



KODEN

OPERATION MANUAL

MARINE RADAR

MDC-5000

SERIES

**Declaration of Conformity**

**We, Koden Electronics Co., Ltd.; 5278 Uenohara Uenohara-Shi, Yamanashi-Ken;
409-0112, Japan**

declare as manufacturer under our sole responsibility that the **KODEN Marine Blackbox Radar**

MDC-5000 Series (Blackbox Radar)

intended for use as a Marine Navigation Radar aboard non-SOLAS vessels to which this declaration relates conforms to the following standards or other normative documents referring to EU directives and UK regulations

EU**Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU****Health & Safety (article 3.1a)**

EN 60945:2002/AC1:2008
IEC 62368-1:2014(2.Edition) and Cor.1:2015
EN 62368-1:2014/AC:2015/A11:2017
EN62252:2004 Clauses 4.8, (5.8) 4.33, (5.33) + Annex D
EN62311:2008

EMC (article 3.1b)

EN 60945:2002/AC1:2008
EN62252:2004 Clauses 4.8, (5.8) 4.33, (5.33) + Annex D

Radio Spectrum (article 3.2)

EN 302 248 V2.1.1; ITU-R Recommendation RM.1177

UK**SI 2017 No. 1206 Radio Equipment Regulations
2017 as amended****Health & Safety (article 6.1a)**

EN 60945:2002/AC1:2008
IEC 62368-1:2014(2.Edition) and Cor.1:2015
EN 62368-1:2014/AC:2015/A11:2017
EN62252:2004 Clauses 4.8, (5.8) 4.33, (5.33) + Annex D
EN62311:2008

EMC (article 6.1b)

EN 60945:2002/AC1:2008
EN62252:2004 Clauses 4.8, (5.8) 4.33, (5.33) + Annex D

Radio Spectrum (article 6.2)

EN 302 248 V2.1.1; ITU-R Recommendation RM.1177

For assessment, see

- Type examination (Module B) certificate no: T818228E-05-TEC issued by CTC advanced (0682), Germany

RoHS conformity**EU****RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU as amended by the
Commission delegated directive (EU) 2015/863****UK****SI 2012 No. 3032 RoHS Regulations 2012 as amended**

Type names: MDC-5005 (4kW 2ft Radome), MDC-5004 (4kW Open Scanner), MDC-5006 (6kW Open Scanner), MDC-5012 (12kW Open Scanner), MDC-5025 (25kW Open Scanner)

Consist of: Processor Unit: MRM-110; Operation Unit: MRO-110; Scanner Unit: RB805 (4kW 2ft Radome) or RB806 (4kW Open Scanner) or RB807 (6kW Open Scanner) or RB808 (12kW Open Scanner) or RB809 (25kW Open Scanner); Aerial: RW701A-03(3ft) for RB806 or RW701A-04(4ft) for RB806, RB807, RB808, RB809 or RW701A-06(6ft) for RB807, RB808, RB809

- Software: MRM-110=KM-F71x ; MRO-110=KM-E49x (x=wildcard)
- Frequency: 9410MHz \pm 30MHz
- Output Power: PON (4kW or 6kW or 12kW or 25kW)

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This certificate expires if new regulations come
in force or latest at 31 December 2027

Jun Harayama

Manager / Quality Assurance Department

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5	0093153004-05	2023/12/15	Configuration items
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For Your Safe Operation

Symbols used in this Operation Manual

This manual uses the following symbols. Understand the meaning of each symbol and implement the maintenance and inspection.

Symbol	Meaning
 Warning	Warning Symbol This symbol denotes that there is a risk of death or serious injury when not dealt with it correctly.
	High Voltage Danger Symbol This symbol denotes that there is a risk of death or serious injury caused by electric shock when not dealt with it correctly.
 Caution	Caution Symbol This symbol denotes that there is a risk of slight injury or damage of device when not dealt with it correctly.
	Prohibition Symbol This symbol denotes restriction of the specified conduct. Description of the restriction is displayed near the mark.
IMPORTANT	Important Symbol This mark indicates important area where attention is needed. This may include possible data lose or other issues that may interfere with radar operation.
	Reference Symbol This mark shows the part to be referred to concerning this description.

Caution related to Equipment

	<p>Caution, high voltage inside.</p> <p>High voltage that may cause severe injury or death is present. High voltage remains in circuit even after power is turned off. High voltage circuit has a protective cover with a warning label. Make sure to turn off power and discharge capacitors before working on the system. Only authorized personnel should access this circuit for repair and maintenance.</p>
 Warning	<p>Confirm main power is turned off before servicing the equipment.</p> <p>If power switch is turned on while working on the system, possible severe injury or death may occur due to high voltage. Make sure main power is off and a label “Work In Progress” is attached to the breaker powering the system.</p>
 Warning	<p>Caution related to dust</p> <p>Inhaling dust may cause A respiratory disease. When cleaning the inside of equipment, be careful not to inhale dust. Wearing a safety mask is recommended.</p>
 Caution	<p>When choosing equipment location</p> <p>Do not install the equipment where it is excessively damp, humid and under direct dripping water.</p>
 Caution	<p>Caution related to static electricity</p> <p>Static electricity may be generated from floor carpet or synthetic clothes. Static may destroy some electronics parts of the circuit and therefore anti-static measures should be done.</p>
	<p>Prohibited matter</p> <p>Any Display and Scanner unit combination other than specified in the manual is prohibited and will void manufacturer's warranty.</p>

Caution related to Handling



Caution

Caution related to rotating aerial

The radar antenna may start rotating to rotate without notice. Please stand clear from the antenna for your safety.

ENGLISH:



Caution

Caution related to electromagnetic disturbance

The operating Antenna & Scanner unit radiates high-energy electromagnetic wave. It may cause harmful effect for human body due to its continuous radiation. As International regulation says, electromagnetic waves less than 100 watt/m² does not have a harmful effect on human bodies, but some kind of medical devices such as heart pacemakers are sensitive even under the low energy electromagnetic wave. Any personnel with such a device should keep away from the electromagnetic wave generating position at all times.

Specified power density and distance from the radar (in accordance with the provision as specified in IEC 62388 Ed.2)

Model name	Transmission power / Antenna length	100W/m ²	50W/m ²	10W/m ²
MDC-5004	4kW / 3 feet Antenna	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.0 m
	4kW / 4 feet Antenna	1.2 m	1.2 m	1.2 m
	4kW / 6 feet Antenna	1.4 m	1.4 m	1.4 m
MDC-5005	4kW / 2 feet (Radome antenna)	0.7 m	1.0 m	2.2 m
MDC-5006	6kW / 4 feet Antenna	1.5 m	2.1 m	4.5 m
	6kW / 6 feet Antenna	1.7 m	2.4 m	5.4 m
MDC-5012	12kW / 4 feet Antenna	2.1 m	2.9 m	6.4 m
	12kW / 6 feet Antenna	2.4 m	3.4 m	7.6 m
	12kW / 9 feet Antenna	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.0 m
MDC-5025	25kW / 4 feet Antenna	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.2 m
	25kW / 6 feet Antenna	3.5 m	4.9 m	10.9 m
	25kW / 9 feet Antenna	4.1 m	5.8 m	13.0 m

Note: In case that a value is not available because the power density is lower, we use the swing circle as safety distance.

FRENCH:

**Caution****Mise en garde relative aux perturbations électromagnétiques produites par les radars de navire**

L'antenne & l'émetteur des radars de navire ont un rayonnement d'ondes électromagnétique de haute intensité. Ceci peut causer des effets nocifs pour le corps humain en raison de son rayonnement continu. Comme la réglementation internationale le spécifie, les ondes électromagnétiques à moins de 100 watt/m² n'ont pas un effet néfaste sur le corps humain, mais certains types d'appareils médicaux tels que les stimulateurs cardiaques peuvent être affectés même par des ondes électromagnétiques de faible énergie. Tout membre du personnel avec un tel dispositif devrait se tenir à l'écart des générateurs d'ondes électromagnétiques en tout temps.

Spécification de densité de la puissance et de la distance du radar (conformément à la disposition comme spécifié dans la IEC 62388 Ed.2)

Nom Modèle	Puissance de transmission / longueur d'antenne	100W/m ²	50W/m ²	10W/m ²
MDC-5004	4kW / Antenne 3 pieds	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.0 m
	4kW / Antenne 4 pieds	1.2 m	1.2 m	1.2 m
	4kW / Antenne 6 pieds	1.4 m	1.4 m	1.4 m
MDC-5005	4kW / Antenne 2 pieds	0.7 m	1.0 m	2.2 m
MDC-5006	6kW / Antenne 4 pieds	1.5 m	2.1 m	4.5 m
	6kW / Antenne 6 pieds	1.7 m	2.4 m	5.4 m
MDC-5012	12kW / Antenne 4 pieds	2.1 m	2.9 m	6.4 m
	12kW / Antenne 6 pieds	2.4 m	3.4 m	7.6 m
	12kW / Antenne 9 pieds	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.0 m
MDC-5025	25kW / Antenne 4 pieds	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.2 m
	25kW / Antenne 6 pieds	3.5 m	4.9 m	10.9 m
	25kW / Antenne 9 pieds	4.1 m	5.8 m	13.0 m

Note : Dans le cas où une valeur n'est pas disponible parce que la densité puissance est plus faible, nous utilisons le cercle oscillant comme distance de sécurité.

Warning Statements related to FCC and IC rules

- IC RSS-GEN, Sec 8.3 Warning Statement- (Required for Transmitters w/ detachable antennas)

ENGLISH:

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number, or model number if Category II) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

FRENCH:

Le présent émetteur radio (identifier le dispositif par son numéro de certification ou son numéro de modèle s'il fait partie du matériel de catégorie I) a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Antenna type name	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Required Impedance (ohm)
RB805	24.0dBi	50ohm
RW701A-03	25.3dBi	50ohm
RW701A-04	27.0dBi	50ohm
RW701A-06	28.5dBi	50ohm
RW701B-09	30.0dBi	50ohm

- IC RSS-102, Sec 2.6 Warning Statement Requirements

ENGLISH:

The applicant is responsible for providing proper instructions to the user of the radio device, and any usage restrictions, including limits of exposure durations. The user manual shall provide installation and operation instructions, as well as any special usage conditions, to ensure compliance with SAR and/or RF field strength limits. For instance, compliance distance shall be clearly stated in the user manual.

FRENCH:

Le demandeur est responsable de fournir des instructions appropriées et toute restriction d'utilisation, y compris les limites des durées d'exposition, à l'utilisateur de l'appareil radio. Le manuel de l'utilisateur doit fournir des instructions d'installation et d'utilisation, ainsi que toutes les conditions d'utilisation spéciales, pour assurer la conformité aux limites SAR et / ou RF. Par exemple, la distance de conformité doit être clairement indiquée dans le manuel de l'utilisateur.

- IC RSS-GEN, Sec 8.4 Warning Statement- (Required for license-exempt devices)

ENGLISH:

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

FRENCH:

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

- Warning statement regarding RF exposure compliance

ENGLISH:

The user manual of devices intended for controlled use shall also include information relating to the operating characteristics of the device; the operating instructions to ensure compliance with SAR and/or RF field strength limits; information on the installation and operation of accessories to ensure compliance with SAR and/or RF field strength limits; and contact information where the user can obtain Canadian information on RF exposure and compliance. Other related information may also be included.

FRENCH:

Le manuel de l'utilisateur des dispositifs destinés à une utilisation contrôlée doit également comporter des informations relatives aux caractéristiques de fonctionnement du dispositif; Le mode d'emploi pour assurer la conformité aux limites SAR et / ou RF; Des informations sur l'installation et le fonctionnement des accessoires afin d'assurer la conformité aux limites SAR et / ou RF; Et des coordonnées où l'utilisateur peut obtenir des renseignements canadiens sur l'exposition aux radiofréquences et la conformité. D'autres renseignements connexes peuvent également être inclus.

- FCC Part 15.19 Warning Statement

THIS DEVICE COMPLIES WITH PART 15 OF THE FCC RULES. OPERATION IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TWO CONDITIONS: (1) THIS DEVICE MAY NOT CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE, AND (2) THIS DEVICE MUST ACCEPT ANY INTERFERENCE RECEIVED, INCLUDING INTERFERENCE THAT MAY CAUSE UNDESIRE OPERATION.

- FCC Part 15.21 Warning Statement






NOTE: THE GRANTEE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS NOT EXPRESSLY APPROVED BY THE PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE. SUCH MODIFICATIONS COULD VOID THE USER'S AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT.

- FCC Part 15.105(b) Warning Statement

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference

will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.


 Warning	Do not disassemble or modify. It may lead to trouble, fire, smoking or electric shock. In case of trouble, contact our dealer or our company.
 Warning	In case of smoke or fire, switch off the power in the boat and the power of equipment. It may cause fire, electric shock or damage.
	Caution related to remaining high voltage. A high voltage may remain in the capacitor for several minutes after system is powered off. Before inspecting inside, wait at least 5 minutes after powering off or discharging the remaining electricity in an appropriate manner. Then, start the work.
 Caution	The information displayed in this unit is not provided directly for your navigation. For your navigation, be sure to see the specified material.
 Caution	Use properly rated fuse. If incorrect fuse is used, it may cause fire, smoke or damage.

Break in procedure of stored radar**Caution**

Following procedure is recommended for “Break In” of the stored radar. Otherwise the radar sometimes exhibits unstable transmitting operation such as arcing at its initial operation after long period of storage and make the operation more difficult.

1. Extend preheat time as long as possible (preferably 20 to 30 minutes).
2. Set the pulse width to the shortest one and start the operation.
When the operation in the shortest pulse is stable then go to operation in longer pulse and repeat the similar step until the operation reaches to the final pulse condition.

Used battery and radar disposal

 Warning	<p>A high-energy density lithium ion battery is installed in this radar.</p> <p>Improper disposal of a lithium ion battery is discouraged as the battery has a possibility of short-circuiting. If it gets wet, the generation of heat, explosion or ignition may occur resulting in an injury or fire.</p>
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Treatment of the used lithium ion battery

To dispose of built-in lithium ion battery (CR2032) in this radar, insulate each terminal with tape, and wrap in plastic bag.

The disposal and collection rules may be different depending on each municipal district. Obey the directions of each district.

Disposal of this radar

This radar shall be disposed according to the municipal regulations or rules.

How to use without Heading, Speed, Latitude and Longitude input

To use the function of this radar effectively, the default is set provided that all external input shall be connected at the initial status. Therefore, when no Heading and Speed signals are input from navigation equipment (in case not connected), this radar gives alarms and warning messages at lower right of the display, if the radar is started up factory default settings. These alarms are disengaged by pressing OFF key temporarily, however, the alarms are activated again next time the radar is start up. When only basic function of radar will be used without input signals from other devices, please use this radar with keeping the ship's bearing, ship's speed and latitude and longitude OFF as follows to disengage the alarm detection at start up.

Once set, the alarm is not detected next time the radar is started up. In this case, navigation function, mapping function, display of data, TT (ARPA) and AIS, etc. will be unable to use.

Method of setting

Press MENU key to display "Menu" and set as follows.

When HDG is not input (GPS compass and GYRO are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [HDG INPUT] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

When SPD is not input (LOG and GPS are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [SPD INPUT] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

Note: Please use the stability standard as [SEA STAB] (default value). A warning will be generated if it is set to [GROUND STAB]. Select [DISPLAY] => [STAB MODE] => [SEA] and press ENT key.

When LAT/LON is not input (GPS and PLOTTER are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [LAT/LON INPUT] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

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Introduction

The MDC-5000 series is a compact and high performance shipboard radar system consisting of the Antenna & Scanner unit with a transmit power of 4kW/6kW/12kW/25kW, Processor unit and Operation unit.

For this radar, its multi functions and high performance are accomplished with microcomputer technology as well as an image processing in the newly developed radar-dedicated LSI (Large Scale Integration).

- Stable indication and reliable acquisition of small targets.
- Clear distinction between a moving target and land by true trail display.
- Provision of multi targets TT (ATA) information and AIS information.
- Various models for selection of optimum radar for your needs.
- Simple and easy operation by user-friendly rotating knobs and joystick.
- Capable of adjusting gain, anti- sea clutter, anti- rain clutter, bearing cursor, and range marker, etc. using rotating knobs.
- The waterproof operating panel (IP23) has a great flexibility in installation.
- Capable of remote control using USB Mouse/Trackball.

Configuration items

System configuration

MDC-5004

No.	Name	Type
1	Antenna	RW701A-03:3feet RW701A-04:4feet RW701A-06:6feet
2	Scanner	RB806
3	Processor unit	MRM-110
4	Operation unit with connecting cable	MRO-110
5	Connecting cable	242J159098B-15M
6	DC power cable	CW-259-2M
7	Spare parts	SP-MRM-110
8	Installation material	Mounting bolts for Scanner
9	Operation manual	MDC-5000.OM.E
10	Installation manual	MDC-5000.IM.E
11	Quick reference	MDC-5000.QR.E

MDC-5005

No.	Name	Type
1	Antenna	2feet
2	Scanner	RB805
3	Processor unit	MRM-110
4	Operation unit with connecting cable	MRO-110
5	Connecting cable	242J158055B-10M
6	DC power cable	CW-259-2M
7	Spare parts	SP-MRM-110
8	Installation material	Mounting bolts for Scanner
9	Operation manual	MDC-5000.OM.E
10	Installation manual	MDC-5000.IM.E
11	Quick reference	MDC-5000.QR.E

MDC-5006/5012/5025

No.	Name	Type
1	Antenna	*
2	Scanner	RB807:6kW(MDC-5006) RB808:12kW(MDC-5012) RB809:25kW(MDC-5025)
3	Processor unit	MRM-110
4	Operation unit with connecting cable	MRO-110
5	Connecting cable	CW-845-15M
6	DC power cable	CW-259-2M
7	Spare parts	SP-MRM-110
8	Installation material	Mounting bolts for Scanner
9	Operation manual	MDC-5000.OM.E
10	Installation manual	MDC-5000.IM.E
11	Quick reference	MDC-5000.QR.E

* RW701A-04: 4feet, RW701A-06: 6feet, RW701B-09: 9feet (MDC-5012/MDC-5025)

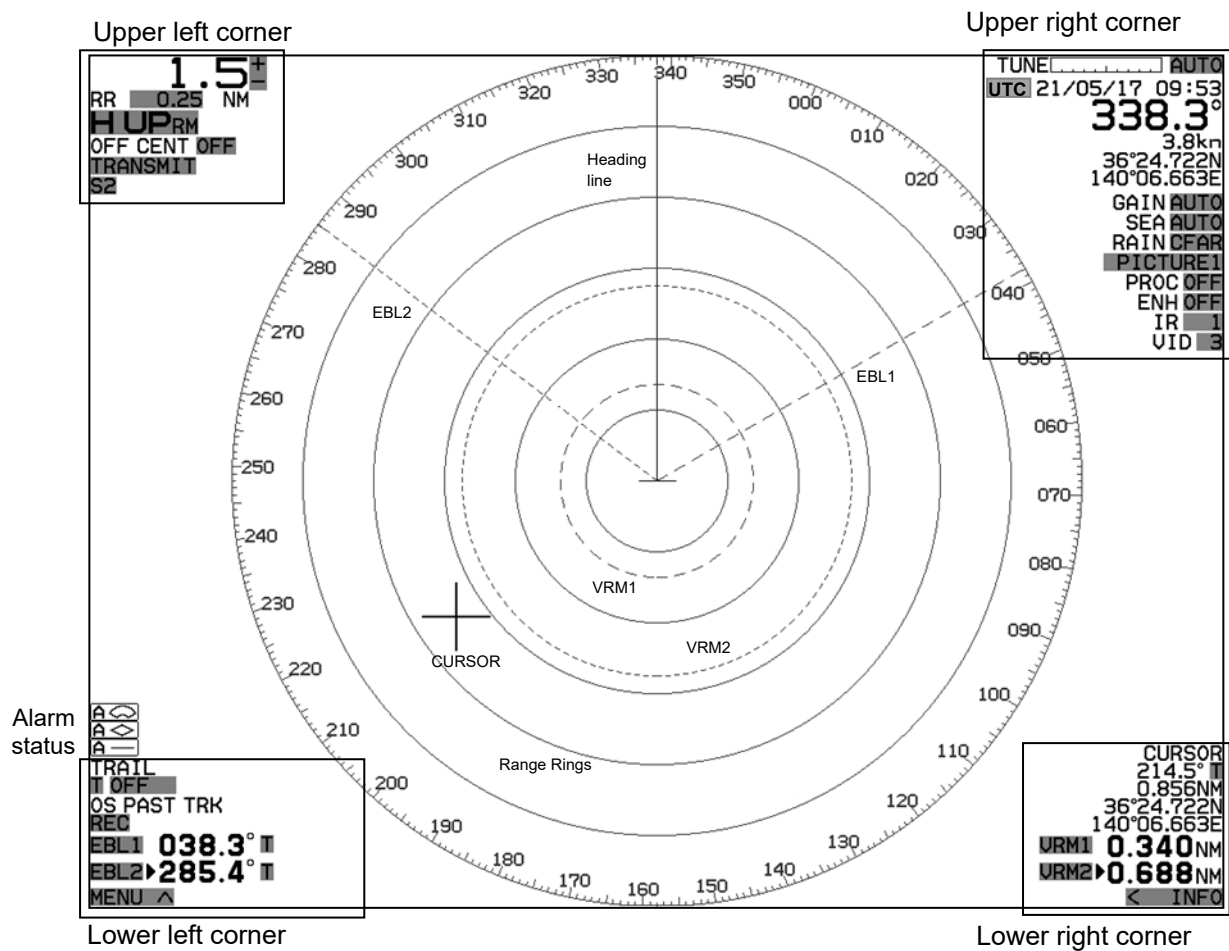
Option list

No.	Name	Type	Comment
1	Gyro Interface	S2N, U/N 9028C	Gyro converter
2	Log pulse NMEA converter	L1N, U/N 9181A	200pulse/NM only
3	Gyro / Log interface	ADPC-101	
4	Rectifier unit	PS-010	5A fuse attached.
5	AC power cable	VV-2D8-3M	Without connectors on the both sides
6	Connecting cable	CW-373-* *: 5M, 10M, 30M	With 6-pin water resistant connectors at both ends (cable for data)
7		CW-374-5M* ^{NOTE}	With a 6-pin connector and a 6-pin water resistant connector (cable for data)
8		CW-376-5M	With a 6-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for data)
9		CW-387-5M	With an 8-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for AIS)
10		CW-429-5M	With an 8-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for AIS)
11		CW-561-* *: 10M, 30M	With 12-pin water resistant connectors at both ends (cable for remote display)
12		CW-576-0.5M	With a 10-pin water resistant connector and D-Sub connector (analog RGB) +Alarm out
13	Operation unit connecting cable	CW-401-* *: 5M, 10M	With connectors on both sides
14	Antenna unit – Processor unit connecting cable	CW-845-* *: 20M, 30M, 40M, 50M, 65M, 100M	With connectors on the both sides For MDC-5006/5012/5025
15		242J159098*-**M **: 20M, 30M, **M (100m max)	With connectors on the both sides For MDC-5004
16		242J158055*-**M **: 15M, 20M, 30M	With connectors on the both sides For MDC-5005

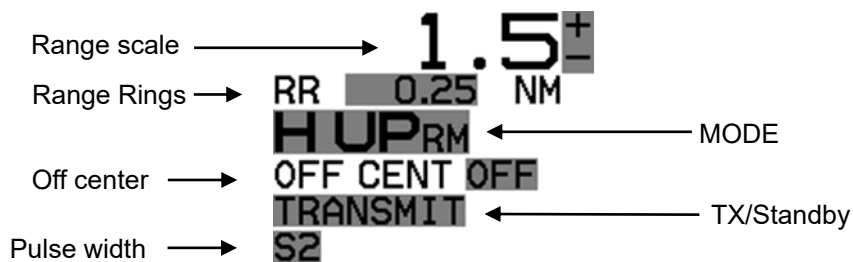
*NOTE: For European model, CW-374-5M is not included in the Option list.

Chapter 1 Display and Operation

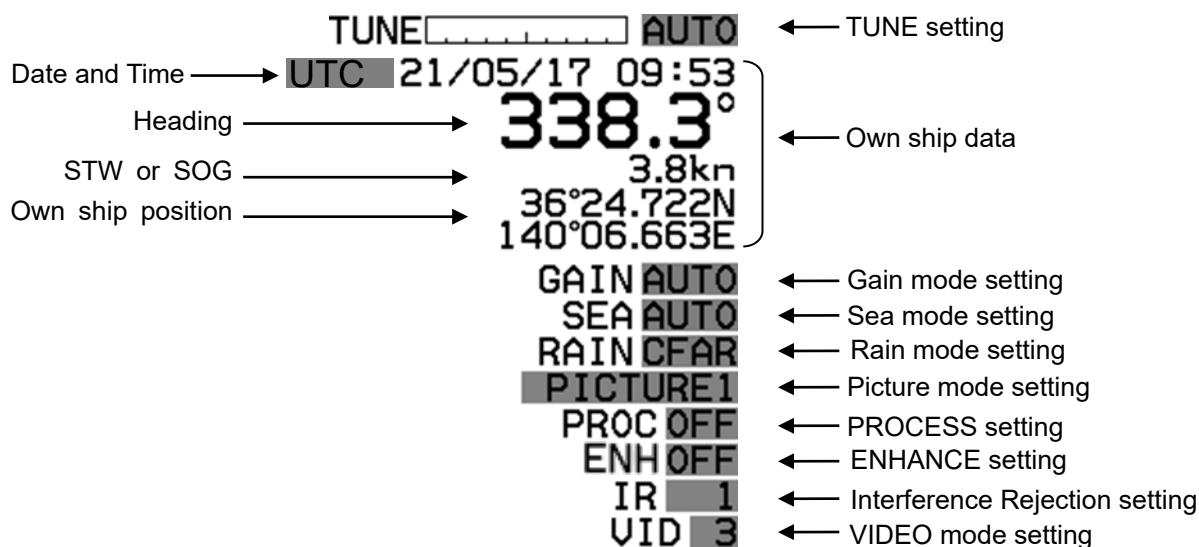
1.1 Radar Display



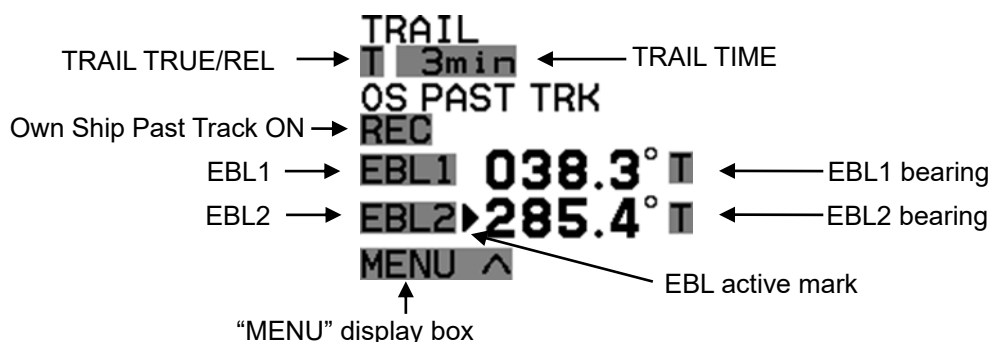
Upper left corner



Upper right corner

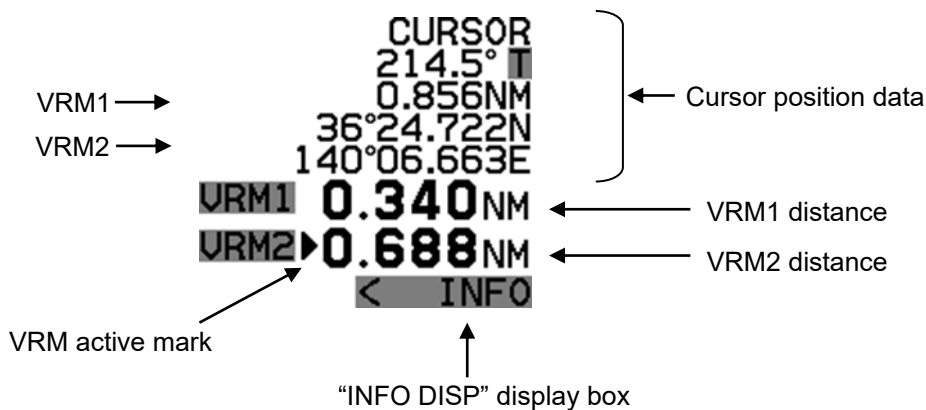


Lower left corner



Note: In case that a menu is overlapping the PPI circle, the menu is closed automatically after 10 sec. of non operation. The exception is the MAINTENANCE menu.

Lower right corner

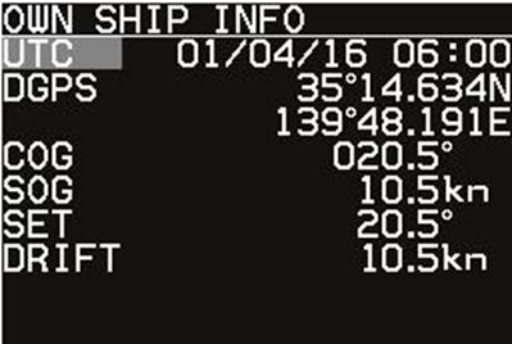


INFO DISP

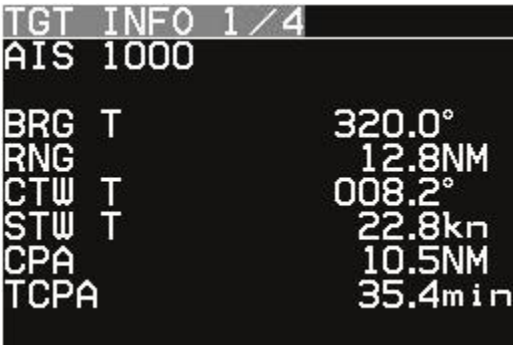
Move cursor on the **< INFO** box at lower right corner of the display, and press **ENT** key.

Four “INFO DISP” windows appear, and various navigation data will be shown.

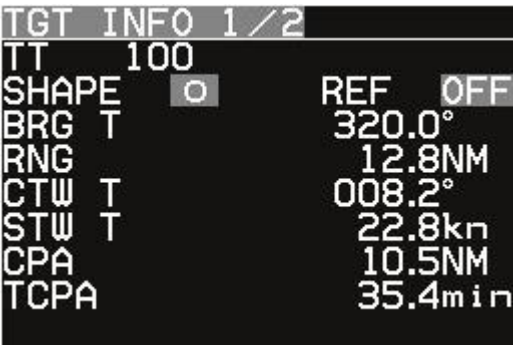
Move cursor on the **INFO >** box at lower left of the “INFO DISP” window, and press **ENT** key. All “INFO DISP” windows disappear.



OWN SHIP INFO



TGT INFO (AIS)



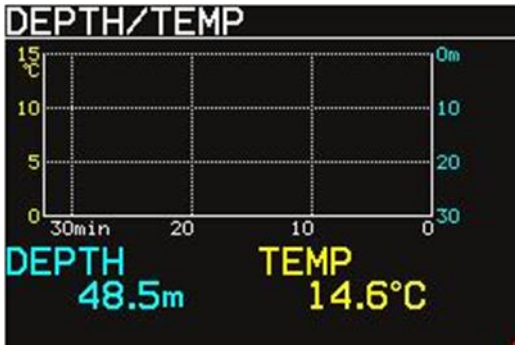
TGT INFO (TT)



WAY POINT INFO



DAY INFO






DEPTH / TEMP

In addition, “WIND, CRS/SPD or SET/DRIFT” window can be displayed.

Refer to 2.33.4 INFO DISP.

Alarm status

The icon of alarm status will be displayed at the lower left of the display.

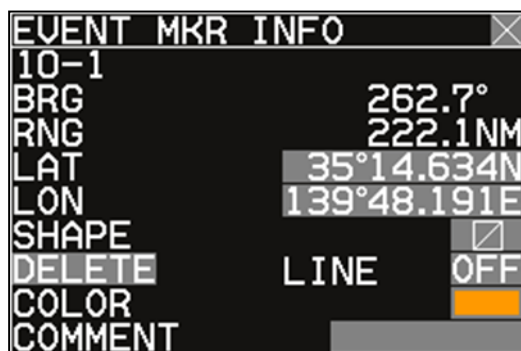
Alarm icon	Icon name	Setting method (Refer to Chapter 3 Alarm)
	Echo alarm	Refer to 3.1 Echo alarm
	Map area alarm	Refer to 3.2 Map area alarm
	Nav line cross alarm	Refer to 3.3 Nav line cross

Alarm icons are displayed only when alarm function is active and they are not displayed when alarm function is inactive. Alarm icons are displayed in red color while alarm is detected.

MAP INFO

During Map data (*1) edit, "MAP INFO" window is displayed at UPPER area of the Info Display.

<Example of EVENT MKR INFO>

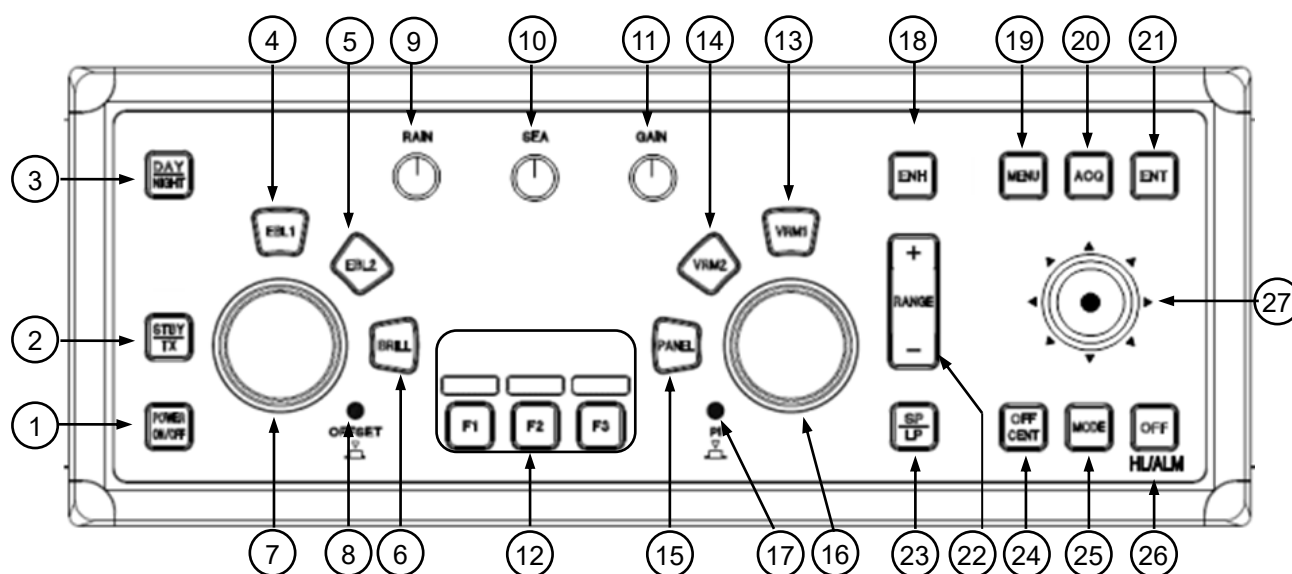


(*1) COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA

Refer to Chapter 6 Map operation.

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1.2 Operation Unit



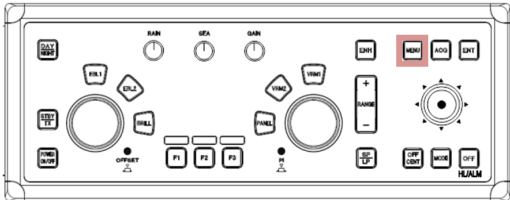
No.	Key/knob name	Contents
1	POWER ON/OFF key	Turn on and off the power.
2	STBY/TX key	Transmission on and off.
3	DAY/NIGHT key	Change echo color, day or night.
4	EBL1 key	EBL1 on and off
5	EBL2 key	EBL2 on and off
6	BRILL key	Display brilliance adjust mode on and off
7	EBL/BRILL knob	Adjust EBL1,EBL2 or display brilliance
8	OFFSET lamp	Status lamp of offset EBL mode on
9	RAIN knob	Reduce rain clutter and FUNCTION key operation
10	SEA knob	Reduce sea clutter and FUNCTION key operation
11	GAIN knob	Adjust receiver gain and FUNCTION key operation
12	FUNCTION keys F1 – F3	Quick short cut menu access
13	VRM1 key	VRM1 on and off
14	VRM2 key	VRM2 on and off
15	PANEL key	Control panel brilliance adjustment
16	VRM/PANEL knob	Adjust VRM1,VRM2 or panel brilliance
17	PI lamp	Status lamp of parallel index lines

18	ENH key	Change echo enhance value
19	MENU key	Turn MENU on and off
20	ACQ key	Start manual TT acquisition
21	ENT key	Key most often used to make a selection
22	RANGE key	Change radar range scale.
23	SP/LP key	Change transmission pulse width.
24	OFF CENT key	Off center mode on and off
25	MODE key	Change display mode HU/NU/CU
26	OFF key	Hide heading line, stop alarm sound, etc.
27	JOYSTICK	Make MENU selection and move cursor

1.3 Menu usage

Turn MENU on and off

- 1 Press **MENU** key, “Menu” display on the lower left of the display.
- 2 “Menu” display is turned off by pressing **MENU** key again.



Note: In case that a menu is overlapping the PPI circle, the menu is closed automatically after 10 sec. of non operation. The exception is the MAINTENANCE menu.

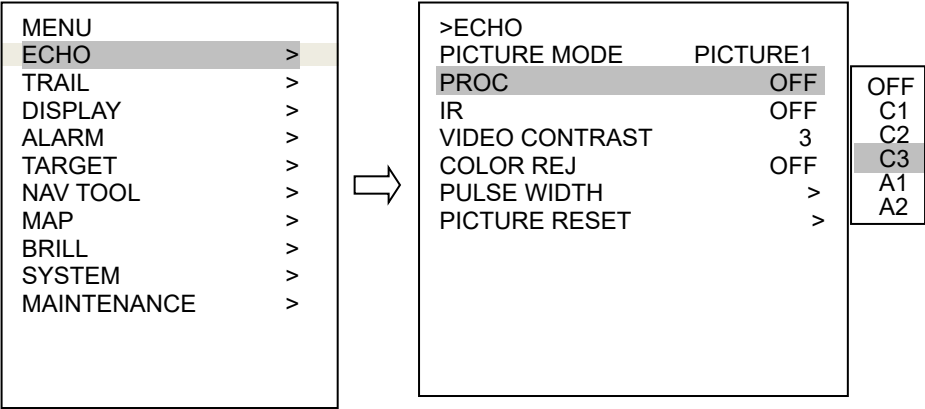
Select menu item

- 1 Press **MENU** key and “Main menu” will show on the display. Select one of main menu items by moving the joystick up or down.
- 2 Move the joystick to the right after making selection in main menu and the sub menu will show on the display.
- 3 Select a sub menu item by moving the joystick up or down.
- 4 Move the joystick to the right after making selection in sub menu and value of selected item will show.
- 5 Select desired value, then press **ENT** key.

Note: Pay attention that **ENT** key must be pressed for selected item to take effect.
- 6 Move joystick to the left to return to previous menu.

To exit from menu, press **MENU** key again.

<Example of menu display>



Note: “Menu” setup value is stored in the non-volatile memory inside the radar. Therefore, no setup operation is required after turning on.

Note: About the shaded menu:

[INTER-SWITCH] in [SYSTEM] menu, and [SECTOR MUTE], [BACKUP], [TOTAL HOUR] and [TX HOUR] in [MAINTENANCE] menu are not available during transmission, therefore they are the shaded menu.

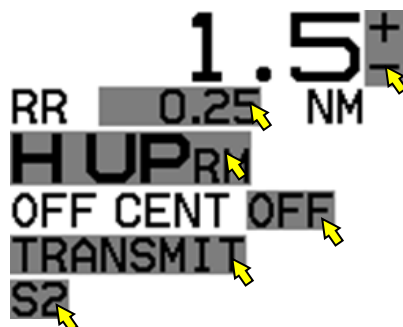


1.4 Cursor Access usage

Basic radar functions can be operated by using the joystick and **[ENT]** key without using menu.

This function is effective for the operation with USB Mouse/Trackball from the remote place.

Move cursor on a grey item with joystick or USB Mouse/Trackball, then press **[ENT]** key or click the left button of the USB Mouse/Trackball.



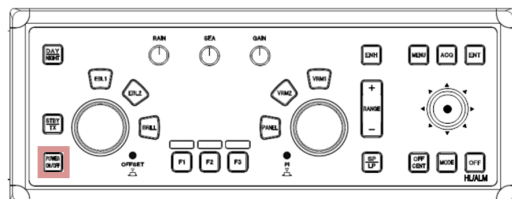
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Chapter 2 Radar Basic Operation

2.1 Power ON/OFF

Power ON

Press **POWER ON/OFF** key located at the lower left corner of the operating unit. Radar system is turned on with beep sound.

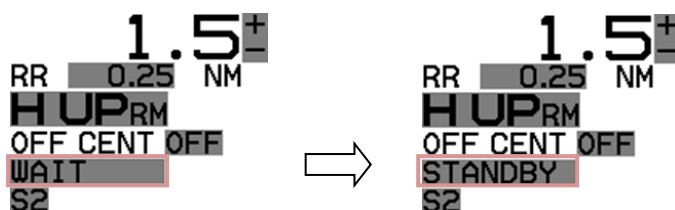


After power on, radar model name and preheating countdown time will appear at the center of the display.

Wait for 120 sec. (*1) or 180 sec. (*2) until preheating countdown time has disappeared, and status changes from **WAIT** to **STANDBY** at the upper left of the display.

(*1) MDC-5004/5005/5006/5012

(*2) MDC-5025



The brilliance of the display is set to the previous value of the last power off.

Note: The power source shall not be turned off until operational window is displayed.

Power OFF

Keep pressing **POWER ON/OFF** key for longer than five sec. for power off.

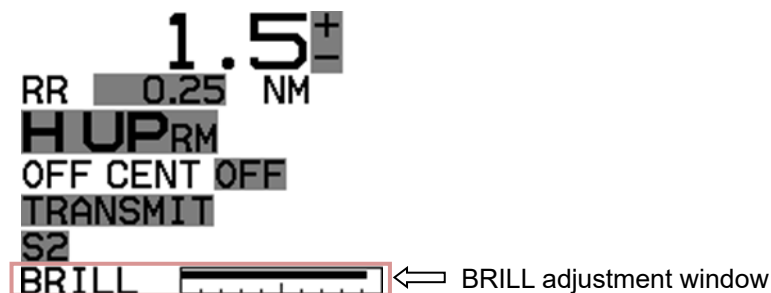
Note:

- After radar has been turned off, wait at least five seconds before turning it back on.
- Do not turn off the power using the switch on the switchboard, as data in the radar's internal memory are damaged.

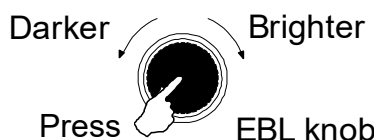
2.2 Change Brilliance

Display Brilliance

- 1 Press **BRILL** key.
- 2 The BRILL adjustment window will appear in the upper left of the display.

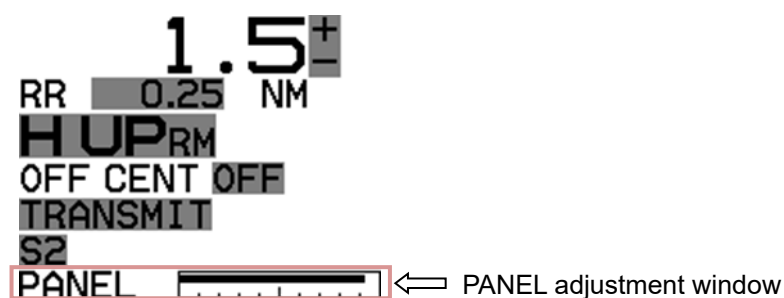


- 3 Turn **EBL** knob clockwise to increase the display brilliance.
Turn **EBL** knob counterclockwise to decrease the display brilliance.
The display brilliance can also be changed in five steps by pressing **EBL** knob.

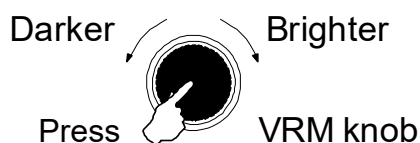


Operation unit Brilliance

- 1 Press **PANEL** key
- 2 The PANEL adjustment window will appear in the upper left of the display.



- 3 Turn **VRM** knob clockwise to increase the lighting of the panel brilliance.
Turn **VRM** knob counterclockwise to decrease the lighting of the panel brilliance.
The panel brilliance can also be changed in five steps by pressing **VRM** knob.



2.3 Transmission

Transmission ON

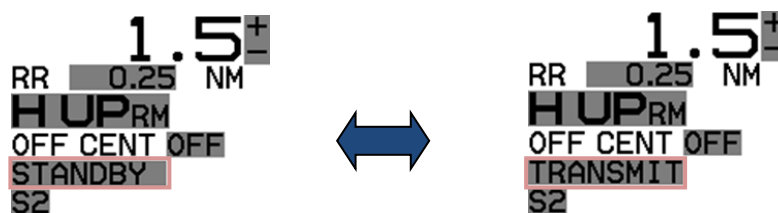
After preheating time countdown is completed, the radar can be placed in transmit mode.

Press **[STBY/TX]** key, or select the **[STANDBY]** box at the upper left corner of the display using joystick and press **[ENT]** key.

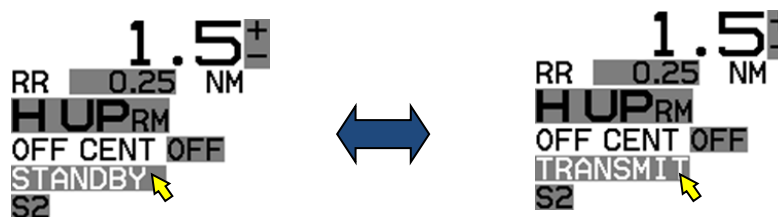
Radar system will start transmission.

The status of **[STANDBY]** changes to **[TRANSMIT]**.

Operation of **[STBY/TX]** key



Operation of Joystick



Transmission OFF

Press **[STBY/TX]** key, or select the **[TRANSMIT]** box at the upper left corner of the display using joystick and press **[ENT]** key to stop transmission.

The status of **[TRANSMIT]** returns to **[STANDBY]** at upper left of the display.

2.4 Tuning method

The transmitting and receiving frequency of this radar may become detuned by environmental changes.

This result in “detuning” of the gain and the same echo images may show weaker, even if the setup is the same as before.

Tuning method can be changed directly in the upper right of the display, with joystick and **ENT** key, without using menu function.

Tuning menu operation method, refer to 4.1.1 Tune adjustment of Installation manual.

Change MAN (manual) and AUTO

By CURSOR

Move cursor to the **MAN** or **AUTO** box (whichever is shown) of tune indicator at upper right of the display using joystick and press **ENT** key.



By MENU

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TUNE] => [TUNE] => select [MAN] or [AUTO], and press **ENT** key.

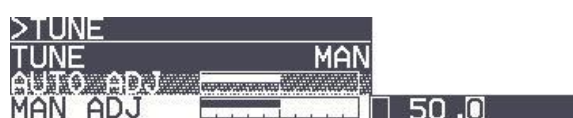
Optimized value setup method

Adjustment shall be performed based on stable echo object such as from land. (Land is used in following explanation.)

- 1 Set RAIN and SEA at 0.
- 2 Set lower GAIN until land echo almost disappears.
- 3 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TUNE] => [AUTO ADJ] or [MAN ADJ] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- 4 Move the joystick up or down to change the value, and obtain the maximum magnitude of the target on the display. When a target becomes too strong to find the peak, lower gain with **GAIN** knob once again and adjust the tune to obtain the maximum magnitude of target.
- 5 Press **ENT** key to save the result of the maximum magnitude of target.
- 6 Repeat step 3 to 5 for both **MAN** and **AUTO** modes.



AUTO ADJ



MAN ADJ

2.5 Change range scale

The coverage area can be changed by changing range scale.

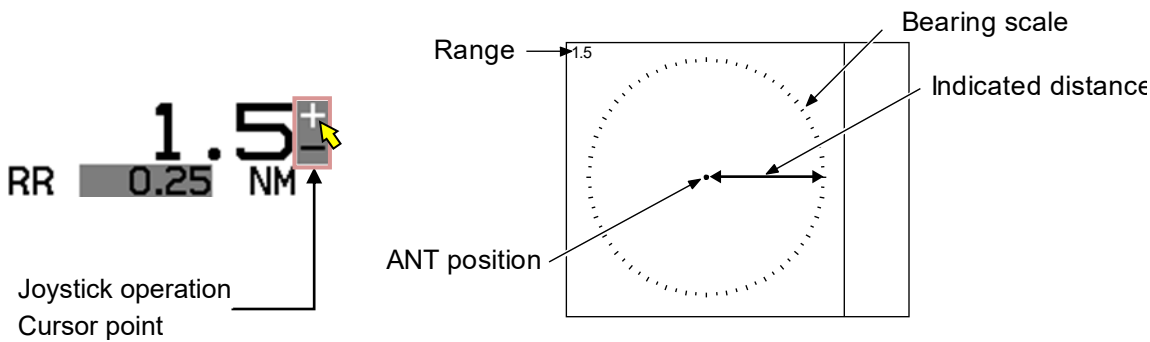
Larger the value of range the more coverage area expands. (The target image will become smaller.)

The range scale value and range rings value are indicated at the upper left on the display.

Range scale can be changed directly at the upper left of the display, with joystick and **ENT** key, without using **RANGE+** and **RANGE-** key.

Range is changed centering on the antenna position.

- 1 Press **Range +** key to zoom out the picture, and to observe a wider area.
- Press **Range -** key to zoom in the picture, to magnify and to observe closer to Antenna position.



Model-specific ranges are as shown below.

Model name	MDC-5025 (Max. output: 25 kW)												
	MDC-5012 (Max. output: 12 kW)												
	MDC-5006 (Max. output: 6 kW)												
	MDC-5004/5005 (Max. output: 4 kW)												
Range(NM)	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	32*	48	64*	96**

* 32NM and 64NM is for 6kW / 12kW only.

** 96NM is for 25kW only.

Change range unit (NM / km / sm)

The unit of range measurement can use two or three kinds of distance units.

Selection unit: NM: nautical mile

km: kilo meter

sm: statute mile (not in IEC62252 approved version)

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
- Select **[DISPLAY] => [RANGE UNIT] =>** select **[NM]**, **[km]** or **[sm]**, and press **ENT** key.

When changing to other range unit, Range and Cursor range unit will be changed. In IEC62252 version, the Range and Cursor range as well as the speed unit is changed.

2.6 Adjust receiver gain (GAIN)

It is recommended to adjust [GAIN] in the upper right side of the display to have the evenly scattered vague background noise with low intensity in the PPI.

Lower than required [GAIN] may result in missing small vessels and buoys.

Higher [GAIN] than required may result in difficult discrimination between small ships and densely displayed high level background noise.

Under some situation, desired target object may be masked by side lobe of antenna directivity or false echo by multi path.

Lower [GAIN] until masked target echo can be recognized outside of the area where 2.7 "Reject sea clutter (anti-SEA)" is effective.

However since lower [GAIN] tends to lose weak target echo, try to return the [GAIN] to original position each time [GAIN] is changed to maintain target recognition. In the short distance area where anti-SEA is effective, recognize target by adjusting MAN SEA.

When suppressing RAIN clutter (rain or snow), adjust [GAIN] knob and [RAIN] knob side by side.

[GAIN] state is displaying in the upper right of the display.

Selection of MAN GAIN and AUTO GAIN

By joystick

- 1 Move cursor on the [MAN] or [AUTO] display (whichever is shown) at right side of [GAIN] on the top of the display.
- 2 Press [ENT] key to change [AUTO] or [MAN] as appropriate.

By Function key operation

- 1 When the Selection of GAIN control mode is registered with a FUNCTION key (GAIN knob, F1, F2 or F3 key), when a FUNCTION key is pressed, [AUTO GAIN] and [MAN GAIN] changes alternately.

AUTO adjustment of GAIN

When [AUTO GAIN] is set, [GAIN] is adjusted automatically.

Note: AUTO GAIN may remove weak target echoes, or too much sea clutter may be on the display, turn [GAIN] knob clockwise or counterclockwise to adjust AUTO GAIN effectively.

If not setup properly, adjust AUTO GAIN settings by referring to 4.4.3 Setup GAIN MIN and MAX mode of Installation manual.

MAN adjustment of GAIN

When **MAN GAIN** is selected, GAIN can be adjusted manually.

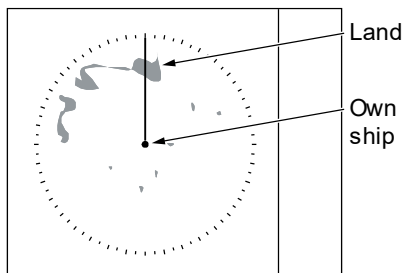
- 1 Turn **GAIN** knob clockwise to increase receiving gain.
Turn **GAIN** knob counterclockwise to decrease receiving gain.



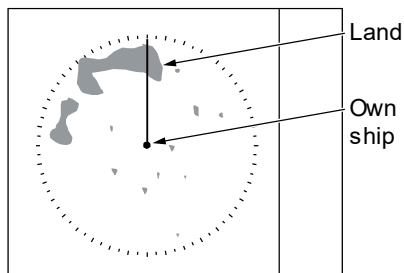
Note:

- Decrease gain for shorter range and dense targets.
- Increase gain for long range targets and small target however take care in not using too much gain and losing targets in the surrounding noise.

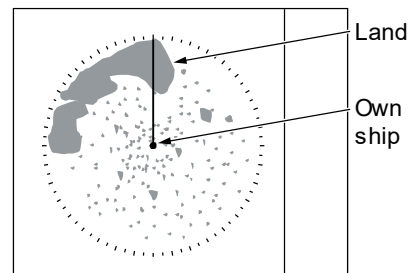
Result picture after adjustment a **[GAIN]** knob



< Picture of too low gain >

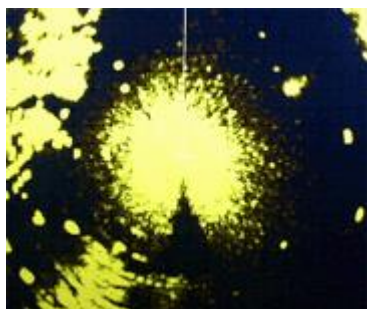


< Picture of moderate gain >

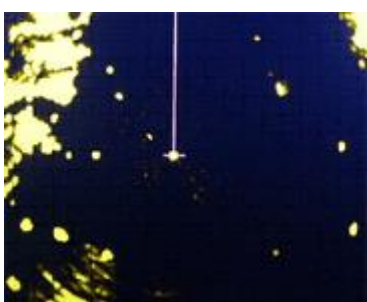


< Picture of too high gain >

2.7 Reject sea clutter (anti-SEA)



SEA clutter at center



After Adjusted MAN SEA

MAN (manual) SEA and AUTO (automatic) SEA are provided for anti-SEA function. On the rough sea, SEA clutter noise appears around antenna position (center spot), and short distant targets are masked and not recognizable. In that case, anti-SEA function suppresses sea clutter noise and reveals masked target echoes. Recommended adjustment of anti-SEA is to adjust to make echoes from sea clutter vaguely displayed by low (weak) level.

If anti-SEA level is too high to show sea clutter noise, short distance gain is over suppressed and it may result in loss of targets like buoys and small ships.

On the other hand, if anti-SEA level is too low, clutter noise around antenna position (center spot) is displayed by high intensity level and it makes difficult to discriminate small ships and buoys from sea clutter.

Anti-SEA is effective to suppress false echoes and ground clutter in short distance. However adjustment of GAIN should be used beyond effective coverage of anti-SEA.

If target echoes are masked by excessive false echoes within anti-SEA effective area, then adjust MAN SEA to confirm it. Excessive anti-SEA may lose echoes from small ships and buoys. So, return to appropriate anti-SEA level for normal use.

Note:

- Small targets become harder to detect when [SEA] is used together with [RAIN]. Therefore, please adjust them carefully.
- The echo process (refer to 2.22 Echo process) is useful to reject sea clutter. Be careful, when the echo process is active, high speed targets are harder to detect than stationary ones.

Selection of MAN SEA and AUTO SEA

By joystick

- 1 Move cursor on the **MAN** or **AUTO** display (whichever is shown) at right side of [SEA] on the top of the display.
- 2 Press **ENT** key to display **AUTO** or **MAN** as appropriate.

By Function key operation

- 1 When the Selection of SEA control mode is registered with a FUNCTION key (SEA knob, F1, F2 or F3 key), when a FUNCTION key is pressed, **AUTO SEA** and **MAN SEA** changes alternately.

AUTO adjustment of SEA

When **AUTO SEA** is set, anti-SEA is adjusted automatically.

Note: AUTO SEA may erase weak target echoes. If excessive sea clutter erasing or too much clutter is observed, turn **SEA** knob clockwise or counterclockwise to adjust AUTO SEA effectively.

If not setup properly, adjust it by referring to 4.4.3 Setup GAIN MIN and MAX mode of Installation manual.

In case there are strong echo targets such as in the harbor or canal, anti-SEA tends to suppress excessively, use MAN SEA in that case.

Manual adjustment of SEA

When **MAN SEA** is selected, anti-SEA can be adjusted manually.

By using **SEA** knob, suppress this effect and make targets seen easier.

[SEA] state is displayed in the upper right of the display.

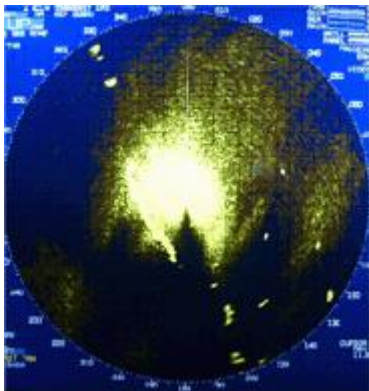
- 1** Turn **SEA** knob clockwise to increase anti-sea clutter effect.
Turn **SEA** knob counterclockwise to decrease anti-sea clutter effect.
- 2** Turn **SEA** knob clockwise until even low (weak) SEA clutter is displayed by observing the display.
- 3** Adjust **SEA** knob from time to time to get low (weak) SEA clutter on the display as intensity of sea clutter changes as time passes.



Note:

- When waves do not affect the result, turn the knob fully counterclockwise.
- This function reduces gain in closest ranges. Too much sea clutter may result in actual targets being lost.
- Manual SEA user keep watching and adjusting SEA with changing conditions.
- If SEA and anti-RAIN are used in combination, then small targets will be less visible.

2.8 Reject rain/snow clutter (anti-RAIN)



Rain clutter

In rain or snow, targets become hard to be seen as a result of unwanted weather reflection.

Rain or snow image appears as a large target echo with surrounding mid gradation rim.

Anti-RAIN is available MAN and CFAR.

Adjustment of MAN (manual) and CFAR (Constant False Alarm Rate) by turning **RAIN** knob suppresses clutter, and helps to see targets clearly.

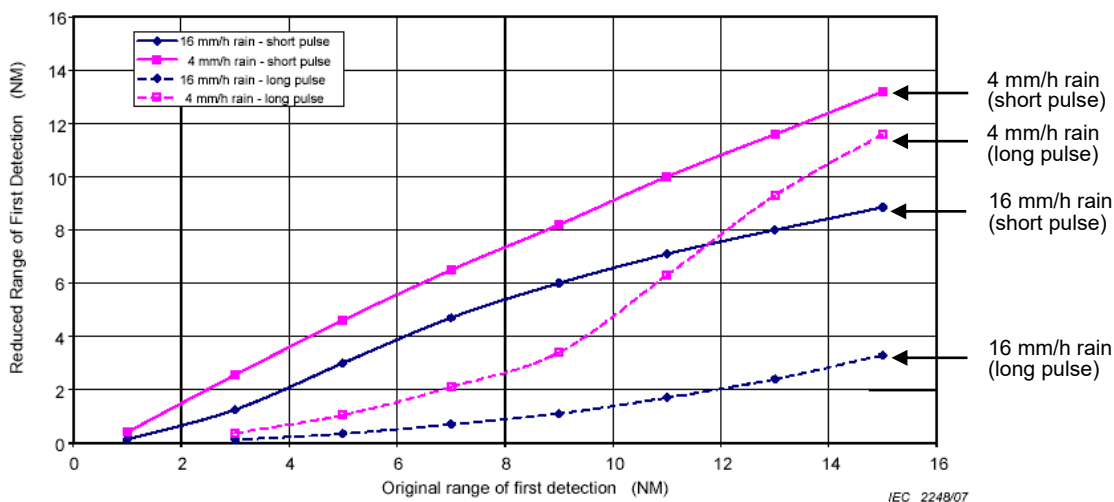
MAN is effective for suppression of rain and snow.

CFAR is effective for suppression of sea, rain and snow clutter.

[RAIN MODE] can be changed directly in the upper right of the display without using menu function.

Note:

- Small target becomes harder to detect when [RAIN] is used together with [SEA]. Therefore, please adjust them carefully.
- The echo process (refer to 2.22 Echo process) is useful to reject rain clutter. Be careful, when the echo process is active, high-speed targets are harder to detect than stationary ones.
- The performance of radar detection range is degraded by rain as shown in the figure below.



The details of the figure (An example of 6 NM range)

A target which was able to observe at 6 NM (Original range of first detection), can only be detected at the range (Reduced Range of First Detection) shown below in rain condition.

4 mm/h rain (short pulse): approx. 5.6 NM

4 mm/h rain (long pulse): approx. 1.5 NM

16 mm/h rain (short pulse): approx. 3.9 NM

16 mm/h rain (long pulse): approx. 0.5 NM

Changing method of CFAR and MAN

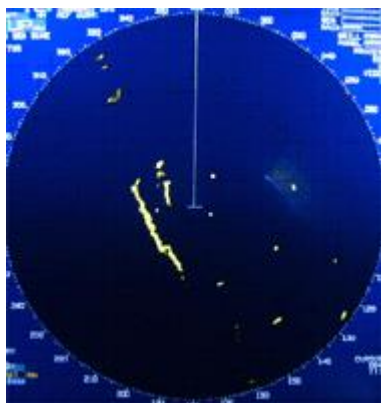
By joystick

- 1 Move cursor on the **MAN** or **CFAR** display (whichever is shown) at right side of [RAIN] on the top of the display.
- 2 Press **ENT** key to alternate **CFAR** and **MAN**.

By Function key operation

- 1 When the Selection of RAIN control mode is registered with a FUNCTION key (RAIN knob, F1, F2 or F3 key), when a FUNCTION key is pressed, **CFAR** and **MAN RAIN** changes alternately.

CFAR (Constant False Alarm Rate) adjustment



CFAR function is used to suppress of sea, rain and snow clutter easily.

CFAR function is active when **CFAR** is indicated at the upper right side of the display.

Level of CFAR is indicated on the left side of **CFAR** indication.

After CFAR adjustment

- 1 Turn **RAIN** knob clockwise to increase anti-clutter effect.
Turn **RAIN** knob counterclockwise to decrease anti-clutter effect.

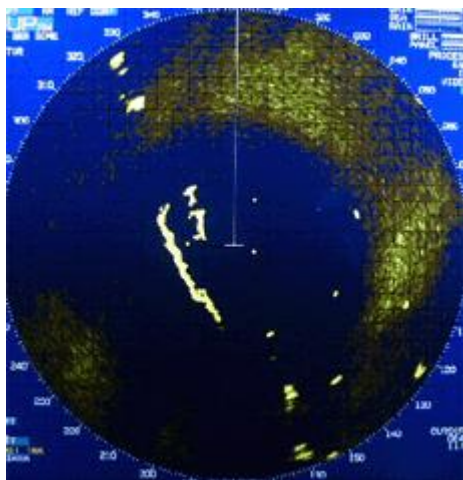


- 2 Turn **RAIN** knob to get even low (weak) clutter while watching the display.

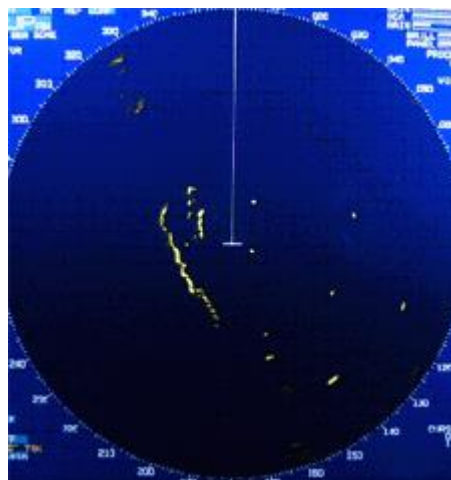
Note:

- In the case of **CFAR** mode, the gain adjustment is not possible.
Adjust **SEA** knob to suppress remaining sea clutter.
- Turning the knob to the right shows the targets hidden in the rain/snow image, but care shall be taken that small target may be hidden and not displayed if over adjusted.
- If there are strong echo targets such as in the harbor or channel, CFAR tends to suppress targets excessively. In that case, change CFAR to MAN and use MAN SEA in addition.

RAIN MAN (manual) adjustment



After adjusted anti-SEA



After adjusted anti-SEA & RAIN MAN

- 1 Turn **RAIN** knob clockwise to increase anti-clutter effect.
Turn **RAIN** knob counterclockwise to decrease anti-clutter effect.
Turn **GAIN** knob clockwise until sea clutter is visible on the display.



- 2 Use anti-SEA (AUTO SEA or MAN SEA).
- 3 While observing the display, suppress RAIN clutter outside of anti-SEA effective area by turning **RAIN** knob clockwise. Adjust RAIN so that sea clutter is lightly visible.
- 4 Intensity of RAIN clutter is affected by weather. Adjust by **RAIN** knob according to weather change by watching the display.

Note:

- In typical environment RAIN should be turned all the way down via **RAIN** knob, and no white level should be indicated by RAIN window.
- Turning the knob to the right shows profiles of the targets hidden in the rain/snow image, but care shall be taken that small target may be hidden and not displayed.
- Small target becomes harder to detect when RAIN is used together with SEA.

2.9 Change transmission pulse width (SP/LP)

This radar provides a function capable of achieving suitable target detection by manually changing the transmission pulse width.

Eight different pulse widths are available.

	4 kW		6 kW / 12 kW / 25 kW		IF Band width
	Pulse width	PRF	Pulse width	PRF	
S1	0.08μs	2000Hz	0.08μs	2600Hz	15MHz
S2	0.08μs	2000Hz	0.15μs	2600Hz	15MHz
M1	0.15μs	1800Hz	0.3μs	2400Hz	15MHz
M2	0.3μs	1500Hz	0.4μs	2000Hz	3MHz
M3			0.6μs	1400Hz	3MHz
L1	0.5μs	800Hz	0.8μs	1000Hz	3MHz
L2	1.0μs	500Hz	1.2μs	600Hz	3MHz
L3			1.2μs	450Hz	3MHz

The short (narrow) pulse width used in short range has high resolution and is effective for dense targets.

The long (wide) pulse width used in long range has high gain (sensitivity) and is effective for detecting small targets.

Two different pulse widths are set by default in the following ranges, 0.75NM, 1.5NM, 3NM and 6NM. Ranges 0.25NM and below, and 12NM (4kW:6NM) and above are setup with same pulse width in SP and LP.

Note: Refer to 2.27 Pulse width to set pulse width.

4kW

Range(NM)	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	48
SP mode	S1	S1	S1	S1	S2	M2	L1	L2	L2	L2
LP mode	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	L1	L2	L2	L2	L2

6kW/12kW/25kW

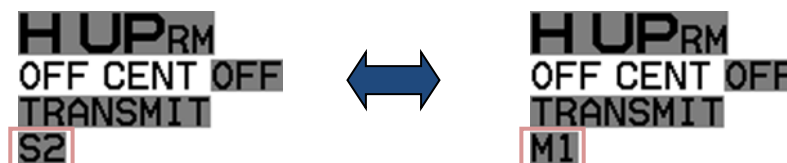
Range(NM)	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	32*	48	64*	96**
SP mode	S1	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	M3	L2	L2	L2	L2	L3	L3
LP mode	S1	S1	S1	S2	M1	M3	L1	L2	L2	L2	L2	L3	L3

*32 NM, 64 NM is for 6kW / 12kW only. (Initial value)

**96 NM is for 25kW only. (Initial value)

- 1 Press **[SP/LP]** key. Two different pulse widths are toggled by each key press.

Current pulse width is shown at the upper left of the display.



Note: Pulse width can be changed directly at the upper left of the display, with cursor and **[ENT]** key.

2.10 Select Display Mode

The display mode is a combination of the bearing indication and the target motion indication.

The bearing is indicated in three ways: **HUP**, **CUP** and **NUP**.

The target motion is indicated in two ways: **RM** and **TM**.

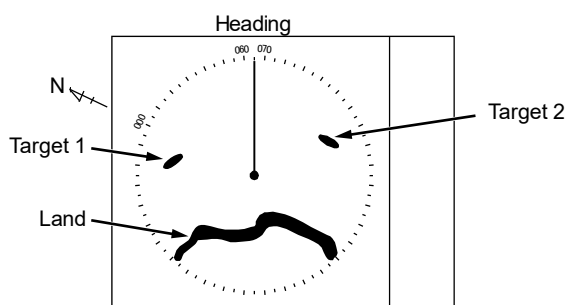
- 1 Press **MODE** key. The display changes in following order by pressing **MODE** key. Current display mode is displayed at the upper left of the display.



For H UP (Head up mode)

Heading line is always oriented toward the top of the display.

This mode is based on the bow of the ship and is suitable to monitor targets because targets are seen as they are in navigating own ship.



When heading signal is connected, H UP works by stabilized mode. (STAB H UP)

Note:

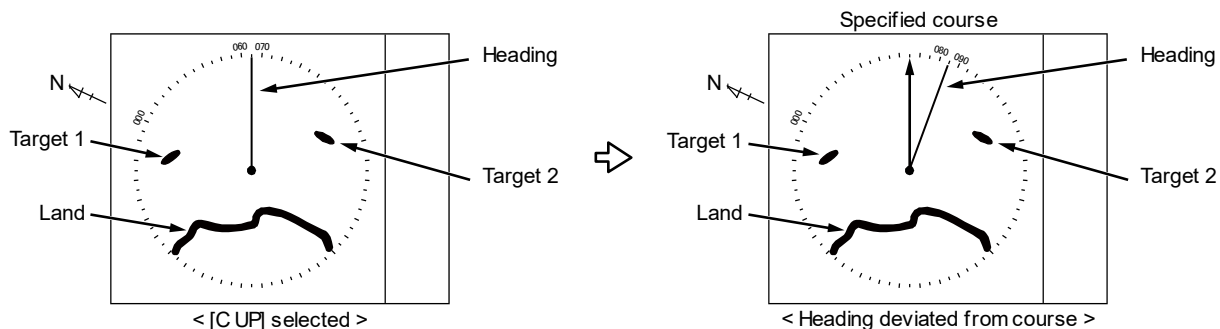
- This is a presentation mode stabilized in azimuth with fixed origin in which the radar image is oriented “up” toward the top of the bearing scale.
- Radar echoes and tracked targets are shown at their measured distances and moving in a direction relative to own ship’s heading.
- The heading line points from the own ship to the top of the bearing scale showing own ship’s heading in true bearing mode.
- The target trails mode can use both functions of true and relative.

For C UP (Course up mode)

When choosing Course up mode, current heading becomes the course at the top of the display and a moving heading line indicates actual.

This mode is used to navigate towards a specified course.

It easily shows any deviation of own ship from the specified course.



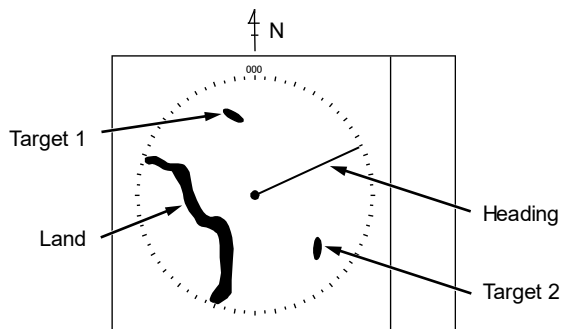
Note:

- This is an azimuth-stabilized presentation in which the bearing scale can be oriented so that own ship's course on the bearing scale is vertically above the own ship.
- The heading line points from the own ship to own ship's referenced heading on the bearing scale.
- If own ship's heading differs from the course, then the heading line does not point vertically upwards from the own ship until the bearing scale is reset (manually or automatically) to reflect the course alteration.

For N UP (North up mode)

This mode always keeps true north at the top of the display.

A north oriented representation makes it easy to reference with a chart.



Note:

- This is an azimuth-stabilized presentation in which north on the bearing scale remains fixed vertically above the own ship.
- The heading line points from the own ship to own ship's referenced heading on the bearing scale.
- The true bearing of any target on the display is measured from north.

For relative motion (RM) and true motion (TM)

Relative motion ($H UP_{RM}$, $C UP_{RM}$, $N UP_{RM}$) fixes your antenna position at the center of the display, and indicates the motion of targets that surround your antenna position.

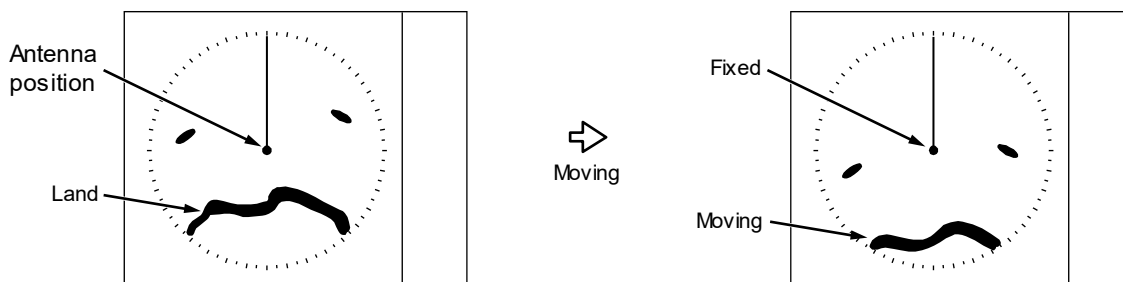
Your antenna position is displayed at the center. So, while the ship is moving, the fixed targets such as the land also continue to move.

True motion ($C UP_{TM}$, $N UP_{TM}$) indicates the motion of the target with respect to the specified bearing. Fixed targets that do not move in any direction stay on the display, and all the moving targets move on the display.

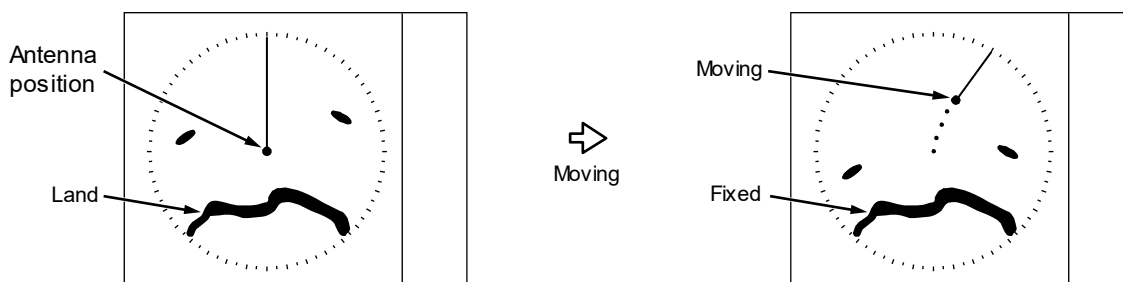
Note: The heading always continues to move. So, no true motion **TM** is available for **H UP**.

Relative motion (RM): The antenna position is fixed and the other surrounding targets move on the display.

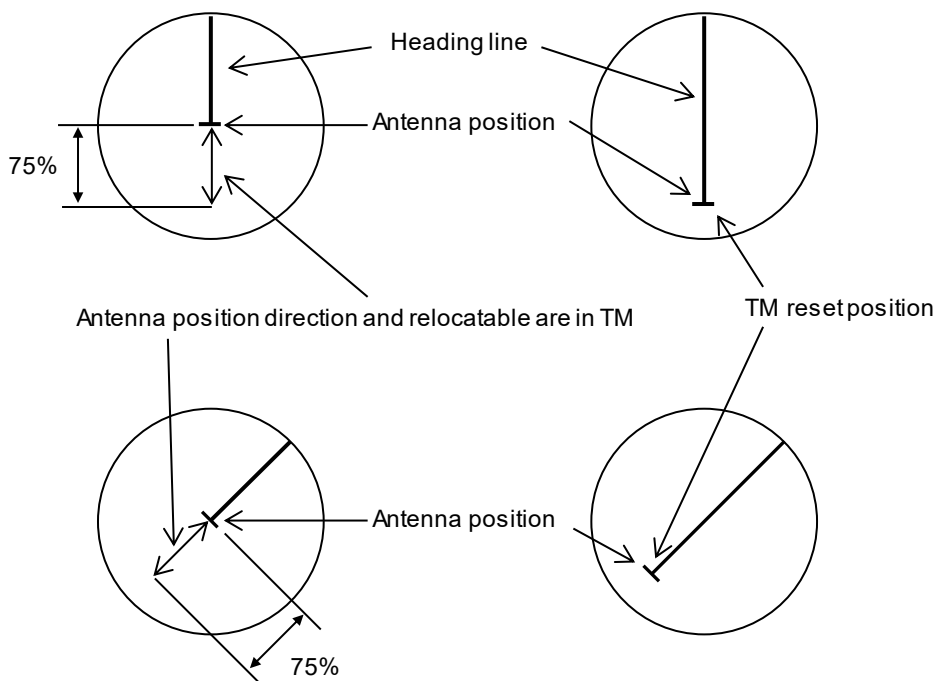
This is useful to monitor the surrounding situation with respect to own ship's position.



True motion (TM): The antenna position on the display moves according to its speed and tidal current. Stationary targets are fixed on the display. This mode is useful to monitor your position with respect to the fixed targets such as land.



N-UP or C-UP TM mode is selected, antenna position (own ship position) moves to opposite side of heading direction, and begins to show the true motion image. When antenna position (own ship position) reaches center of the range scale, own ship position is to reset to the course over water or to the opposite direction of the course over ground.



Reset true motion

Antenna position (own ship position) can be manually reset when in true motion operation at any given point, by following procedure.

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select **[DISPLAY] => [TM RESET]**, and press **ENT** key.

2.11 Ground and Sea stabilization

STAB MODE is a function to select speed for movement calculation for True trail, TT (ATA), Past position and True motion (TM).

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [STAB MODE], and select [SEA] or [GND], and press **ENT** key.

SEA (Sea stabilization)

SEA stabilization uses CTW (course through water) and STW (speed through water) referenced to water.

- STW is relative speed of the ship against water surface in the heading direction.
- Information from gyro (or equivalent) and speed information (VBW or VHW) from water speed sensor like LOG.
- When speed information is interrupted for 30 seconds from NMEA for any reason or VBW water status flag is invalid, then the numerical indication of CTW/STW becomes XXX.X in orange color.
- In this case speed can be entered manually.

Manual speed input.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I / O] => [STW] => [STW] => [MAN], and press **ENT** key.

2 Select [[MAINTENANCE] => [I / O] => [STW] => [MAN], set manual speed, and press **ENT** key.

3 Press **MENU** key to close "Menu".

4 Move cursor on the upper right side of the speed info of the display.

5 Press **ENT** key to get ready for speed entry. Enter speed by using joystick.

6 Press **ENT** key to save the input.

GND (Ground stabilization)

GND stabilization uses COG (course over ground) and SOG (speed over ground) referenced to the ground information from satellite navigation system. Accordingly course and speed indication at the upper right side of the display becomes COG/SOG. Speed in water sensor may be affected by current and stable operation may be spoiled.

- SOG is the absolute speed of the ship with reference to the land.
- If failure of interrupts the speed information for 30 seconds or if the ground status flag or VTG indicator flag is invalid, then the numerical indication of COG/SOG becomes XXX.X in orange color.

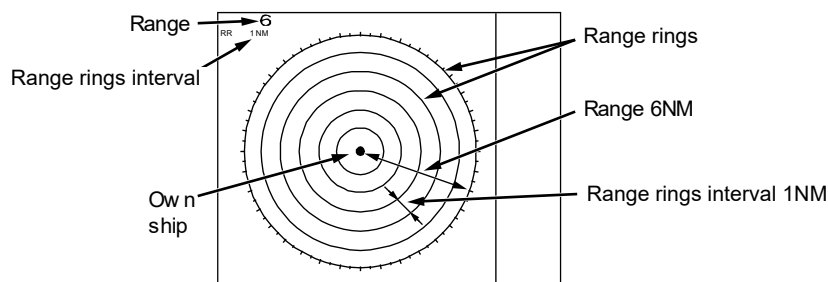
2.12 Measurement of distance by RR and VRM

There are three ways to measure distance to a target: Range Rings, Cursor or VRM.

Display Range Rings (RR)

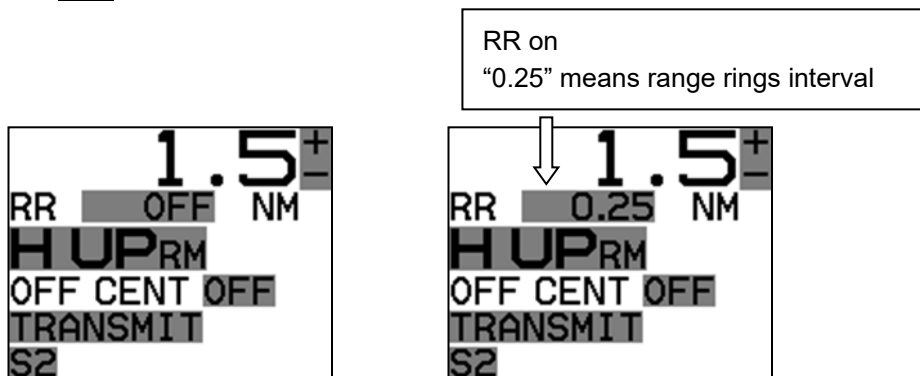
Range rings (RR) are markers displayed at the specified distance from reference point.

They are used as a rough indication of the distance to a target.



- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select **[NAV TOOL] => [RR] => [ON]**, and press **ENT** key.

Note: **[RR]** display can be changed directly in the upper left of the display, by moving cursor and pressing **ENT** key.



Note: When **[NAV TOOL] => [BRG TRUE / REL] => [TRUE]** is selected, 0° of the range rings indicates North direction. While, when **[REL]** is selected it indicates heading direction.

Measurement Range (VRM: Variable Range Marker)

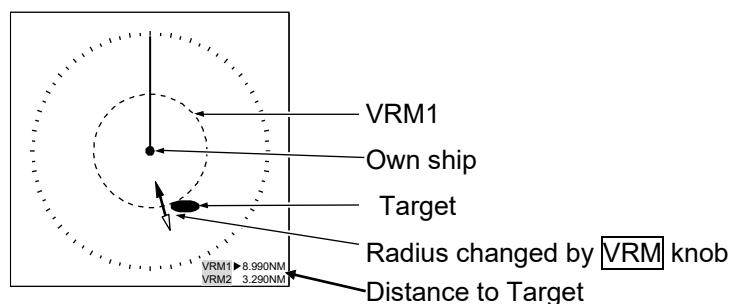
Two variable range markers [VRM1] and [VRM2] are provided.

Turn [VRM] knob and lay each circle on the desired target to read the distance to the target on the display.

- 1 Press [VRM1] key to display a dashed line circle of VRM1.

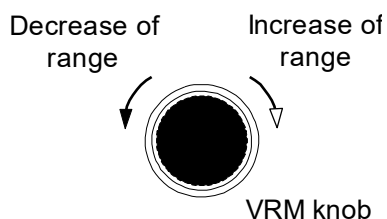
Turn [VRM] knob to adjust the line circle on the desired target.

The distance to the target is indicated at the lower right of the display, and also a ► symbol is displayed on the left side of the distance value.



- 2 The dashed line circle is zoomed in or zoomed out by turning [VRM] knob clockwise or counterclockwise, respectively.

Note: Turning [VRM] knob (while pressing it) changes the range quickly.



- 3 Another press of [VRM1] key will make the circle disappear.
- 4 Press [VRM2] key to activate the dotted line circle of VRM2.
Operation procedure and distance display are the same as VRM1.
- 5 If you want to display both VRM1 and VRM2 simultaneously, press [VRM1] key and [VRM2] key.
Then, both the dashed line circle and the dotted line circle are displayed.
- 6 Switching between VRM1 and VRM2 is performed with pressing either of [VRM] keys as desired.
When the selected key is pressed, the color of operation panel changes to red.

Measurement Range (Cursor)

Move the cursor on the target with joystick.

The distance and bearing to the target is indicated at the lower right of the display.

Note: While "MENU" is displayed, the cursor operation cannot be used.

Press [ENT] key while pressing [OFF] key to return the cursor to reference point position.

CURSOR I
084.3°
0.038NM
35°15.031N
139°48.650E

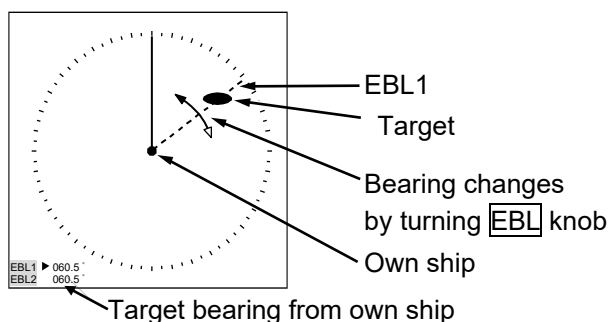
2.13 Measurement of bearing by EBL

This feature is used for measuring the bearing of the target from the base point (reference point for default value.) Two electronic bearing lines [EBL1] and [EBL2] are provided.

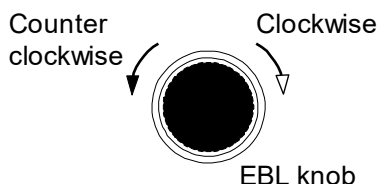
Turn **[EBL]** knob and lay each bearing line on the desired target and read the bearing on the display.

[Bearing mode] can be changed directly in the lower left of the display, by cursor and **[ENT]** key, without using menu function.

- 1 Press **[EBL1]** key, and the bearing line of EBL1 is displayed as a dashed line.
The bearing value to the target is indicated at the lower left of the display, and a ►symbol is displayed on the left side of the bearing value.
- 2 Rotate bearing line using **[EBL]** knob to adjust the line on the desired target.
The bearing value changes at the same time and you can read the bearing of the target.



Note: Turning **[EBL]** knob (while pressing it) changes the bearing quickly.



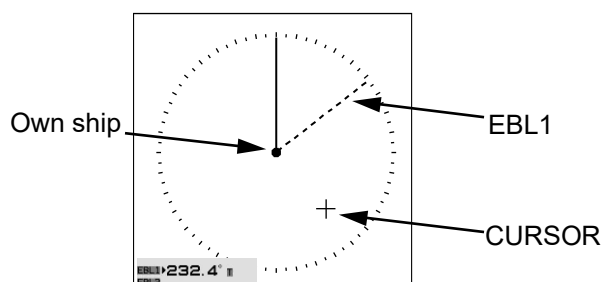
- 3 Another press of **[EBL1]** key, and the dashed line disappears and the bearing value on the lower left of the display also disappears.
- 4 Press **[EBL2]** key, and the bearing line is shown as a dotted line.
The operation procedure and display of the bearing is the same as EBL1.
- 5 If you want to display both EBL1 and EBL2 simultaneously, press **[EBL1]** key and press **[EBL2]** key.
Then, you can show both the dashed bearing line and the dotted bearing line.
- 6 Press **[EBL]** key to switch EBL1 or EBL2 as you desired.
The color of selected **[EBL]** key on the operating panel changes to red.

Using the EBL/VRM OFFSET

EBL (and VRM) base point can be changed to any position other than the initial reference point.

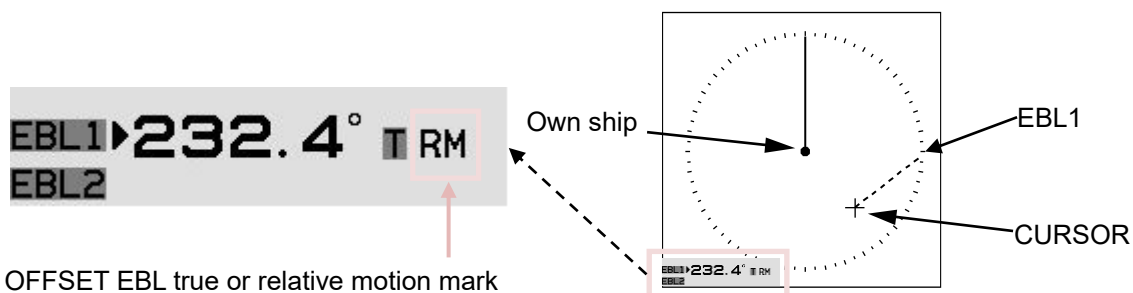
By changing the base point, the bearing from a random target can be measured.

- 1 Display the EBL (and VRM) for which the base point is required to be changed.
- 2 Move the cursor to new position.



- 3 Press **EBL** knob, and the base point of EBL (and VRM) changes.
During offset, the color of [OFFSET lamp] at the lower right of **EBL** knob changes from green to red, and the "TM" or "RM" mark is added right of the numerical figures.
"TM" means true motion, and "RM" means relative motion of OFFSET EBL1 and EBL2.
The motion selection can be changed by [NAV TOOL] => [EBL] => [EBL1 OFFSET] or [EBL2 OFFSET] => select [RM] or [TM], and press **ENT** key.

EBL knob



- 4 Press **EBL** knob again, and the base point returns to the reference point.

VRM cannot offset alone.

When [NAV TOOL] => [VRM] => [OFFSET] => [ON] is selected, the base point can change a position same as EBL.

2.14 Bearing mode set up

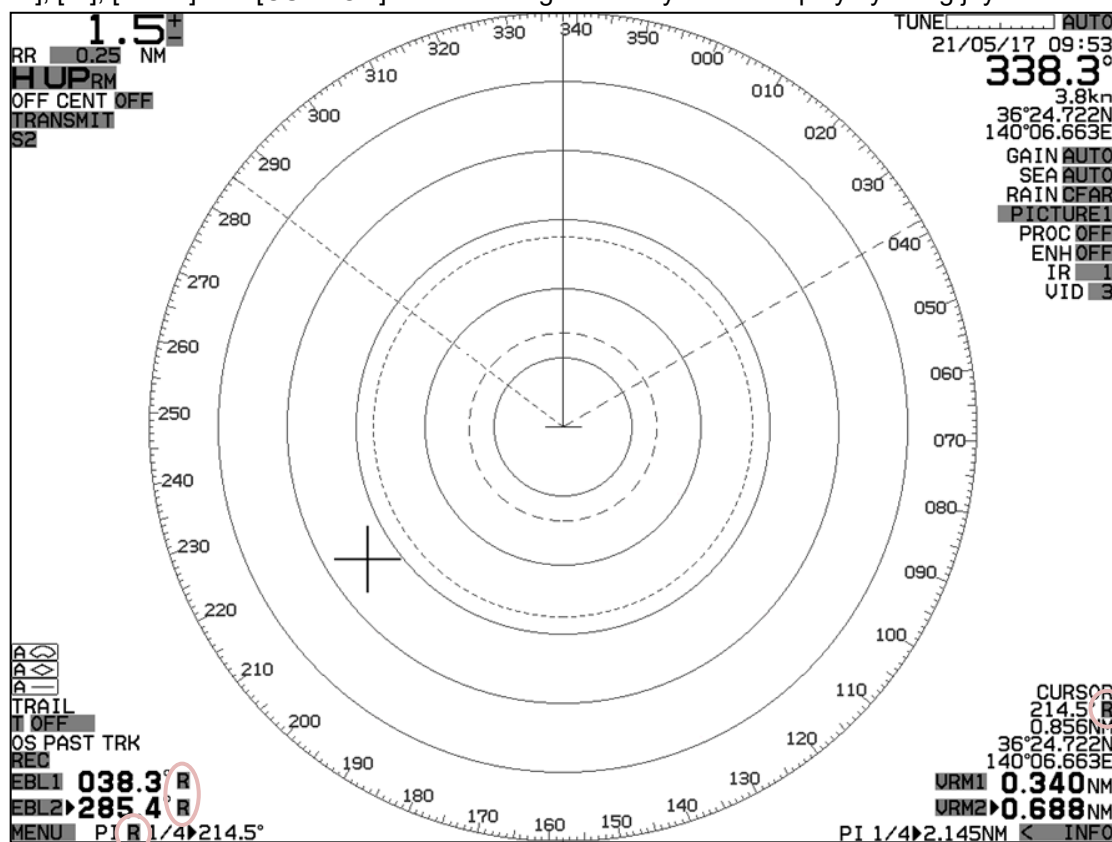
This menu is used to change the bearing mode in EBL, PI, Bearing scale and CURSOR.

The settings available in the true bearing with the true north of 000 degree, and in the relative bearing with the heading of 000 degree.

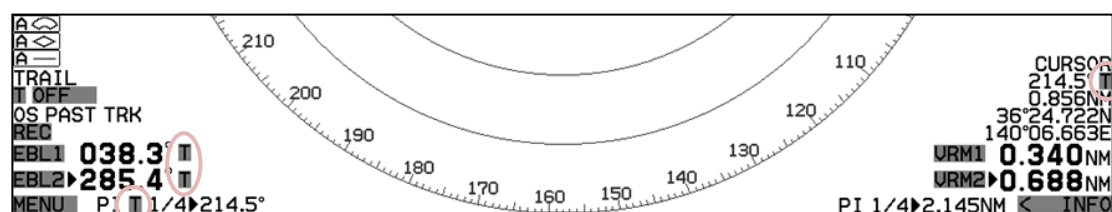
1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [NAV TOOL] => [BRG TRUE/REL] => [TRUE] or [REL], and press **ENT** key.

[EBL], [PI], [ERBL] and [CURSOR] can be changed directly on the display by using joystick.



Relative mode



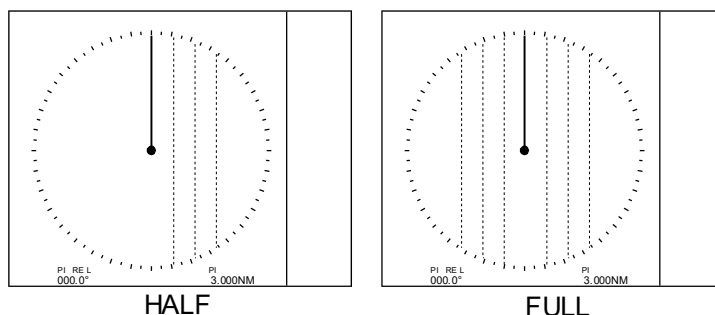
True mode

2.15 Measurement of distance/bearing by PI

This function is used to display straight Parallel Index (PI) lines on one or both sides of the vessel, range and bearing of which can be manipulated by following procedures.

PI display side setting

- 1 [NAV TOOL] => [PI] => [PI DISP SIDE] => select [HALF] or [FULL], and press **ENT** key.



PI line number setting

- 1 [NAV TOOL] => [PI] => [CURSOR] => select [NORMAL], [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6] or [7], and press **ENT** key.

NORMAL: PI line number is equal to range of range ring. Variable range is min: equal to range ring one, max: 50% of selected range.

1 to 7: Designated number of PI is displayed. Variable range is min: 0, max: about 1.6 times of selected range.

Operation

- 1 Press **VRM** knob, and PI lines are displayed.
Bearing is displayed by figure on middle lower left of the display, and distance between PI lines is displayed on middle lower right of the display during PI is displayed.
- 2 Turn the **VRM** knob to change the interval between lines.
- 3 Turn the **EBL** knob to change the bearing.

2.16 Change color and brightness (Day/Night)

This function is used to change default echo, trail and all data color and contrast for day and night mode.

DAY/NIGHT mode can be changed directly by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key.

Setup color

- 1** Select the mode (Day or Night) by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key, color palette of which you would like to change.
- 2** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [BRILL] => select [ECHO], [TRAIL], [BKGND PPI], [BKGND DATA], [DATA], or [OTHERS]*1.
After selecting color for each item, press **ENT** key.

ECHO:	WHITE, YELLOW, GREEN, MULTI, USER1 or USER2
TRAIL:	BLUE, BROWN, USER1 or USER2
BKGND PPI:	BLACK, BLUE, USER1 or USER2
BKGND DATA:	BLACK, BLUE, USER1 or USER2
DATA:	WHITE, GREY, USER1 or USER2
OTHERS*1: SCALE:	NORMAL, DARK, USER1 or USER2
OS TOOL*2:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
TGT:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
COAST LINE:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
NAV LINE:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
ROUTE:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
EVENT MKR:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
AREA:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
PAST TRK:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
MONITORED ROUTE:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
LAT/LON LINE:	NORMAL, USER1 or USER2
CURSOR:	NORMAL, DARK, USER1 or USER2
CHART LAND:	BROWN, GREEN, LIME, YELLOW, GREY, USER1 or USER2
DEPTH:	WHITE, BLUE, USER1 or USER2

*1 [OTHERS]: After selecting each item of [OTHERS], select color and press **ENT** key.

*2 OS TOOL: VRM, EBL/PI, RR, OS, and ETC

- 3** Make sure day or night mode is selected by [BRILL] first before making adjustments in step 2.

Setup USER1 and USER2 color

- 1 Select the mode (Day or Night) by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key, color palette of which you would like to change.

- 2 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select **[BRILL]** => select **[USER1 COLOR]** or **[USER2 COLOR]**.

After selecting the each item, and after adjusting each item with joystick, press **ENT** key.

You can change the following item's color.

ECHO:

TRAIL:

BKGND PPI:

BKGND DATA:

DATA:

SCALE:

OS TOOL:

TGT:

COAST LINE:

NAV LINE:

ROUTE:

EVENT MKR:

AREA:

PAST TRK:

MONITORED ROUTE:

LAT/LON LINE:

CURSOR:

CHART LAND:

DEPTH:

	<R>	<G>	
Black	0	0	0
Blue	0	0	255
Green	0	255	0
Light blue	0	255	255
Red	255	0	0
Pink	255	0	255
Yellow	255	255	0
White	255	255	255
Orange	255	152	0
Dark blue	0	0	128
Grey	128	128	128

Combination of representative colors

Setup brightness

This is to set up brightness of ECHO, TRAIL, BKGND, OS TOOL, TGT, MAP, CURSOR, DATA and MENU/ALERT.

Default value of these items is 100 (max).

For safety reason, brightness cannot be adjusted to less than 20.

- 1** Select the mode (day or night) by pressing **DAY/NIGHT** key, brightness of which you would like to change.
- 2** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [BRILL] => select [ECHO], [TRAIL], [BKGND], [OS/TOOL], [TGT], [MAP], [CURSOR], [DATA] and [MENU/ALERT].
After adjusting each item with joystick, press **ENT** key.

Color and brightness settings reset

If you want to return the color and brightness settings back to default value, please use following procedure.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [BRILL] => [RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

2.17 Remove the heading line/navigation data

This function is used when a target is overlapped with a heading line and hard to be distinguished.

- 1 Press **OFF** key to temporarily hide the heading line.

For safety reason, the heading line disappears only while the key is pressed. (It is not possible to keep it removed.)

Continue pressing **OFF** key for 2sec. All navigation tool data (RR, EBL, VRM, ERBL, PI, [MAP], such as COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR, and AREA, etc.) will hide.

2.18 Target trail

Other ships trails are displayed by following procedures.

Two display modes, relative display **REL** and true display **TRUE** are available.

At the start of trail, "TRAIL" characters at lower left of the display change to yellow. When trail time has passed, character color turns white.

Note:

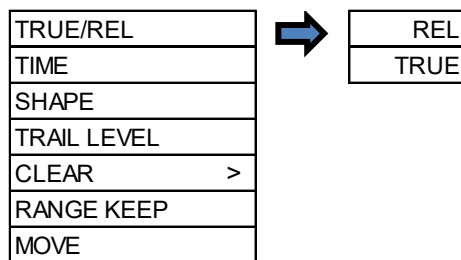
- The trail by its nature records and displays past images. The trail does not display right after transmission is started.

In addition, after the change of [TIME], or after the change of two or more steps in [RANGE], the trail will disappear, because the recording is reset (erased).

- The trail [TIME] and [REL] or [TRUE] mode can be changed directly at the lower left of the display, with joystick and **ENT** key, without using menu function.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TRAIL] => [TRUE / REL], and press **ENT** after making selection.



- 2 There are additional set up items, [TIME], [SHAPE], [TRAIL LEVEL], [CLEAR], [RANGE KEEP] and [MOVE].

[TIME]: This is to set up the time of the trail to be displayed.

Setting value: OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min, PERM

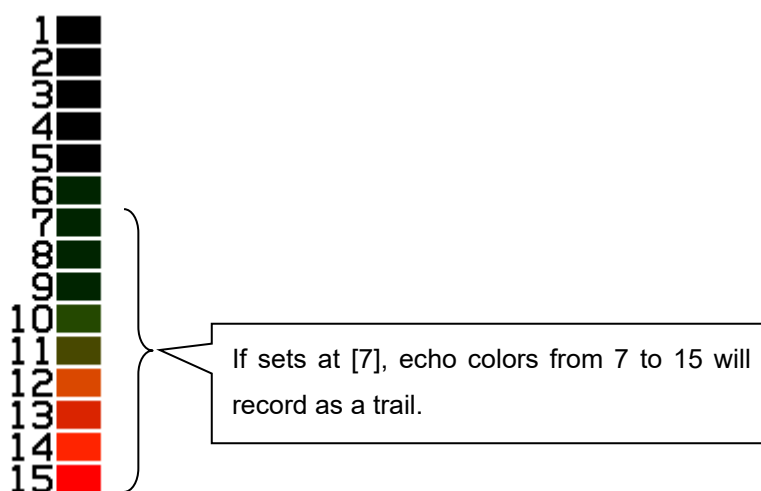
[SHAPE]: Three types of trail shapes available, as shown below.



[TRAIL LEVEL]: This is to set up echo level of trail to be recorded.

“1” records all signal levels returned as a trail.

“15” records only the strongest signal levels as a trail.



[CLEAR]: This is to delete all current trails and restart new trails.

[RANGE KEEP]: “OFF” deletes trails when changing range.

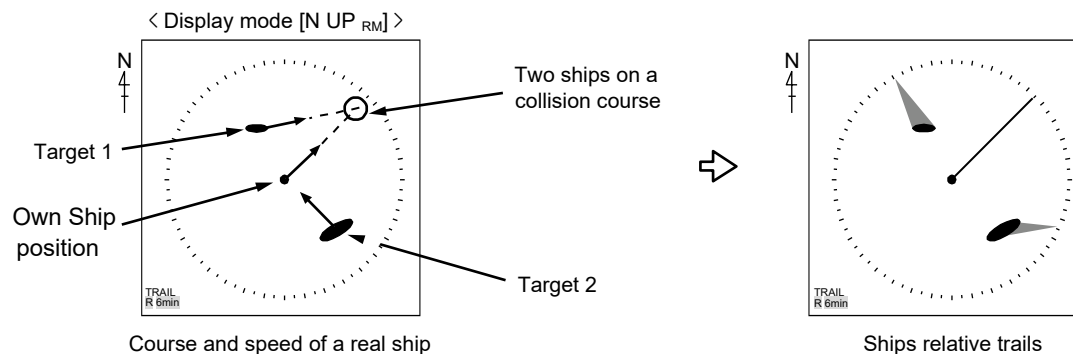
“ON” does not delete trails when changing range.

[MOVE]: This function is to select “COURSE” (Heading, Speed) or “POSITION” (Lat/Lon) for the display reference of trails.

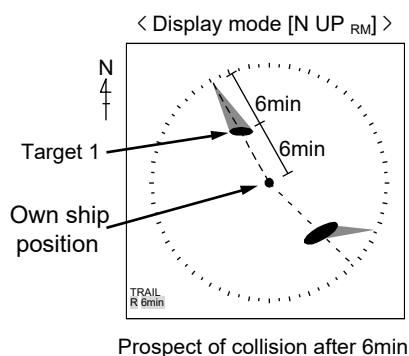
If “POSITION” is used, the display of trails will be more stable, because there is no effect due to staggering of ship’s bearing. However, latitude and longitude are to be input.

Relative display (R)

The target trail is displayed as result of sum of vector (course and speed) of the target ship and your ship. When your ship is on the projected course of this trail, it shows that a collision may occur in future. This display is useful to help detect a dangerous situation.



Target 1, whose trail is overlapping the EBL, is a dangerous target while the Target 2 is not. If trail setting is six minutes, and if the trail length is equal to the distance between the antenna position and Target 1, then the collision will occur after six minutes.



True display (T)

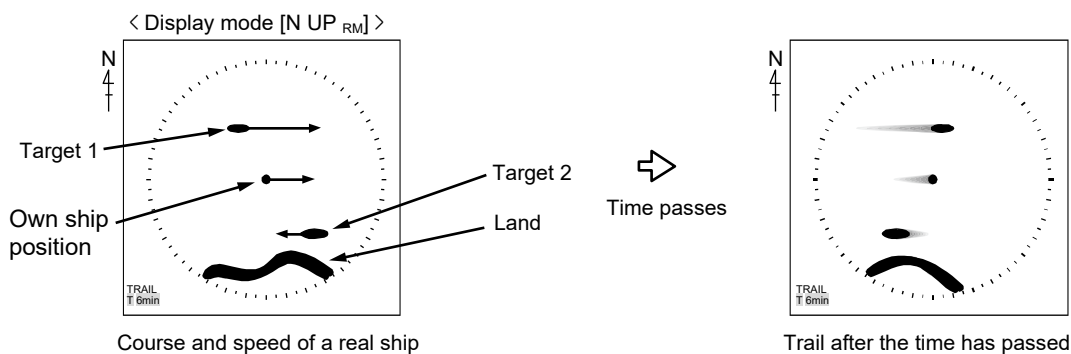
This mode displays the trail of the moving target over a specified time interval independently from own ship's movement.

This mode is used to monitor the bearing and speed of the target.

No trails of fixed targets such as land are shown using this display.

The amount of movement of all ships, own ship, Target 1 and Target 2 are drawn as trails.

The land does not move, so its trail is not shown.



2.19 Off Center

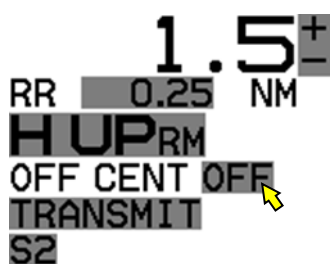
This function is used to get larger view in heading direction.

Two ways "OFF CENTER" can be setup.

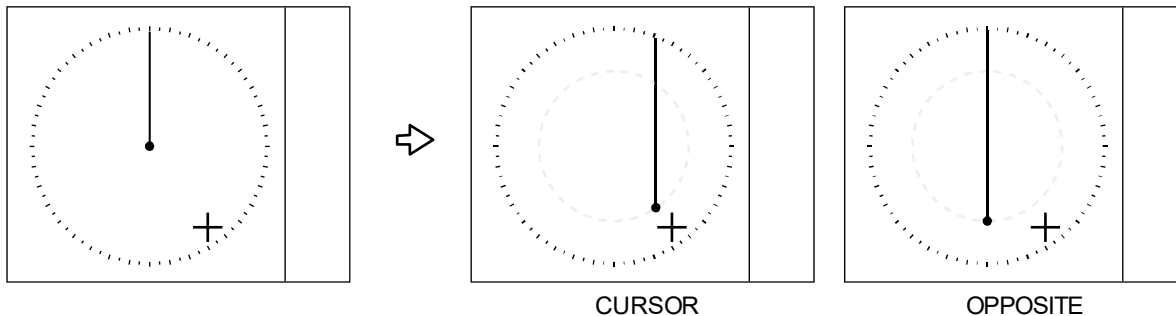
[CURSOR]: Off-centering to CURSOR direction.

[OPPOSITE]: Off-centering to the stern direction.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [DISPLAY] => [OFF CENT POINT] and press **ENT** key after selecting the off center point "CURSOR" or "OPPOSITE".
- 2 Off-centering is executed by pressing **OFF CENT** key, or move cursor to set value of **ON** or **OFF** of [OFF CENT] at the upper left part of the display, and press **ENT** key.



- 3 The difference of [CURSOR] and [OPPOSITE] are as follows.



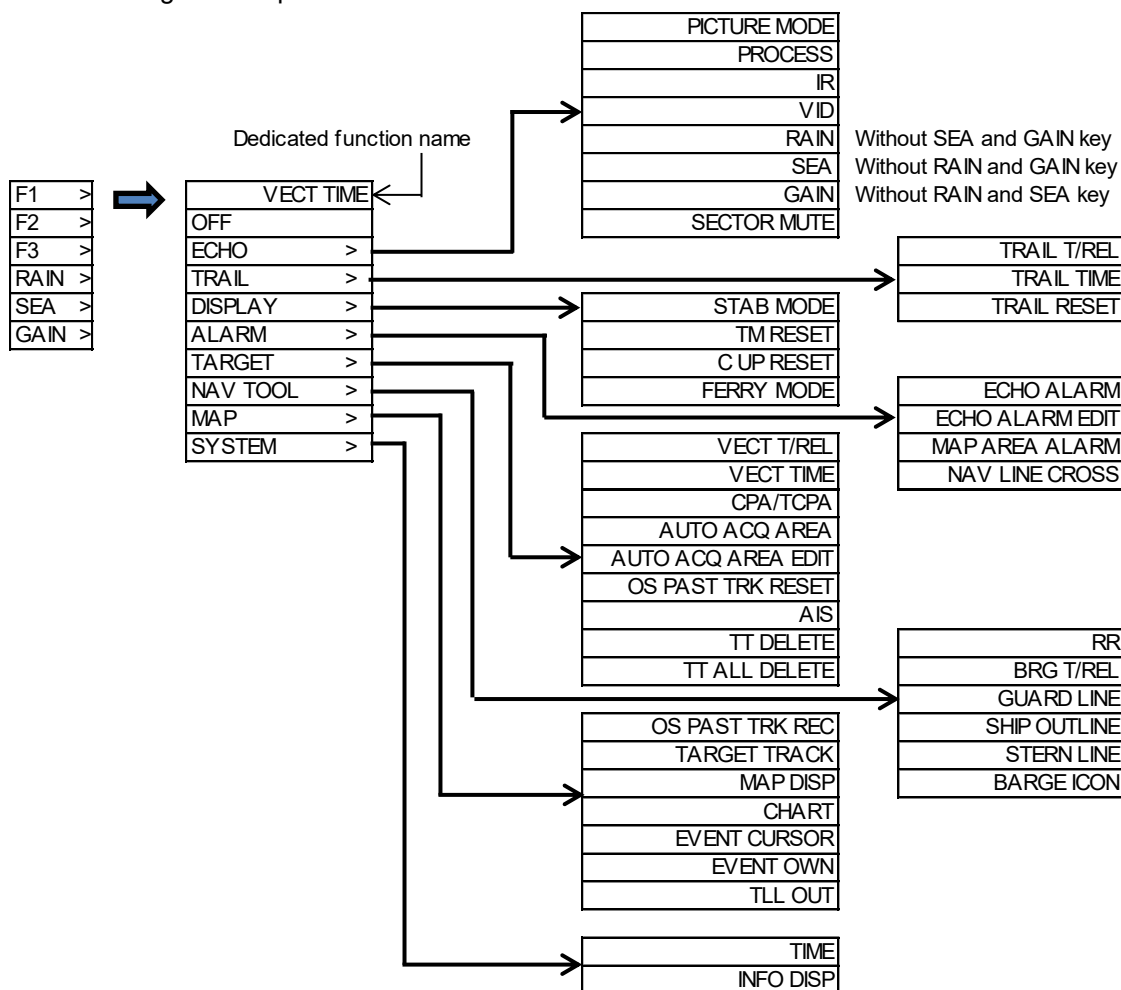
2.20 Function key usage

For quick function access, there are six dedicated function keys provided on this radar ("F1", "F2", "F3", "RAIN", "SEA" and "GAIN").

You can switch to a pre-specified function by pressing each key.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [FUNCTION KEY] => [F1] key => press **ENT** key and after selecting the setup value.



- 2 Follow procedure (1) to setup keys [F2], [F3], [RAIN], [SEA] and [GAIN] by selecting each item and press **ENT** key.
- 3 Another way to setup each function key is to press and hold desired key until menu selection shows up on the right of the display. Using joystick and **ENT** key make a selection and save to designated function key.

2.21 Set picture mode

It is necessary to make adjustment to the radar picture as environment and sea condition changes. The Picture mode can quickly change for different settings, [PROCESS], [ENH], [IR] and [VID], depending on the situation. You can change these setting items individually, and these changes are stored in internal memory.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ECHO] => [PICTURE MODE] => press **ENT** key after making your selection.

The setting value can be selected from "PICTURE1, PICTURE2 or PICTURE3".

Initial setting of [PICTURE MODE]:

	PROCESS	ENHANCE	IR	VID
PICTURE1:	C2	OFF	1	3
PICTURE2:	A2	OFF	1	3
PICTURE3:	C2	1	1	1

PROCESS: Refer to 2.22 Echo process

ENH: Refer to 2.23 Echo enhance

IR: Refer to 2.24 Interference rejection (IR)

VID: Refer to 2.25 Video contrast

[PICTURE MODE] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display using joystick.

```

GAIN AUTO
SEA AUTO
RAIN CFAR
PICTURE1
PROC OFF
ENH OFF
IR 1
VID 3

```


2.22 Echo process

Echo process mode is used to suppress of sea, rain and snow clutter and the target appears on the display. Echo process mode is used correlation method. Five types of C1, C2, C3, A1 and A2 are available.

[PROCESS] mode can be changed directly at the upper right of the display using joystick.

- 1 Move the cursor to **OFF**, **C1**, **C2**, **C3**, **A1** or **A2** of [PROCESS] at the upper right part of the display.
Press **ENT** key repeatedly until the desired choice appears.

```

GAIN AUTO
SEA AUTO
RAIN CFAR
PICTURE 1
PROC C1
ENH OFF
IR 1
VID 3
  
```

Correlation image echo process

Process mode: C1, C2, C3

The effect to suppress the sea and rain/snow clutter will be stronger in the order of $C1 < C2 < C3$.

Process mode: A1, A2

A2 mode will display the hardly distinguished target of video signal for a long time than A1 mode.

Note:

- For confirmation of an image that may be hidden between the waves and the image of a fast ship that appears at a different position for each scan, the image may be displayed weaker than the actual one. Therefore, when fast moving target on the display, select [PROCESS] **OFF**.
- For operation of GAIN, SEA and RAIN, it may take some time before it becomes effective. Take enough time for the operation, or operate again after [PROCESS] has been once off.
- Echo process mode requires heading signal and speed signal, echo process mode turns into **OFF** if heading signal or speed signal is unavailable.

2.23 Echo enhance

This function is to enlarge an image in the direction of distance/bearing.

Small ships and remote targets can be enlarged to be easier to see.

[ENHANCE] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

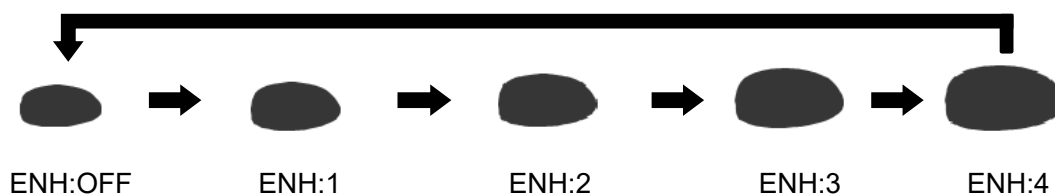
- 1 Echo enhance is executed by pressing **[ENH]** key, or move the cursor to set value window of **[OFF]**, **[1]**, **[2]**, **[3]** or **[4]** of [ENHANCE] at the upper right part of the display.

Press **[ENT]** key repeatedly until the desired choice appears.

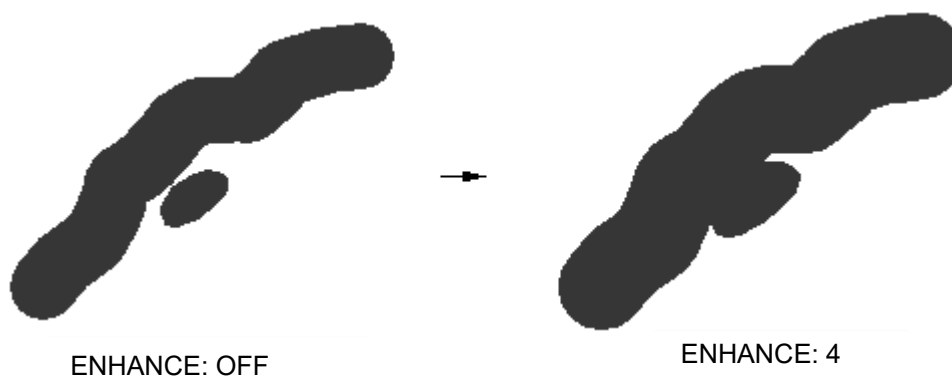
```

GAIN AUTO
SEA AUTO
RAIN CFAR
PICTURE 1
PROC OFF
ENH 1
IR 1
VID 3
  
```

Note: The setting value can be selected from “OFF, 1, 2, 3 and 4” and the larger value applies stronger enhance effect.



Note: The enlargement of targets has effect on all echoes. So, a large target such as land is also enlarged. Consequently, land and a small target may sometimes be seen as a single target. Pay attention to that.



2.24 Interference rejection (IR)

This feature is used to reject interference from other radars.

Radar transmissions on same frequency band can cause interference noise on the display depending on its transmitted power. This noise pattern appearance varies case by case, but is usually spiral shape or like the spokes of a wheel in shape. This function can reduce interference effect.

[IR] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

[IR] is also effective to reduce second echo phenomenon.

- 1 Move the cursor to set value window of [IR] at the upper right part of the display.

Press **[ENT]** key repeatedly until desired value appears.

```

GAIN AUTO
SEA AUTO
RAIN CFAR
PICTURE 1
PROC OFF
ENH 1
IR 1
VID 3
  
```

Note:

- The setting value can be selected from “OFF, 1, 2, and 3” and the larger value applies stronger interference rejection effect.
- Too much removal effect may also remove small targets. Pay attention to that.

2.25 Video contrast

This is a function to change the relation between the strength of returned echo and their display gradation.

At **[VID 1]**, the difference of signals strength between strong echo and weak echo becomes larger. As the numerical figure becomes larger in **[VID 2]**, **[VID 3]**, **[VID 4]**, and **[VID 5]** the difference in signal strength becomes smaller.

[VID] can be changed directly at the upper right of the display.

- 1 Move cursor to **[1]**, **[2]**, **[3]**, **[4]** or **[5]** of [VID] at the upper right part of the display.

Press **[ENT]** key repeatedly until desired value appears.

```

GAIN AUTO
SEA AUTO
RAIN CFAR
PICTURE 1
PROC OFF
ENH 1
IR 1
VID 3
  
```

When the difference of signal strength is small, images becomes sharper.

However, signal strength from small ships and buoys is weak, and the difference between clutter and them is not large enough.

Therefore, it is necessary to display clutter which may blend together with small ships and buoys.

2.26 Echo color rejection

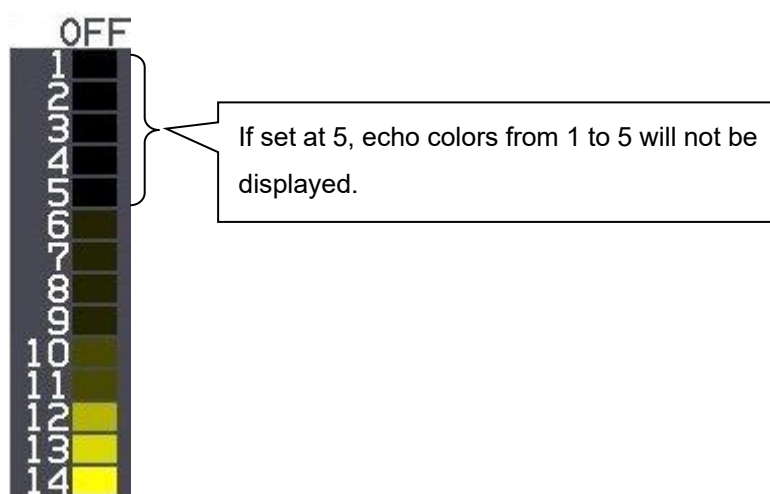
This radar has a function to remove a color selected by menu operation.

This effect is to show the strong signal image clearly and to delete the unwanted signal such as noise.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ECHO] => [COLOR REJ] => select [OFF] or [1 to 14], and press **ENT** key.

Selection value 1: Lowest signal level color

Selection value 14: Highest signal level color



2.27 Pulse width

This radar can change pulse width of the transmission from 0.25NM to 12NM range scale.

SP and LP pulse width can be set separately.

The pulse width in use is displayed at the upper left of the display, using the indications shown in the table below.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ECHO] => [PULSE WIDTH] => select range scale (0.25 to 12 NM) => select [SP] or [LP]
=> set pulse width, and press **ENT** key.

4kW

Range	SP mode						LP mode					
0.125	S1						S1					
0.25	S1	S2					S1	S2				
0.5	S1	S2	M1	M2			S1	S2	M1	M2		
0.75	S1	S2	M1	M2			S1	S2	M1	M2		
1.5	S1	S2	M1	M2	L1		S1	S2	M1	M2	L1	
3		S2	M1	M2	L1	L2		S2	M1	M2	L1	L2
6			M1	M2	L1	L2			M1	M2	L1	L2
12						L2						L2
24						L2						L2
48						L2						L2

6kW / 12kW

Range	SP mode							LP mode						
0.125	S1							S1						
0.25	S1	S2						S1	S2					
0.5	S1	S2	M1					S1	S2	M1				
0.75	S1	S2	M1	M2				S1	S2	M1	M2			
1.5	S1	S2	M1	M2	M3			S1	S2	M1	M2	M3		
3		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2
6				M2	M3	L1	L2				M2	M3	L1	L2
12						L1	L2						L1	L2
24							L2							L2
32							L2							L2
48							L2							L2
64							L3							L3

25kW

Range	SP mode							LP mode						
0.125	S1							S1						
0.25	S1	S2						S1	S2					
0.5	S1	S2	M1					S1	S2	M1				
0.75	S1	S2	M1	M2				S1	S2	M1	M2			
1.5	S1	S2	M1	M2	M3			S1	S2	M1	M2	M3		
3		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2		S2	M1	M2	M3	L1	L2
6				M2	M3	L1	L2				M2	M3	L1	L2
12						L1	L2						L1	L2
24							L2							L2
48							L2							L2
96							L3							L3

Indication	4kW		6kW / 12kW / 25kW	
	Pulse width	PRF	Pulse width	PRF
S 1 (Short pulse 1)	0.08 μ s	2000 Hz	0.08 μ s	2600 Hz
S 2 (Short pulse 2)	0.08 μ s	2000 Hz	0.15 μ s	2600 Hz
M 1 (Medium pulse 1)	0.15 μ s	1800 Hz	0.3 μ s	2400 Hz
M 2 (Medium pulse 2)	0.3 μ s	1500 Hz	0.4 μ s	2000 Hz
M 3 (Medium pulse 3)			0.6 μ s	1400 Hz
L 1 (Long pulse 1)	0.5 μ s	800 Hz	0.8 μ s	1000 Hz
L 2 (Long pulse 2)	1.0 μ s	500 Hz	1.2 μ s	600 Hz
L 3 (Long pulse 3)			1.2 μ s	450 Hz

2.28 Inter-switch

Inter-switch is a way to setup two radars to be connected together.

Note: If either radar fails while two radars are in use, then set the [INTER-SWITCH] menu of the working radar to [INDEPENDENT MASTER] and use it independently.

Refer to “3.4.8 Cable connection for inter-switch” of Installation manual.

NOTE: [INTER-SWITCH] menu cannot be used while transmitting.

1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.

Select [SYSTEM] => [INTER-SWITCH] => select [INTER-SWITCH] mode*, and press **ENT** key.

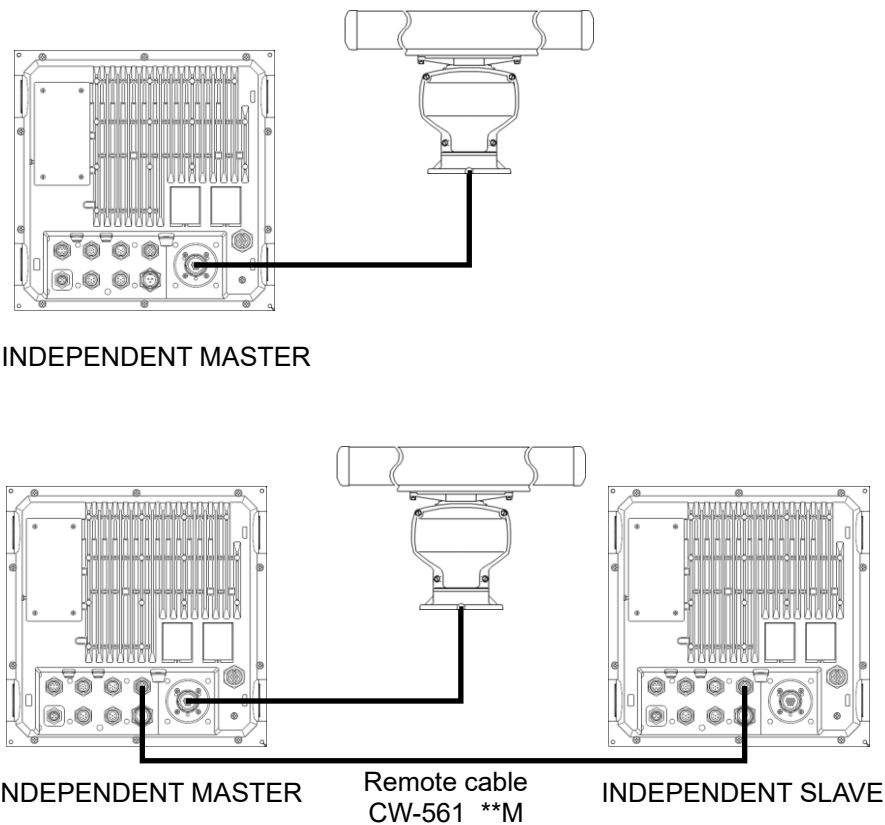
* Available choices: INDEPENDENT MASTER, INDEPENDENT SLAVE, DUAL MASTER, DUAL SLAVE, CROSS, MONITOR

INDEPENDENT MASTER: Connection status where one antenna is connected to one radar.

INDEPENDENT SLAVE: Connection status where the dedicated cable is connected to the above-mentioned INDEPENDENT (MASTER), and the image of antenna of INDEPENDENT (MASTER) is displayed on (SLAVE) radar.

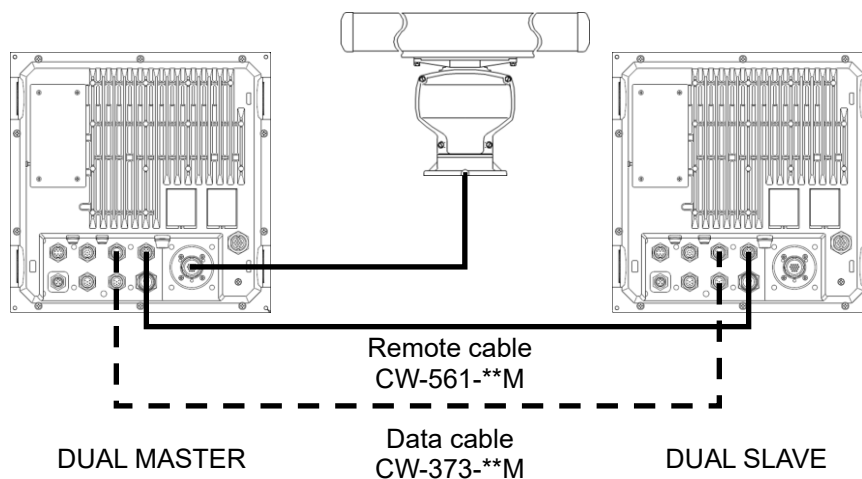
The SLAVE unit cannot control the antenna unit.

The monitor (SLAVE unit) will display its range in accordance with the MASTER one.

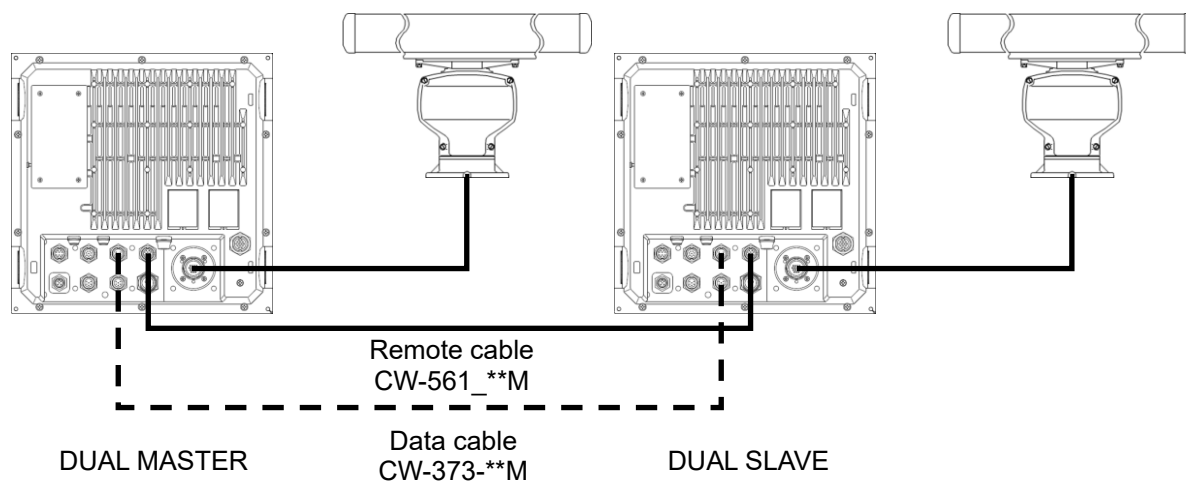


DUAL MASTER: Connection topology is the same as the above-mentioned INDEPENDENT (MASTER) and INDEPENDENT (SLAVE), and the data cable is necessary. By this way, either radar can control the antenna. The radar to which the antenna is connected is DUAL (MASTER).

DUAL SLAVE: The radar to which the antenna is not connected is DUAL (SLAVE).



CROSS: In this status, there are two radars to which each antenna is connected. In this status, the antenna that is not connected to its own radar is used.

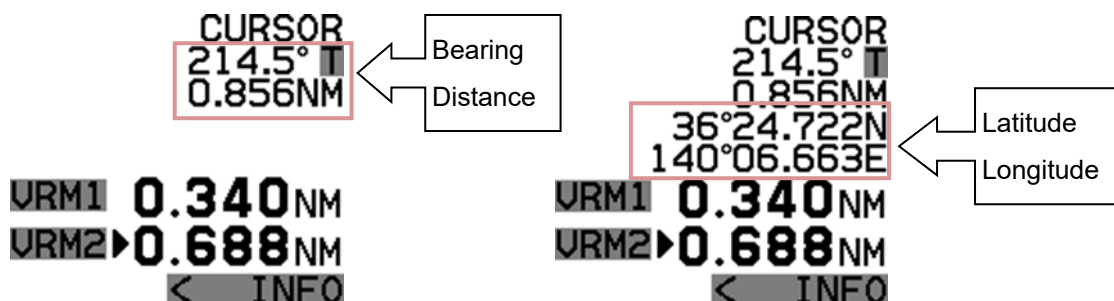


MONITOR: In this status, the antenna is not connected, and a simulator is connected and used.

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set Heading (HL OFFSET), TX DELAY and ANT CABLE adjustment of each antenna. (Refer to 4.1.2, 4.1.3 and 4.1.5 of Installation manual) These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

2.29 Cursor data

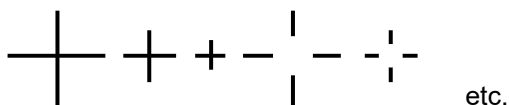
Cursor data is displayed in distance and bearing at lower right of the display. In addition, it can also be displayed in latitude and longitude position.



CURSOR setting menu

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
- 2 Select **[NAV TOOL]** => **[CURSOR]** =>

CURSOR SHAPE: Set up shape of cursor.



CURSOR:

NOT OPERATION: ON/OFF of the cursor indication.

ON: The cursor shape and data are always indicated on the display.

OFF: The cursor shape and date will be disappeared after 30 sec. from last cursor operation.

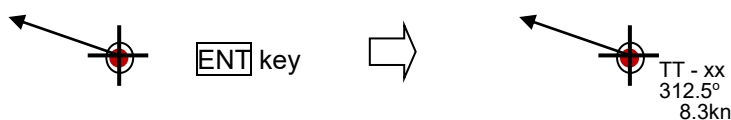
POSN DISP: ON/OFF of the latitude and longitude position display.

CURSOR HUP MOVE: When HUP mode is used, OFF always remains at the fixed position.

ON links a bearing changes and moves.

INFO: ON/OFF of the TT, AIS and MAP information data display selected by cursor and **[ENT]** key.

ON: TT, AIS and MAP information data will be displayed near cursor during about 15 sec. after these data is selected.

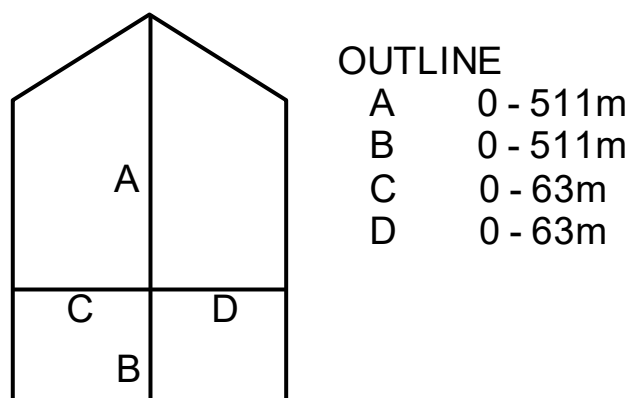


2.30 Setup own ship outline

Setup ship outline

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.
[ON]: Display own ship outline.
[OFF]: Non display own ship outline.
- 2** Select [OS PROFILE] => and => after selection.

This setup is to designate ship's outline.



2.31 FERRY MODE

It is a function to use a river for by coming and going ferry etc.

It becomes effective at H UP, and the letter of the FERRY appears on the screen while using it.

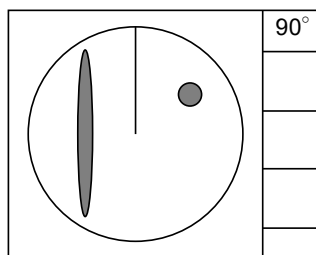
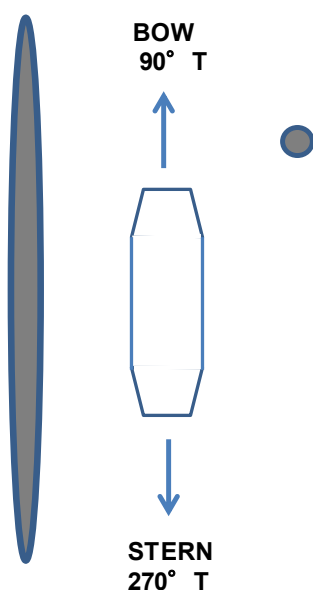
1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select **[DISPLAY]** => **[FERRY MODE]** =>

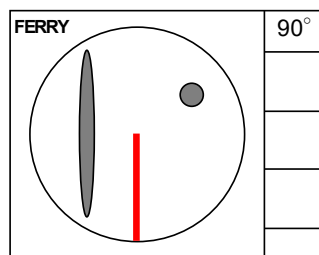
FERRY MODE: OFF, ON Turn ferry mode on or off

HDG: 0°, 180° Gyro reading has 180 degrees added to it or subtracted from it

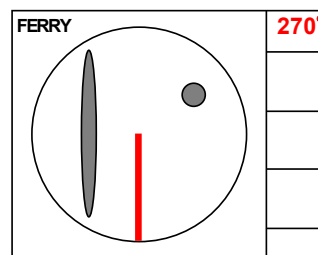
HEADING LINE: UP, DOWN Change of the heading line indication up or down



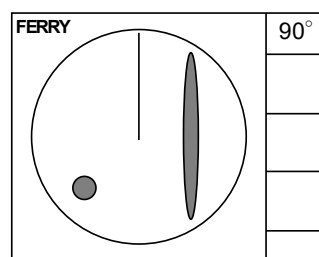
FERRY MODE: OFF



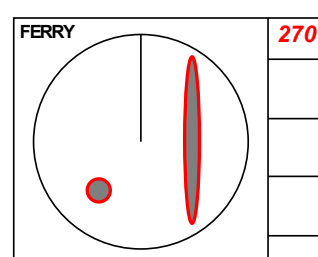
FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 0°
HEADING LINE: DOWN



FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 180°
HEADING LINE: DOWN



FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 0°
HEADING LINE: UP



FERRY MODE: ON
HDG: 180°
HEADING LINE: UP

Note: HL line shows the direction that the ship moves.

You can easily change it when you set ferry mode at function key.

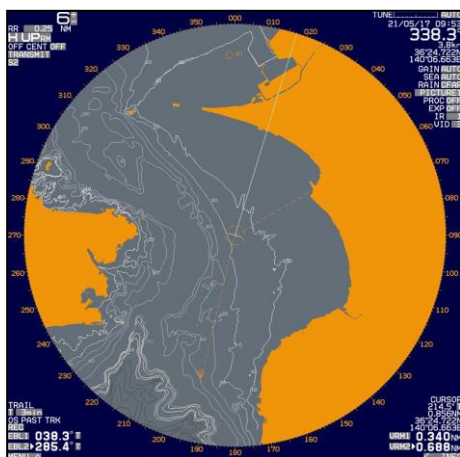
2.32 Display setup

2.33.1 ALL PPI mode

ALL PPI function is to display radar echo images, trails, maps and c-map chart on all screens (excluding menu area and own ship's information area).

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [ALL PPI] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.



ALL PPI: OFF



ALL PPI: ON

2.33.2 ROTATION MARGIN (H UP, C UP)

This function is to set rotation margin of radar echo images, trails, maps and c-map chart depending on angle of ship's bearing.

When the ship's bearing is changing little by little, the pictures become stable if the set value is larger.

In this case, the direction of the heading line moves according to the change of the bearing. When bearing exceeds the set value, the pictures rotate to right position, and heading line returns to the origin position.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [ROTATION MARGIN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

- 2 Move joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 0.0° to 30.0°

2.33.3 LOCATION INFO

This function displays the line from the own ship position to WPT or LAT/LON position, and displays the mark on that position.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [LOCATION INFO] => select [OFF], [WPT] or [LAT/LON], and press **ENT** key.

WPT: It is necessary to input WPT data (RMB, BWC or RTE and WPT) from navigation device.

LAT/LON: The position data of [LOCATION INFO] => [LAT] and [LON] is displayed.

2.33.4 INFO DISP

This function selects the information to display for "INFO DISP".

There are four "INFO DISP" areas. (UPERP, MIDDLE1, MIDDLE2 and BOTTOM)

"INFO DISP" is displayed right side of the display.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [INFO DISP] => select [UPERP], [MIDDLE1], [MIDDLE2] or [BOTTOM] =>

Selection value: OWN SHIP INFO, TARGET INFO, WAY POINT INFO, DAY INFO, DEPTH / TEMP, WIND, CRS / SPD, SET/DRIFT

This information of "INFO DISP" is displayed transparent overlaid on radar display. Please use following procedure.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [DISPLAY] => [INFO BKGND] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Refer to 1.1 Radar Display "INFO DISP".

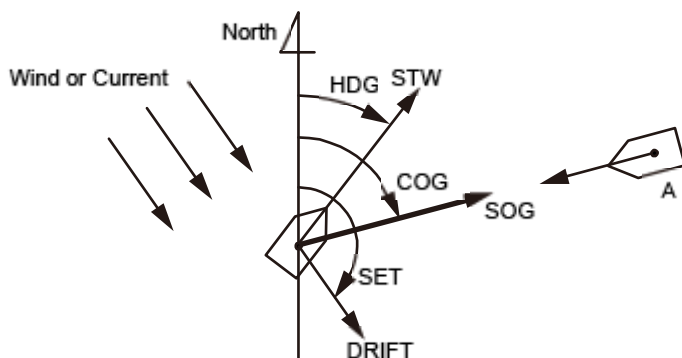
Chapter 3 Alarm

This function is used to monitor hazardous targets such for collision prevention.

Collision avoidance

It is strongly recommended to maneuver the ship for collision avoidance based on true and dependable SOG and COG information.

This is because ship's heading and running speed against water may be different from the actual ship's movement due to foreign or mostly natural environmental effect such as wind, current, wave etc.



3.1 Echo alarm

Echo alarm function has two movement modes of [IN] and [OUT].

[IN] mode: When the echo enters a specified fan type alarm area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

[OUT] mode: When echoes leave specified fan type alarm area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

How to set echo alarm area (Fan type)

1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

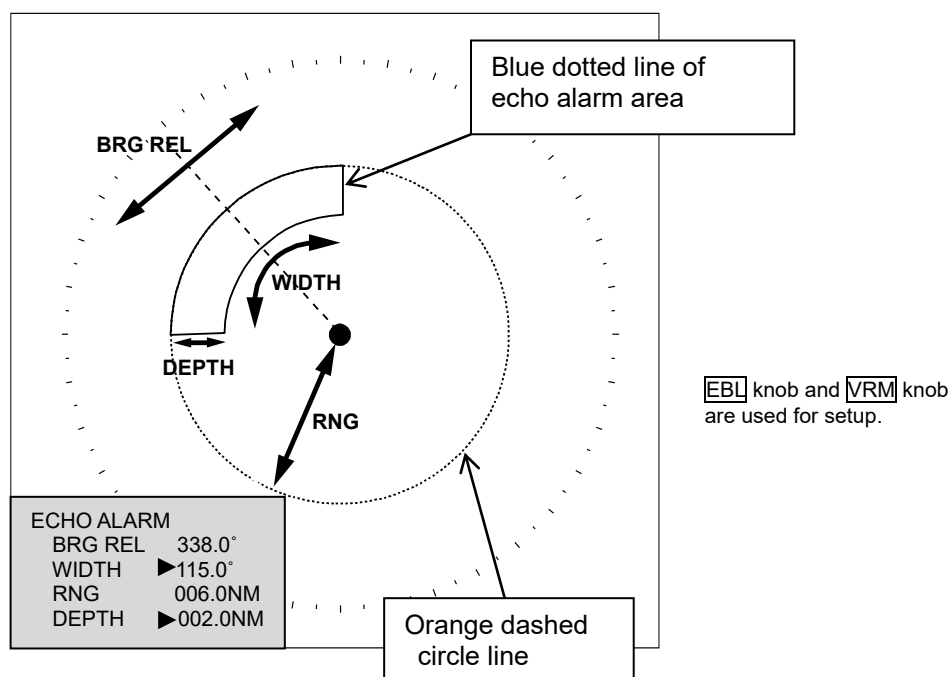
Select **[ALARM]** => **[ECHO ALARM]** => select **[IN]** or **[OUT]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

The color of **[EBL1]**, **[EBL2]**, **[VRM1]** and **[VRM2]** key's light turn red.

► symbol will be shown at the left of numerical indication of **[BRG REL]** or **[WIDTH]** and **[RNG]** or **[DEPTH]** menu.

Blue dotted line of echo alarm area and orange dashed circle line will be displayed on the display.

14	>ALARM	
01	ECHO ALARM	IN
02	BRG REL	328.0°
03	WIDTH	►110.0°
04	RNG	►004.5NM
05	DEPTH	001.0NM



- 2** Press **EBL1** or **EBL2** key, and select an item to be set between [BRG REL] and [WIDTH] by using **EBL** knob.

In the same way, press **VRM1** or **VRM2** key, and select an item to be set between [RNG] and [DEPTH] by using **VRM** knob.

The selected item is shown with a ► symbol at the left of numerical indication at the echo alarm in the menu display.

- 3** When the setting of the echo alarm area is completed, then press **ENT** key, orange dashed circle line will disappear, and echo alarm will be active.

- 4** There are additional items, [ALARM] => [DETECT LEVEL] => select [1 to 15]

It designates echo strength to determine an alarm sound.

1 means lowest signal echo level, 15 means highest signal echo level.

When the level is set too low, noise may cause false alarm.

Note: [DETECT LEVEL] is applied to the map area alarm function of next section.

Note: If the echo alarm area is set in the whole circumference, [WIDTH] needs to be set the 0.0° or 360.0°.

3.2 Map area alarm

Map area alarm function provides alarm display when echo enters or leaves from the MAP AREA.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => select [IN] or [OUT], and press **ENT** key.

[IN] mode: When the echo enters a specified map area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

[OUT] mode: When the echo leaves a specified map area, alarm message will be displayed at lower right of the display and an alarm will sound.

How to edit map area

There are two methods to edit map area. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude via the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [EDIT] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

- 2 Move cursor to first input position, then press **ENT** key.

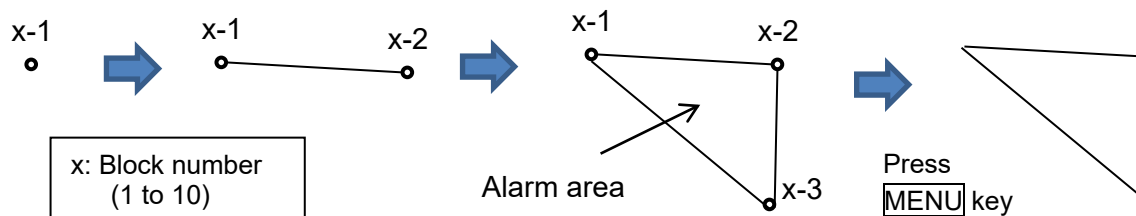
No.1 mark (small circle) is displayed with numerical number on the display, and numerical data information is displayed in the "AREA INFO" area at right side on the display.

If necessary, Latitude and longitude data can be changed using cursor and **ENT** key by "AREA INFO". Also line color can be changed directly by using cursor by "AREA INFO". If you want to delete input data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

- 3 Move cursor to second input position, then press **ENT** key. No.2 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.1 to No.2.

- 4 Move cursor to third input position, then press **ENT** key. No.3 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.2 to No.3 and No.1 to No.3.

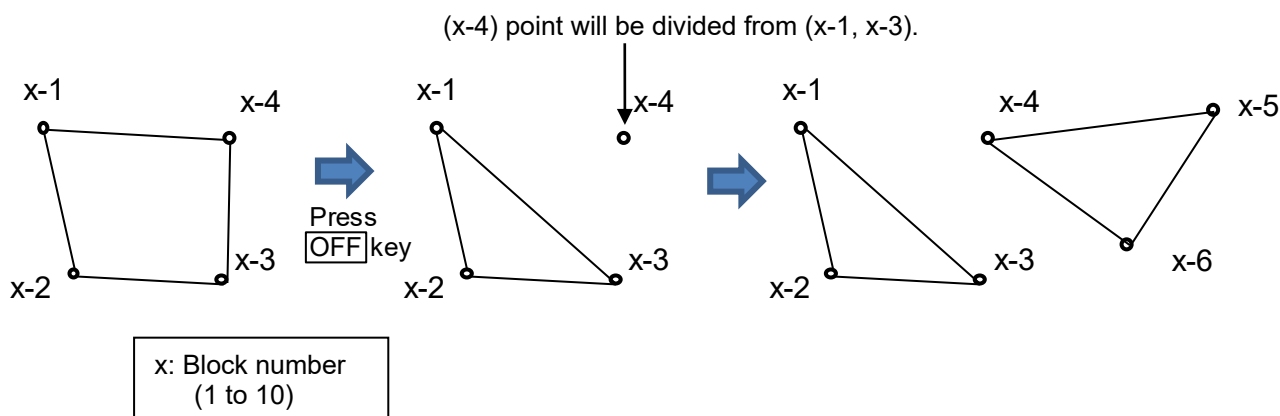
You can input up to 100 points. The minimum is three points. When input is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and map area alarm will be activated.



- 5** The procedures to input plural divided map areas in the memory of same block number are as follows. (Example)

After input the one map area (from x-1 to x-3), please input the start point of the new map area (x-4). Press **[OFF]** key to divide the start point (x-4) from the first and last point (x-1, x-3).

Repeat operation of clause 3 and 4 mentioned previously (x-5, x-6).



- 6** There are additional items, [ALARM] => [DETECT LEVEL] => select [1 to 15]

It designates echo strength to determine an alarm sound.

1 means lowest signal echo level, 15 means highest signal echo level.

When the level is set too low, noise may cause false alarm.

Note: [DETECT LEVEL] is applied to the echo alarm function in previous section.

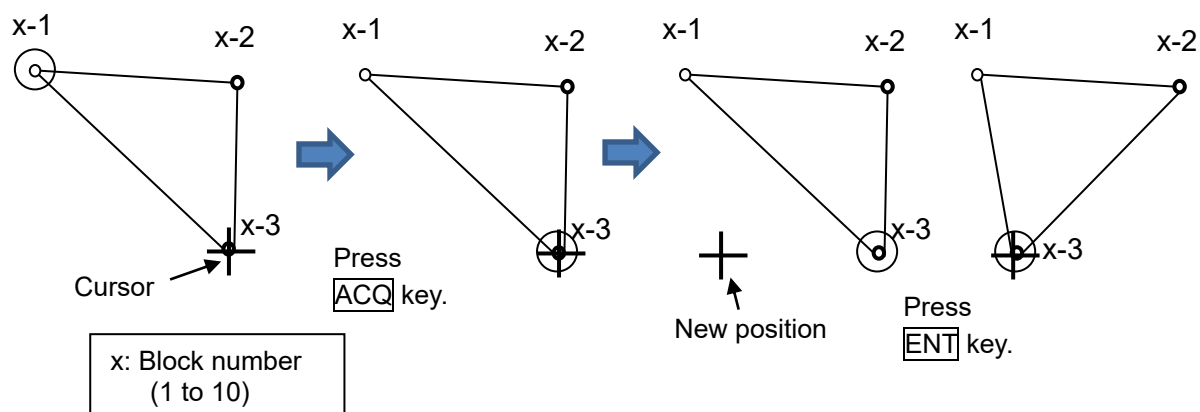
How to move map area

There are two methods to move map area position. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude via the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [MOVE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **[ENT]** key.
- 2** Move cursor to the map area mark which you want to move to new position, then change color or delete position data.
- 3** Press **[ACQ]** key, middle circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information is displayed in the "AREA INFO" at right side of the display.
- 4** Move cursor to new position, then press **[ENT]** key. Selected mark position will move to new position.
Latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly by using cursor and **[ENT]** key by "AREA INFO". Line color can be changed directly by using cursor by "AREA INFO". If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **[ENT]** key.

- 5 Repeat operation of clause 2 to 4 mentioned previously.



- 6 When move operation is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and map area alarm function will be active.

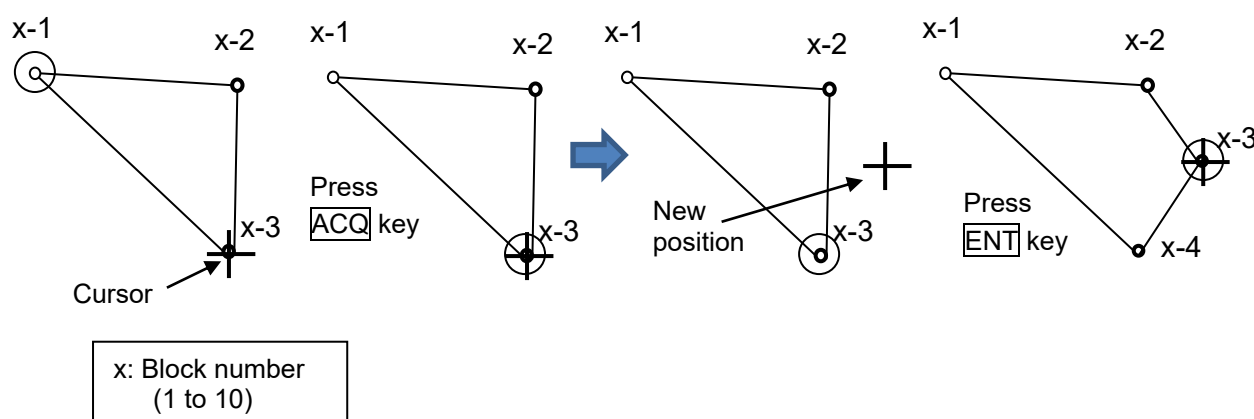
How to add data to map area

There are two methods to add map area alarm position. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude via the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select **[ALARM]** => **[MAP AREA ALARM]** => **[ADD]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]**, and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor on the map area mark before which you want to insert new mark, then change color or delete position data.
- 3 Press **ACQ** key, middle circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information is displayed in the "AREA INFO" at right side on the display.
- 4 Move cursor to new position where you want to add point, then press **ENT** key. New position point will be inserted on the display.

Selected latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly by using cursor and **ENT** key by "AREA INFO". Line color can change directly using cursor by "AREA INFO". If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

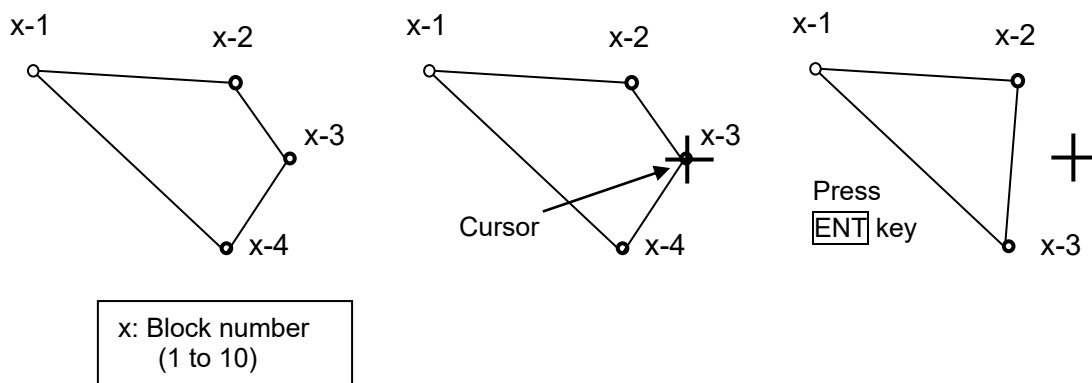


How to delete the data of map area

There are two methods to delete map area alarm position. First method is to delete the point that is selected by cursor, second is to select the number from the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [DELETE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor on the map area mark which you want to delete.
- 3 Press **ENT** key.
Selected map area position data will delete.



How to clear entire block of map area data

The map area data block can be cleared by using menu operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [MAP AREA ALARM] => [CLEAR] => [BLOCK NUMBER] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
Selected map area block will be cleared.

3.3 Nav line cross

Nav line cross function enables to attract attention for safety navigation with alarm display when own ship crosses the course preliminarily set (by cursor or latitude/longitude input).

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Note: When set [NAV LINE CROSS] menu to [OFF], this data will be displayed as line data of map that looks like coast line.

Refer to 6.4 COAST LINE.

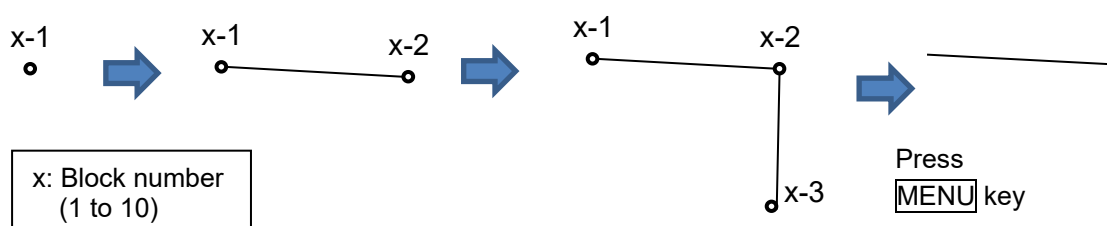
Refer to 6.5 NAV LINE.

How to edit

There are two methods to edit nav line cross alarm. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude by the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [EDIT] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to first input position, then press **ENT** key. No.1 mark (small circle) is displayed with numerical number on the display, and numerical data information is displayed in the "NAV LINE INFO" area at right side on the display.
If necessary, latitude and longitude data can be changed using cursor and **ENT** key by "NAV LINE INFO" area. Also line color can be changed directly by using cursor and **ENT** key by "NAV LINE INFO" area. If you want to delete input data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.
- 3 Move cursor to second input position, then press **ENT** key. No.2 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.1 to No.2.
- 4 Move cursor to third input position, then press **ENT** key. No.3 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.2 to No.3.
You can input up to 100 points. The minimum is two points. When input is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and nav line cross alarm will be activated.

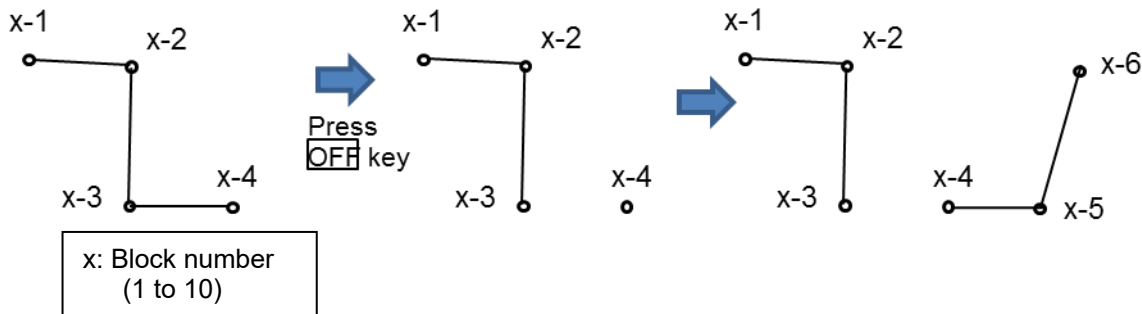


- 5** The procedures to input plural divided nav line in the memory of same block number are as follows.
(Example)

After input the one nav line (from x-1 to x-3), please input the start point of the new nav line (x-4).

Press **OFF** key to divide the start point (x-4) from the last point (x-3).

Repeat operation of clause 3 and 4 mentioned previously (x-5, x-6).



How to move nav line

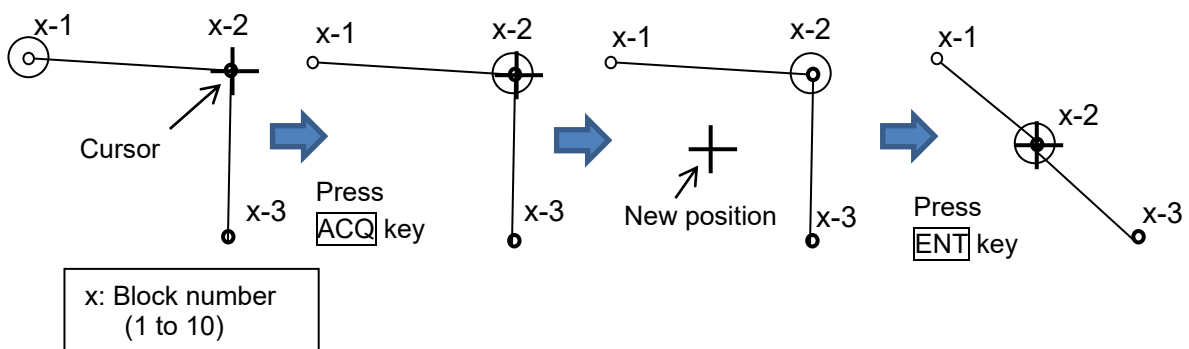
There are two methods to move nav line cross alarm. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude by the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [MOVE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Move cursor to the nav line cross mark which you want to move to new position, then change color or delete position data.
- 3** Press **ACQ** key, medium circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information will be displayed in the "NAV LINE INFO" area at right side on the display.
- 4** Move cursor to new position, then press **ENT** key. Selected mark position will move to new position.

Latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly by using cursor and **ENT** key by "NAV LINE INFO" area. Line color can be changed directly by using cursor by "NAV LINE INFO" area. If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

- 5** Repeat operation of clause 2 to 4 mentioned previously.



- 6 When move operation is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and nav line cross alarm will be activated.

How to add

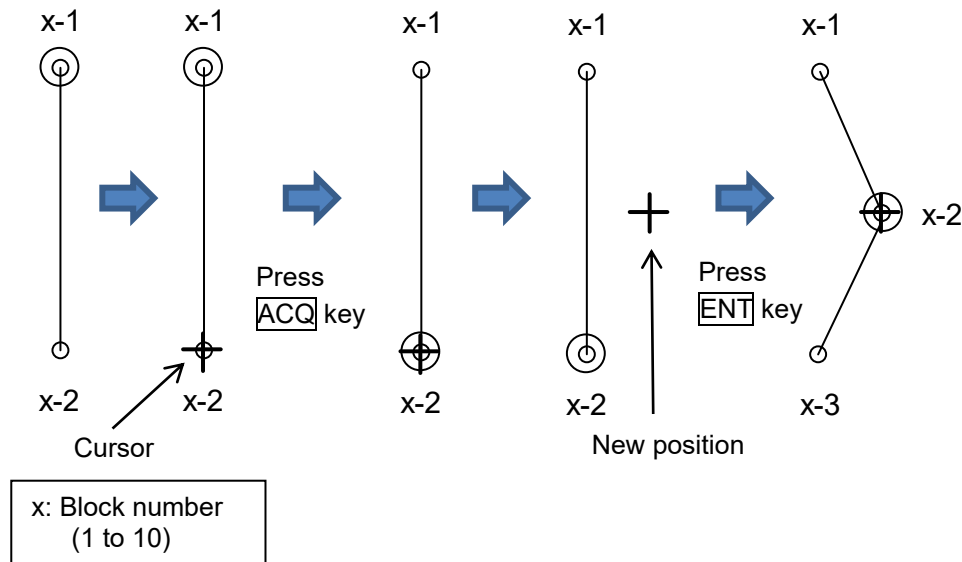
There are two methods to add nav line cross alarm position. First method is to use cursor, second is to input latitude/longitude by the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [ADD] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to the nav line cross mark before which you want to add new mark, then change color or delete position data.
- 3 Press **ACQ** key, medium circle mark will appear on the selected mark position, and numerical data information is displayed in the "NAV LINE INFO" area at right side on the display.
- 4 Move cursor to new additional position, then press **ENT** key. New position point will be inserted on the display.

Selected latitude and longitude position data can be changed directly using cursor and **ENT** key via "NAV LINE INFO" area. Line color can be changed directly using cursor via "NAV LINE INFO" area. If you want to delete selected data, move cursor to word "DELETE", then press **ENT** key.

- 5 Repeat operation of clause 2 to 4 mentioned previously.



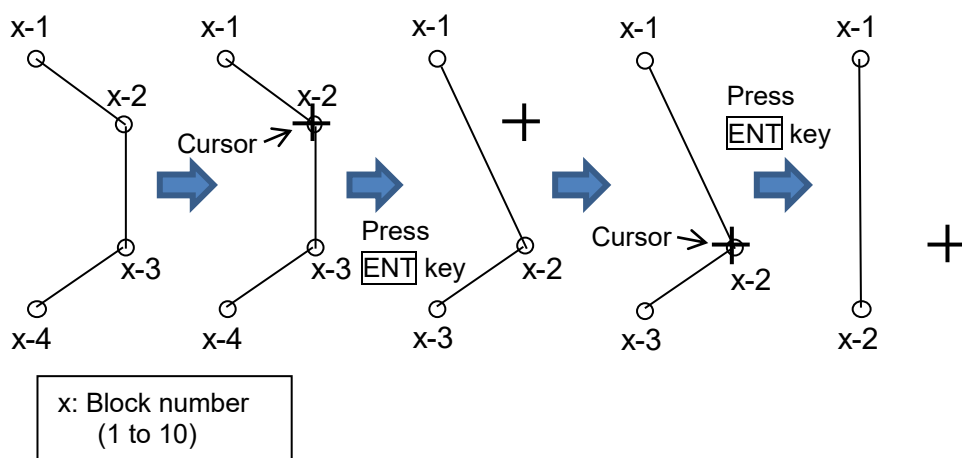
- 6 When add operation is completed, press **MENU** key, numerical marks on the display will disappear, and nav line cross alarm will be activated.

How to delete

There are two methods to delete the data of nav line cross alarm position. First method is to delete the point that is selected by cursor directly, second is to select the number from the menu.

Example: Cursor method

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [DELETE] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to the nav line cross mark which you want to delete.
- 3 Press **ENT** key.
Selected nav line cross position data will be deleted.



How to clear

The nav line cross alarm data block can be cleared by using menu operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [ALARM] => [NAV LINE CROSS] => [CLEAR] => [BLOCK NUMBER] => select [1 to 10] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
Selected nav line cross alarm data block will be cleared.

Chapter 4 Target (AIS and TT)

4.1 Common setting

VECTOR REL/TRUE

The course and speed are indicated as vector after tracking is established.

Two types of display mode are available: relative display (REL) and true display (TRUE).

REL: This vector adds the course/speed of a target to the course/speed of own ship.

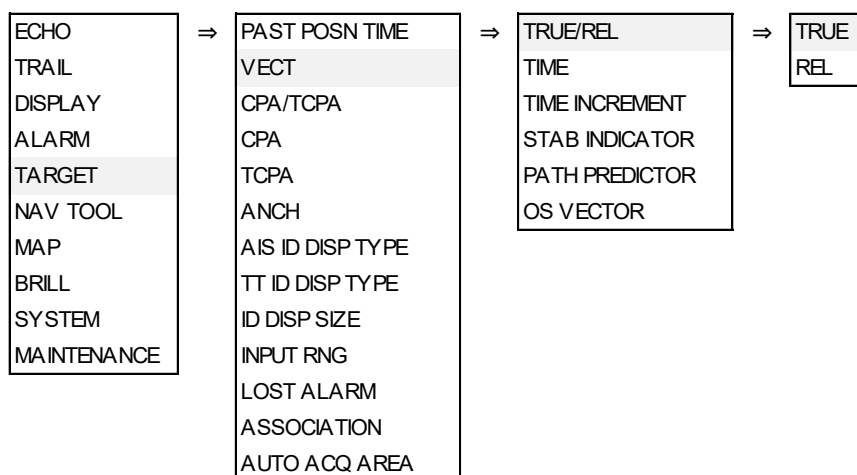
If the vector is directed towards own ship, possibility of collision exists.

It shows danger of collision at a glance and is useful to avoid collision.

TRUE: This vector shows the course/speed of a target only, regardless of own ship.

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[TARGET]** => **[VECT]**, and press **[ENT]** key after making selection.



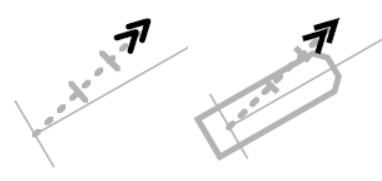
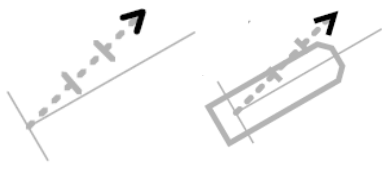
- 2 In addition, there are **[TIME]**, **[STAB INDICATOR]** and **[OS VECTOR]** setups.

[TIME]: It designates length of vector by time. When **[TIME]** is specified by 1 min, the vector is displayed to the position that will be reached in 1 min by present target speed.

Selection values: OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min



[STAB INDICATOR]: This function is to display the mark of GND or SEA stabilization on the end of own ship vector.

Symbol	Symbol name
	GNG indicator (Double arrowhead)
	SEA indicator (Single arrowhead)

STAB INDICATOR is displayed only when VECTOR is displayed.

[OS VECTOR]: This function is to turn [OS VECTOR] display on or off.

CPA/TCPA alarm

The menu of "[TARGET] => [CPA/TCPA]" sets the alarm function ON or OFF.

To avoid collision, it sets up LIMIT CPA (closest point of approach) and LIMIT TCPA (time to CPA).

- Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
 Select [TARGET] => [CPA], and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the setup value.
 Setting value: 0.0 to 19.9 NM
 Select [TARGET] => [TCPA], and press **[ENT]** key after selecting the setup value.
 Setting value: 1.0 to 63.0 min

Set AIS ID DISP TYPE

ID can be displayed with AIS target.

Set items: NUMBER, NAME, MMSI, IMO and CALLSIGN

ECHO	⇒	VECT	⇒	NUMBER	ON/OFF
TRAIL		CPA/TCPA		NAME	ON/OFF
DISPLAY		CPA		MMSI	ON/OFF
ALARM		TCPA		IMO	ON/OFF
TARGET		AIS ID DISP TYPE		CALLSIGN	ON/OFF
NAV TOOL		TT ID DISP TYPE			
MAP		ID DISP SIZE			
BRILL		INPUT RNG			
SYSTEM		ASSOCIATION			
MAINTENANCE		AUTO ACQ AREA			

Set TT ID DISP TYPE

ID can be displayed with TT (ATA) target.

Set items: NUMBER

Set ID DISP SIZE

This menu is used to specify display ID size.

Selection values: X-SMALL, SMALL, MEDIUM, LARGE

Set Input range

This is to set up the operation range of TT (ATA) and AIS.

It designates the entire operation range of TT (ATA) and AIS. So, TT (ATA) and AIS do not function outside of the range.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [INPUT RNG], and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.
Setting value: 1.0NM to 64.0NM

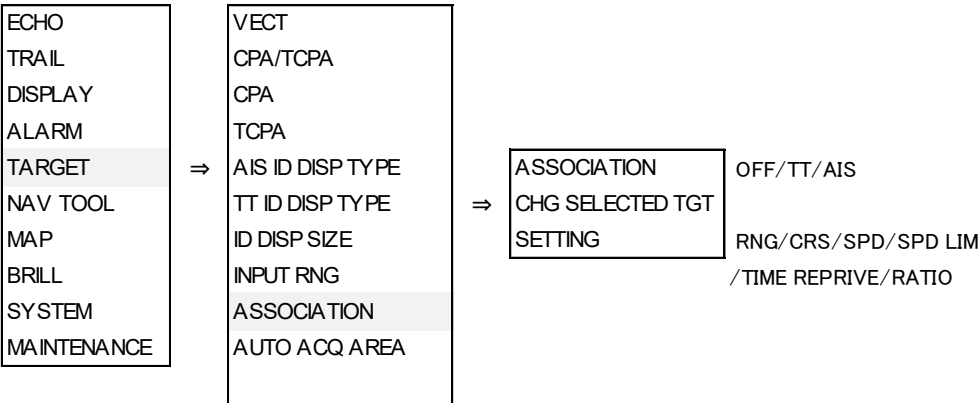
ASSOCIATION

When an AIS target and a tracked target of TT (ATA) are the same target, it is automatically associated to a single target.

Select priority of the association with either AIS or TT (ATA).

If the low-speed ship is associated and displayed with TT priority, then HDG may be unstable. So, the display with AIS priority is recommendable.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [ASSOCIATION] => [ASSOCIATION], and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.



OFF: Association is turned off.

TT: Symbols of both TT (ATA) and AIS are associated to TT (ATA). However when the target of AIS is sleeping target it is not associated.

AIS: Symbols of both TT (ATA) and AIS are associated to AIS. However when the target of AIS is sleeping target it is not associated.

In addition, [CHG SELECTED TGT] and [SETTING] are provided.

[ASSOCIATION] changes priority of the association of all targets while [CHG SELECTED TGT] changes priority of the association for selected target only.

[SETTING] designates conditional items of association among RNG, CRS, SPD, SPD LIM, TIME REPRIEVE and RATIO.

RNG: It designates the range to determine association. (0.001NM to 1.000NM)

CRS: It designates the course to determine association. (10.0° to 60.0°)

SPD: It designates the speed difference to determine association. (1.0kn to 20.0kn)

SPD LIM: It designates the minimum speed to determine association. (1.0kn to 10.0kn)

TIME REPRIEVE: It designates the time to determine association. (1sec to 99sec)

RATIO: It designates the ratio to determine association. (0 to100)

Automatic acquisition area

AUTO ACQ AREA is function that is used for automatic acquisition of TT or AIS targets that enter area designated in a fan type range.

TT: When an un-tracked target enters, it is automatically acquired and an alarm sounds.*1

When a tracked target enters, no alarm sounds.

AIS: When a sleeping target enters, it is changed to an active target (activated) and an alarm sounds.*2

When an active target enters, no alarm sounds.

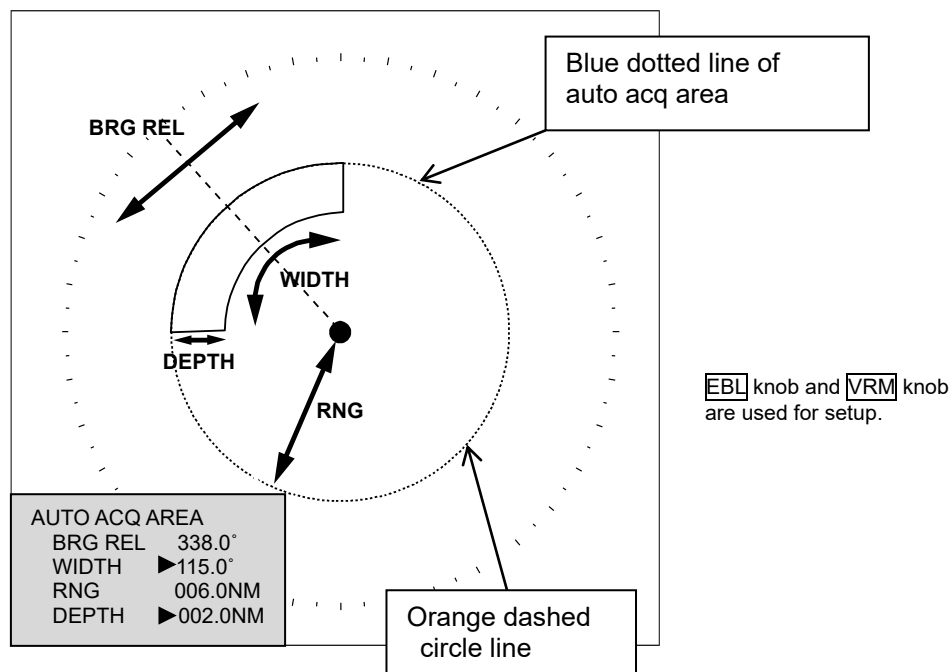
It takes at least 20 seconds before target is acquired by TT (ATA).

Take note that the target may not be acquired when the setting area is too narrow or target is moving at high speed.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AUTO ACQ AREA] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

The color of **EBL1**, **EBL2**, **VRM1** and **VRM2** key's light turn red.

- 2 Setup area. (Method using the cursor)
The items to be selected are [BRG REL], [WIDTH], [RNG], and [DEPTH]



- 3 Press **EBL1** or **EBL2** key, and select an item to be set between [BRG REL] and [WIDTH] by using **EBL** knob.
In the same way, press **VRM1** or **VRM2** key, and select an item to be set between [RNG] and [DEPTH] by using **VRM** knob.
The selected item is shown with a ▶ symbol at the left of numerical indication at the auto acquisition area in the menu display.
- 4 When the setting of the automatic acquisition area is completed, then press **ENT** key, AUTO ACQ AREA will be activated.

Note: If AUTO ACQ AREA is set in the whole circumference, [WIDTH] needs to be set the 0.0° or 360.0°.

4.2 AIS

- The AIS communicates with other ships via VHF (Very High Frequency) radio by transmitting your ship information and by receiving other ships information.
- Only AIS data with WGS84 datum is accepted.
If AIS data has no datum or if datum is other than WGS84, then the warning of [AIS datum is not WGS84] appears. AIS data is not displayed.
- Capable of displaying up to 500 other ship symbols/IDs.
- If the displayed targets exceed 480, then caution is displayed at the lower right of the display.
AIS target count number at the upper right of the display changes to yellow.
- If the displayed targets exceed 500, then warning is displayed at the lower right of the display.
AIS target count number at upper right of the display changes to red.
In that case, change [TARGET] => [INPUT RNG] value and decrease the displayed targets.

Note:

- If the displayed targets exceed 500, then next coming AIS data cannot be displayed. For the sake of safety, if warning is displayed, then change [INPUT RNG] value immediately and decrease the displayed targets.
- AIS function does not work due to incompleteness of input sentence.

If AIS is used in combination with [INFO DISP], then AIS is effective.

Enable AIS function

This is to enable AIS function.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [AIS] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Select ID

This is to change the target selected by using [ACTIVE/SLEEP].

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [SELECT ID], and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.
Selection values: 101 to 1099

ACTIVE/SLEEP

This is to change ACTIVE/SLEEP of the target selected by [SELECT ID] function.

The change of ACTIVE/SLEEP can be executed also by using joystick, moving a cursor to the desired target, then press **ENT** key.

Ship outline

Ship outline function is displayed only when OUTLINE data is included in the target information received by AIS.

Ship outline is not displayed if it is too small in size of the display, and it is not displayed when own ship outline is OFF.

(Refer to 4.2 AIS "Types of AIS target symbol")

(Refer to [NAV TOOL] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [SHIP OUTLINE] and [OS PROFILE])

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [SHIP OUTLINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: OFF, ON

HDG line

This is displayed only when HDG LINE is included in the target information received by AIS.

(Refer to 4.2 AIS "Types of AIS target symbol")

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [HDG LINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: OFF, ON

Turn indicator

This is displayed only when HDG LINE is included in the target information received by AIS.

(Refer to 4.2 AIS "Types of AIS target symbol")

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [TURN INDICATOR] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: OFF, ON

OS display

This is to turn own ship AIS symbol ON or OFF.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [OS DISP] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: OFF, ON

OS MMSI

This menu is where user can enter MMSI number of own ship.

MMSI number is necessary to be able to receive message for own ship.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [OS MMSI] => set numbers, and press **ENT** key.

Selection values: 0 to 1073741824

AIS filter

When there are many AIS targets, the display may become unclear. In that case, by setting AIS FILTER, it is possible to hide unnecessary sleeping targets or to display the necessary targets only, and the clear view of the target can be achieved.

Note: The filter is absolutely used to limit display. When input is to be limited, [INPUT RNG] shall be operated.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [AIS FILTER], and press **ENT** key after selecting the setup value.

Selection values:

CLASS A:	OFF, ON	
CLASS B:	OFF, ON	
RNG:	0.0 to 64.0NM	
SPD:	0.0 to 100.0kn	
CPA/TCPA:	OFF, ON	
MOORED:	OFF, ON	
AT ANCHOR:	OFF, ON	
AGROUND:	OFF, ON	
NUC:	OFF, ON	
GUARD ZONE:	OFF, ON	Exclude from RNG filter.
ECHO ALARM:	OFF, ON	Exclude from RNG filter.

AIS auto active

When sleeping target enters the "AUTO ACQ AREA" or "AUTO ACTIVE", sleeping targets is changed to active target.

"AUTO ACQ AREA" is applied to both "AIS" and "TT (ATA)". (Refer to 4.1 Common setting "Automatic acquisition area".)

Auto active range can be set by CPA/TCPA or RNG (range).

The range of "AUTO ACTIVE" sets up by following menu.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [TARGET] => [AIS] => [AUTO ACTIVE] => select [CPA/TCPA] or [RNG], and press **ENT** key.







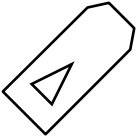



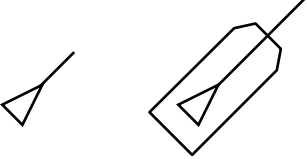
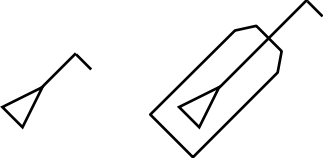
CPA/TCPA: The sleeping target of CPA/TCPA turns active target.

























RNG: The sleeping target enters the inside of setting RNG, the sleeping target turns active target.








RNG setting value: 0.0 to 64.0 NM

Types of AIS target symbol

The following symbols are overlapped on target.

Symbol	Symbol name
	Sleeping target
	Sleeping target without HDG.
	Sleeping target with neither reported HDG nor COG.
* 	Activated target
* 	Activated target without HDG.
* 	Activated target with neither reported HDG nor COG.
* 	Activated target - true scaled outlines
*  Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Activated target - dangerous targets
*  Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Activated target without HDG.
*  Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Activated target with neither reported HDG nor COG.
* 	Activated target with heading lines
* 	Activated target with turn indicators

 <p>Basic shape</p> <div data-bbox="256 353 325 443">  <p>Racon</p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 353 496 443">  <p>Emergency wreck mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="612 353 681 443">  <p>North cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="256 533 325 622">  <p>East cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 533 496 622">  <p>South cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="612 533 681 622">  <p>West cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="256 712 325 801">  <p>Port hand mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 712 496 801">  <p>Starboard hand mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="612 712 681 801">  <p>Isolated danger</p> </div> <div data-bbox="309 913 378 1003">  <p>Safe water</p> </div> <div data-bbox="555 913 624 1003">  <p>Special mark</p> </div> <p>(IALA dictionary, topmarks)</p> <div data-bbox="256 1160 325 1249">  <p>Off position</p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 1160 496 1249">  <p>Lights failure</p> </div> <div data-bbox="612 1160 681 1249">  <p>Racon failure</p> </div>	Physical AIS AtoN
 <p>Basic shape</p> <div data-bbox="309 1429 378 1518">  <p>Emergency wreck mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="555 1429 624 1518">  <p>North cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="256 1608 325 1697">  <p>East cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 1608 496 1697">  <p>South cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="612 1608 681 1697">  <p>West cardinal mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="256 1809 325 1899">  <p>Port hand mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="427 1809 496 1899">  <p>Starboard hand mark</p> </div> <div data-bbox="612 1809 681 1899">  <p>Isolated danger</p> </div>	Virtual AIS AtoN

<div><div><div></div><div>Safe water</div></div><div><div></div><div>Special mark</div></div></div> <p>(IALA dictionary, topmarks)</p> <div><div></div><div>Missing</div></div> <p>Intended location of missing AtoN</p>	
<div></div>	AIS-SART (AIS Search And Rescue Transponder)
<div></div>	BASE
<div></div>	AIS SAR aircraft
<div></div>	AIS SAR vessel

* ID can be displayed with Activated target.

4.3 TT (ATA)

It is an effective mean for collision avoidance by generating vectors on tracked targets.

It is an effective means for collision avoidance to set up CPA/TCPA.

If AIS information is available with tracked targets, association increases tracking accuracy.

Limitations of the TT function

There are the following limitations on use of the target acquisition and tracked target of TT (ATA) functions.

Note:

- If multiple targets approach each other, this may cause the system to regard them as one target and thus to swap them or loss part of them. Such swapping or loss of targets may also occur if the picture of the target being tracked is affected by rain/snow clutter returns or sea clutter returns or moves very close to land.
- Intensity of echoes and the TT function have a correlation ship, and thus the target will be lost if no echoes and detected during six scans in succession. If a lost target exists, therefore, radar gain must be increased to support detection of the target. If radar gain is increased too significantly, sea clutter returns or other noise may be erroneously detected and tracked as a target, and resultingly, a false alarm may be issued.
- To execute accurate tracking, it becomes necessary first to appropriately adjust the **GAIN**, **SEA** and **RAIN** knobs of the radar so that the target to be acquired and tracked id clearly displayed on the radar display. Inappropriate settings of these adjustments reduce the reliability / accuracy of automatic tracking.

Enable TT function

This is to enable TT function.

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [TT] => [ON], and press **[ENT]** key.

Note:

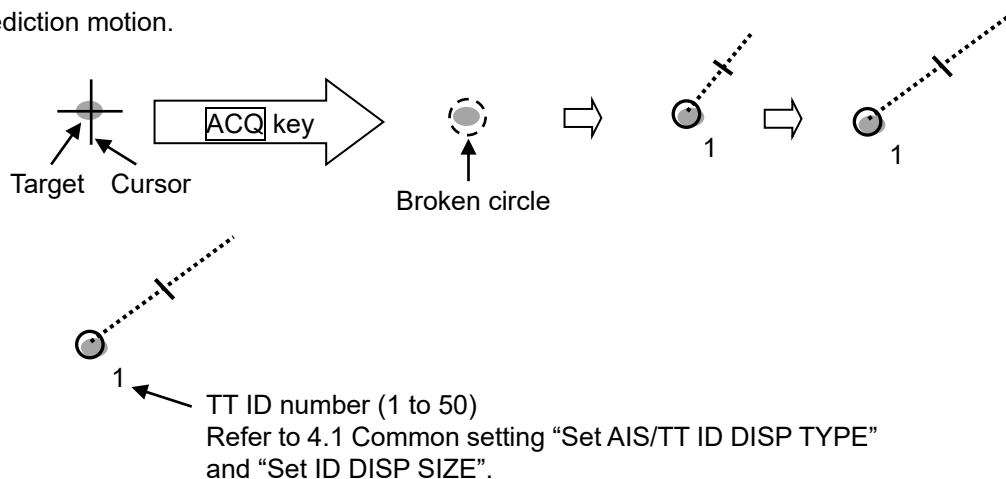
- Pressing **[ACQ]** key in [OFF] state automatically turns to [ON] state.
- TT function does not work due to incompleteness of input sentence.
- TT (ATA) is effective by using TT in combination with [INFO DISP].

Manual acquisition

- 1 Move cursor to a target to be acquired, and then press **[ACQ]** key.

A broken circle symbol is displayed at the cursor location, and acquisition starts.

About 30sec. from 1min. later, a broken circle symbol turn into a thick solid line, displayed vector of target's motion trend and TT ID number (if selected), and displayed within 3min. the target's prediction motion.



Delete TT target

There are two methods to delete TT target. First method is to use menu operation, second is to use cursor operation.

Menu operation

This is to delete the TT target selected [SELECT ID] and [DELETE] function.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [SELECT ID] => select ID number, and press **ENT** key.
Selection values: 1 to 50
- 2** Select [DELETE] => and press **ENT** key.

Cursor operation







- 1** Move cursor to a TT (ATA) target to be deleted, keep **OFF** key pressed, and then press **ACQ** key.

Delete all TT targets

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [TARGET] => [TT] => [ALL DELETE], and press **ENT** key.
All TT targets acquisitions are deleted.

Types of tracked target symbol

The following symbols are overlaid on target.

	Symbol	Symbol name
		Radar target in acquisition state
*	 Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Radar target in acquisition state Automatic acquisition (Red color)
**		Tracked radar target
**		Tracked radar target (Displayed at indicating numerical value)
** ***	 Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Tracked radar targets - dangerous target (Red color)
** ****	 Blink in 0.5 sec. interval	Lost target (Red color)

* Pressing **OFF** key to acknowledge changes of target symbol to normal color and stop blinking.

** ID can be displayed in Tracked target.

*** Alarm display and alarm sound disappear by pressing **OFF** key to acknowledge, while color remains red until the target leaves outside of setting range or tracking is stopped.

**** The lost target display disappears automatically when **OFF** key is pressed to acknowledge or when 10 seconds have passed.

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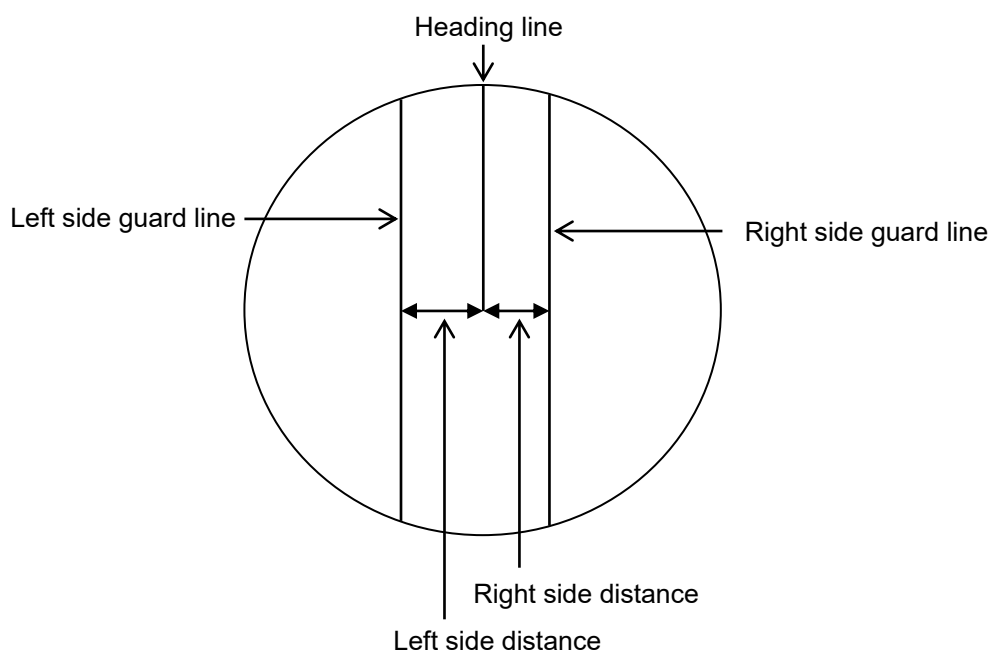
Chapter 5 Nav tool

5.1 Guard line

Guard line function is a function that displays parallel lines to the heading on both side of own ship.

Distance to guard line from own ship can be set from 0 to 10000m (left and right side independently).

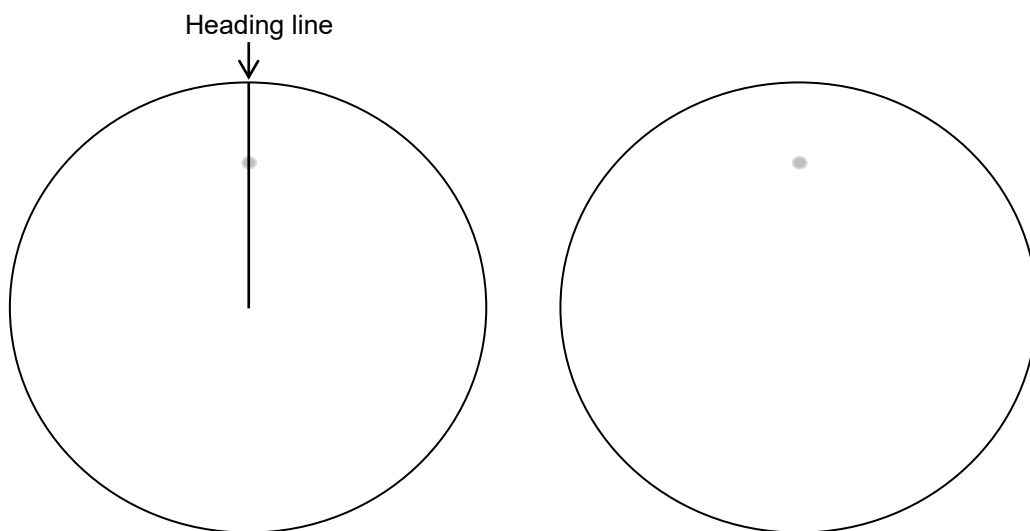
- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [GUARD LINE] => [GUARD LINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Select [LEFT] => set left side distance 0 to 10000m, and press **ENT** key.
- 3** Select [RIGHT] => set right side distance 0 to 10000m, and press **ENT** key.



5.2 HL blink

HL BLINK function lets HL marker display blinks every antenna rotation. It is effective to confirm that there is no small targets right under the HL marker.

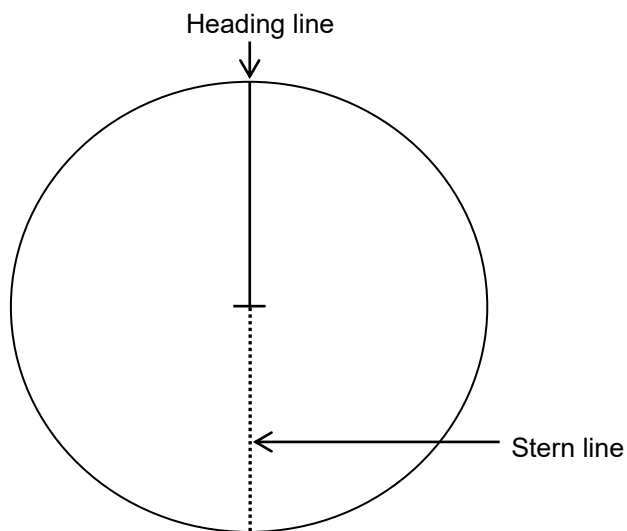
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [HL BLINK] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.



5.3 Stern line

STERN LINE is to set up the display of dotted line extended from reference position to bearing scale toward stern direction.

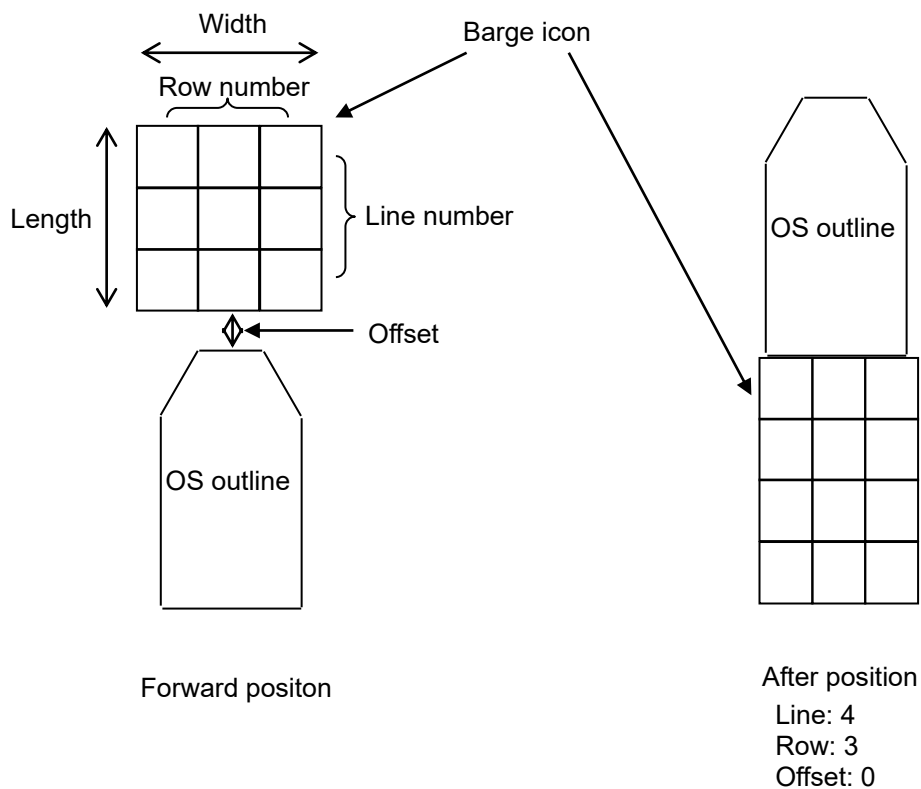
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [STERN LINE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.



5.4 Barge icon

This radar is equipped with a barge icon feature that is very helpful for river operation where user can set up the size dimensions of the tow and be able to display it on the display.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [NAV TOOL] => [BARGE ICON] => [BARGE ICON] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Select and set [POSITION], [LENGTH], [WIDTH], [LINE NO.], [ROW NO.] and [OFFSET]
 POSITION: FWD, AFT
 LENGTH: 0m to 511m
 WIDTH: 0m to 511m
 LINE NO.: 1 to 10
 ROW NO.: 1 to 10
 OFFSET: 0m to 511m



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Chapter 6 Map operation

6.1 MAP function display ON or OFF

This is to turn ON/OFF the entire MAP function.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.
Select [MAP] => [MAP DISP] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

It is not displayed as well as HL while **OFF** key is pressed.
This operation links the functions, COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA.

6.2 OWN SHIP PAST TRACK

OWN SHIP PAST TRACK consists of 2000 points x 10 blocks. This is to set up OWN SHIP PAST TRACK, record ON or OFF, display, clear operation, color setting and line style for each block, and set up recording interval common to all blocks.

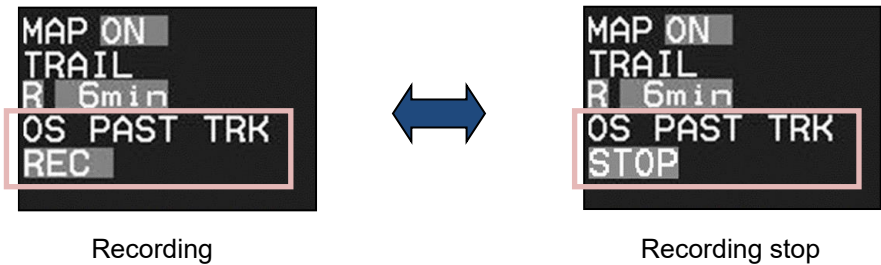
Record / Display of Own ship past track is set for each block.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.
Select [MAP] => [OWN TRACK] => select [TRACK0 to TRACK9] => select [OFF], [ON] or [DISP], and press **ENT** key.

Setting	Record / Display of Own ship past track
OFF	Own ship past track is not recorded. Own ship past track is not displayed.
ON	Own ship past track is recorded and displayed. When own ship past track record will be full in a block, it continues to be recorded in the next block set to [ON]. When all the blocks set to [ON] will be full, own ship past track record will overwrite previously written data.
DISP	Own ship past track is displayed. In the block set to [DISP], own ship past track will not be recorded.

CAUTION: Factory default settings: All blocks are set to [OFF].

When one of the blocks is set to [ON], the own ship past track message is displayed on the lower left of the display, and it is possible to record the own ship past track.



When the recording of the own ship past track is started, move the cursor to the **STOP** of the OS PAST TRK at the lower left of the display, and press the **ENT** key. When the recording of the own ship past track is completed, move the cursor to the **REC** of the OS PAST TRK at the lower left of the display, and press the **ENT** key.

To restart recording, move the cursor to **STOP** and press the **ENT** key.

You can easily change it when you set [OS PAST TRK REC] function to the function key. (Refer to "2.20 Function key usage")

- 2 Select [PLOT INT] => and press **ENT** key after selecting the set up value.

Selection values: 1sec, 2sec, 5sec, 10sec, 30sec, 1min, 3min

- 3 Select [STYLE] => select [TRACK NUMBER (0 to 9)] => select [COLOR] => select color from eight colors => press **ENT** key.

PAST TRACK of the selected block will turn selected color.

- 4 Select [STYLE] => select [TRACK NUMBER (0 to 9)] => select [STYLE] => select past track line style* => press **ENT** key.

*Line style:



How to Clear OWN SHIP PAST TRACK

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [OWN TRACK] => [CLEAR] => select [TRACK NUMBER (0 to 9)] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

PAST TRACK of the selected block will be cleared.

6.3 Target track past position display

This is to set up TT past track position display, display ON or OFF, clear operation, color setting, select track style, plot interval, maximum plot numbers and all clear operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [TARGET TRACK] =>

- 2 Select [TARGET TRACK] => move joystick to right, select [1 to 100], and press **ENT** key.

- 3 Select [DISPLAY] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

- 4 Select [CLEAR] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

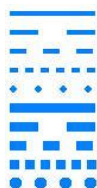
The past track of chosen TT will be deleted.

- 5 Select [COLOR] => select color from eight colors => press **ENT** key.

TT past track will turn selected color.

- 6 Select [STYLE] => select style* => press **ENT** key.

*Line style:



- 7 Select [PLOT INT] => and press **ENT** key after selecting the set up value.
Selection values: OFF, 2sec, 15sec, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 5min
- 8 Select [PLOT NUMBER] => and press **ENT** key after selecting the set up value.
Selection values: 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000
- 9 Select [ALL CLEAR] => [GO], and press ENT key.
The all of target track will be deleted.

Target track start

- 1 Move cursor to an AIS target or TT (ATA) target to display track, keep **ENT** key pressed, and then press **ACQ** key.

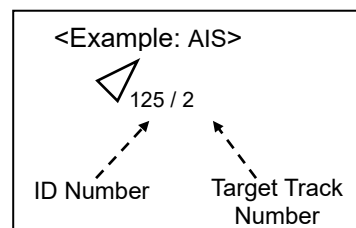
Target track finish

- 1 Move cursor to an AIS target or TT (ATA) target to track off, and then press **OFF** key.

Note: TARGET TRACK ID and numbers are displayed at the lower right of AIS or TT (ATA) target.

Above ID and numbers are not displayed when [NUMBER] of [AIS ID DISP TYPE] / [TT ID DISP TYPE] setting is [OFF].

(Refer to 4.1 Common setting "Set TT ID DISP TYPE" or "Set ID DISP SIZE".)



6.4 COAST LINE

This function is to let user generate up to 10 coast lines with up to 100 points each to mark important areas of navigation, such as danger zone areas or navigation channels etc. Coast line can be setup by inputting Lat/Lon information for each point or using cursor and **ENT** key. It is displayed one by one or all.

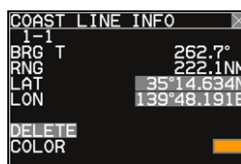
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] =>
COAST LINE: Select the number of the coast line to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)
- ALL: Display all ten coast line.
 - 1 to 10: Display the coast line of selected number.
 - OFF: Don't display coast line.

- EDIT: Create coast line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 MOVE: Change the position. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 ADD: Insert a position data. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 DELETE: Delete a position data. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 CLEAR: Clear a selected block number coast line data.

How to edit

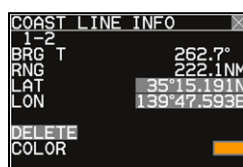
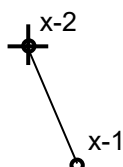
(1) CURSOR OPERATION

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAP] => [COAST LINE] => [EDIT] => [CURSOR] => select [1 to 10] => [GO] and press **ENT** key.
- 2 Move cursor to first input position, then press **ENT** key. No.1 mark is displayed on the display and numerical data is shown at coast line info area.



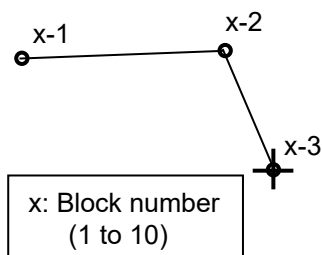
Edit of LAT/LON data, color setting and delete function can be operated directly using cursor with joystick in this info area.

- 3 Move cursor to second input position, then press **ENT** key. No.2 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.1 to No.2.

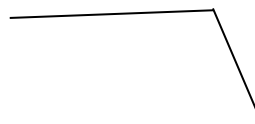


- 4 Move cursor to third input position, then press **ENT** key. No.3 mark is displayed, and a line is generated from No.2 to No.3.

You can input up to 100 point. When input is completed, press **MENU** key. Mark number will disappear.



Press **MENU** key




- 5 Refer to 3.3 Nav line cross "How to edit" for the procedures to make plural divided coast line in the memory of same block number.

(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[EDIT]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following input menu is displayed.

NUMBER	1
LAT	0° 00.000N
LON	0° 00.000E
COLOR	
DIVIDE	OFF
SET	

⇒

0° 00.000N
0° 00.000N
90° 00.000S-
90° 00.000N

- 2 Select **[LAT]** => Latitude data set screen is displayed.

Set LAT data by moving of joystick to the right, left, up or down, and press **[ENT]** key.

- 3 Select **[LON]** => Longitude data set screen is displayed.

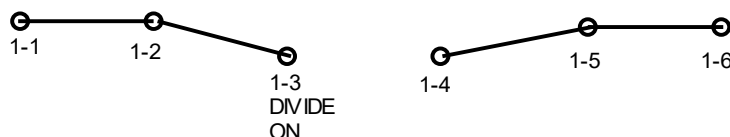
Set LON data by moving of joystick to the right, left, up or down, and press **[ENT]** key.

- 4 Select **[COLOR]** => Eight colors box is displayed.

Select color by moving of joystick up or down, and press **[ENT]** key.

- 5 Select **[DIVIDE]** => **[ON]** or **[OFF]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

[DIVIDE] => **[ON]** means that it is not connected coast line to the next number data.



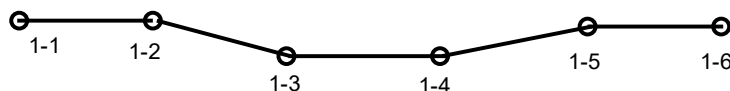
- 6 Select **[SET]**, and press **[ENT]** key to save input data.


How to move

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

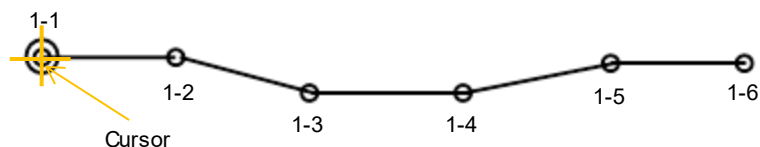
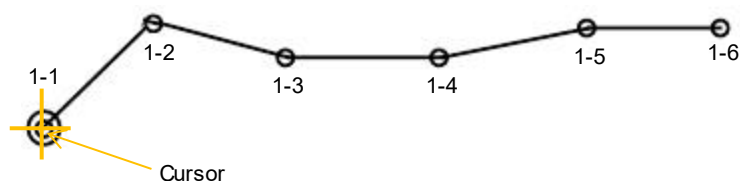
Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[MOVE]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]**, and press **[ENT]** key. Numerical number is displayed each points of coast line.



COAST LINE INFO	
1-1	
BRG T	262.7°
RNG	222.1NM
LAT	35°14.634N
LON	139°48.191E
DELETE	
COLOR	

2 Move cursor on editing and moving cursor data.

Press **[ACQ]** key. Circle mark will be displayed on the selected coast line and numerical data is shown at coast line info area.


**3** Move cursor to new position, then press **[ENT]** key.

COAST LINE INFO	
1-1	
BRG T	252.4°
RNG	194.5NM
LAT	35°14.193N
LON	139°48.355E
DELETE	
COLOR	

4 Press **[MENU]** key to exit MOVE operation.**(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION****1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[MOVE]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following input menu is displayed.

NUMBER	1
LAT	35° 15.368N
LON	139° 51.129E
COLOR	
DIVIDE	OFF
SET	

2 Select **[NUMBER]** => NUMBER data screen is displayed. => select [1 to 100] =>

Press **[ENT]** key. Selected number's numerical data is shown.

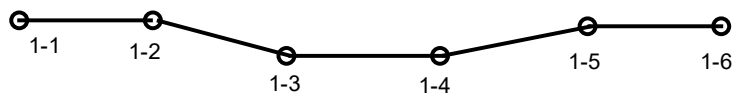
3 Edit data of LAT, LON, COLOR and DIVIDE.**4** Select **[SET]**, and press **[ENT]** key to save input data.

How to add

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

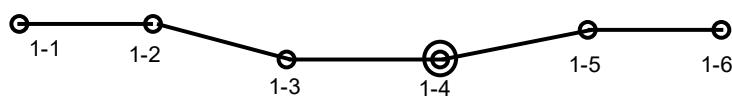
Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[ADD]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]** and press **[ENT]** key. Numerical number is displayed each points of coast line.



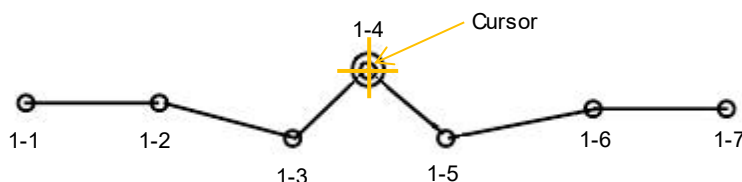
COAST LINE INFO	
1-1	
Brg T	262.7°
RNG	222.1NM
LAT	35°14.634N
LOn	139°48.191E
DELETE	
COLOR	

- 2 Move cursor on position that new data is added in just before it.

Press **[ACQ]** key. Circle mark will be displayed on the selected.



- 3 Move cursor to the position that new data will be added, then press **[ENT]** key.



COAST LINE INFO	
1-4	
Brg T	233.5°
RNG	214.3NM
LAT	35°13.451N
LOn	139°45.959E
DELETE	
COLOR	

- 4 Press **[MENU]** key to exit ADD operation.

(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

- 1 Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[ADD]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following input menu is displayed.

NUMBER	4
LAT	35° 15.368N
LON	139° 51.129E
COLOR	
DIVIDE	OFF
SET	

- 2 Select **[NUMBER]** => NUMBER data screen is displayed. => select [1 to 100] =>

Press **[ENT]** key. Selected number's numerical data is shown.

- 3 Edit data of LAT, LON, COLOR and DIVIDE.

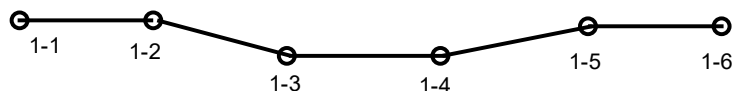
- 4 Select **[SET]** and press **[ENT]** key to save input data. New data is added as same as cursor operation.

How to delete

(1) CURSOR OPERATION

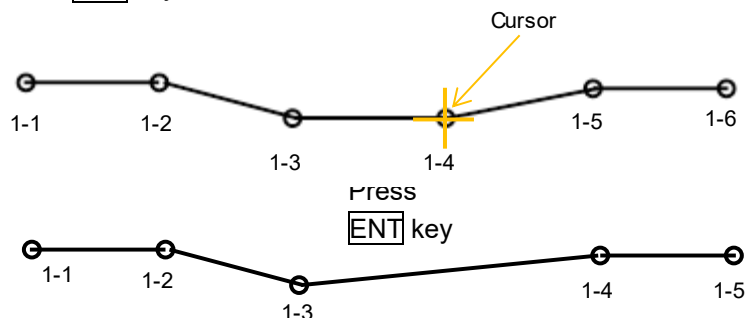
- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[DELETE]** => **[CURSOR]** => select [1 to 10] => **[GO]** and press **[ENT]** key. Numerical number is displayed each points of coast line.



- 2** Move cursor on the position deleting.

Press **[ENT]** key. Selected coast line data will be deleted.



(2) BLOCK NUMBER OPERATION

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[DELETE]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] =>

Following delete menu is displayed.

NUMBER	4
LAT	35° 15.368N
LON	139° 51.129E
SET	

- 2** Select **[NUMBER]** => NUMBER data screen is displayed. => select [1 to 100] =>

Press **[ENT]** key. Selected number's numerical data is shown.

- 3** Select **[SET]**, and press **[ENT]** key to delete selected data.

How to clear

All data of selected block number are cleared.

- 1** Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAP]** => **[COAST LINE]** => **[CLEAR]** => **[BLOCK NUMBER]** => select [1 to 10] => select **[GO]**, and press **[ENT]** key.

6.5 NAV LINE

NAV LINE is a function to display Navigation line by inputting Lat/Lon information for each point or using a cursor and **ENT** key to input the points, user can set 10 lines up to 100 points each.

“NAV LINE” generated in this section can also be used in the alarm function for “NAV LINE CROSS” alarm.

Refer to 3.3 Nav line cross.

1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.

Select [MAP] => [NAV LINE] =>

NAV LINE: Select the number of the nav line to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

EDIT: Make nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

MOVE: Revise the position of the nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Add a point data in a nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a point data in a nav line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear selected block number nav line data.

NAV LINE operation is same as 3.4 Nav line cross and 6.4 COAST LINE operation.

6.6 ROUTE

The ROUTE function is for display purposes only, user can setup ROUTE on radar display for visual navigation aid. ROUTE can be setup using cursor and **ENT** key or by inputting Lat/Lon information for each point. User can add 10 routes with up to 100 points each by using below procedure.

Note: If WPT ID DISP in MAP menu is set to "OFF" then route waypoint name information will not be displayed, and if set to "ON" all waypoints on the route will have name information displayed next to them.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [ROUTE] =>

ROUTE: Select the number of the route to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

EDIT: Make route. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

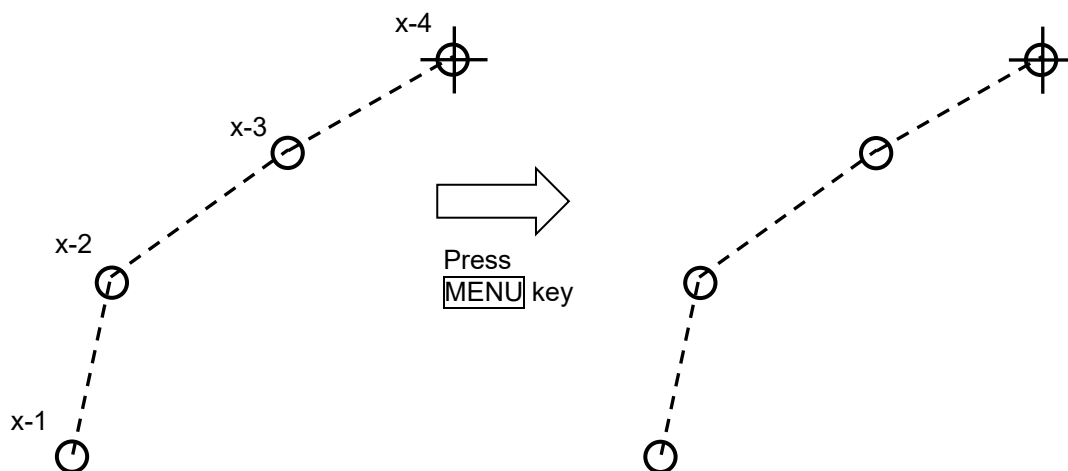
MOVE: Revise route position. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Add a point to a route. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a point from a route. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear selected block number route.

ROUTE operation is same as COAST LINE operation.



6.7 EVENT MKR

EVENT MKR function displays various marks on the designated place, and can utilize it for sign, such as a destination, a fishery and a caution area. EVENT MKR set can be done by input of Lat/Lon information or by cursor and **ENT** key.

There are 10 blocks that can store 100 marks in each block.

Below procedure is to operate [EVENT MKR] menu.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAP] => [EVENT MKR] =>
 EVENT MKR: Select the number of the event mark to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)
 EDIT: Input event mark. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 MOVE: Revise position of an event mark. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 ADD: Add an event mark. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)
 DELETE: Function to delete event mark using cursor and **ENT** key or BLOCK NUMBER.
 CLEAR: Clear all event marks in a given memory block.

User can designate function key such as [F1], [F2], [F3] keys or [RAIN], [SEA], [GAIN] knobs to [EVENT CURSOR] or [EVENT OWN] for quick shortcut to input [EVENT MKR].

Refer to 2.20 Function key usage.

When set [EVENT MKR] by using function key operation, this radar can output Lat/Lon data of EVENT MKR to external device.

It is necessary to set the output port to output [EVENT MKR] data to external device, following [MAINTENANCE] menu must be set.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] => [TLL OUT] => [MARK], and press **ENT** key.
- 2** Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] =>
 Select [OUTPUT PORT from J3, J5, J6] that is connected to external device.
- 3** Select [TLL] => set time to [0.1 to 10.0 sec (except 0.0 sec)], and press **ENT** key.

When pressing function key (EVENT CURSOR or EVENT OWN), this radar outputs the Lat/Lon data of EVENT by \$RATLL sentence.

6.8 AREA

Area function is for visual navigation where user can input points connected by a line to help with navigation. There are 10 memory blocks for area that can hold up to 100 points each. This function is valid with a minimum input of 3 points which will be connected with a line.

It is possible to use AREA to set alarm for targets entering or leaving the area.

Refer to 3.2 Map area alarm.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [AREA] =>

AREA: Select the block number to display. (ALL, 1 to 10, OFF)

EDIT: To create new area. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

MOVE: Revise the position of points in area. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

ADD: Add a point to any given position in an area line. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

DELETE: Delete a point data in area. (CURSOR, BLOCK NUMBER)

CLEAR: Clear selected block number area data

AREA operation is same as 3.2 Map area alarm operation.

6.9 MONITORED ROUTE

This function when activated can display ROUTE information from external device such as chart plotter or GPS navigator.

RTE + WPL sentences are required from external device to display ROUTE information.

RMB or BWC sentence when inputted from external device will display waypoint information only.

If [RTE + WPL] and [RMB] or [BWC] are inputted in the radar, the ROUTE [RTE + WPL] information takes priority over [RMB] or [BWC] waypoint information.

Route is displayed by dotted line in orange color.

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAP] => [MONITORED ROUTE] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

6.10 WPT ID DISP

This function when activated can display WPT name information from external device such as chart plotter or GPS navigator. This applies to all waypoints from WPT and also ROUTE waypoints. When [WPT ID DISP] turned on, ID information will be displayed next to waypoints and when turned off only waypoints without ID information will be displayed.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [WPT ID DISP] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

6.11 TARGET TRACK ID

When tracking a target and past target track is activated, each track will have a label number associated with it. TARGET TRACK ID and the numbers will disappear or reappear with turning this function "on" or "off".

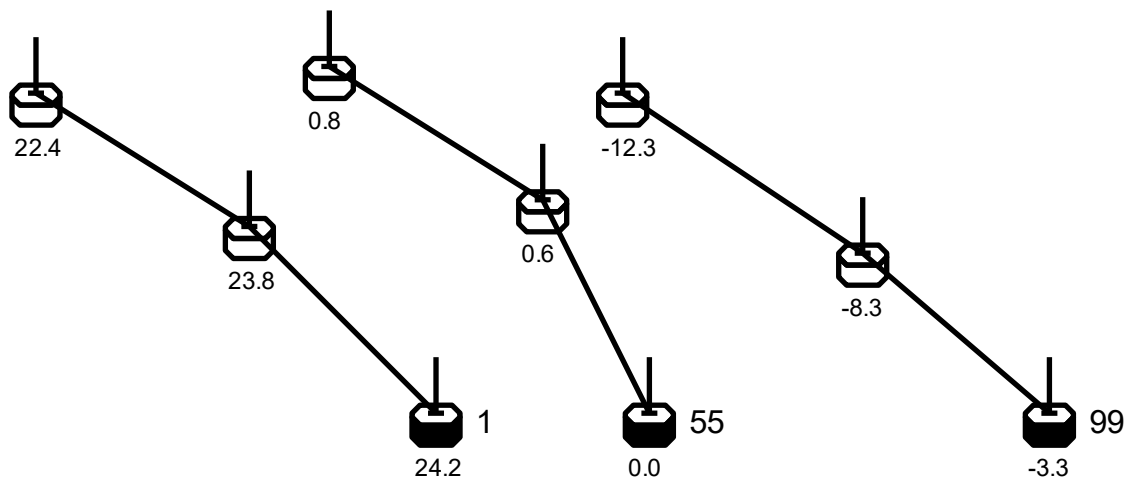
- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [TARGET TARCK ID] => [ON], and press **ENT** key.

6.12 GPS BUOY

GPS BUOY, of which display is connected to a GPS BUOY's transmitter-receiver, will receive buoy information sentences (BLV).

A buoy ID can record 10 kinds of information, and time, position and water temperature at 100 points can be recorded per 1 ID. As for the latest data, in addition to time, position and water temperature, course, speed and battery voltage can be recorded.

Examples of display:



Buoys with same ID will be displayed linked with straight lines. Under each buoy symbol, water temperature can be indicated.

The latest data will be indicated with marked-out symbols, and ID can be also indicated at the right hand side of the symbol as shown in the above examples.

1. NUM DISP

This is the function to display Buoy IDs at the right sides of the latest data buoy symbols.

2. WAT TEMP DISP

This is the function to display water temperature under the buoy symbols.

3. BLOCK NUMBER

This is the function to select block numbers. 1 ID buoy data can be recorded in 1 block.

The following 4 to 6 will be applied to the blocks selected in above 3.

4. BLOCK COLOR

This is the function to select buoy color in the blocks.

5. BLOCK CLEAR

This is the function to deleted buoy data recorded in blocks.

6. BLOCK DATA

This is the function to confirm buoy data in blocks in a list of data.

6.13 WPT FLAG

This function is related to MONITORED ROUTE function. When route or waypoint is inputted from external device flag will be shown of first waypoint. When route and waypoint information is inputted the first waypoint on a route takes priority and flag is displayed. Follow below procedure to turn [WPT FLAG] on or off

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [WPT FLAG] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

6.14 LAT/LON LINE

LAT/LON LINE is a function which when enabled displays geographical latitude and longitude lines on the radar display. Follow below procedure to turn LAT/LON LINE on or off.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [LAT/LON LINE] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

6.15 C-MAP chart display

This radar can display chart of C-MAP. The CHART and CHART DISP SET menu are displayed when C-MAP chart of SD-card type has been inserted in the lower card reader of the Processor unit.

CAUTION: Please ensure that the C-MAP SD-card must be inserted in the lower card reader of the Processor unit. The sticker of [SD Card (2)] is attached by the side of the lower card reader.
CAUTION: Turn off the power of radar system before inserting / removing the C-MAP SD-card.

Chart on/off

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [CHART] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Setting of the detailed chart display

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAP] => [CHART DISP SET] => select item of detailed setting, and select [ON] or [OFF] => press **ENT** key.

Setting item: LAND FILL, PLACE NAME, LIGHTHOUSE, BUOY, FISH HAVEN/WRECK,
TRAFFIC ROUTES, CAUTION AREA, FISHERY, CABLE

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Chapter 7 System and Maintenance menu operation

7.1 SYSTEM MENU

INTER-SWITCH: Refer to 2.28 Inter-switch

TIME

SOUND

LANG

DISP INFO

HELP

7.2 Change UTC/LOCAL time

1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [SYSTEM] => [TIME] => select [UTC] or [LOCAL], and press **ENT** key.

[UTC / LOCAL] time can be changed directly at the "INFO DISP" area, with joystick and **ENT** key, without using menu.



Note:

- Refer to 2.33.4 INFO DISP.
- Refer to [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] menu for detailed how to set time.
- For display of DATE/TIME, receive ZDA sentence from the external device or set the internal clock of radar. (Refer to "4.2.1 Setup TIME" of Installation manual)
- When the battery runs low, the internal clock of the radar will not always work properly. Please exchange the internal battery. (Refer to "5.4.2 Replacement of Internal Battery" of Installation manual)

7.3 Sound setting

Sound menu is to turn sound ON/OFF, setup frequency of sound in Operation unit, key click sound and external buzzer.

Sound ON/OFF

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [SOUND] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Sound frequency

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [FREQUENCY] => select [1 to 8] and press **ENT** key.
Selection values: 1 to 8
1: Lowest frequency
8: Highest frequency

Key click ON/OFF

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [KEY CLICK] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

External buzzer setting

External buzzer signal (Failure alarm) can be output from J1 connector on the back panel.

Output signal is relay contact. (Alarm contact will close in case of failure)

Output of relay contact is continuous when set to continue.

Output of relay contact is intermittent when set to interval.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [EXT BUZZER] => select [OFF], [CONTINUE] or [INTERVAL],
and press **ENT** key.

7.4 LANGUAGE select

MDC-5000 series radar can use the language of English or Japanese selected by menu.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [LANG] => select [ENGLISH] or [日本語], and press **ENT** key.

Without menu operation

To Japanese

- 1 Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on while keeping **RANGE+** key.
- 2 Keep **RANGE+** key pressed until the start-up screen is displayed, then release the **RANGE+** key.
Language changes to Japanese.

To English

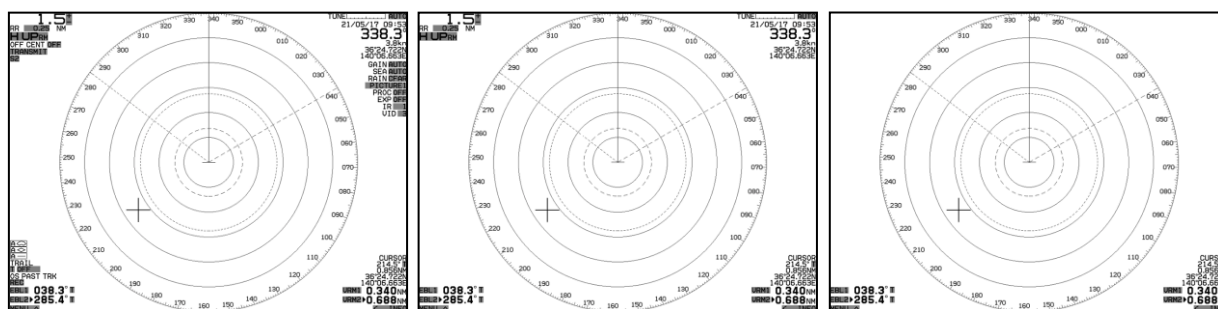
- 1 Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on while keeping **RANGE-** key.
- 2 Keep **RANGE-** key pressed until the start-up screen is displayed, then release the **RANGE-** key.
Language changes to English.

7.5 DISPLAY INFORMATION (DISP INFO)

This radar can reduce the radar information items to watch radar image wider.

Selection items are ALL/ MAIN/ OFF, the indication information is as follows.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [DISP INFO] => select [ALL], [MAIN] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.



ALL

MAIN

OFF

During "Menu" operation, all information will be displayed even if [DISP INFO] menu is selected to be [MAIN] or [OFF].

7.6 HELP window ON/OFF

Help window is displayed at the lower right of the display. When the help window menu is on, it displays a procedure of complicated operation such as ALARM and MAP menu.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [SYSTEM] => [HELP] => select [ON] or [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

```
Map ADD Operation
ACQ:Select item
ENT:Insert to the
    point
OFF:Divide the item
MENU:Exit of edit
```

7.7 MAINTENANCE MENU

STARTUP: Refer to 4.1_STARTUP menu of Installation manual

I/O: Refer to 4.2_Setup I/O Interface of Installation manual

SECTOR MUTE: Refer to 4.3_Setup SECTOR MUTE mode of Installation manual

PRESET: Refer to 4.4_Setup PRESET of Installation manual

BACKUP:

BITE: Refer to Chapter 9_Simple fault diagnosis

TOTAL HOUR

TX HOUR

MENU SETUP

VERSION

7.8 BACKUP of Setup data (Cannot be used while transmitting)

By saving setup data to the internal memory or external memory, the initial setup and all settings are saved, in the event that the radar needs to be reinitialized or some setup changes been made, user can go back to the original settings by restoring from memory.

Backup of setup data should be saved after initial setup.

In case of malfunction of display where re-initialization must be done, restore of backup data completed at the time of original setup will bring all proper settings and tuning setup back to normal operation.

Internal save of setup data

To save data internally at the time of setup,

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP SAVE] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

To restore from internally backup after re-initialization,

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP LOAD] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

External save of setup and map data

To save setup and map data externally, this information can be later used to restore after a possible malfunction.

The external memory uses an SD memory card.

CAUTION: Please do not use the SD memory card which is loaded with software program files.

To perform external backup to SD card,

- 1 Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader of the Processor unit. [SD Card (1)] is labeled beside the upper card reader.
- 2 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => select [SETUP SAVE], [MARK SAVE], [TGT TRACK SAVE] or [OWN TRACK SAVE] => [CANCEL] or [GO], and press **ENT** key.
When SD memory card not inserted, [SD CARD] menu is shaded menu and cannot be operated.

To restore from SD card backup after re-initialization,

- 1 Insert SD card that was used to store settings in above procedure in the upper card reader of the Processor unit. [SD Card (1)] is labeled beside the upper card reader.
- 2 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => select [SETUP LOAD], [MARK LOAD], [TGT TRACK LOAD] or [OWN TRACK LOAD] => [CANCEL] or [GO], and press **ENT** key.
When SD memory card not inserted or no data found on the card, [SD CARD] menu is shaded menu and cannot be operated.

Parameter reset

Use this function as means to return the radar to its default settings as it was at first power on.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [PARAMETER RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

MAP/PAST reset

This function resets all the data of Map, Target track and Own ship in the Processor unit.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [MAP/PAST RESET] => [GO] => and press **ENT** key.

7.9 TOTAL HOUR and TX HOUR (Cannot be used while transmitting)

[TOTAL HOUR] menu indicates the total operating time of the radar.

This menu can reset total hour to 0.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TOTAL HOUR] => [RESET], and press **ENT** key.

TX HOUR menu indicates the total transmitting time of the radar.

This is useful information to use when exchanging radar parts. Use this hour information to judge magnetron life expectancy.

Reset after components have been exchanged

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TX HOUR] => [RESET], and press **ENT** key.

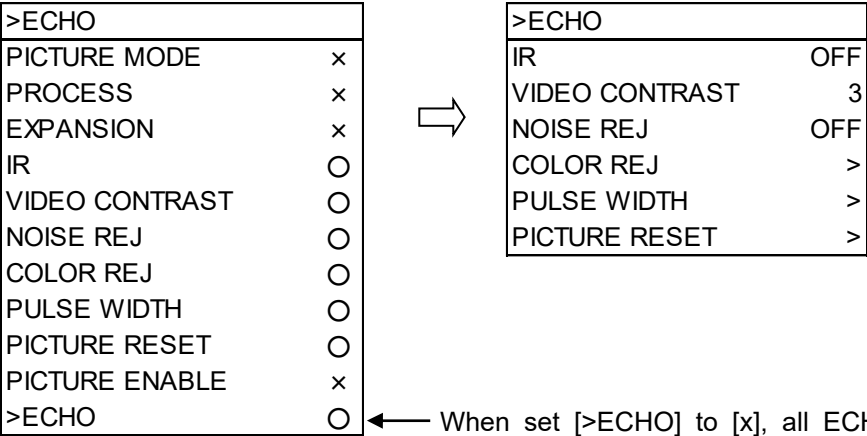
The total transmitting time (TX HOUR) can be displayed at all times while transmission is stopped.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TX HOUR DISP] => select [WAIT] or [STANDBY], and press **ENT** key.

7.10 MENU SETUP

MENU SETUP menu can be used to simplify full menu and turn off the items in full menu that are not used. This is often used to remove not needed menu items for simple operation of the radar.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [MENU SETUP] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.
Setup menu display will display.
- 2 Select menu item to set ON or OFF => select [X] or [O], and press **ENT** key.
- 3 When setup finish, press **MENU** key. Menu display will disappear.
Press **MENU** key again. [X] mark menu items are not displayed.



← When set [>ECHO] to [x], all ECHO menu items will not be available.

7.11 System Program

Version confirmation

Currently installed firmware version can be found by using following menu operation.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [VERSION] =>
MRM-110
KM-F71 xx.xx ⇐ Firmware version of Processor unit
MRO-110
KM-E49 yy.yy ⇐ Firmware version of Operation unit

How to update the system program

- 1 Prepare SD memory card with latest program.
File name: radar
File type: MOT
- 2 Turn off the power.
- 3 Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader of the Processor unit. [SD Card (1)] is labeled beside the upper card reader.
- 4 Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on, radar will start update procedure automatically.
Message of "LOADING IN PROGRESS", "PLEASE DO NOT POWER OFF" etc., and time bar will be displayed.
During updating, **EBL1** and **VRM1**, **EBL2** and **VRM2**, **BRILL** and **PANEL** key's lamps flash red.
Few minutes later, when program update is complete, "LOADING COMPLETE" and "PLEASE EJECT SD CARD" messages will appear on the display.
- 5 Remove SD memory card from the card reader, and new system program will run automatically.
The list of updated program file will be shown on the display.

In some cases, message of "SHUTDOWN" is displayed, and power will be turned off.

In this case, please press **POWER ON/OFF** key again, and message of "INITIALIZING" will be displayed.

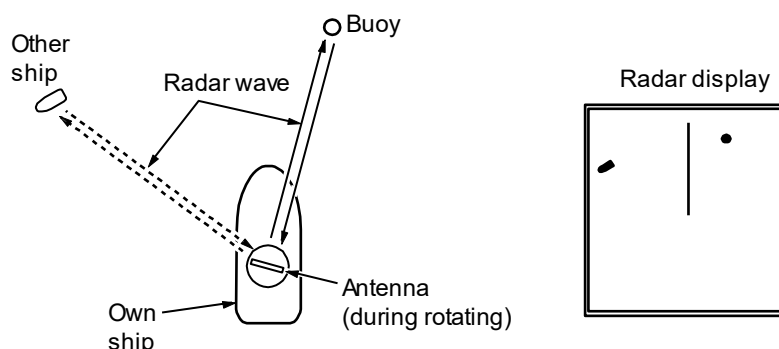
Chapter 8 Principal of radar system

8.1 What is radar system?

The radar is a navigation device that transmits a very high frequency radio wave referred to as microwave from the antenna. The radar then receives the radio wave reflected by target(s) (e.g. other ship, buoy, island, etc.) via the same antenna and converts the received radio wave to electronic signals and sends these signals to the Processor unit. The radar makes it possible to find objects (targets), such as other ships, rocks or coastline, not seen by eyesight at night or in fog and allows ships to avoid these potential hazards. As the antenna transmits during 360-degree rotation, it is possible to see the current surrounding situation around your ship at a glance.

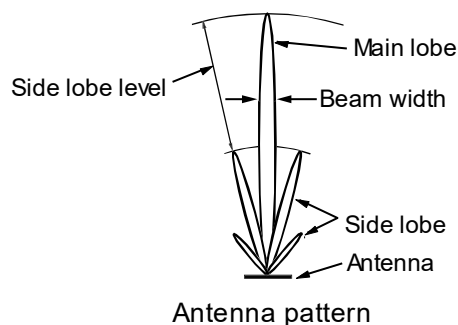
The microwave radiated from the radar is referred to as pulse wave and the transmitting and receiving of these waves is alternated. Up to thousands of pulse waves are transmitted and received during one rotation

The typical radar antenna is of parabolic type or slotted array type and its performance is essential for good radar performance. Some of factors affecting the quality of the target returns are antenna beam width and side lobe level. The narrow beam width provides high resolution for angular orientation to distinguish objects and the low side lobe level reduces false image effect.



Side lobe

The main lobe means the strongest radiated beam sent from the specific antenna, and the other weaker beams, are referred to as a side lobes. A side lobe level is a difference between the largest side lobe level and main lobe level.

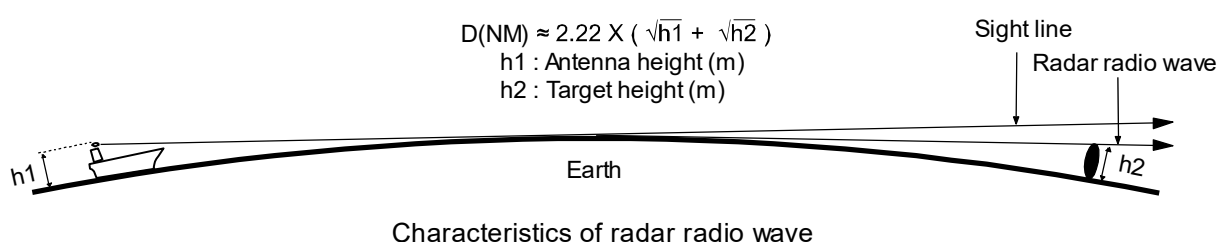


Beam width

Antenna beam width is defined as the angle where the radiation power density is within a half of maximum power density (-3 dB) in main lobe (also, referred to as “half value width”).

8.2 Characteristics of radar radio wave

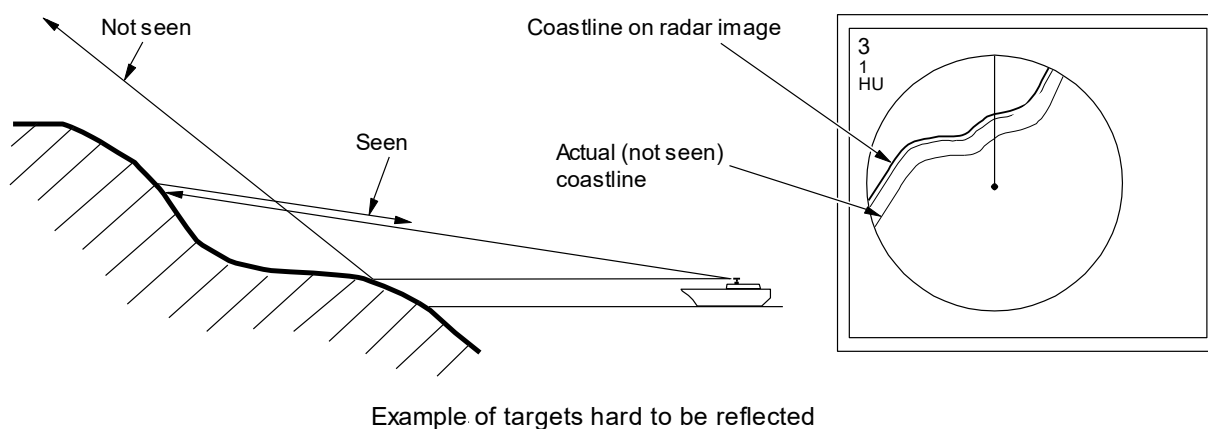
The radar radio wave propagates slightly along the ground (primarily line of sight). This characteristic varies depending on density of atmosphere, but is generally calculated according to the formula as shown below, considering that the distance with radar sight D is about 6% longer than the distance with optical sight.



Target hardness reflected

The strength of the reflected wave from a target varies depending on not only the distance from the target, its height or size, but also its material and features. A target with a low degree of reflection or low incident angle, such as FRP (Fiber Reinforced Plastic) and wooden ship is not reflected well. Therefore, care shall be taken that a FRP ship, a wooden ship or an object such as sand, a sandbar and muddy cay are poor radar targets.

Since the distance from the coastline, etc. to your ship on a radar image tends to be seen as longer than that from the actual coastline, more caution should be paid when navigating around such objects.



Radar shadow

Since radar radio wave is line of sight in nature your stack mast close to the antenna or, a large ship or mountain may create blind spots for which the radar cannot penetrate. In such cases, they may completely or partially hide targets and cast a long shadow.

Since the shadow of your stack or mast is known at the time of installation, proper selection of the antenna location is necessary to reduce the shadow effect. Since targets in this shadow area is less likely to be seen than in open sea, extra attention should be paid in shadowed areas.

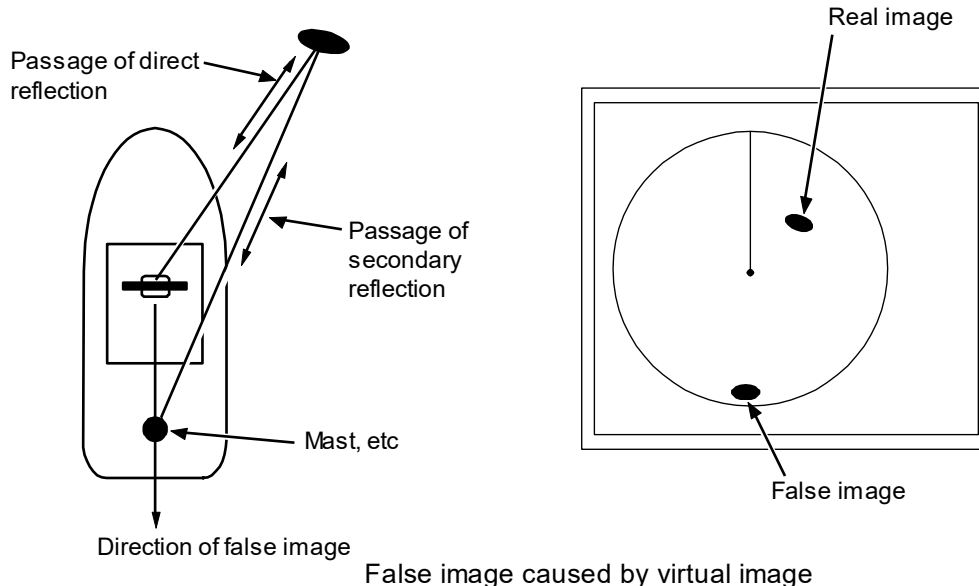
False image

An image that does not actually exist (false image) at sea may appear on the display.

The phenomena that causes false echoes are categorized and be described as follows:

• Virtual image

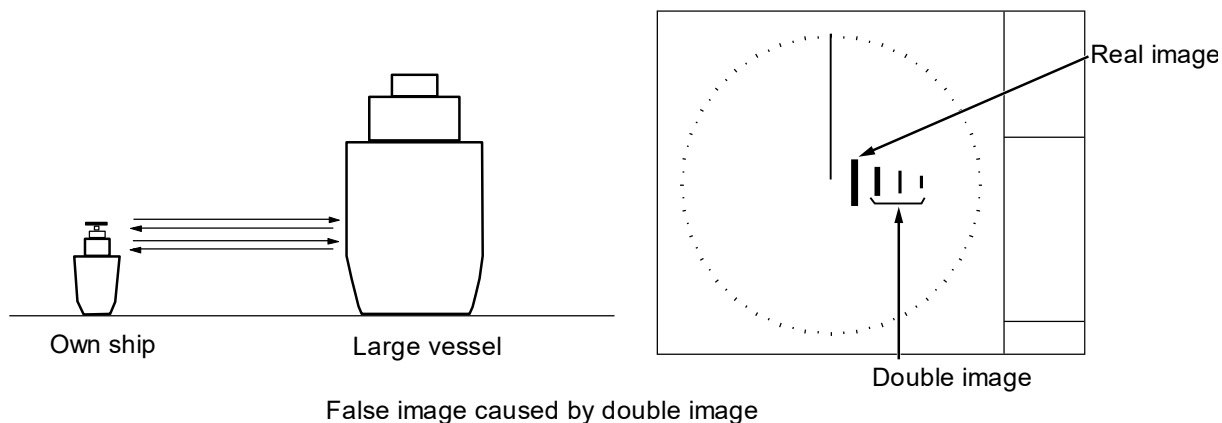
The image of a large physical object in proximity may appear in two different orientations. One is a real image and the other is a false image caused by wave re-reflected by the stack or the mast, etc. On the display, one image appears at the correct distance and bearing, and another one appears in the direction of a stack, a mast, etc. These images may also be generated by re-reflection from bridges and quays too.



• Duplicate target images


When there is a big reflective surface nearby and it is perpendicular at a close distance (i.e. when your ship is passed by a big ship, etc.), the radio wave bounces between own ship and the other ship. Therefore, two to four images may appear at equal range in the direction of this target. The false images generated by this multi-path reflection are referred to as “double targets”. In this case, the closest target is the real image.

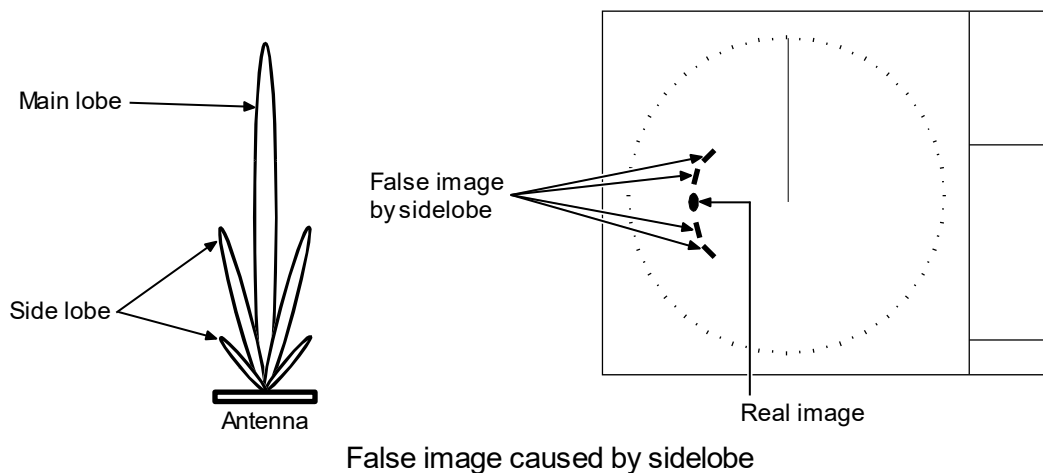
If the distance and bearing between own ship and the reflective target changes, then the duplicate targets will disappear. Therefore, this false image can be easily distinguished.



•Side lobe images

The microwave beam radiated from the antenna has a side lobe in different direction than that of the main beam. Since this side lobe level is lower than that of main beam, the effect is negligible for targets at long range, but a close, strong reflecting target may cause false image appearing in a circular arc shape.

 <h2 style="margin: 0;">CAUTION</h2>	<p>When own ship is close to large targets such as land, a circular image may appear.</p>
---	---



•Skip target images

False image of a distant target caused by “skip” phenomenon

Depending on weather conditions, skip caused by the temperature inversion layer of air, etc. may appear. In this case, the radio wave may unusually propagate to distant targets out of the radar range. A target at more than the maximum range may appear as an image, and may be displayed as a false image with closer distance than the actual one. This phenomenon is a result of the wide range echo delay time exceeding the transmission period, and is displayed as echo in the following rotation. If the range scale is changed and the target range is changed, it can be judged as a false image.

8.3 Radar interference

When the radar with the same frequency band is used nearby, interference noise appears on a display. Although appearance of interference is not constant, the shape is almost always swirling or radial. This series of radars features an IR (interference rejection) facility to reduce this interference.

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Chapter 9 Simple fault diagnosis

For simple fault diagnosis, follow below procedures.

For faults not listed below, refer to the Installation manual.

Items posted

- 9.1 No alarm sound. (ALARM TEST)
- 9.2 Operation unit (panel) key is not operational. (PANEL TEST)
- 9.3 TT (ATA) is not operational. (DIAGNOSE TT)
- 9.4 No AIS display. (DIAGNOSE AIS)
- 9.5 Need to confirm serial input. (SERIAL MONITOR)
- 9.6 No radar video display. (ANT MONITOR)

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] =>

>BITE		
ALARM TEST	OFF	
PANEL TEST		>
DIAGNOSE TT		>
DIAGNOSE AIS		>
SERIAL MONITOR		>
ANT MONITOR		>
SD CARD		>

9.1 No alarm sound

Follow this procedure to troubleshoot no alarm sound trouble.

First, select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [SOUND] and confirm that the status is [ON].

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [ALARM TEST] => [ON], and press **ENT** key after selection.
- 2** Please confirm the frequency setting, because it may be hard to hear the alarm sound according to the setting value.
Select [SYSTEM] => [SOUND] => [FREQUENCY] (Initial setting: 4)
- 3** Alarm sounds (two times) and alarm display appears at the lower right of the display.
Alarms displayed are [WARNING B 999], [Test alert only.].



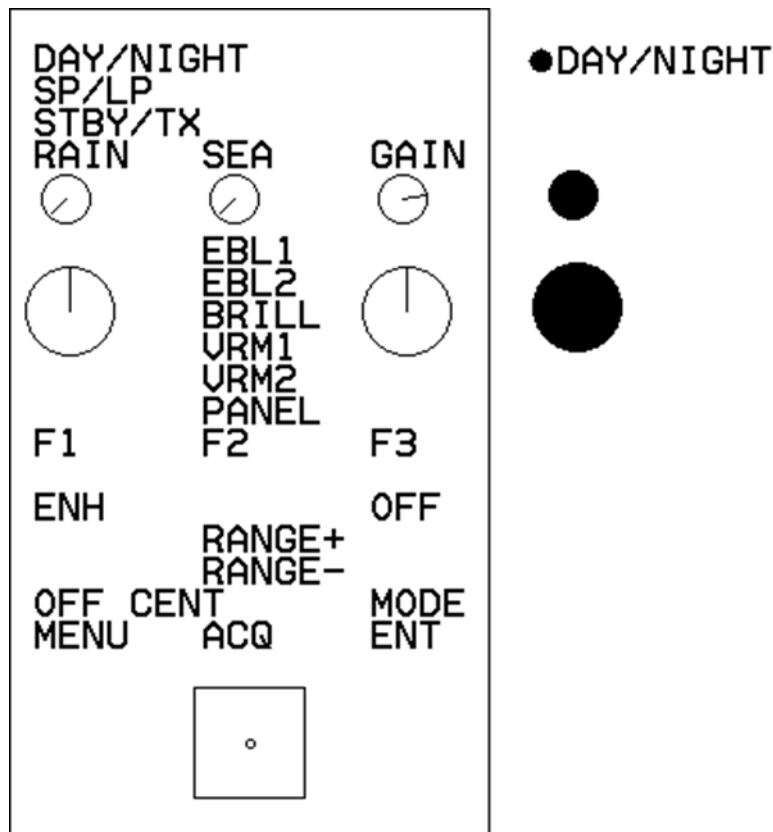
- 4** Confirmation is completed if alarm sounded.
- 5** Alarm sounds are repeated every 60 seconds.
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [ALARM TEST] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key to turn alarm test off.

Note: After running the test and there is still no alarm sound the Operation unit has malfunction.

9.2 Operation unit (panel) key is not operational

Following procedure is a test for Operation unit in case some keys don't function properly. First please make sure all cables are connected properly.

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [PANEL TEST] =>.
- 2 Panel illustration will appear on the display.
- 3 Press any key except **MENU** key.
[•] mark will appear at the left side of key name during the key press.
The line in the circle will rotate when the knob is turned.
The circle color will change when the knob is pressed.
The small circle in the square will move when joystick is moved.



- 4 Pressing **MENU** key will complete the test.

Operation unit (panel) malfunctions, if No.3 item is not normally displayed.

9.3 TT is not operational

This procedure is applied when acquisition operation does not start despite **ACQ** key being pressed.

First, confirm that [INPUT RNG] is properly set.

The targets outside of [INPUT RNG] will not be acquired.

This procedure confirms ATA function.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [DIAGNOSE TT] =>.
- 2** Confirm [O] mark appears on the left side of [HDG].
- 3** Move joystick to the left to complete.

If [x] mark is displayed in step 2, then confirm HDG input for Processor unit.

9.4 No AIS display

This procedure is applied when AIS is not displayed.

First, confirm that [INPUT RNG] is properly set.

Targets outside of [INPUT RNG] are not displayed.

Confirm AIS function by following steps.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [DIAGNOSE AIS] =>.
- 2** Confirm that the [O] mark appears at the left side of [AIS DATA], [HDG], [SPD], [LAT/LON] and [COG/SOG].
- 3** Move joystick to the left to complete.

If [x] mark is displayed in step 2, then

In the case of [AIS DATA]: No valid AIS data input.

Confirm AIS receiver connected to Processor unit.

AIS DATA is input to AIS (J2) connector.

In the case of [HDG]: No valid HDG input.

Confirm HDG input of Processor unit.

HDG is input to NMEA connector.

In the case of [SPD]: No valid SPD input.

Confirm SPD input of Processor unit.

SPD is input to NMEA connector.

In the case of [LAT/LON]: No valid LAT/LON input.

Confirm LAT/LON input of Processor unit.

LAT/LON is input to NMEA connector.

In the case of [COG/SOG]: No valid COG/SOG input.

Confirm COG/SOG input of Processor unit.

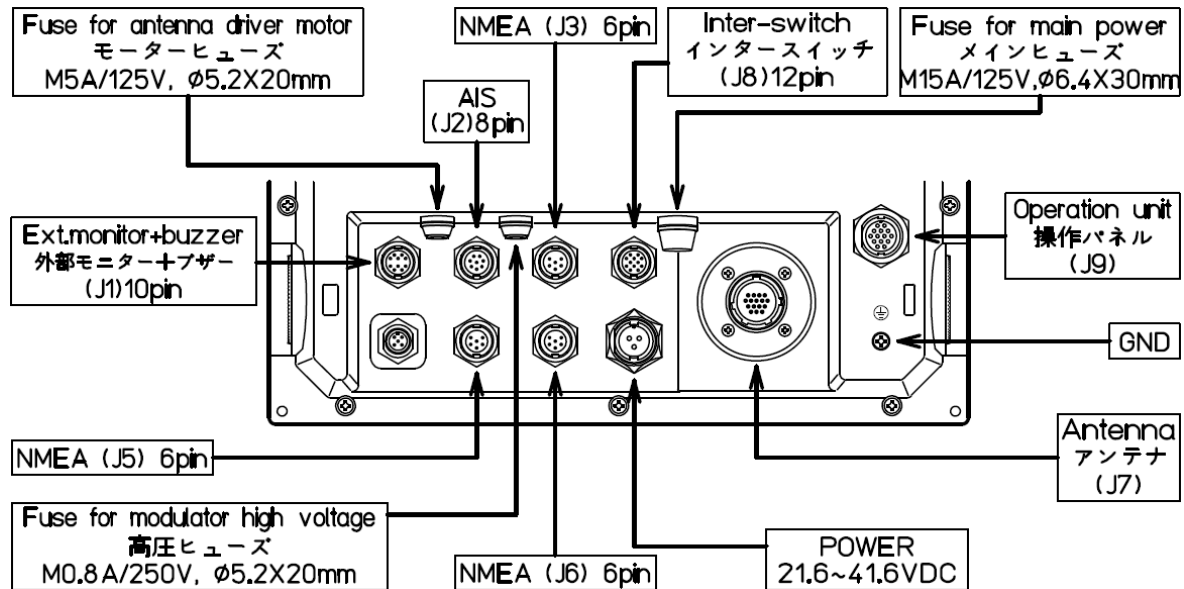
COG/SOG is input to NMEA connector.

9.5 Need to confirm serial input

This procedure is applied to confirm serial input of Processor unit.

Serial input of connectors can be confirmed with the following 4 connectors:

AIS (J2), NMEA (J3, J5 or J6).



- 1 Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SERIAL MONITOR] => select [J3], [J5], [J6], [AIS] or [ALL], and press **ENT** key.
[ALL] can confirm the data of all ports at a time.
- 2 Input data will be displayed.
Since the data keeps coming in and the display keeps changing it may be hard to observe the sentences.
By pressing **ENT** key, data display will stop temporarily to confirm data content.
- 3 Move joystick to left to complete.

Data confirming item in step 2

In the case that data is not displayed: Confirm input data device connected to Processor unit.

In the case that data is displayed but is garbled: Confirm baud rate.

9.6 No radar video display

This procedure is applied when no radar video (Echo) is displayed on the display.

- 1** Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BITE] => [ANT MONITOR] =>.
- 2** Antenna status will be displayed.
- 3** Move joystick to left to complete.

Antenna status criteria in step 2

Connected scanner model name and type:

HIGH VOLTAGE: If the value is other than xxx to xxx, indicates high voltage malfunction.

MAG CURRENT MONI: If the value is other than xx to xxx, indicates magnetron malfunction.

MAG HEATER: If the value is other than xx to xxx, indicates magnetron malfunction.

MOTOR MONI: No use.

TUNE VOLTAGE: If the value is other than xx to xxx, indicates magnetron or Front End Module failure.

RATE OF ROTATION: Antenna rotation (rpm)

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Chapter 10 Specifications

10.1 Antenna and Scanner unit

Antenna

Model name	RB805	RW701A-03	RW701A-04	RW701A-06	RW701B-09
Antenna length	2feet	3feet	4feet	6feet	9feet
Horizontal beam width	3.9°	2.5°	1.8°	1.2°	0.8°
Vertical beam width	25°	22°	22°	22°	25°
Side lobe within $\pm 10^\circ$	-20dB	-23dB	-25dB	-25dB	-25dB
Side lobe outside $\pm 10^\circ$	-20dB	-28dB	-30dB	-30dB	-30dB
Polarization	Horizontal				

Scanner

Model name	MDC-5004	MDC-5005	MDC-5006	MDC-5012	MDC-5025
Scanner unit	RB806	RB805 (Radome)	RB807	RB808	RB809
Rotation	24 rpm or 48 rpm			24 rpm or 42 rpm	
Output frequency	X-band: 9410MHz ± 30MHz				
Output power (Peak)	4kW		6 kW	12 kW	25 kW
Magnetron	MAF1421BY		MAF1562R	MAF1565N	M1568BS
Temperature	-25°C to +55°C				
Water protection	IPX6				

Range, PRF, Pulse width

RB805 / RB806 (4kW)

PRF (Hz)	Pulse width (μ s)	Range (NM)									
		0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	48
2000	0.08	S1									
2000	0.08		S2								
1800	0.15			M1							
1500	0.3			M2							
800	0.5					L1					
500	1.0						L2				

RB807 / RB808 (6kW / 12kW)

PRF (Hz)	Pulse width (μs)	Range (NM)												
		0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	32	48	64	
2600	0.08	S1												
2600	0.15		S2											
2400	0.3			M1										
2000	0.4				M2									
1400	0.6					M3								
1000	0.8						L1							
600	1.2						L2							
450	1.2												L3	

RB809 (25kW)

PRF (Hz)	Pulse width (μs)	Range (NM)											
		0.125	0.25	0.5	0.75	1.5	3	6	12	24	48	96	
2600	0.08	S1											
2600	0.15		S2										
2400	0.3			M1									
2000	0.4				M2								
1400	0.6					M3							
1000	0.8						L1						
600	1.2						L2						
450	1.2											L3	

10.2 Processor and Operation unit

Model name	MDC-5004/5005/5006/5012/5025
Processor unit	MRM-110
Operation unit	MRO-110
Display Resolution	1024 X 768 pixels (XGA)
Frequency band	X-band 9410MHz \pm 30MHz (9380MHz to 9440MHz)
Speed class	Normal speed class (< 30 knot)
Echo color	White, Yellow, Green, Multi, User1, User2
Off-centering	Max. 75%
Range data accuracy	8m or 1% of range scale selected, whichever is greater
Range	0.125, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1.5, 3, 6, 12, 24, 32*, 48, 64, 96 NM Up to 48 NM for transmit output 4kW, Up to 64 NM for transmit output 6 kW/12 kW, (*32NM is for 6kW/12kW only) Up to 96 NM for transmit output 25 kW
Bearing accuracy	$\pm 1^\circ$
Presentation modes	Head up, North up*, and Course up*
Functions	CFAR (Clutter rejection), Interference rejection, Enhance, Process (Residual image, Averaging), VRM, EBL, Parallel index, Cursor position (Lat/Lon)**, Trail (true/relative)***, Own ship past track**, MAP (Event mark, etc.)**, External monitor output, Inter-switch, Chart overlay**
NMEA Input/output	3 CH
Power supply	21.6 VDC to 41.6 VDC
Power consumption (at 24 VDC)	MDC-5004: 100W or less
	MDC-5005: 85W or less
	MDC-5006: 130W or less
	MDC-5012: 150W or less
	MDC-5025: 200W or less
AIS	500 targets
TT (ATA)	50 targets
Temperature	-15°C to +55°C
Water protection	Processor unit (MRM-110): IPX0 Operation unit (MRO-110) : IP23

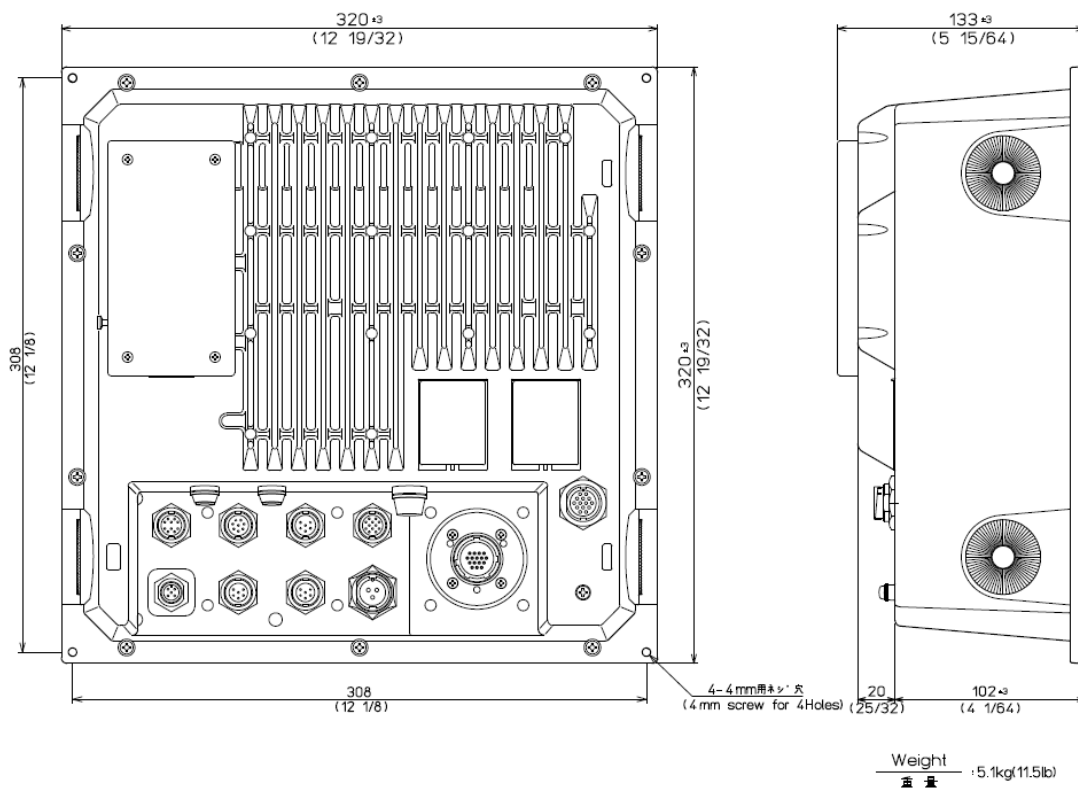
*Requires heading data input.

**Requires heading and latitude/longitude data input.

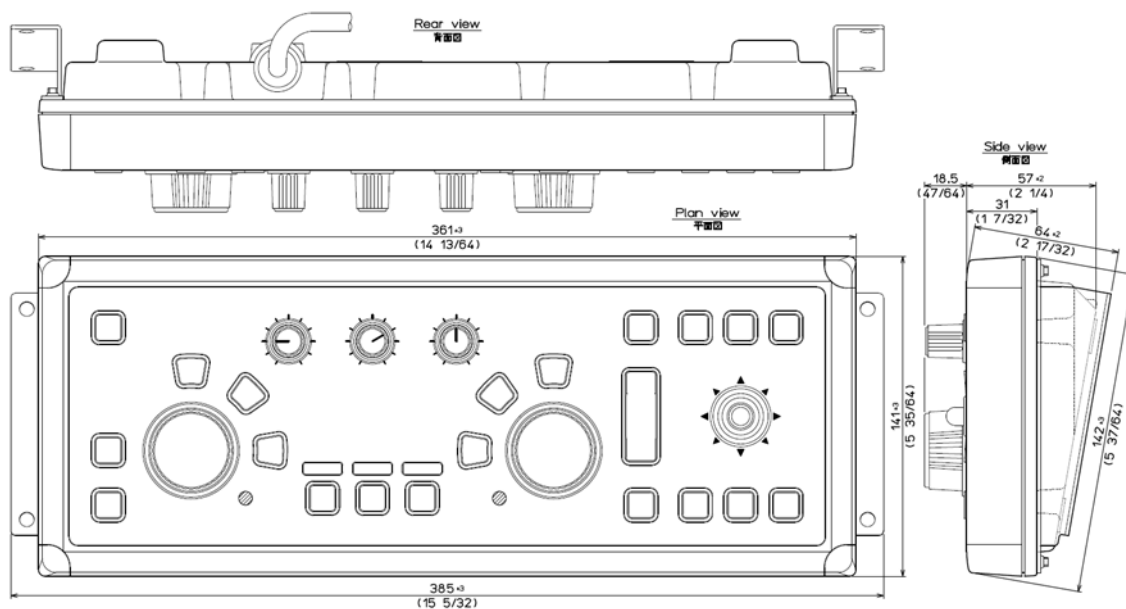
***Requires heading, speed and latitude/longitude data input.

10.3 External view and dimensions

MRM-110



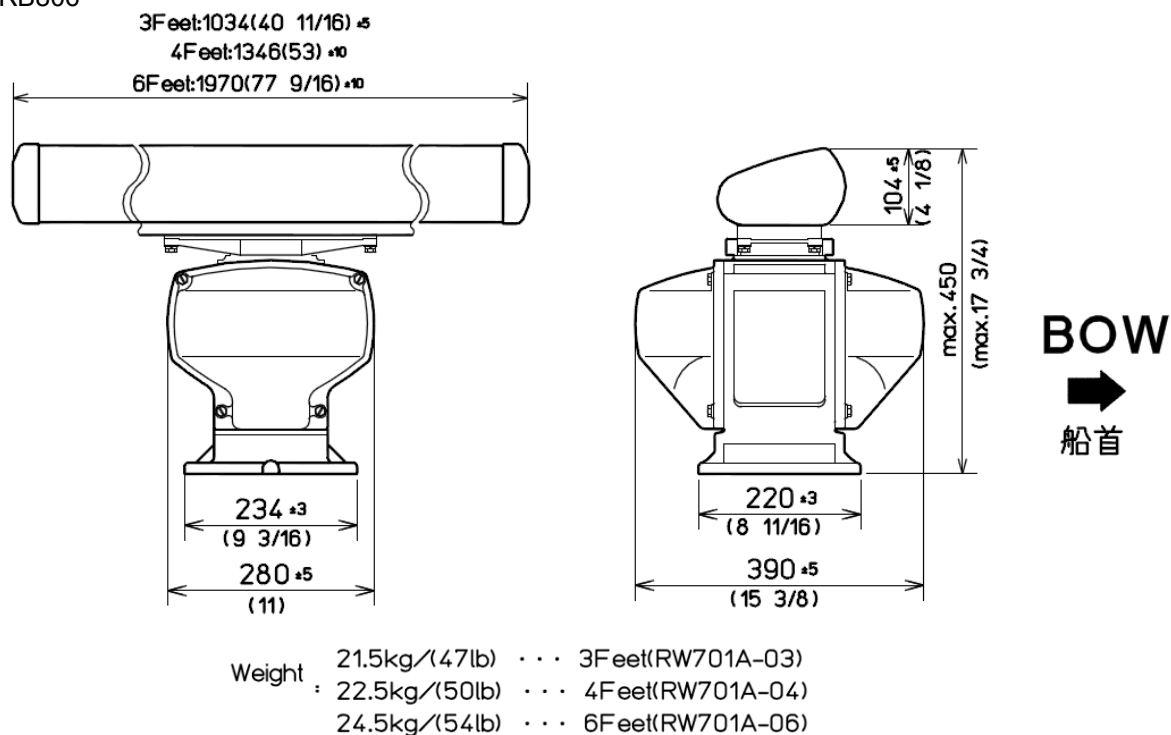
MRO-110



Weight : 2kg(4.5lb) [inclusive base and connecting cable
重量 : 2kg(4.5lb) [架台及び接続ケーブル含む]

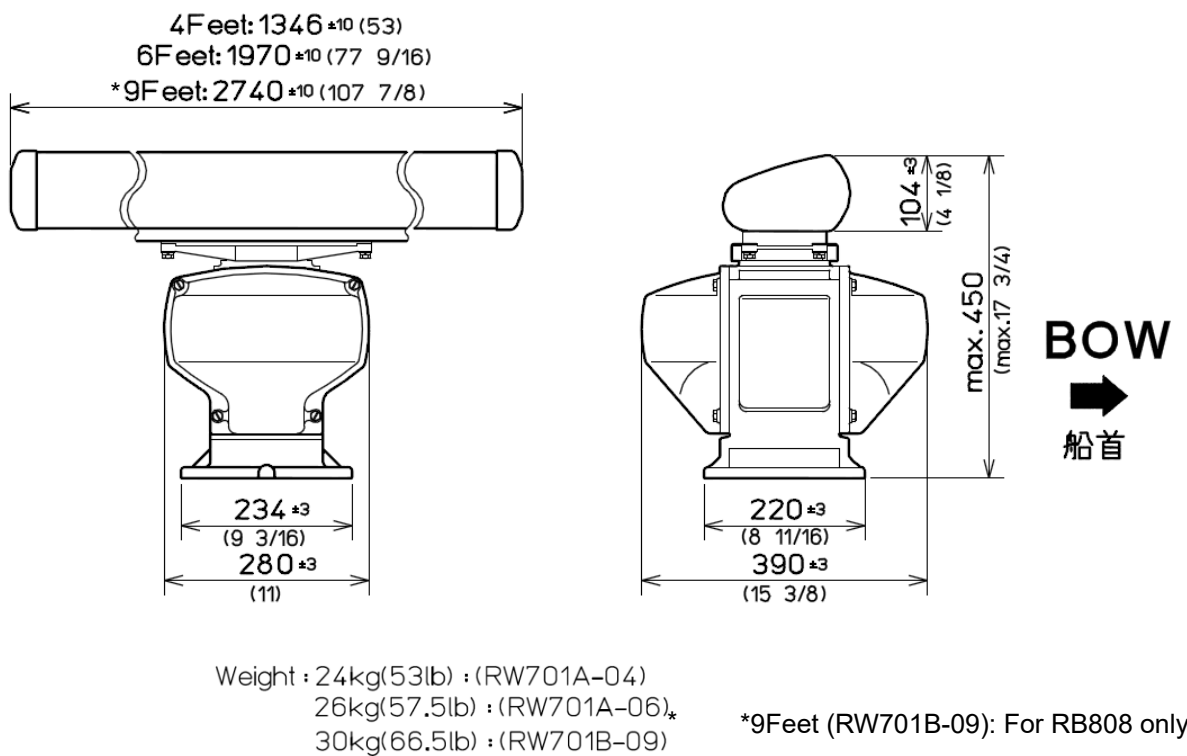
Unit: mm (inch)

RB806



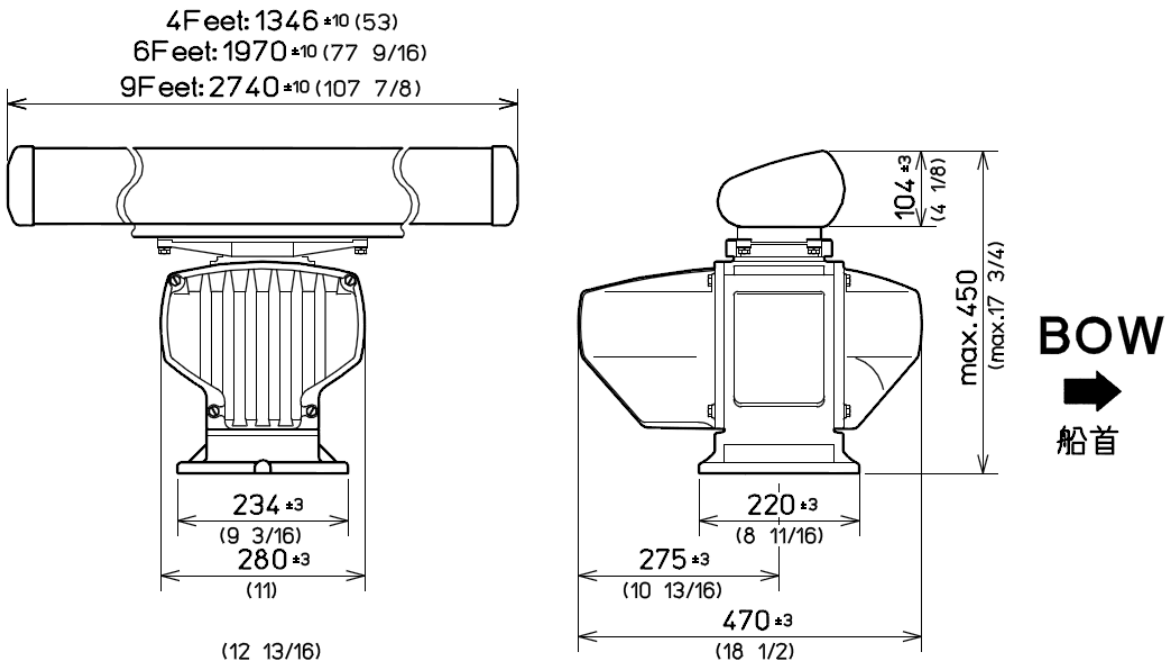
Unit: mm (inch)

RB807/808



Unit: mm (inch)

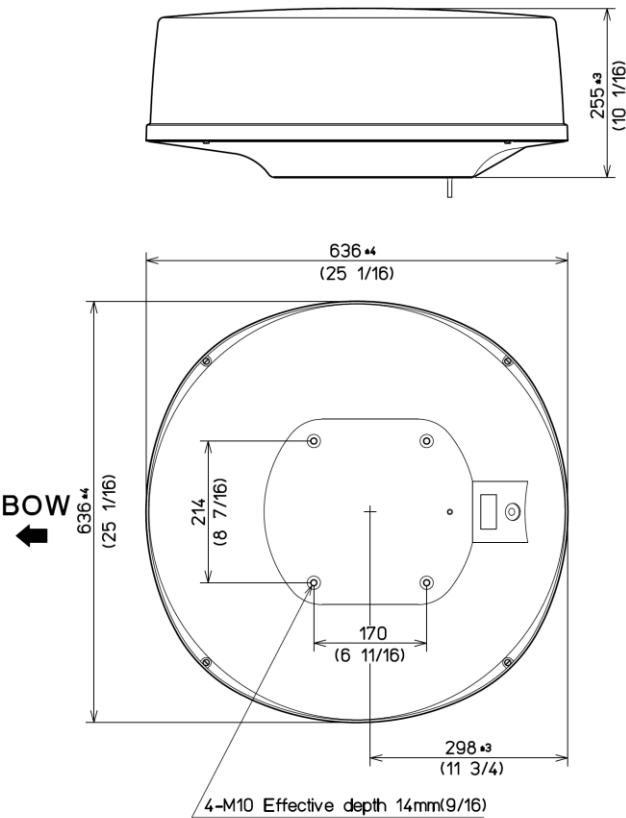
RB809



Weight : 26kg(57.5lb) : (RW701A-04)
28kg(62lb) : (RW701A-06)
32kg(71lb) : (RW701B-09)

Unit: mm (inch)

RB805



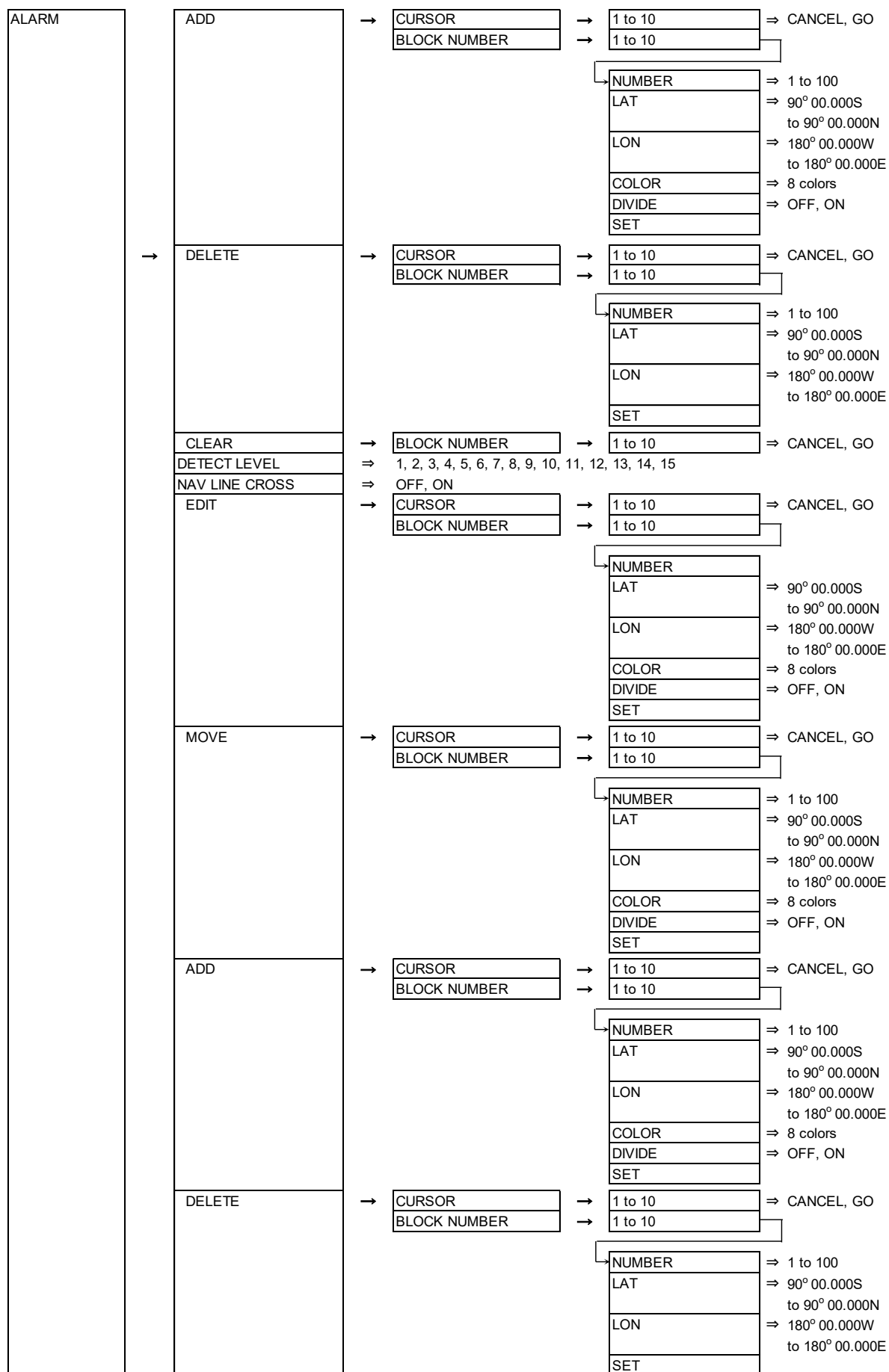
Weight: 10kg

Unit: mm (inch)

Chapter 11 Appendix

11.1 Menu tree










ECHO	→	PICTURE MODE	⇒	PICTURE1, PICTURE2, PICTURE3
		PROC	⇒	OFF, C1, C2, C3, A1, A2
		IR	⇒	OFF, 1, 2, 3
		VIDEO CONTRAST	⇒	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
		COLOR REJ	⇒	OFF, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14
		PULSE WIDTH	⇒	S1, S2, M1, M2, M3, L1, L2, L3
TRAIL		PICTURE RESET	⇒	CANCEL, GO
	→	TRUE/REL	⇒	REL, TRUE
		TIME	⇒	OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min, PERM
		SHAPE	⇒	
		TRAIL LEVEL	⇒	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
		CLEAR	⇒	CANCEL, GO
DISPLAY		RANGE KEEP	⇒	OFF, ON
		MOVE	⇒	COURSE, POSITION
	→	OFF CENT POINT	⇒	CURSOR, OPPOSITE
		STAB MODE	⇒	SEA, GND
		TM RESET		
		C UP RESET		
		RANGE UNIT	⇒	NM, km, sm
		ROTATION MARGIN	⇒	0.0 to 30.0°
		ALL PPI	⇒	OFF, ON
		FERRY MODE	→	FERRY MODE ⇒ OFF, ON
				HDG ⇒ 0°, 180°
				HEADING LINE ⇒ UP, DOWN
		LOCATION INFO	→	LOCATION INFO ⇒ OFF, WPT, LAT/LON
				LAT ⇒ 90° 00.000S to 90° 00.000N
				LON ⇒ 180° 00.000W to 180° 00.000E
ALARM				BRT T
				RNG
		INFO DISP	→	UPPER ⇒ OWN SHIP INFO, TGT INFO, WAY POINT INFO, etc.
				MIDDLE1 ⇒ OWN SHIP INFO, TGT INFO, WAY POINT INFO, etc.
				MIDDLE2 ⇒ OWN SHIP INFO, TGT INFO, WAY POINT INFO, etc.
				BOTTOM ⇒ OWN SHIP INFO, TGT INFO, WAY POINT INFO, etc.
		INFO BKGND	⇒	OFF, ON
	→	ECHO ALARM	⇒	OFF, IN, OUT
		BRG REL	⇒	000.0 to 359.9°
		WIDTH	⇒	000.0 to 360.0°
		RNG	⇒	000.0 to 999.9 NM
		DEPTH	⇒	000.0 to 999.9 NM
		MAP AREA ALARM	⇒	OFF, IN, OUT
		EDIT	→	CURSOR → 1 to 10 ⇒ CANCEL, GO
				BLOCK NUMBER → 1 to 10
				NUMBER
				LAT ⇒ 90° 00.000S to 90° 00.000N
				LON ⇒ 180° 00.000W to 180° 00.000E
				COLOR ⇒ 8 colors
				DIVIDE ⇒ OFF, ON
				SET
		MOVE	→	CURSOR → 1 to 10 ⇒ CANCEL, GO
				BLOCK NUMBER → 1 to 10
				NUMBER
				LAT ⇒ 90° 00.000S to 90° 00.000N
				LON ⇒ 180° 00.000W to 180° 00.000E
				COLOR ⇒ 8 colors
				DIVIDE ⇒ OFF, ON
				SET



ALARM			CLEAR	→	BLOCK NUMBER	→	1 to 10	⇒	CANCEL, GO
			ALARM ON/OFF	→	TT	→	AUTO ACQ	⇒	OFF, ON
							LOST	⇒	OFF, ON
					AIS	→	CPA/TCPA	⇒	OFF, ON
							AUTO ACTIVE	⇒	OFF, ON
							LOST	⇒	OFF, ON
							CPA/TCPA	⇒	OFF, ON
							WITHOUT HDG/COG	⇒	OFF, ON
							SLEEPING LOST	⇒	OFF, ON
					I/O	→	HDG INPUT	⇒	OFF, ON
						SPD INPUT	⇒	OFF, ON	
						LAT/LON INPUT	⇒	OFF, ON	
TARGET	→	VECT	→	TRUE/REL	⇒	TRUE, REL			
				TIME	⇒	OFF, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min			
				TIME INCREMENT	⇒	OFF, 2, 3, 5, 10			
				STAB INDICATOR	⇒	OFF, ON			
				OS VECTOR	⇒	OFF, ON			
					⇒	OFF, ON			
				CPA/TCPA	⇒	0.0 to 19.9 NM			
				CPA	⇒	1.0 to 63.0 min			
				TCPA					
				AIS ID DISP TYPE	→	NUMBER	⇒	OFF, ON	
					NAME	⇒	OFF, ON		
					MMSI	⇒	OFF, ON		
					IMO	⇒	OFF, ON		
					CALLSIGN	⇒	OFF, ON		
					NUMBER	⇒	OFF, ON		
					NUMBER	⇒	X-SMALL, SMALL, MEDIUM, LARGE		

TARGET		→	TT	⇒	TT	⇒	OFF, ON
			SELECT ID	⇒	SELECT ID	⇒	1 to 100
			DELETE		DELETE		
			SHAPE		SHAPE		
			ALL DELETE		ALL DELETE		
			TGT LEVEL	⇒	TGT LEVEL	⇒	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15
			PERFORMANCE	⇒	PERFORMANCE	⇒	0 to 7
NAV TOOL	→		RR	⇒	RR	⇒	OFF, ON
			BRG TRUE/REL	⇒	BRG TRUE/REL	⇒	TRUE, REL
			SCALE	→	SCALE	⇒	OFF, ON
			CHARA	⇒	CHARA	⇒	OFF, ON
			CHARA TYPE	⇒	CHARA TYPE	⇒	NUMERIC, SYMBOL
			CURSOR	→	CURSOR SHAPE	⇒	++ + ·-·- etc.
					CURSOR	⇒	NOT OPERATION ⇒ OFF, ON
					CURSOR HUP MOVE	⇒	POSN DISP ⇒ OFF, ON
					INFO	⇒	OFF, ON
			EBL	→	EBL1 OFFSET	⇒	RM, TM
					EBL2 OFFSET	⇒	RM, TM
					EBL TRUE MOVE	⇒	OFF, ON
			VRM	→	VRM1 UNIT	⇒	NM, km, sm, RANGE LINK
					VRM2 UNIT	⇒	NM, km, sm, RANGE LINK
					OFFSET	⇒	OFF, ON
			VRM/EBL CROSS	⇒	VRM/EBL CROSS	⇒	OFF, ON
			PI	→	PI DISP SIDE	⇒	HALF, FULL
					CURSOR	⇒	NORMAL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
					PI UNIT	⇒	NM, km, sm, RNG LINK
			GUARD LINE	→	GUARD LINE	⇒	OFF, ON
					LEFT	⇒	0 to 10000 m
					RIGHT	⇒	0 to 10000 m
			SHIP OUTLINE	→	SHIP OUTLINE	⇒	OFF, ON
					OS PROFILE	⇒	OUTLINE A ⇒ 0 to 511m
						⇒	OUTLINE B ⇒ 0 to 511m
						⇒	OUTLINE C ⇒ 0 to 63m
						⇒	OUTLINE D ⇒ 0 to 63m
			HL BLINK	⇒	HL BLINK	⇒	OFF, ON
			STERN LINE	⇒	STERN LINE	⇒	OFF, ON
			BARGE ICON	→	BARGE ICON	⇒	OFF, ON
					POSITION	⇒	FWD, AFT
					LENGTH	⇒	0 to 511 m
					WIDTH	⇒	0 to 511 m
					LINE NO.	⇒	1 to 10
					ROW NO.	⇒	1 to 10
					OFFSET	⇒	0 to 511 m
MAP	→		OWN TRACK	→	TRACK0	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK1	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK2	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK3	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK4	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK5	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK6	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK7	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK8	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					TRACK9	⇒	OFF, ON, DISP
					PLOT INT	⇒	1sec, 2sec, 5sec, 10sec, 30sec, 1min, 3min
					STYLE	→	TRACK NUMBER (0 to 9)
						→	COLOR ⇒ 8 colors
						→	STYLE
						→	
					CLEAR	→	TRACK NUMBER (0 to 9) ⇒ CANCEL, GO
			TARGET TRACK	→	TARGET TRACK	⇒	1 to 100
					DISPLAY	⇒	OFF, ON
					CLEAR	⇒	CANCEL, GO
					COLOR	⇒	8 colors
					STYLE	⇒	
					PLOT INT	⇒	OFF, 2sec, 15sec, 30sec, 1min, 3min, 5min
					PLOT NUMBER	⇒	50, 100, 200, 500, 1000
					ALL CLEAR	⇒	CANCEL, GO
			MAP DISP	⇒	MAP DISP	⇒	OFF, ON

MAP	→	COAST LINE	→	COAST LINE	⇒	ALL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, OFF
				EDIT	⇒	CANCEL, GO
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
		COAST LINE	→	MOVE	⇒	CANCEL, GO
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
		NAV LINE	→	ADD	⇒	CANCEL, GO
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
		ROUTE	→	DELETE	⇒	CANCEL, GO
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
		EVENT MKR	→	CLEAR	⇒	CANCEL, GO
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
					⇒	
AREA	→	NAV LINE	⇒	ALL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, OFF		
		EDIT	⇒	Same COAST LINE => EDIT		
		MOVE	⇒	Same COAST LINE => MOVE		
		ADD	⇒	Same COAST LINE => ADD		
		DELETE	⇒	Same COAST LINE => DELETE		
		CLEAR	⇒	Same COAST LINE => CLEAR		
		ROUTE	⇒	ALL, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, OFF		
		EDIT	⇒	Same COAST LINE => EDIT		
		MOVE	⇒	Same COAST LINE => MOVE		
		ADD	⇒	Same COAST LINE => ADD		
		DELETE	⇒	Same COAST LINE => DELETE		
		CLEAR	⇒	Same COAST LINE => CLEAR		

MAP	→	MONITORED ROUTE	⇒	OFF, ON	
		WPT ID DISP	⇒	OFF, ON	
		TARGET TRACK ID	⇒	OFF, ON	
		OFFSET	⇒	DTM, MAN	
		MAN OFFSET	⇒	1.000S to 1.000N	
			⇒	1.000W to 1.000E	
		GPS BUOY	→	GPS BUOY	⇒ OFF, ON
				NUM DISP	⇒ OFF, ON
				WAT TEMP DISP	⇒ OFF, ON
				BLOCK NUMBER	⇒ 1 to 10
				BLOCK COLOR	⇒ 8 colors
				BLOCK CLEAR	⇒ CANCEL, GO
				BLOCK DATA	
		WPT FLAG	⇒	OFF, ON	
		LAT/LON LINE	⇒	OFF, ON	
		CHART	⇒	OFF, ON	
		CHART DISP SET	→	LAND FILL	⇒ OFF, ON
				PLACE NAME	⇒ OFF, ON
				LIGHTHOUSE	⇒ OFF, ON
				BUOY	⇒ OFF, ON
				FISH HAVEN/WRECK	⇒ OFF, ON
				TRAFFIC ROUTES	⇒ OFF, ON
				CAUTION AREA	⇒ OFF, ON
				FISHERY	⇒ OFF, ON
				CABLE	⇒ OFF, ON
BRILL	→	ECHO	⇒	WHITE, YELLOW, GREEN, MULTI, USER1, USER2	
		TRAIL	⇒	BLUE, BROWN, USER1, USER2	
		BKGND PPI	⇒	BLACK, BLUE, USER1, USER2	
		BKGND DATA	⇒	BLACK, BLUE, USER1, USER2	
		DATA	⇒	WHITE, GREY, USER1, USER2	
		OTHERS	→	SCALE	⇒ NORMAL, DARK, USER1, USER2
				OS/TOOL	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				TGT	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				COAST LINE	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				NAV LINE	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				ROUTE	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				EVENT MKR	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				AREA	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				PAST TRK	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				MONITORED ROUTE	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				LAT/LON LINE	⇒ NORMAL, USER1, USER2
				CURSOR	⇒ NORMAL, DARK, USER1, USER2
				CHART LAND	⇒ BROWN, GREEN, LIME, YELLOW, GREY, USER1, USER2
				DEPTH	⇒ WHITE, BLUE, USER1, USER2
		USER1 COLOR	→	ECHO	⇒ Set color of 15 levels individually
		USER2 COLOR		TRAIL	⇒ Set color of 16 levels individually
				BKGND PPI	
				BKGND DATA	⇒ Set 2 colors of BKGND and BORDER
				DATA	
				SCALE	
				OS/TOOL	⇒ Set 5 colors of VRM, EBL/PI, RR, OS and ETC
				TGT	
				COAST LINE	⇒ Set 8 colors individually
				NAV LINE	⇒ Set 8 colors individually
				ROUTE	⇒ Set 8 colors individually
				EVENT MKR	⇒ Set 8 colors individually
				AREA	⇒ Set 8 colors individually
				PAST TRK	⇒ Set 8 colors individually
				MONITORED ROUTE	
				LAT/LON LINE	
				CURSOR	⇒ Set 3 colors of LOW, MIDDLE and HIGH
				CHART LAND	
				DEPTH	
		ECHO	⇒		20 to 100
		TRAIL	⇒		20 to 100
		BKGND	⇒		20 to 100
		OS/TOOL	⇒		20 to 100
		TGT	⇒		20 to 100
		MAP	⇒		20 to 100
		CURSOR	⇒		20 to 100
		DATA	⇒		20 to 100
		MENU/ALERT	⇒		20 to 100
		RESET	⇒	CANCEL, GO	

SYSTEM	→	INTER-SWITCH	→	INDEPENDENT MASTER INDEPENDENT SLAVE DUAL MASTER DUAL SLAVE CROSS MONITOR	
				TIME ⇒ UTC, LOCAL	
				SOUND ⇒	OFF, ON
					1 to 8
					OFF, ON
					OFF, CONTINUE, INTERVAL
				LANG ⇒ ENGLISH, 日本語	
				DISP INFO ⇒ ALL, MAIN, OFF	
				HELP ⇒ OFF, ON	
MAINTENANCE	→	STARTUP	→	TUNE ⇒	
				TUNE ⇒	AUTO, MAN
					0.0 to 100.0
					0.0 to 100.0
				HL OFFSET ⇒ -180.0 to 180.0°	
				TX DELAY ⇒ 0.000 to 4.000	
				ANT HEIGHT ⇒ 0 to 100 m	
				ANT CABLE ⇒ 0 to 100 m	
				MBS ⇒ 0.000 to 2.000	
				SEA CURVE ⇒ 1 to 8	
				FUNCTION KEY F1 ⇒	OFF
					ECHO ⇒
					PICTURE MODE
					PROCESS
					IR
					VID
					RAIN
					SEA
					GAIN
					SECTOR MUTE
				F2 ⇒	TRAIL T/REL
					TRAIL TIME
					TRAIL RESET
				F3 ⇒	STAB MODE
					TM RESET
					C UP RESET
				RAIN ⇒	FERRY MODE
					ECHO ALARM
					ECHO ALARM EDIT
				SEA ⇒	MAP AREA ALARM
					NAV LINE CROSS
					NAV LINE CROSS
				GAIN ⇒	VECT T/REL
					VECT TIME
					CPA/TCPA
					AUTO ACQ AREA
					AUTO ACQ AREA EDIT
					OS PAST TRK RESET
					AIS
				TARGET ⇒	TT DELETE
					TT ALL DELETE
					TT ALL DELETE
				NAV TOOL ⇒	RR
					BRG T/REL
					GUARD LINE
					SHIP OUTLINE
					STERN LINE
				BARGE ICON ⇒	OS PAST TRK REC
					TARGET TRACK
					MAP DISP
					CHART
					EVENT CURSOR
					EVENT OWN
				TLL OUT ⇒	TLL OUT
					TLL OUT
				MAP ⇒	OS PAST TRK REC
					TARGET TRACK
				SYSTEM ⇒	MAP DISP
					CHART
				EVENT CURSOR ⇒	EVENT CURSOR
					EVENT OWN
				EVENT OWN ⇒	TLL OUT
					TLL OUT
				TLL OUT ⇒	TLL OUT
					TLL OUT
				SYSTEM ⇒	TIME
					INFO DISP
				INFO DISP ⇒	INFO DISP
					INFO DISP

MAINTENANCE	→	STARTUP	→	RANGE ENABLE	→	0.0625	⇒ OFF, ON
						0.125	⇒ OFF, ON
						0.25	⇒ OFF, ON
						0.5	⇒ OFF, ON
						0.75	⇒ OFF, ON
						1	⇒ OFF, ON
						1.5	⇒ OFF, ON
						2	⇒ OFF, ON
						3	⇒ OFF, ON
						4	⇒ OFF, ON
						5	⇒ OFF, ON
						6	⇒ OFF, ON
						8	⇒ OFF, ON
						10	⇒ OFF, ON
						12	⇒ OFF, ON
						16	⇒ OFF, ON
						20	⇒ OFF, ON
						24	⇒ OFF, ON
						32	⇒ OFF, ON
						36	⇒ OFF, ON
						40	⇒ OFF, ON
						48	⇒ OFF, ON
						50	⇒ OFF, ON
						64	⇒ OFF, ON
						80	⇒ OFF, ON
						96	⇒ OFF, ON
						100	⇒ OFF, ON
						120	⇒ OFF, ON
						144	⇒ OFF, ON
				MOTOR HIGH SPEED	⇒	OFF, Setting RANGE (0.0625 to 144 NM)	
				MOUSE SPEED	⇒	FAST, MEDIUM, SLOW	
				TX HOUR DISP	⇒	OFF, WAIT, STANDBY	
		I/O	→	HDG	→	HDG	⇒ AUTO, THS, HDT, HDG, HDM, VTG, RMC, RMA, MAN
						MAN	⇒ 0.0 to 359.9°
						OFFSET	⇒ 0.0 to 359.9°
				XXXX	⇒	HDG input source display	
				OFFSET	⇒	HDG OFFSET value	
				STW	→	STW	⇒ AUTO, VHW, VBW, VTG, RMC, RMA, MAN, CURRENT
						MAN	⇒ 0.0 to 100.0 kn
				XXX	⇒	STW input source display	
				COG/SOG	→	COG/SOG	⇒ AUTO, VBW, VTG, RMC, RMA, MAN, CURRENT
						COG MAN	⇒ 0.0 to 359.9°
						SOG MAN	⇒ 0.0 to 100.0 kn
				XXXX	⇒	COG input source display	
				XXXX	⇒	SOG input source display	
				POSITION	→	POSITION	⇒ AUTO, GNS, GGA, GLL, RMC, RMA, MAN
						LAT MAN	⇒ 90°00.000S to 90°00.000N
						LON MAN	⇒ 180°00.000W to 180°00.000E
						OFFSET	
					→	OFFSET	⇒ DTM, MAN
						LAT MAN	⇒ 1.000S to 1.000N
						LON MAN	⇒ 1.000W to 1.000E
				XXXX	⇒	POSITION input source display	

MAINTENANCE	→	I/O	→	OFFSET		
				DATUM	REF	
					LOCAL	
				SET/DRIFT	→	SET/DRIFT ⇒ VDR, MAN
						SET MAN ⇒ 0.0 to 359.9°
						DRIFT MAN ⇒ 0.0 to 100.0 kn
				XXX		
				TIME	→	TIME ⇒ ZDA, CLOCK
						TIME ZONE ⇒ -14:30 to 14:30
						CLOCK SET
						DATE ⇒ DD/MM/YY
						TIME ⇒ 00:00 to 23:59
				XXX	⇒	TIME input source display
				TIME ZONE		
				OUTPUT		
				OUTPUT J3	→	DTM ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
				OUTPUT J5		EVE ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
				OUTPUT J6		GLL ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						HBT ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						HDT ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						OSD ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						POS ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						ROT ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						RSD ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						THS ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						TLB ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						TLL ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						TTD ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						TTM ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						VBW ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						VDR ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						VHW ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						VTG ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
						ZDA ⇒ 0.0 to 10.0sec
				TLL OUT	⇒	TT, MARK, TARGET
				TTM TARGET NO.	⇒	2 DIGITS, 3 DIGITS
				INPUT	⇒	BWC, DBT, DPT, DTM, GGA, GLC, GLL, GNS, HBT, HDG, HDM, HDT, MTW, RMA, RMB, RMC, ROT, RTE, THS, VBW, VDR, VHW, VTG, WPL, XTE, ZDA
				BAUDRATE	→	J3 ⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
						J5 ⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
						J6 ⇒ 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400
						AUTO SETUP ⇒ CANCEL, GO
				KGC SET	→	INITIAL ⇒ CANCEL, GO
						BRG CORR ⇒ 0.0 to 359.9°
				SERIAL MONITOR	→	J3 ⇒ Monitor
						J5 ⇒ Monitor
						J6 ⇒ Monitor
						AIS ⇒ Monitor
						ALL ⇒ Monitor
				MUTE	⇒	OFF, ON
				START	⇒	0 to 359°
				END	⇒	0 to 359°
				RAIN MIN	⇒	0 to 4095
				RAIN MAX	⇒	0 to 4095
				SEA MIN	⇒	0 to 4095
				SEA MAX	⇒	0 to 4095
				GAIN MIN	⇒	0 to 4095
				GAIN MAX	⇒	0 to 4095
				GAIN OFFSET	⇒	0 to 4095
				SEA OFFSET	⇒	0 to 4095
		SECTOR MUTE	→	MUTE	⇒	OFF, ON
				START	⇒	0 to 359°
				END	⇒	0 to 359°
		PRESET	→	RAIN MIN	⇒	0 to 4095
				RAIN MAX	⇒	0 to 4095
				SEA MIN	⇒	0 to 4095
				SEA MAX	⇒	0 to 4095
				GAIN MIN	⇒	0 to 4095
				GAIN MAX	⇒	0 to 4095
				GAIN OFFSET	⇒	0 to 4095
				SEA OFFSET	⇒	0 to 4095

MAINTENANCE	→	BACKUP	→	SETUP LOAD	⇒	CANCEL, GO	
				SETUP SAVE	⇒	CANCEL, GO	
				SD CARD	⇒		
					⇒	SETUP LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	SETUP SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	MARK LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	MARK SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	TGT TRACK LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	TGT TRACK SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	OWN TRACK LOAD	⇒ CANCEL, GO
					⇒	OWN TRACK SAVE	⇒ CANCEL, GO
				PARAMETER RESET	⇒	CANCEL, GO	
				MAP/PAST RESET	⇒	CANCEL, GO	
		BITE	→	ALARM TEST	⇒	OFF, ON	
				PANEL TEST	⇒	Panel test	
				DIAGNOSE TT	⇒	TT status	
				DIAGNOSE AIS	⇒	AIS status	
				SERIAL MONITOR	⇒		
					⇒	J3	⇒ Monitor
					⇒	J5	⇒ Monitor
					⇒	J6	⇒ Monitor
					⇒	OP1	⇒ Monitor
					⇒	OP2	⇒ Monitor
					⇒	AIS	⇒ Monitor
					⇒	ALL	⇒ Monitor
				ANT MONITOR	⇒	ANT status monitor	
				SD CARD	⇒	SD CARD 1 (Backup) status	
					⇒	SD CARD 2 (Backup) status	
	→	TOTAL HOUR	⇒	CANCEL, RESET			
		TX HOUR	⇒	CANCEL, RESET			
		MENU SETUP	⇒	CANCEL, GO			
		VERSION	⇒	MRM-110 KM-F71xx.xx MRO-110 KM-E49yy.yy			

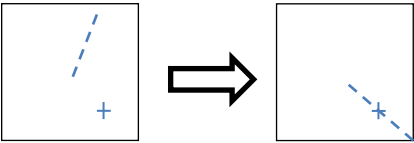
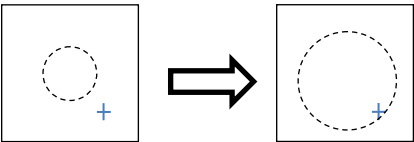
11.2 Special key operations

There are special key operations about the **OFF** key as follows.

1. Return the cursor to reference point position.
2. Delete TT target.
3. Delete event mark.
4. EBL rotates to cursor direction.
5. VRM adjusts to cursor position.
6. Return all PI lines to original position. (Initialize)

Press the applicable key while pressing **OFF** key.

Note: Make sure not to press two keys at the same time.

No.	Key operation	Function
1	OFF key + ENT key	Return the cursor to reference point position.
2	OFF key + ACQ key (Move cursor to a TT (ATA) target to be deleted. And press ACQ key while pressing OFF key.)	Delete TT target. (Refer to 4.3 TT (ATA) "Delete TT target")
3	OFF key + Function key which [EVENT CURSOR] function is registered with (F1 , F2 , F3 keys, RAIN , SEA , GAIN knobs) (Move cursor to an event mark to be deleted. And press Function key while pressing OFF key.)	Delete event mark. (Refer to 6.7 EVENT MKR)
4	OFF key + EBL1 or EBL2 key	Rotate EBL to cursor direction. 
5	OFF key + VRM1 or VRM2 key	Adjust VRM to cursor position. 
6	OFF key + VRM knob (PI lines displayed)	Return all PI lines to original position.

Note : While **OFF** key is pressed, HL, MAP data and other navigation data are disappeared.

But the above special key operation works normally.

Other special key operations

1. The menu being setup to Function key is displayed.
2. Start target track.
3. Finish target track.
4. After initialized, and power off.

No.	Key operation	Function
1	Long press the Function key to be registered. (F1, F2, F3 keys, RAIN, SEA, GAIN knobs) (Shortcut method to setup of Function keys)	The menu being setup to Function key is displayed. (Refer to 2.20 Function key usage)
2	Move cursor to AIS or TT (ATA) target to display track. And press ACQ key while pressing ENT key.	Start target track. (Refer to 6.3 Target track past position display)
3	Move cursor to AIS or TT (ATA) target to track off, and press OFF key.	Finish target track. (Refer to 6.3 Target track past position display)
4	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">MENU + ENT key</div> + Power ON (Long press) After message of "INITIALIZING" appears, release the keys.	After initialized, and power off. Note: MAP, TOTAL HOUR and TX HOUR are not initialized. (Refer to 7.8 BACKUP of Setup data "Parameter reset")

11.3 Details of the data input format

Check sum: All the data from \$ to the check sum position * is calculated by exclusive-OR operation and used as checksum.

Heading

THS	True heading and status
	<p>\$ = THS, x.x, a*hh<CR><LF></p> <div style="margin-left: 80px;"> <div style="display: inline-block; width: 10px; height: 60px; background-color: black; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle; text-align: left;"> Note for IMO mode IL IN HE HN HC GA GP GL GN and SN are accepted. </div> </div> <div style="margin-left: 170px;"> <div style="display: inline-block; width: 10px; height: 40px; background-color: black; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle; text-align: left;"> Check sum Mode indicator* Heading, degrees true </div> </div> <div style="margin-left: 390px;"> Note* mode indicator A=Autonomous valid E=Estimated invalid M=Manual input invalid S=Simulator mode invalid V=Data not valid invalid </div>

HDT	Heading true
	<p>\$ = HDT, <u>x.x</u>, T*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Heading, degrees true Check sum</p> <p>Note for IMO mode</p> <p>IL, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

HDG	Heading, deviation and variation
	<p>\$ -- HDG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, E/W, *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Magnetic sensor heading, degrees Magnetic variation, degrees Magnetic variation, degrees Check sum </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

HDM	Heading Magnetic
	<p>\$ -- HDM, <u>x.x</u>, M*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Heading, degrees magnetic Check sum</p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed
	<p>\$ -- VTG, x.x, I, x.x, M, x.x, N, x.x, K, a*hh<CR><LF></p> <pre> graph TD S["\$"] --- C1["x.x"] C1 --- I1["I"] I1 --- C2["x.x"] C2 --- M1["M"] M1 --- C3["x.x"] C3 --- N1["N"] N1 --- C4["x.x"] C4 --- K1["K"] K1 --- CS["a*hh"] CS --- CR["<CR>"] CR --- LF["<LF>"] C1 --- L1["Course over ground, degrees true"] I1 --- L2["True/False"] C2 --- L3["Course over ground, degrees magnetic"] M1 --- L4["True/False"] C3 --- L5["Speed over ground, knots"] N1 --- L6["Knots/Miles per hour"] C4 --- L7["Speed over ground, miles per hour"] K1 --- L8["True/False"] CS --- L9["Checksum"] </pre> <p>Check sum Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid Speed over ground, km/h Speed over ground, knots Course over ground, degrees magnetic Course over ground, degrees true</p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>,, , , ,</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> UTC of position fix Latitude, N/S Longitude, E/W Status, A=Valid V=Invalid Not used Check sum Navigation status S=Safe C=Caution Mode indicator A/D/P/R/F=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid U=Unsafe V=Not valid </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

RMA	Recommended minimum specific LORAN-C data
	<p>\$ -- RMA, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Latitude, degrees N/S Longitude, degrees E/W Status, A=data valid, V=blink, cycle or SNR Not used Not used Check sum Mode indicator, A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid Course over ground, degrees true Speed over ground, knots </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

Speed

VBW	Dual ground/water speed
	<p>\$ = VBW, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> These fields are not used Status ground speed, A=Valid, V=Invalid Transverse ground speed, knots Longitudinal ground speed, knots Status water speed, A=Valid, Invalid Transverse water speed, knots Longitudinal water speed, knots Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted. </p>

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed
	<p>\$ = VTG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>I</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Course over ground, degrees true Course over ground, degrees magnetic Speed over ground, knots Speed over ground, km/h Check sum Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>

VHW	Water speed and heading
	<p>\$ = VHW, <u>x.x</u>, <u>I</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Heading, degrees true Heading, degrees magnetic Speed, knots Speed, km/h Check sum </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>

Set and Drift

VDR	Set and drift
	<p>\$ -- VDR, <u>x.x</u>, <u>I</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> </p> <p> Direction, degrees true Direction, degrees magnetic Current speed, knots Check sum </p>

Time and date

ZDA	Time and date
	<p>\$ -- ZDA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xxxx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> </p> <p> UTC Day, 01 to 31 (UTC) Month, 01 to 12 (UTC) Year (UTC) Local zone hours (00 h to +/-13 h) Local zone minutes (00 to +59) Check sum </p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> </p> <p> UTC of position fix Latitude, N/S Longitude, E/W Not used Check sum Navigation status </p> <p> Status, A=Valid V=Invalid Mode indicator A/D/P/R/F=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid S=Safe C=Caution U=Unsafe V=Not valid </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

GGA	Global positioning system (GPS) fix data
	<p>\$ = GGA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> </p> <p> UTC of position Latitude Longitude GPS quality indicator Check sum </p> <p> Note for IMO mode These field is not used. 1/2/3/4/5=Valid, 0/6/7/8=Invalid </p> <p> II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted. 0=Fix not invalid or invalid 1=GPS SPS mode 2=Differential GPS, SPS mode 3=GPS PPS mode 4=Real time Kinematic 5=Float RTK 6=Estimated mode 7=Manual input mode 8=Simulator mode </p>

Note: RMC and GGA sentence is used for only time data

Latitude/Longitude

GLL	Geographic position – Latitude/longitude
	<p>\$ = GLL, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> </p> <p> Latitude Longitude UTC is not used Check sum Mode indicator* </p> <p> Note for IMO mode Status A: Data valid V: Data invalid Note* Mode indicator </p> <p> II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN and LC are accepted. A=Autonomous (Valid) D=Differential (Valid) E=Estimated (Invalid) M=Manual input (Invalid) S=Simulator (Invalid) N=Data not valid </p>

GGA	Global positioning system (GPS) fix data
	<p>\$ -- GGA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>a</u>, , , , , , , , <u>*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>UTC of position Latitude Longitude GPS quality indicator Check sum</p> <p>These field is not used. 1/2/3/4/5=Valid, 0/6/7/8=Invalid</p> <p>0=Fix not invalid or invalid 5=Float RTK 1=GPS SPS mode 6=Estimated mode 2=Differential GPS, SPS mode 7=Manual input mode 3=GPS PPS mode 8=Simulator mode 4=Real time Kinematic</p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

GNS	GNSS fix data
	<p>\$ -- GNS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>c-c</u>, , , , , , , , <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Not used Latitude N/S Longitude E/W Mode indicator Check sum</p> <p>Navigation status indicator S=Safe C=Caution U=Unsafe V=Navigational status not used</p> <p>Note for IMO mode GN, GP, GL and GA are accepted.</p> <p>A/D/P/R/F=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid GN, GP: first character GL: second character GA: third character</p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, , , , , , , , <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>UTC of position fix Latitude, N/S Longitude, E/W Not used Check sum</p> <p>Status, A=Valid V=Invalid Navigation status S=Safe Mode indicator C=Caution A/D/P/R/F=Valid U=Unsafe E/M/S/N=Invalid V=Not valid</p>

RMA	Recommended minimum specific LORAN-C data
	<p>\$ -- RMA, <u>A</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p>Latitude, degrees N/S Longitude, degrees E/W Not used Not used Check sum</p> <p>Status, A=data valid, V=blink, cycle or SNR Course over ground, degrees true Mode indicator, A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid</p> <p>Speed over ground, knots</p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

Datum

DTM	Datum reference																				
	<div>\$ -- DTM, <u>ccc</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>ccc</u>, <u>*hh</u><CR><LF></div> <div><div><div>Local datum</div><div>Local datum subdivision code</div><div>Lat offset min, N/S</div><div>Lon offset min, E/W</div><div>Altitude offset, m</div><div>Reference datum</div><div>Check sum</div></div></div> <table><thead><tr><th></th><th>Reference datum</th><th>Local datum</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>WGS84</td><td>W84</td><td>W84</td></tr><tr><td>WGS72</td><td>W72</td><td>W72</td></tr><tr><td>SGS85</td><td>S85</td><td>S85</td></tr><tr><td>PE90</td><td>P90</td><td>P90</td></tr><tr><td>User defined</td><td>-</td><td>999</td></tr></tbody></table>				Reference datum	Local datum	WGS84	W84	W84	WGS72	W72	W72	SGS85	S85	S85	PE90	P90	P90	User defined	-	999
	Reference datum	Local datum																			
WGS84	W84	W84																			
WGS72	W72	W72																			
SGS85	S85	S85																			
PE90	P90	P90																			
User defined	-	999																			

Alarm and alert handling

ALF	Alert sentence
	<p>\$ -- ALF, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Time of last change Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 2 Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2 Alert category, A, B or C Alert state, A, S, N, O, U or V** Alert priority, E, A, W or C* Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert text Escalation counter, 0 to 9 Revision counter, 1 to 99 Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert priority E=Emergency Alarm (for use with Bridge Alert Management) A=Alarm W=Warning C=Caution </p> <p> Note** Alert state V=Active-Unacknowledge S=Active-Silenced A=Active-Acknowledge or active O=Active-Responsibility transferred U=Rectified-Unacknowledge N=Normal </p>

ALC	Cyclic alert list
	<p>\$ -- ALC, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>.....</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Sentence number, 01 to 99 Sequential message identifier, 00 to 99 Number of alert entries Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert identifier Alert instance Revision counter Alert entry 1 Additional Alert entries Check sum </p> <p>Total number of sentences for this message, 01 to 99</p>

ARC	Alert command refused
	<p>\$ -- ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Release time Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert identifier Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S* Check sum </p> <p> Note* A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence </p>

ALR	Set alarm state
	<p>\$ -- ALR, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xxx</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>c--c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Time of alarm condition change, UTC Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded) Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledged V=unacknowledged Alarm's description text Check sum </p>

ACN	Alert command
	<p>\$ -- ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Release time Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert identifier Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert command, A, Q, O or S* Sentence status flag: "C" Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert command A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence </p>

ACK	Acknowledge alarm
	<p>\$ -- ACK, <u>xxx</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source Check sum</p>

Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	<p>\$ -- HBT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Configured repeat interval Equipment status Sequential sentence identifier Check sum</p> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">A=Yes, V=No</p>

AIS target and own ship information

VDM	AIS VHF data-link message
	<p>! -- VDM, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 9 Message number, 1 to 9 AIS channel (A/B) Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields) Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Check sum</p>

VDO	AIS VHF data-link own-vessel report
	<p>! -- VDO, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 9 Message number, 1 to 9 AIS channel (A/B) Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields) Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Check sum</p>

Waypoint Latitude/Longitude, ID

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, A, x.x, a, c--c, c--c, llll.ll, N/S, yyyyy.yy, E/W, x.x, x.x, x.x, A, a*hh<CR><LF></p> <p> Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid </p> <p> Not used Direction to steer L/R </p> <p> Cross track error </p> <p> Destination w aypoint longitude, E/W </p> <p> Destination w aypoint latitude, N/S </p> <p> Destination w aypoint ID </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid </p> <p> Bearing to destination, degrees nautical miles </p> <p> Range to destination, nautical miles </p>

BWC	Bearing and distance to waypoint – Great circle
	<p>\$ -- BWC, hhmmss.ss, llll.ll, N/S, yyyyy.yy, E/W, x.x, T, x.x, M, x.x, N, c--c, a*hh<CR><LF></p> <p> UTC of observation </p> <p> Waypoint latitude N/S </p> <p> Waypoint longitude E/W </p> <p> Note* Mode indicator A/D=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator* </p> <p> Distance, nautical miles </p> <p> Bearing, digrees magnetic </p> <p> Bearing, digrees true </p>

RTE	Routes
	<p>\$ -- RTE, x.x, x.x, a, c--c, c--c, c--c, c--c *hh<CR><LF></p> <p> Sentence number Total number of sentences </p> <p> Route identifier Message mode C=complete route, all w aypoints W=w orking route, first listed w aypoint is "FROM" second is "TO" and remaining are rest of route </p> <p> Waypoint identifiere (FROM, TO) </p> <p> Additional w aypoint identifiers </p> <p> w aypoint "n" identifier </p> <p> Check sum </p>

WPL	Waypoint location
	<p>\$ -- WPL, llll.ll, N/S, yyyyy.yy, E/W, c--c *hh<CR><LF></p> <p> Waypoint latitude, N/S </p> <p> Waypoint longitude, E/W </p> <p> Waypoint identifier </p> <p> Check sum </p>

Waypoint Bearing/Distance

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Direction to steer L/R </p> <p> Cross track error </p> <p> Destination w aypoint longitude, E/W </p> <p> Destination w aypoint latitude, N/S </p> <p> Destination w aypoint ID </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid </p> <p> Bearing to destination, degrees nautical miles </p> <p> Range to destination, nautical miles </p>

BWC	Bearing and distance to waypoint – Great circle
	<p>\$ -- BWC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, T, <u>x.x</u>, M, <u>x.x</u>, N, <u>c-c</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> UTC of observation </p> <p> Waypoint latitude N/S </p> <p> Waypoint longitude E/W </p> <p> Note* Mode indicator A/D=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p> Bearing, digrees true </p> <p> Bearing, digrees magnetic </p> <p> Distance, nautical miles </p> <p> Waypoint ID </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator* </p>

Cross-track error, measured

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Direction to steer L/R </p> <p> Cross track error </p> <p> Destination w aypoint longitude, E/W </p> <p> Destination w aypoint latitude, N/S </p> <p> Destination w aypoint ID </p> <p> Not used </p> <p> Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid </p> <p> Bearing to destination, degrees nautical miles </p> <p> Range to destination, nautical miles </p>

XTE	Cross-track error, measured
	<p>\$ -- XTE, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, N, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Check sum </p> <p> Mode indicator A/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid </p> <p> Direction to steer, L/R </p> <p> Magnitude of cross-track error </p> <p> Status: A=data valid, V=LORAN-C cycle lock warning flag </p> <p> Status: A=data valid, V=invalid </p>

Route

RTE	Routes
	<p>\$ -- RTE, <u>x.X</u>, <u>x.X</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>C--C</u>, <u>C--C</u>, <u>C--C</u>, , <u>c--c</u> *hh<CR><LF></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total number of sentences Sentence number Message mode Route identifier Waypoint identifiere (FROM, TO) Additional w aypoint identifiers w aypoint "n" identifier <p>C=complete route, all w aypoints W=w orking route, first listed w aypoint is "FROM" second is "TO" and remaining are rest of route</p>

WPL	Waypoint location
	<p>\$ -- WPL, <u>lll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>c-c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Waypoint latitude, N/S Waypoint longitude, E/W Waypoint identifier Check sum </p>

Depth

DPT	Depth
	<p>\$ -- DPT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>*hh<CR><LF></p> <div style="margin-left: 80px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> Check sum</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Maximum range scale in use</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Offset from transducer, in metres</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Water depth relative to the transducer, in metres</div> </div>

DBT	Depth below transducer
	\$ -- DBT, <u>x.x</u> , f, <u>x.x</u> , M, <u>x.x</u> , F * <u>hh</u> <CR><LF>
	<div style="text-align: center;"> <div>Water depth, feet</div> <div> </div> <div>Water depth, m</div> <div> </div> <div>Water depth, fathoms</div> <div> </div> <div>Check sum</div> </div>

Temp

MTW	Water temperature
	<pre>\$ -- MTW, <u>x.x.C</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; gap: 100px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> Temperature, degrees C </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Check sum </div> </div>

Loran-C position (LOP)

GLC	Geographic Position Loran-C
	<p>\$ -- GLC, <u>xxxx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u> *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> TD1 TD2 TD3 TD4 TD5 Check sum </p> <p>These fields are not used. status* status* status* status* status*</p> <p>Note: When only two TD data are effective, TD data is displayed.</p> <p>Note*: Status A=Valid B=Blink warning C=Cycle warning S=SNR warning</p>

Wind

MWD	Wind direction and speed
	<p>\$ -- MWD, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Wind direction, 0° to 359° true Wind direction, 0° to 359° magnetic Wind speed, knots Wind speed, m/s Check sum </p>

ROT

ROT	Rate of turn
	<p>\$ -- ROT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, *hh<CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Rate of turn, °/min Status, A=Valid V=Invalid Check sum </p> <p>"-" bow turns to port</p>

GNSS satellite fault detection

GBS	GNSS satellite fault detection
	<p>\$ -- GBS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>h</u>, <u>h</u> *hh <CR><LF></p> <p style="text-align: center;"> This field is not used. Expected error in longitude Expected error in latitude Check sum </p> <p>These fields are not used.</p>

11.4 Details of TT tracking data output

Data standard name: IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2

Target data of the automatic tracking unit is provided via data connectors (J3/J5/J6) on the back panel.

TTD	Tracked target data
	<p>! RATTD, <u>hh</u>, <u>hh</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Check sum Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Encapsulated tracked target data Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Hex sentence number, 01 to FF Total hex number of sentences needed to transfer the message. 01 to FF </p>

TLB	Target label
	<p>\$ RATLB, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c--c</u>, ...<u>x.x</u>, <u>c--c</u> *hh<CR><LF></p> <p>The diagram shows a sequence of labels in a TLB entry: \$ RATLB, followed by pairs of x.x and c--c separated by commas. The first pair has vertical lines pointing down to the text "Label assigned to target 'n'". The second pair also has vertical lines pointing down to the same text. A bracket connects the third x.x and c--c pair to the text "Additional label pairs (x.x, c--c)". The final c--c pair has a vertical line pointing down to the text "Check sum".</p> <p>Label assigned to target 'n'</p> <p>Additional label pairs (x.x, c--c)</p> <p>Check sum</p> <p>Target number 'n' reported by the device</p>

TTM	Tracked target message
	<p>\$ RATTM, xx, x.x, x.x, I, x.x, x.x, I, x.x, x.x, N, c--c, a, a, hhhmmss.ss, a, *hh<CR><LF></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> Target number, 00 to 99 Bearing from own ship, degrees true </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Target distance from own ship Target speed Distance of closest -point-of-approach </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Target course, degrees true Time to CPA (min) </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Target label Speed/ distance units, N Target status L=Lost Q=Query T=Tracking </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> UTC Reference target=R, null otherwise Type of acquisition A=Automatic M=Manual R=Recorded </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> Check sum </div> </div>

Data standard name: IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2

Radar system data

RSD	Radar system data
	<p>\$ - RSD, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Origin1 Bearing Origin2 Range EBL2 Bearing Cursor Bearing Check sum Display mode C=Course up H=Head up N=North up S=SM/h </p> <p> Origin 1 Range VRM1 Bearing Origin2 Bearing VRM2 Bearing Cursor range Display Range Range unit K=km/h N=NM S=SM/h </p>

[illegible]

TLL	Target latitude and longitude
	<p>\$ RATLL, <u>xx</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>c-c</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> </p> <p> Target latitude Target longitude UTC of data Check sum </p> <p> N/S E/W Target label Reference target=R, null otherw ise </p> <p> Target number (00-99) Target status L=Lost </p> <p> Q=Query </p> <p> T=Tracking </p>

Alarm

ALF	Alert sentence
	<p>\$ -- ALF, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>c---c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Time of last change Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 2 Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2 Alert priority, E, A, W or C* Alert category, A, B or C Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert state, A, S, N, O, U or V** Alert text Escalation counter, 0 to 9 Revision counter, 1 to 99 Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert priority E=Emergency Alarm (for use with Bridge Alert Management) A=Alarm W=Warning C=Caution </p> <p> Note** Alert state V=Active-Unacknowledge S=Active-Silenced A=Active-Acknowledge or active O=Active-Responsibility transferred U=Rectified-Unacknowledge N=Normal </p>

ARC	Alert command refused
	<p>\$ -- ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Release time Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Check sum Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S* </p> <p> Note* A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence </p>

ALR	Set alarm state
	<p>\$ -- ALR, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xxx</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>c---c</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Time of alarm condition change, UTC Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded) Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledge, V=unacknowledge Alarm's description text Check sum </p>

ACN	Alert command
	<p>\$ -- ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>, <u>a</u>*<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Release time Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Sentence status flag: "C" Alert command, A, Q, O or S* Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert command A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence </p>

ACK	Acknowledge alarm
	<p>\$ -- ACK, <u>xxx</u> *<u>hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p> Check sum Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source </p>

Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	<p>\$ -- HBT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p>

Activity information

EVE	General event message
	<p>\$ - EVE, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--C*hh</u><CR><LF></p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> Event time Tag code used for identification of source of event Check sum Event description </p>

11.6 Interface specification

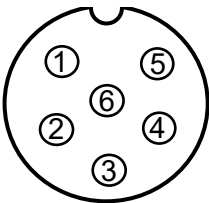
11.6.1 J3, J5 and J6 serial data input/output specification

Input connector: J3 and J5
Connector used: BD-06PMMP-LC7001
Connector acceptable: BD-06BFFA-LL6001

Data connector pin assignment

J3 and J5		J6
Pin number	Signal name	
1	Shield	Shield
2	OUT-A	OUT-A
3	OUT-B	OUT-B
4	IN-A	IN-A
5	IN-B	IN-B
6	+12V	NC

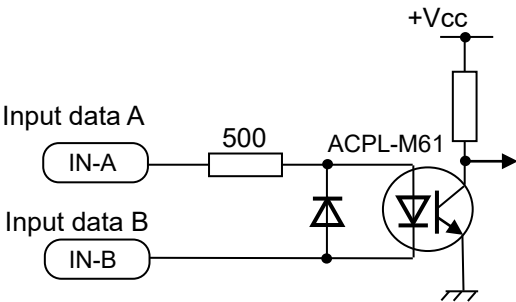
J3 and J5
Data connector pin assignment
(Processor unit upper view)



Note: +12V output of pin no.6 of J3 and J5 is used for power supply of the other device such as GPS sensor.

Serial data input (Listener):

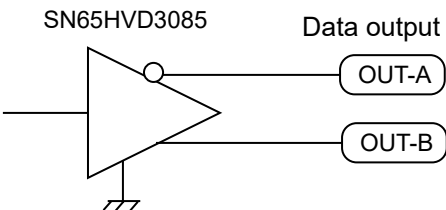
Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is acceptable.
Input load: 500 Ohm
Circuit configuration: Photo coupler
Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Serial data input circuit

Serial data output (Talker):

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is transmittable.
Circuit configuration: RS422 driver IC
Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



Serial data output circuit

11.6.2 VDR (external monitor) and Alarm output signal specification

Output connector name: VDR & Alarm

Connector used: BU-10PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-10BFFA-LL7001

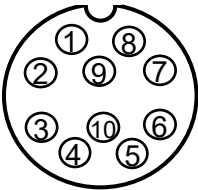
Pin location is shown below.

External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment

External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	RVD
2	R-GND
3	GVD
4	G-GND
5	BVD
6	B-GND
7	H-SYNC
8	V-SYNC
9	ALARM
10	ALARM

J1
External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment
(Processor unit upper view)



Signal specification

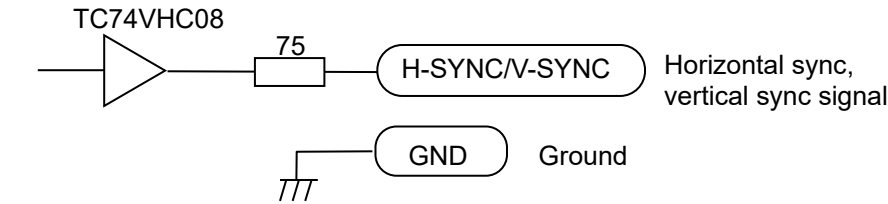
This RGB output is compliant with the image test defined in the VDR test standard IEC61996.

VDR output cannot be deactivated by the user.

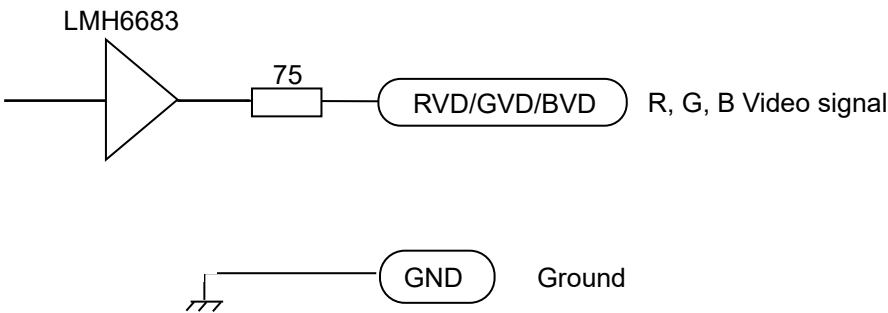
Signal name	Frequency	Polarity	Signal width	Level	Impedance
Horizontal sync signal (H-SYNC)	48.363 kHz	Negative	2.092 μs	TTL	200 Ω
Vertical sync signal (V-SYNC)	60.0 Hz	Negative	124 μs	TTL	200 Ω
R, G, B Video signal	-	Positive	-	0.7 V p-p	75 Ω
Alarm output	-	-	Contact*	-	Capacity 1A

* Alarm contact will close in case of failure.

Circuit for horizontal sync, vertical sync signal output

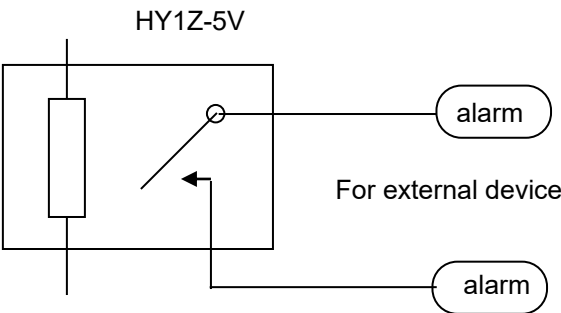


Circuit for R, G, B video signal output



Alarm contact specification

Max. switching voltage 30 V
Max. current capacity 1 A
 (Resistive load)



Note: Alarm contact will close in case of failure.

11.6.3 AIS serial data input/output specification

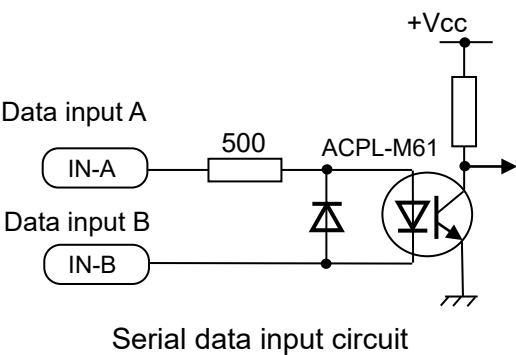
I/O connector AIS (J2)

Connector used: BD-08PMMP-LC7001
Connector acceptable: BD-08BFFA-LL6001

Serial data input (Listener):

Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 is acceptable.

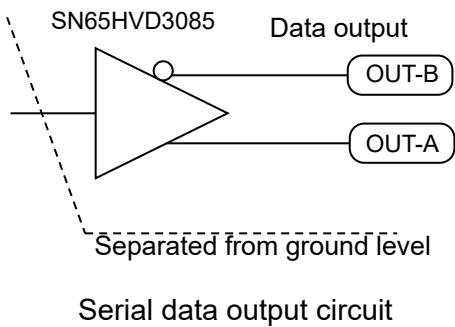
Input load 500 Ohm
Circuit configuration: Photo coupler
 Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



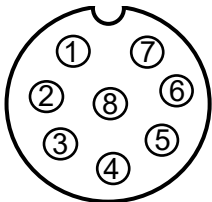
Serial data output circuit (Talker):

Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 can be output.

Circuit configuration: RS422 Driver/Receiver IC
 Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



J2
Data connector pin assignment
(Processor unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	Shield
2	IN-A
3	IN-B
4	OUT-B
5	OUT-A
6	GND
7	NC
8	NC

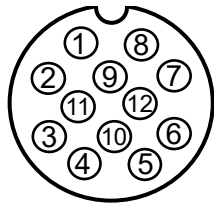
11.6.4 Radar input/output signal specification

I/O connector: Inter-switch (J8)

Connector used: BU-12PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-12BFFA-LL7001

J8
Inter-switch connector pin assignment
(Processor unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	VIDEO OUT
2	TRIG OUT
3	GND
4	AZIP OUT
5	SHF OUT
6	GND
7	VIDEO IN
8	TRIG IN
9	GND
10	AZIP IN
11	SHF IN
12	+12VDC

11.6.5 Talker device code of the data output devices

The device code displayed as talker is shown in the table below.

Data output device	Talker device code	Displayed code
Galileo positioning system	GA	GAL
Global positioning system (GPS)	GP	GPS (See below)
Global positioning system (DGPS)	GP	DGPS (See below)
GLONASS positioning system	GL	GLONASS
Global navigation satellite system	GN	GNSS
Heading sensors: compass, magnetic	HC	HC
: gyro, north seeking	HE	GYRO
: gyro, non-north seeking	HN	GYRO
Integrated instrumentation	II	INS
Integrated navigation	IN	INS
Loran-C	LC	LC
Electronic positioning system	SN	EPFS
Velocity sensors: Doppler, general	VD	DLOG
: magnetic log	VM	LOG
: mechanical log	VW	LOG
Other devices	Display of talker device	

Notice

The change between GPS and DGPS of the device name displayed is based on the operational status display in the GLL and GGA sentences. Refer to 11.3 "Details of the data input format".

11.6.6 Priority of talker device code

Heading

II > IN > HE > HN > HC > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN

Speed

II > IN > VD > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN > VM > VW

Position

II > IN > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN > LC

GNS

GN > GP > GL > GA

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