</th><th>Local datum</th></tr><tr><td>WGS84</td><td>W84</td><td>W84</td></tr><tr><td>WGS72</td><td>W72</td><td>W72</td></tr><tr><td>SGS85</td><td>S85</td><td>S85</td></tr><tr><td>PE90</td><td>P90</td><td>P90</td></tr><tr><td>User defined</td><td>-</td><td>999</td></tr></table></div></div>				Reference datum	Local datum	WGS84	W84	W84	WGS72	W72	W72	SGS85	S85	S85	PE90	P90	P90	User defined	-	999
	Reference datum	Local datum																			
WGS84	W84	W84																			
WGS72	W72	W72																			
SGS85	S85	S85																			
PE90	P90	P90																			
User defined	-	999																			

Alarm and alert handling

ALF	Alert sentence
	<p>\$ -- ALF, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Time of last change Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 2 Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2</p> <p>Alert category, A, B or C Alert priority, E, A, W or C* Alert state, A, S, N, O, U or V** Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Revision counter, 1 to 99 Escalation counter, 0 to 9 Alert text Check sum</p> <p>Note* Alert priority E=Emergency Alarm (for use with Bridge Alert Management) A=Alarm W:Warning C=Caution</p> <p>Note** Alert state V=Active-Unacknowledge S=Active-Silenced A=Active-Acknowledge or active O=Active-Responsibility transferred U=Rectified-Unacknowledge N=Normal</p>

ALC	Cyclic alert list
	<p>\$ -- ALC, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>.....</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Check sum Additional Alert entries Revision counter Alert entry 1 Alert instance Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Number of alert entries Sequential message identifier, 00 to 99 Sentence number, 01 to 99 Total number of sentences for this message, 01 to 99</p>

ARC	Alert command refused
	<p>\$ -- ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Release time Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S* Check sum</p> <p>Note* A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence</p>

ALR	Set alarm state
	<p>\$ -- ALR, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Time of alarm condition change, UTC Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded) Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledged V=unacknowledged Alarm's description text Check sum</p>

ACN	Alert command
	<p>\$ -- ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>, <u>a</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Release time Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert command, A, Q, O or S* Sentence status flag: "C" Check sum</p> <p>Note* Alert command A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence</p>

ACK	Acknowledge alarm
	<p>\$ -- ACK, <u>xxx</u> <u>*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Check sum</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source</p>

Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	<p>\$ -- HBT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Configured repeat interval Sequential sentence identifier Check sum</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Equipment status A=Yes, V=No</p>

AIS target and own ship information

VDM	AIS VHF data-link message
	<p>! -- VDM, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Sentence number, 1 to 9 AIS channel (A/B) Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields) Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Check sum</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9</p>

VDO	AIS VHF data-link own-vessel report
	<p>! -- VDO, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Sentence number, 1 to 9 AIS channel (A/B) Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields) Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Check sum</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9</p>

Waypoint Latitude/Longitude, ID

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid </p> <p> Not used Direction to steer L/R Cross track error </p> <p> Destination w aypoint longitude, E/W Destination w aypoint latitude, N/S Destination w aypoint ID </p> <p> Not used Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid </p> <p> Bearing to destination, degrees natical miles Range to destination, nautical miles </p>

BWC	Bearing and distance to waypoint – Great circle
	<p>\$ -- BWC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> UTC of observation Waypoint latitude N/S Waypoint longitude E/W </p> <p> Note* Mode indicator A/D=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator* Waypoint ID Distance, nautical miles Bearing, digrees magnetic Bearing, digrees true </p>

RTE	Routes
	<p>\$ -- RTE, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>.....</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Sentence number Total number of sentences Route identifier Message mode C=complete route, all w aypoints W=w orking route, first listed w aypoint is "FROM" second is "TO" and remaining are rest of route Waypoint identifiere (FROM, TO) Additional w aypoint identifiers w aypoint "n" identifier Check sum </p>

WPL	Waypoint location
	<p>\$ -- WPL, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Waypoint latitude, N/S Waypoint longitude, E/W Waypoint identifier Check sum </p>

Waypoint Bearing/Distance

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Direction to steer L/R </p> <p> Cross track error </p> <p> Destination waypoint longitude, E/W </p> <p> Destination waypoint latitude, N/S </p> <p> Destination waypoint ID </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid </p> <p> Bearing to destination, degrees nautical miles </p> <p> Range to destination, nautical miles </p>

BWC	Bearing and distance to waypoint – Great circle
	<p>\$ -- BWC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, T, <u>x.x</u>, M, <u>x.x</u>, N, <u>c--c</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> UTC of observation </p> <p> Waypoint latitude N/S </p> <p> Waypoint longitude E/W </p> <p> Note* Mode indicator A/D=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p> Bearing, digrees true </p> <p> Distance, nautical miles </p> <p> Waypoint ID </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator* </p>

Cross-track error, measured

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Direction to steer L/R </p> <p> Cross track error </p> <p> Destination waypoint longitude, E/W </p> <p> Destination waypoint latitude, N/S </p> <p> Destination waypoint ID </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid </p> <p> Bearing to destination, degrees nautical miles </p> <p> Range to destination, nautical miles </p>

XTE	Cross-track error, measured
	<p>\$ -- XTE, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, N, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p> Direction to steer, L/R </p> <p> Magnitude of cross-track error </p> <p> Status: A=data valid, V=LORAN-C cycle lock warning flag </p> <p> Status: A=data valid, V=invalid </p>

[illegible]

WPL	Waypoint location
	<p>\$ – WPL, <u>lll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>c-c</u> *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Waypoint latitude, N/S Waypoint longitude, E/W Waypoint identifier Check sum </p>

DPT	Depth
	<p>\$ - DPT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>*hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Water depth relative to the transducer, in metres Offset from transducer, in metres Maximum range scale in use Check sum </p>

DBT	Depth below transducer
	\$ -- DBT, <u>x.x</u> , f, <u>x.x</u> , M, <u>x.x</u> , F * <u>hh</u> <CR><LF>
	<div style="margin-left: 100px;"> </div> <div style="margin-left: 180px;"> </div> <div style="margin-left: 260px;"> </div> <div style="margin-left: 340px;"> </div> <div style="margin-left: 420px;">Check sum</div> <div style="margin-left: 370px;">Water depth, fathoms</div> <div style="margin-left: 300px;">Water depth, m</div> <div style="margin-left: 250px;">Water depth, feet</div>

MTW	Water temperature
	<p>\$ - MTW, <u>x.x, C</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Temperature, degrees C Check sum</p>

Loran-C position (LOP)

GLC	Geographic Position Loran-C
	<p>\$ -- GLC, xxxx, x.x, a, <u>x.x</u>, a, <u>x.x</u>, a, <u>x.x</u>, a, <u>x.x</u>, a, <u>x.x</u>, a *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> TD1 TD2 TD3 TD4 TD5 Check sum </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> These fields are not used. status* status* status* status* status* </p> <p>Note: When only two TD data are effective, TD data is displayed.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"> Note*: Status A=Valid B=Blink warning C=Cycle warning S=SNR warning </p>

Wind

MWD	Wind direction and speed
	<p>\$ -- MWD, <u>x.x</u>, T, <u>x.x</u>, M, <u>x.x</u>, N, <u>x.x</u>, M, *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Wind direction, 0° to 359° true Wind direction, 0° to 359° magnetic Wind speed, knots Wind speed, m/s Check sum </p>

ROT

ROT	Rate of turn
	<p>\$ -- ROT, <u>x.x</u>, A, *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Rate of turn, °/min Check sum </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Status, A=Valid V=Invalid "-" bow turns to port </p>

GNSS satellite fault detection

GBS	GNSS satellite fault detection
	<p>\$ -- GBS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, xx, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, h, h *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> This field is not used. Expected error in longitude Expected error in latitude Check sum </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> These fields are not used. </p>

Data standard name: IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2

Target data of the automatic tracking unit is provided via data connectors (NAV/EPFS/SDME) on the back panel.

TTD	Tracked target data
	<p>! RATTD, <u>hh</u>, <u>hh</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Check sum Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Encapsulated tracked target data Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Hex sentence number, 01 to FF Total hex number of sentences needed to transfer the message. 01 to FF </p>

TLB	Target label
	<p>\$ RATLB, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c--c</u>, ...<u>x.x</u>, <u>c--c</u> *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Check sum Additional label pairs (x.x, c--c)</p> <p style="margin-left: 10%;">Label assigned to target 'n'</p> <p style="margin-left: 10%;">Target number 'n' reported by the device</p>

TTM	Tracked target message
	<p>\$ RATTM, <u>xx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>I</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>I</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>*hh<CR><LF></u></p> <p> Target distance from own ship Target number, 00 to 99 Bearing from own ship, degrees true </p> <p> Target course, degrees true Target speed </p> <p> Time to CPA (min) Distance of closest point-of-approach </p> <p> Speed/distance units, N Target label </p> <p> Reference target=R, null otherwise Target status L=Lost Q=Query T=Tracking </p> <p> UTC </p> <p> Type of acquisition A=Automatic M=Manual R=Recorded </p> <p> Check sum </p>

11.5 Details of the radar data output

Data standard name: IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2

Own ship data and radar system data are provided via data connectors (NAV/EPFS/SDME) on the back panel.

Radar system data

RSD	Radar system data
	<pre>\$ -- RSD, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, a, a*hh<CR><LF></pre> <p> x.x: Origin 1 Range x.x: Origin1 Bearing x.x: EBL1 Bearing x.x: VRM1 Bearing x.x: Origin2 Range x.x: EBL2 Bearing x.x: VRM2 Bearing x.x: Origin2 Bearing x.x: Cursor range x.x: Cursor Bearing x.x: Display Range a: Range unit a*hh: Check sum hh: Display mode </p> <p> C=Course up H=Head up N=North up K=km/h N=NM S=SM/h </p>

Own ship data

OSD	Own ship data
	<pre>\$RAOSD, x.x, A, x.x, a, x.x, a, x.x, x.x, a*hh<CR><LF></pre> <p> x.x: Heading, degrees true A: Heading status, A=data valid, V=data in valid x.x: Vessel course, degrees true a: Course reference, B/M/W/R/P* x.x: Vessel speed a: Speed reference, B/M/W/R/P* x.x: Vessel set, degrees true x.x: Vessel drift (speed) a*hh: Check sum </p> <p> Note* Reference B=Bottom tracking log M=Manually entered W=Water referenced R=Radar tracking (or fixed target) P=Positioning system ground reference </p> <p> Speed unit, K=km/h, N=knots, S=statute miles/h </p>

Alarm

ALF	Alert sentence
	<pre>\$ -- ALF, x, x, x, hhmmss.ss, a, a, a, aaa, x.x, x.x, x.x, x, c--c *hh<CR><LF></pre> <p> x: Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2 x: Sentence number, 1 to 2 x: Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 hhmmss.ss: Time of last change a: Alert state, A, S, N, O, U or V** a: Alert priority, E, A, W or C* a: Alert category, A, B or C aaa: Manufacturer mnemonic code x.x: Alert instance, 1 to 999999 x.x: Revision counter, 1 to 99 x: Escalation counter, 0 to 9 c--c: Alert text *hh: Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert priority E=Emergency Alarm (for use with Bridge Alert Management) A=Alarm W=Warning C=Caution </p> <p> Note** Alert state V=Active-Unacknowledge S=Active-Silenced A=Active-Acknowledge or active O=Active-Responsibility transferred U=Rectified-Unacknowledge N=Normal </p>

ARC	Alert command refused
	<p>\$ -- ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>X.X</u>, <u>X.X</u>, <u>c</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Release time Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert identifier Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Check sum Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S* </p> <p>Note*</p> <p>A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence</p>

ALR	Set alarm state
	<p>\$ -- ALR, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Time of alarm condition change, UTC Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded) Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledged Alarm's description text Check sum V=unacknowledged </p>

ACN	Alert command
	<p>\$ -- ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>X.X</u>, <u>X.X</u>, <u>c</u>, <u>a</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Release time manufacture mnemonic code Alert identifier Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert command, A, Q, O or S* Sentence status flag: "C" Check sum </p> <p>Note* Alert command A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence</p>

ACK	Acknowledge alarm
	<p>\$ -- ACK, <u>xxx</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source Check sum </p>

Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	<div>\$ -- HBT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></div> <div><div>Configured repeat interval</div><div>Equipment status A=Yes, V=No</div><div>Sequential sentence identifier</div><div>Check sum</div></div>

Activity information

EVE	General event message
	<div>\$ -- EVE, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>c-c*hh</u><CR><LF></div> <div><div>Event time</div><div>Tag code used for identification of source of event</div><div>Event description</div><div>Check sum</div></div>

11.6 Interface specification

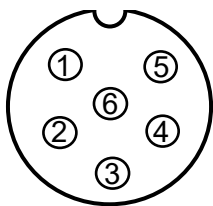
11.5.1 NAV and EPFS serial data input/output specification

Input connector: J3 and J5
Connector used: BD-06PMMP-LC7001
Connector acceptable: BD-06BFFA-LL6001

Data connector pin assignment

J3 and J5	
Pin number	Signal name
1	Shield
2	OUT-A
3	OUT-B
4	IN-A
5	IN-B
6	+12V

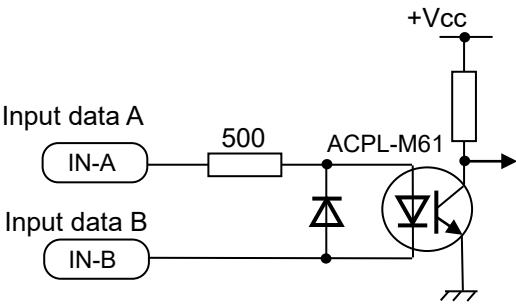
J3 and J5
Data connector pin assignment
(Display unit upper view)



Note: +12V of pin no.6 is used for power supply of Junction box JB-35 or other device

Serial data input (Listener):

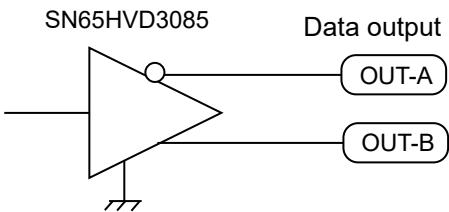
Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is acceptable.
Input load: 500 Ohm
Circuit configuration: Photo coupler
Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Serial data input circuit

Serial data output (Talker):

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is transmittable.
Circuit configuration: RS422 driver IC
Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)

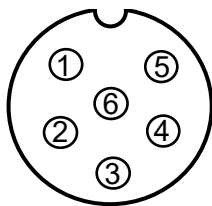


Serial data output circuit

11.5.2 SDME serial data input/output specification

Input connector: J6
Connector used: BD-06PMMP-LC7001
Connector acceptable: BD-06BFFA-LL6001

J6
Data connector pin assignment
(Display unit upper view)

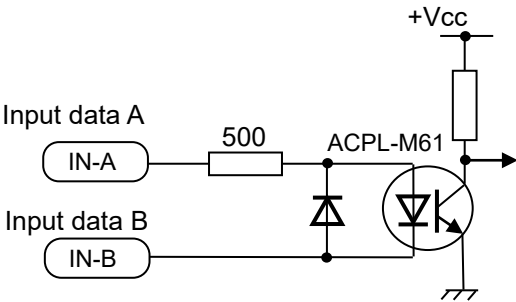


Data connector pin assignment

J6	
Pin number	Signal name
1	Shield
2	OUT-A
3	OUT-B
4	IN-A
5	IN-B
6	NC

Serial data input (Listener):

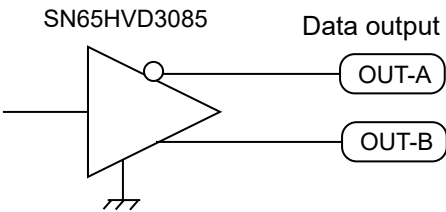
Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is acceptable.
Input load: 500 Ohm
Circuit configuration: Photo coupler
Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Serial data input circuit

Serial data output (Talker):

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is transmittable.
Circuit configuration: RS422 driver IC
Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



Serial data output circuit

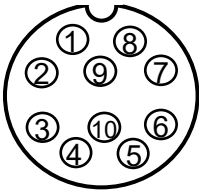
11.5.3 VDR (external monitor) and Alarm output signal specification

Output connector name: VDR & Alarm
Connector used: BU-10PMMP-LC7001
Connector acceptable: BU-10BFFA-LL7001
Pin location is shown below.

External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	RVD
2	R-GND
3	GVD
4	G-GND
5	BVD
6	B-GND
7	H-SYNC
8	V-SYNC
9	ALARM
10	ALARM

J1
External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment
(Display unit upper view)

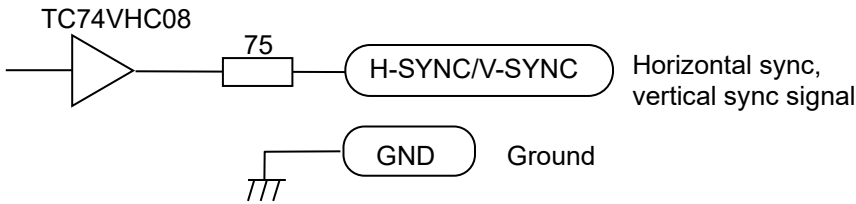


Signal specification
This RGB output is compliant with the image test defined in the VDR test standard IEC61996.
VDR output cannot be deactivated by the user.

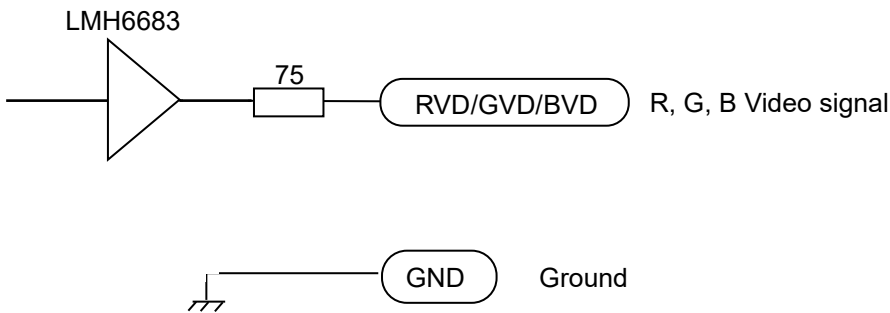
Signal name	Frequency	Polarity	Signal width	Level	Impedance
Horizontal sync signal (H-SYNC)	63.981 kHz	Negative	1.037 μs	TTL	200 Ω
Vertical sync signal (V-SYNC)	60.0 Hz	Negative	47 μs	TTL	200 Ω
R, G, B Video signal	-	Positive	-	0.7 V p-p	75 Ω
Alarm output	-	-	Contact*	-	Capacity 1A

* Alarm contact will close in case of failure.

Circuit for horizontal sync, vertical sync signal output

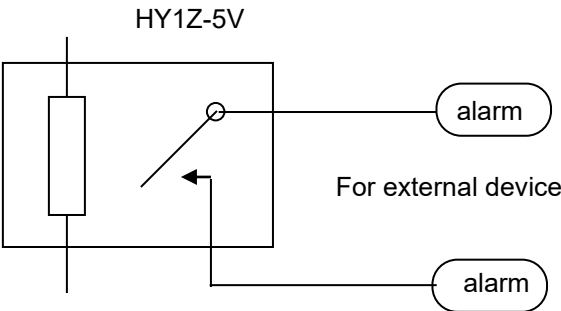


Circuit for R, G, B video signal output



Alarm contact specification

Max. switching voltage 30 V
Max. current capacity 1 A
(Resistive load)



Note: Alarm contact will close in case of failure.

11.5.4 Serial data input/output specification (AIS)

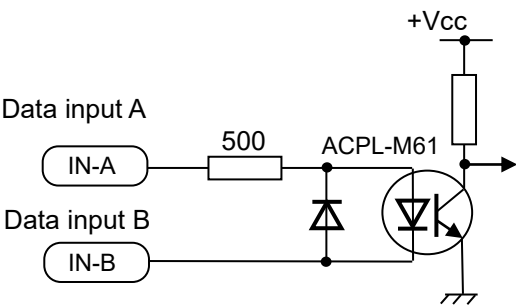
I/O connector AIS (J2)

Connector used: BD-08PMMP-LC7001
Connector acceptable: BD-08BFFA-LL6001

Serial data input (Listener):

Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 is acceptable.

Input load 500 Ohm
Circuit configuration: Photo coupler
Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)

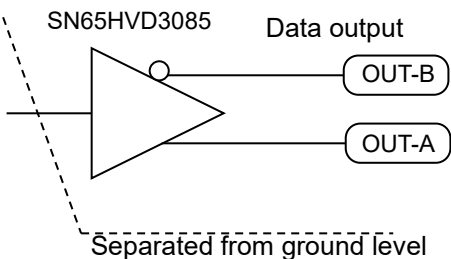


Serial data input circuit

Serial data output circuit (Talker):

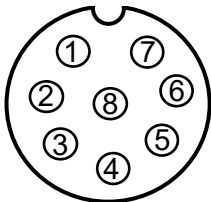
Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 can be output.

Circuit configuration: RS422 Driver/Receiver IC
Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



Serial data output circuit

J2
Data connector pin assignment
(Display unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	Shield
2	IN-A
3	IN-B
4	OUT-B
5	OUT-A
6	GND
7	NC
8	NC

11.5.5 Radar input/output signal specification

I/O connector: Inter-switch (J8)

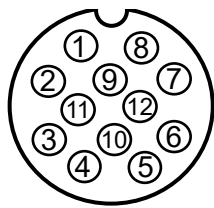
Connector used: BU-12PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-12BFFA-LL7001

Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	VIDEO OUT
2	TRIG OUT
3	GND
4	AZIP OUT
5	SHF OUT
6	GND
7	VIDEO IN
8	TRIG IN
9	GND
10	AZIP IN
11	SHF IN
12	+12VDC

J8
Inter-switch connector pin assignment
(Display unit upper view)



11.5.6 Talker device code of the data output devices

The device code displayed as talker is shown in the table below.

Data output device	Talker device code	Displayed code
Galileo positioning system	GA	GAL
Global positioning system (GPS)	GP	GPS (See below)
Global positioning system (DGPS)	GP	DGPS (See below)
GLONASS positioning system	GL	GLONASS
Global navigation satellite system	GN	GNSS
Heading sensors: compass, magnetic	HC	HC
: gyro, north seeking	HE	GYRO
: gyro, non-north seeking	HN	GYRO
Integrated instrumentation	II	INS
Integrated navigation	IN	INS
Loran-C	LC	LC
Electronic positioning system	SN	EPFS
Velocity sensors: Doppler, general	VD	DLOG
: magnetic log	VM	LOG
: mechanical log	VW	LOG
Other devices	Display of talker device	

Notice

The change between GPS and DGPS of the device name displayed is based on the operational status display in the GLL and GGA sentences. Refer to 11.2 "Details of the data input format".

11.5.7 Priority of talker device code

Heading

II > IN > HE > HN > HC > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN

Speed

II > IN > VD > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN > VM > VW

Position

II > IN > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN > LC

GNS

GN > GP > GL > GA

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