



# KODEN

## INSTALLATION MANUAL

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MARINE RADAR

# MDC-5000

SERIES



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## Preface

### [Precaution for safety issues]

#### **Precaution for operation**

##### **• Caution about rotating antenna:**

The radar antenna may start rotating without notice. Please keep away from the antenna for your safety.

##### **• Caution about health risks caused by radio wave:**

Powerful electromagnetic waves are emitted from the antenna during operation. These waves can cause ill effects on human bodies when exposed to continuous radiation.

International criteria

Though the international regulation states that the electromagnetic waves with a high-frequency power density of not more than  $100 \text{ W/m}^2$  do not have an ill effect on human bodies, medical devices such as a pace makers are sensitive to electromagnetic waves with minute electric power and their operation may become unstable. In any event, any person with such a device must keep away from electromagnetic sources.

#### **Specified power density and distance from the radar (in accordance with the provision as specified in IEC 62388 Ed.2)**

Transmission power / antenna length	$100 \text{ W/m}^2$	$50 \text{ W/m}^2$	$10 \text{ W/m}^2$
4 kW / 2 feet antenna	0.7 m	1.0 m	2.2 m
4 kW / 3 feet antenna	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.0 m
4 kW / 4 feet antenna	1.2 m	1.2 m	1.2 m
4 kW / 6 feet antenna	1.4 m	1.4 m	1.4 m
6 kW / 4 feet antenna	1.5 m	2.1 m	4.5 m
6 kW / 6 feet antenna	1.7 m	2.4 m	5.4 m
12 kW / 4 feet antenna	2.1 m	2.9 m	6.4 m
12 kW / 6 feet antenna	2.4 m	3.4 m	7.6 m
12 kW / 9 feet antenna	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.0 m
25 kW / 4 feet antenna	2.9 m	4.1 m	9.2 m
25 kW / 6 feet antenna	3.5 m	4.9 m	10.9 m
25 kW / 9 feet antenna	4.1 m	5.8 m	13.0 m

**Note:** In case that a value is not available because the power density is lower, we use the swing circle as safety distance.

##### **• Caution about dangerous internal high voltage in the device:**

High voltage that may cause risk of life is present in the Antenna unit and the Processor unit of this radar. This high voltage can remain in the circuit after the switch has been turned off. The high-voltage circuit has a protective cover with a label "Caution against high voltage" so that no one will accidentally

touch it. Please ensure for your safety that the power switch is turned off and residual voltage in the capacitor is discharged in a suitable manner when checking the inside of the antenna. Maintenance and inspection should be conducted by qualified engineers only.

### **Precautions for maintenance**

#### **• Caution against residual high voltage:**

Capacitors used in the Processor unit and the modulator circuit of the transmission unit may keep high voltage for several minutes even after turning off power. The maintenance and inspection of this part should be performed at least 5 minutes after powering off or applying the appropriate measure to discharge the residual electrical charge.

#### **• Keep inboard power source “Off”:**

An electric shock is possible if the power switch is accidentally turned on during the maintenance operation. In order to prevent such an occurrence, please ensure to disconnect the power breaker of the onboard power source and the device. Furthermore, it is recommended to post the word-of-caution tag shown to be in a "working state" near the power switch of the device.

#### **• Caution against the dust:**

Dust can temporarily cause distress to the respiratory system. Take care not to inhale dust when cleaning the interior of the device. It is recommended you wear a safety mask.

#### **• Measures against static electricity:**

Static electricity occurring from carpet on the floor of the cabin, clothes made of synthetic fiber etc., may damage some electronic parts on the printed circuit board. Please work on the printed circuit board only after taking measures against static electricity.

#### **• Prohibited matter:**

Any Processor unit and Scanner unit combination other than specified in the manual is prohibited and will void manufacturer's warranty.

#### **• Break in procedure of stored radar:**

Following procedure is recommended for “Break In” of the stored radar.

Otherwise the radar sometimes exhibits unstable transmitting operation such as arcing at its initial operation after long period of storage and make the operation more difficult.

1. Extend preheat time as long as possible (preferably 20 to 30 minutes).
2. Set the pulse width to the shortest one and start the operation.

When the operation in the shortest pulse is stable then go to operation in longer pulse and repeat the similar step until the operation reaches to the final pulse condition.

## **Chapter 1 Prior to installation**

### **1.1 Installation precautions**

In order to obtain the maximum performance of radar systems, this radar system should be installed by qualified engineers in charge of installation and maintenance. Installation procedures include the following:

- (1) Unpacking of components;
- (2) Inspection of composition units, spare parts, accessories and installation materials;
- (3) Checking of supply voltage and current capacity;
- (4) Selection of the location for installation;
- (5) Installation of the Antenna-Scanner unit;
- (6) Installation of the Processor unit;
- (7) Attachment of accessories;
- (8) Planning and implementation of cable laying and connection;
- (9) Coordination after installation.

### **1.2 Unpacking of components**

Unpack components and check that all items correspond with the description of the packing list. When a discrepancy or damage has been found, please contact the transportation/insurance firm, and follow procedures for searching for loss items and claim of expense.

### **1.3 Appearance verification of each unit and accessories**

Please check the appearance of each unit carefully, confirm that they are dent and crack free.

Moreover, please also check the interior of each unit and confirm that there is no electric or mechanical damage.

### **1.4 Selection of location for installation**

In order to obtain the maximum performance of the units, it is necessary to install them in consideration of matters as described below.

### 1.4.1 Antenna Scanner unit

- (1) Blind sectors shall be kept to a minimum, and shall not be placed in an arc of the horizon from the right ahead direction to  $22.5^\circ$  abaft the beam and especially shall avoid the right ahead direction (relative bearing  $000^\circ$ ). The installation of the antenna shall be in such a manner that the performance of the radar system is not substantially degraded. The antenna shall be mounted clear of any structure that may cause signal reflections, including other antenna and deck structure or cargo. In addition, the height of the antenna shall take account of target detection performance relating to range of first detection and target visibility in sea clutter.

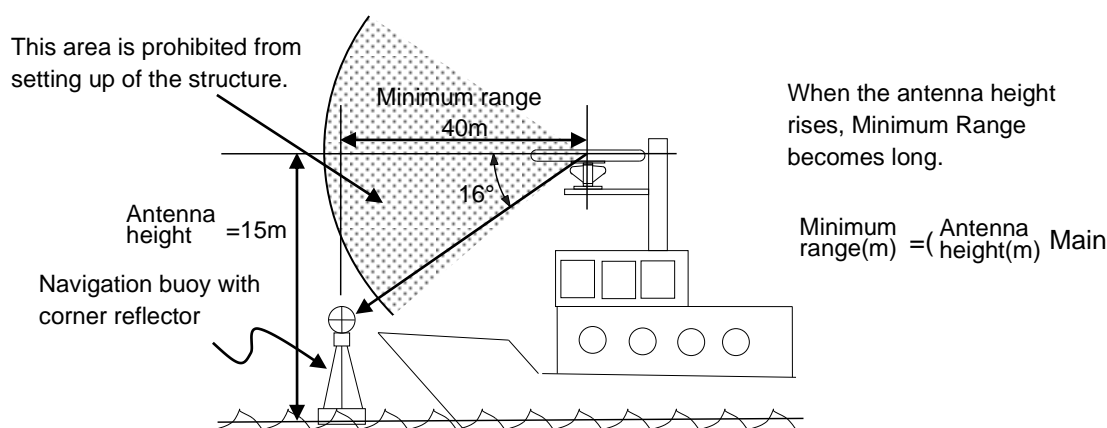


Figure 1.1 Vertical chart of recommended antenna installation position.

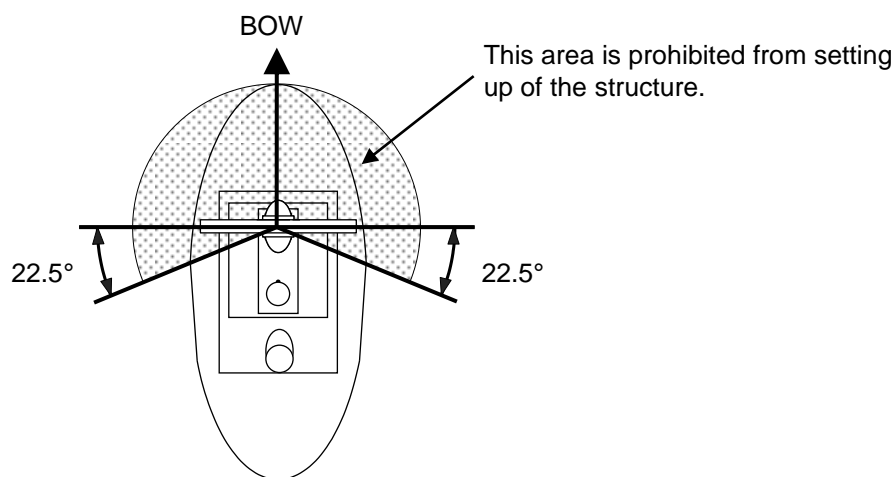


Figure 1.2 Horizontal chart of recommended antenna installation position.

- (2) Keep the surface of the Antenna-Scanner unit platform horizontal as much as possible.
- (3) The Antenna-Scanner unit should be installed in front of large objects or exhaust stack to prevent a blind sector or the effects on the antenna by engine exhaust soot.
- (4) Keep sufficient maintenance area.
- (5) Keep safety distance from magnetic compass.

Table 1.1 Safety distance of compass from the Scanner unit

Scanner unit type	Standard compass	Steering compass
RB805 (4kW)	2.00 m	1.40 m
RB806 (4kW)	2.00 m	1.40 m
RB807 (6kW)	1.20 m	0.80 m
RB808 (12kW)	1.40 m	0.90 m
RB809 (25kW)	1.40 m	0.90 m

### 1.4.2 Processor unit and Operation unit

- (1) The orientation of the Monitor display shall be such that the user is looking ahead, the lookout view is not obscured and there is minimum ambient light on the display viewing surface.
- (2) Choose the best location from humidity, spray, rain, and direct sunlight.
- (3) Keep sufficient maintenance area. Especially sufficient space is required near the back panel where cables are connected.
- (4) Keep as far as possible from other radio devices.
- (5) Keep safety distance from magnetic compass.

Table 1.2 Safety distance of compass from units

Unit type	Standard compass	Steering compass
MRM-110	0.30 m	0.30 m
MRO-110	1.20 m	0.80 m

## **1.5 Cable wiring and interconnection**

### **1.5.1 Antenna Scanner unit**

- (1) The connecting cable between the Antenna-Scanner unit and the Processor unit should run apart from any other radio antenna cable or power cables of the other devices. Do not lay the radar cable in parallel to the sea surface together with other cables. These considerations are effective to prevent random radio interference between systems. When these measures cannot be applied because of space limitations, use metal pipes for each cable or other suitable ways to shield.
- (2) In order to maximize the performance of the radar, the antenna cable and the power cable should be as short as possible, and should be laid within the nominal length.
- (3) Connect the shielded braided wire of the antenna cable to the grounding terminal inside the Antenna unit

### **1.5.2 Processor unit**

- (1) Ground the braided wire of a cable firmly with the cable clamp fixing screw to the back panel.
- (2) The Processor unit housing should be grounded to the ship ground by using the ground terminal of the back panel.

## Chapter 2 System configurations

### 2.1 Standard configuration list

MDC-5004/5005/5006/5012/5025

No.	Name	Type	Comment	Weight/ Length	Quantity
1	Antenna	RW701A-03	3 ft	5 kg	1
		RW701A-04	4 ft	6 kg	
		RW701A-06	6 ft	8 kg	
		RW701B-09	9 ft	12 kg	
2-1	Scanner unit	RB806 (For MDC-5004)	4 kW	16.1 kg	1
2-2		RB805 (For MDC-5005)	4 kW	10.0 kg	
2-3		RB807 (For MDC-5006)	6 kW	18.1 kg	
2-4		RB808 (For MDC-5012)	12 kW	18.0 kg	
2-5		RB809 (For MDC-5025)	25 kW	20.0 kg	
3	Processor unit	MRM-110		5.1 kg	1
4	Operation unit	MRO-110	With CW-401-2M	2 kg	1
5-1	Connecting cable	242J159098B-15M (For MDC-5004)	With connectors on the both sides	15 m	1
5-2		CW-845-15M (For MDC-5006/5012/5025)			
5-3		242J158055B-10M (For MDC-5005)		10 m	
6	Power cable	CW-259-2M	With a connector on the single side	2 m	1
7	Spare parts	SP-MRM-110	See spare parts list		1 set
8	Installation material	Mounting bolts for Scanner	See installation material list		1 set
9	Document	MDC-5000.OM.E	Operation manual		1
10	Document	MDC-5000.IM.E	Installation manual		1
11	Document	MDC-5000.QR.E	Quick reference		1

## 2.2 Spare parts list

SP-MRM-110

No.	Name	Specification	Comment	Type (Dimension)	Quantity	Usage
1	Fuse	F-1065-15A	Normal type	Tubular ( $\phi$ 6.4 x 30)	1	Main power
2	Fuse	MF51NN250V5A/N2 0-250V	Normal type	Tubular ( $\phi$ 5.2 x 20)	1	Motor power
3	Fuse	FGMB 250V/0.8A	Normal type	Tubular ( $\phi$ 5.2 x 20)	1	High voltage power supply
4	Carbon brush	24Z125209B			1set	Antenna motor <b>(For RB806/RB807)</b>
5	Connector	BD-06BFFA-LL6001			2	NMEA signal I/O
6	Connector	BD-08BFFA-LL6001			1	AIS

## 2.3 Installation material list

For RB806/RB807/RB808/RB809

No.	Name	Specification	Quantity	Usage
1	Hexagon bolt	B12X55U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
2	Nut	N12U	8	Antenna-Scanner unit
3	Plain washer	2W12U	8	Antenna-Scanner unit
4	Spring washer	SW12U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
5	Anti electro corrosive washer	56R7201M2	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
6	Anti electro corrosive washer	56R7202M2	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
7	Ferrite core	GRFC-13	1	Antenna-Scanner unit
8	Cable band	AB150-W	2	Antenna-Scanner unit

For RB805

No.	Name	Specification	Quantity	Usage
1	Hexagon bolt	B10X25U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
2	Plain washer	2W10U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
3	Spring washer	SW10U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit

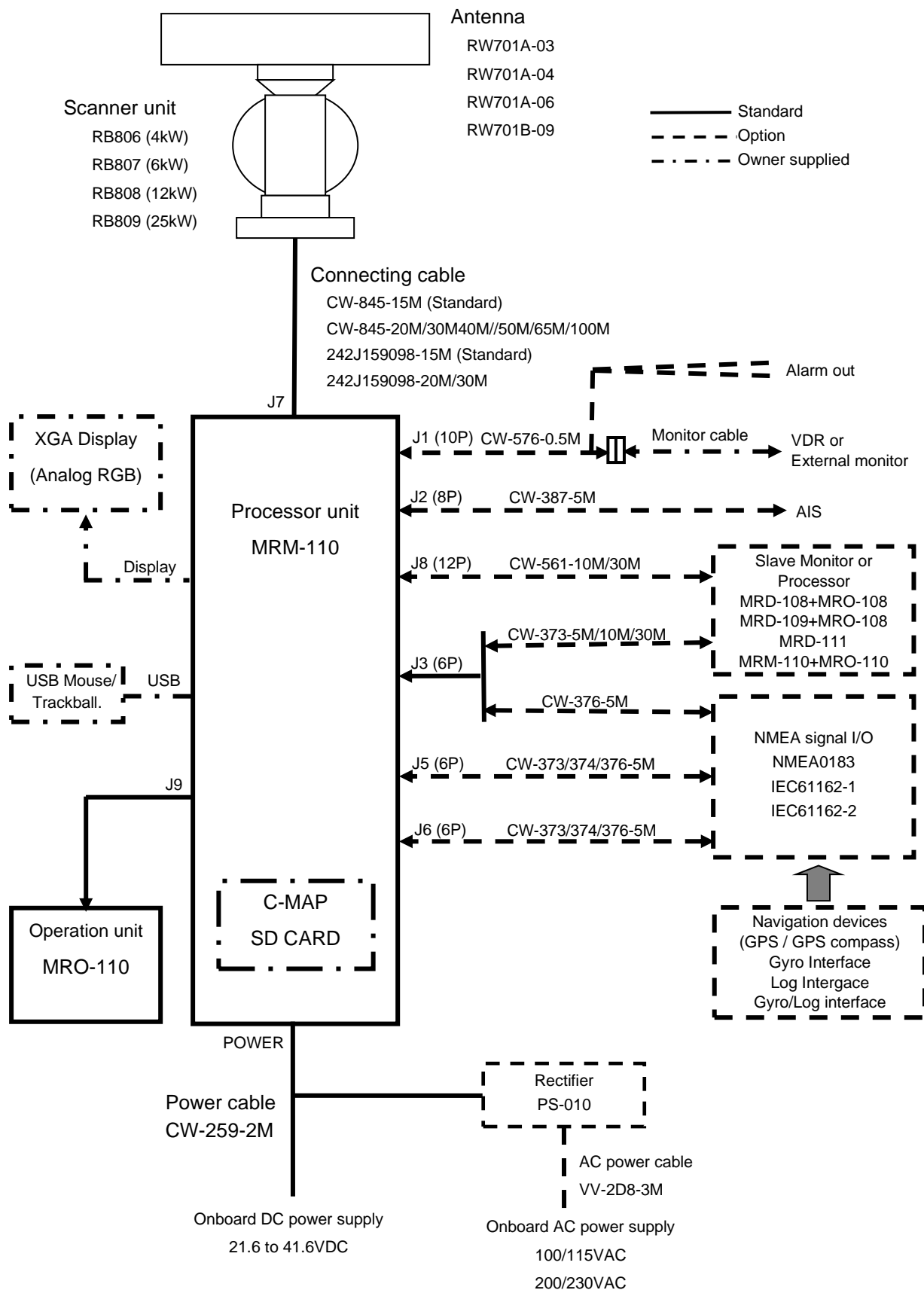


## 2.4 Option list

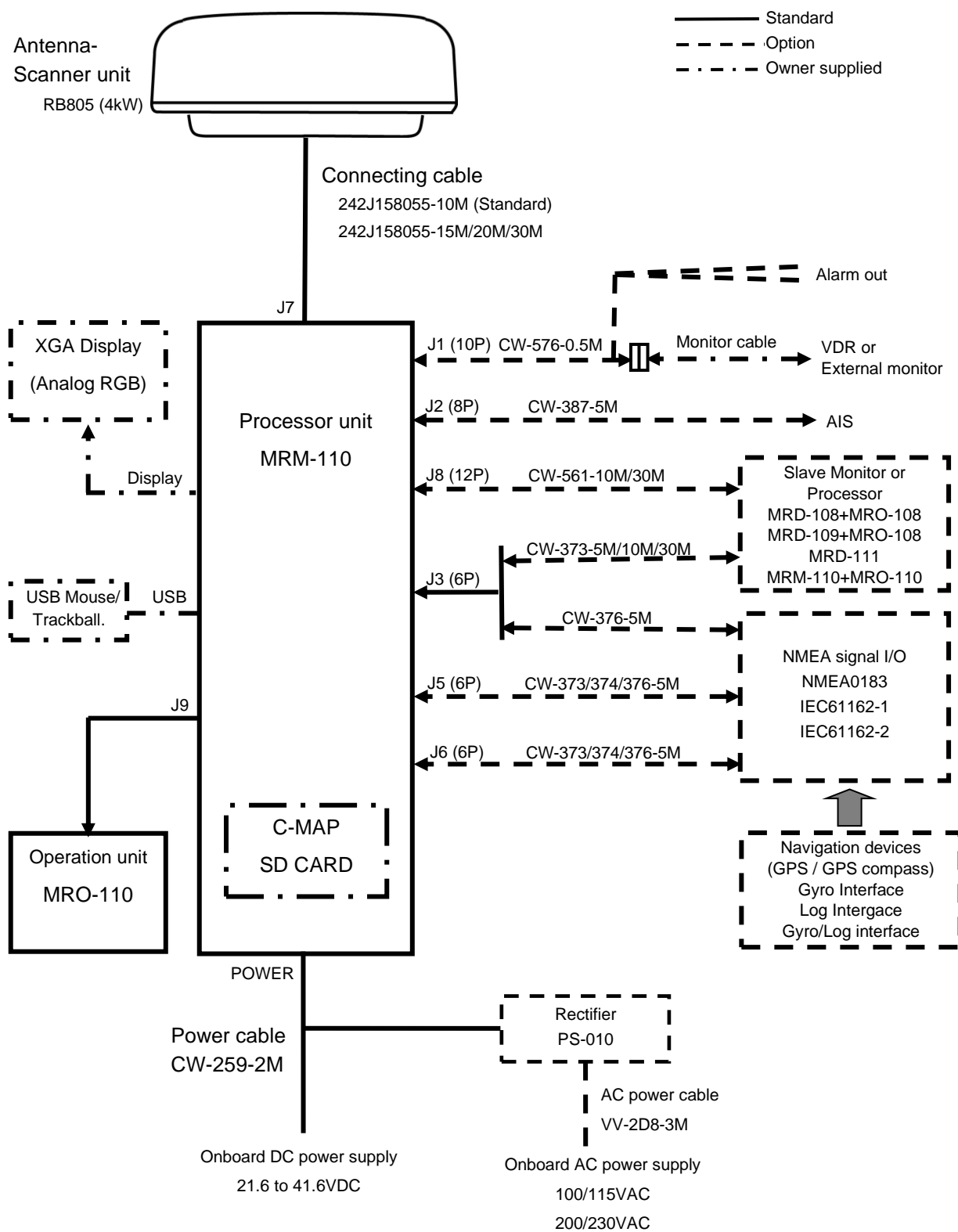
No.	Name	Specification	Comment	Weight /Dimension /Quantity
1	Gyro converter	S2N, U/N 9028C	qwerty-electronic	
2	Log pulse NMEA converter	L1N, U/N 9181A	qwerty-electronic 200pulse/NM only	
3	Gyro / Log interface	ADPC-101		1.5 kg
4	Rectifier unit	PS-010	5A fuse attached	3.5 kg
5	AC power cable	VV-2D8-3M	Without connectors on the both sides	3 m
6	Connecting cable	CW-373-*	With 6-pin water resistant connectors at both ends (cable for data)	5 m, 10 m or 30 m
		*: 5M, 10M or 30M		
		CW-374-5M <sup>*NOTE</sup>	With a 6-pin connector (1006 series) and a 6-pin water resistant connector (cable for data)	5 m
		CW-376-5M	With a 6-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for data)	5 m
		CW-387-5M	With a 8-pin water resistant connector and one end plain (cable for AIS)	5 m
		CW-561- *	With 12-pin water resistant connectors at both ends (cable for remote display)	10 m or 30 m
		*: 10M or 30M		
		CW-576-0.5M	With a 10-pin water resistant connector and D-Sub connector (analog RGB) + Alarm out	0.5 m
7	Antenna-Scanner unit and Processor unit connecting cable	CW-845-*	With connectors on the both sides (For MDC-5006/5012/5025)	20m, 30m, 40m, 50m, 65m or 100m
		242J159098*-**M **: 20M, 30M, **M (100m max)	With connectors on the both sides (For MDC-5004)	20m, 30m, **m (100m MAX)
		242J158055*-**M **: 15M, 20M, 30M	With connectors on the both sides (For MDC-5005)	15m, 20m, 30m

\*NOTE: For European model, CW-374-5M is not included in the Option list.

## 2.5 MDC-5004/5006/5012/5025 system configuration



## 2.6 MDC-5005 system configuration



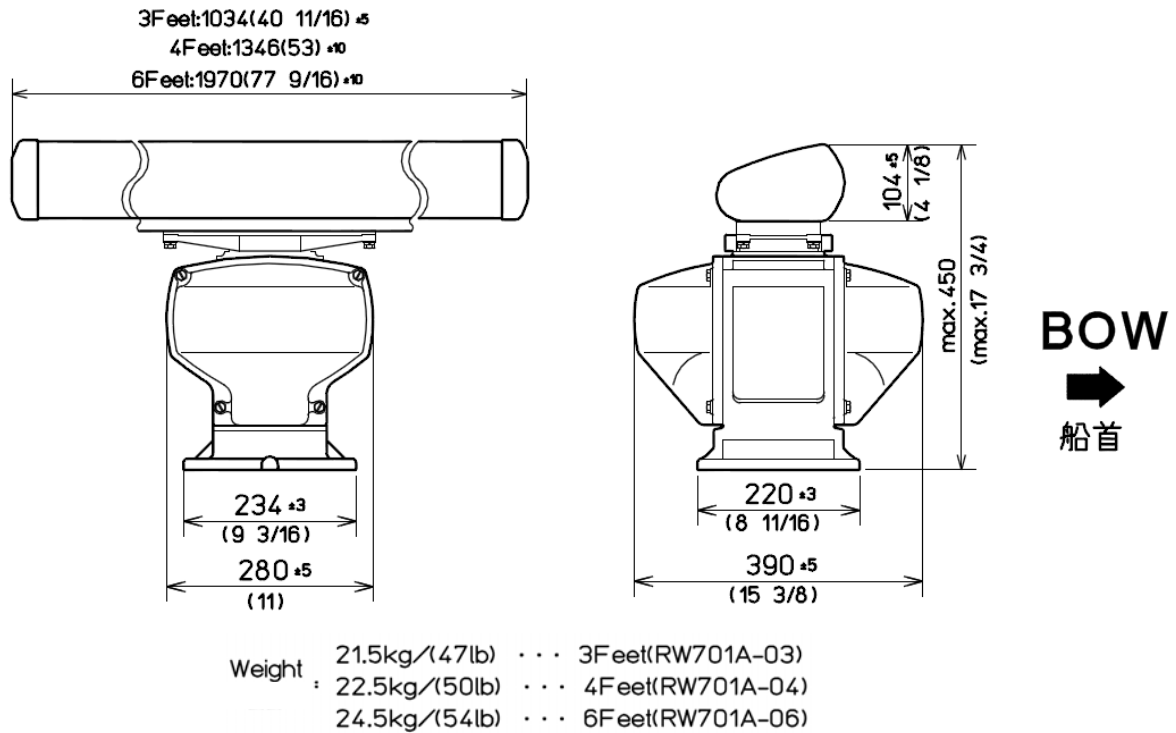
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## Chapter 3 Installation method

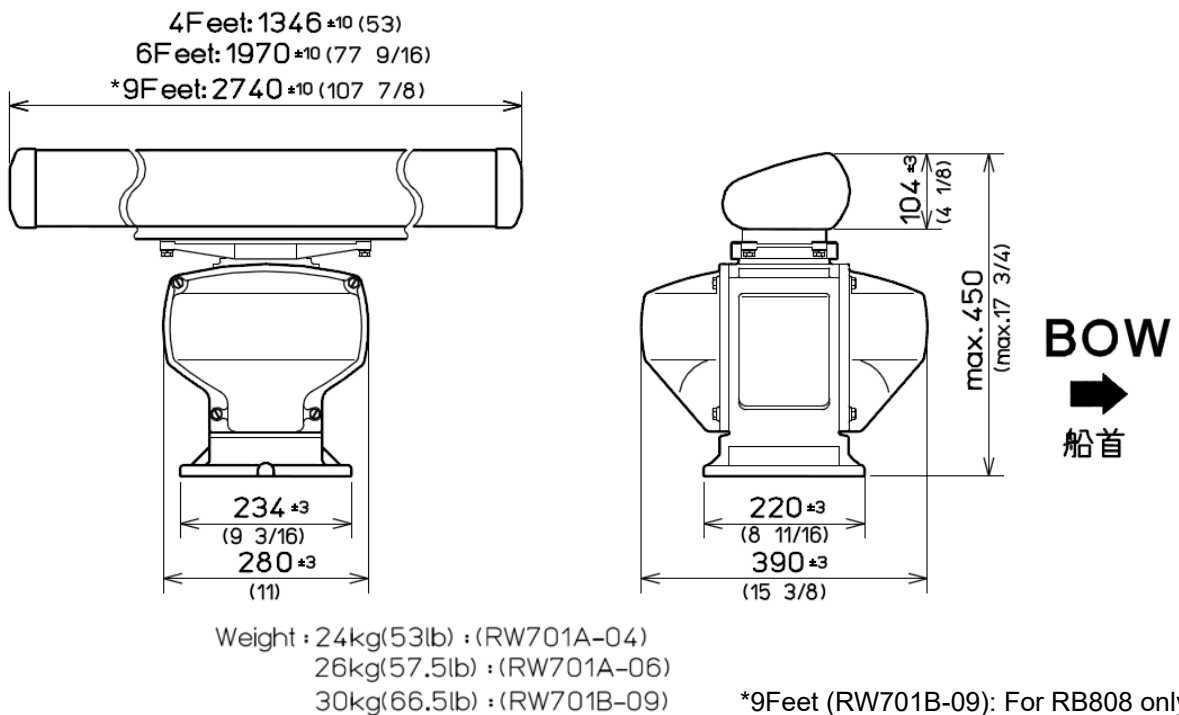
### 3.1 How to install the Antenna Scanner unit

#### External view and dimensions

RB806

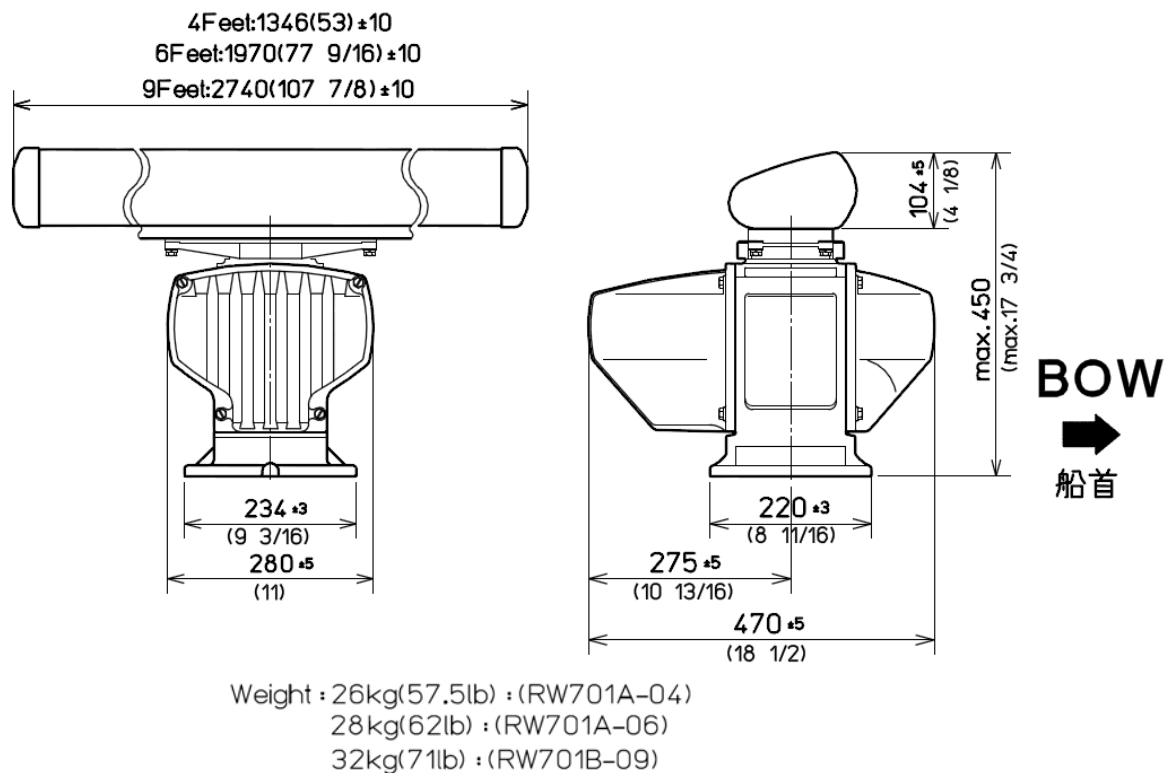


RB807/RB808

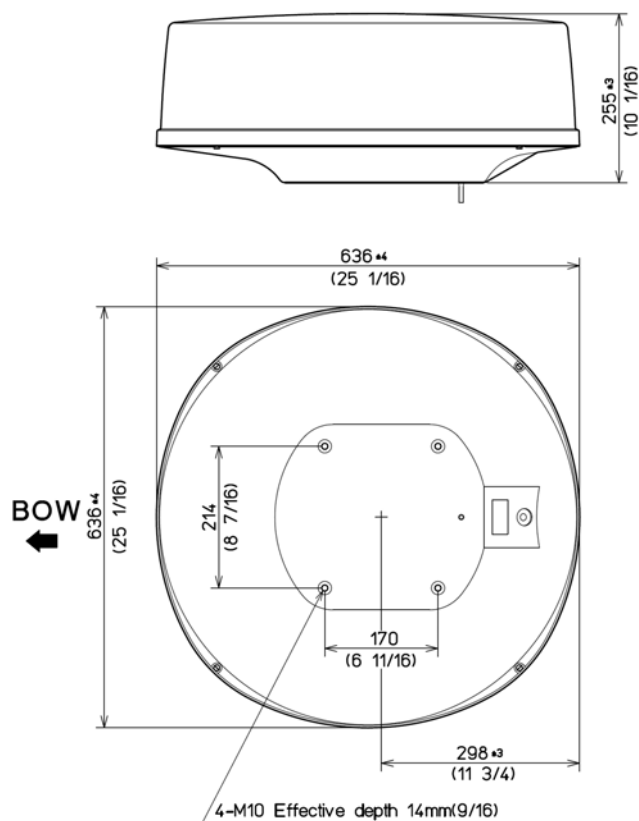


Unit: mm (inch)

## RB809



## RB805



Weight: 10kg

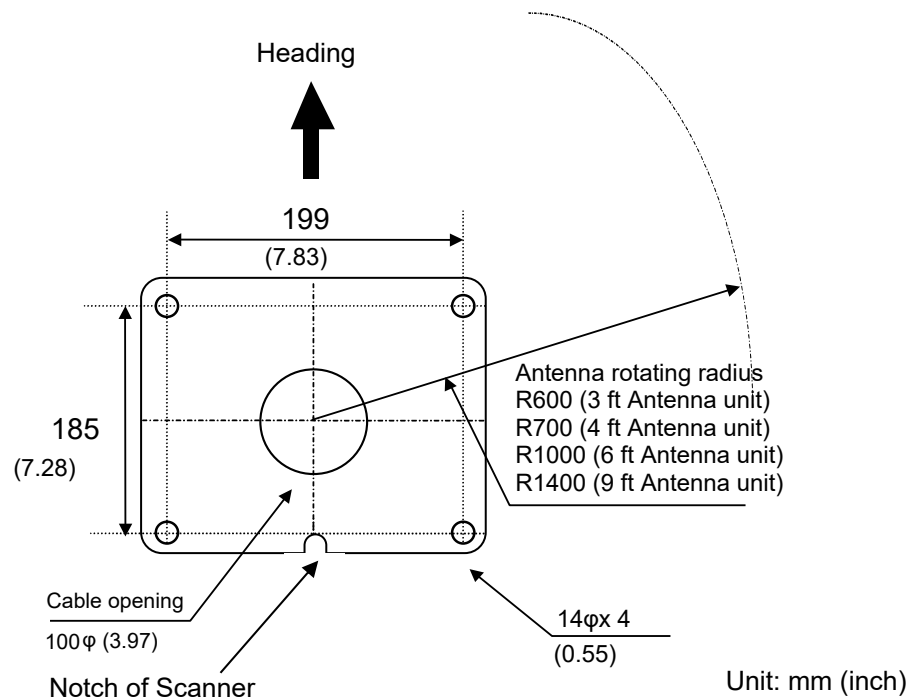
Unit: mm (inch)

### 3.1.1 Installation of the Antenna Scanner unit

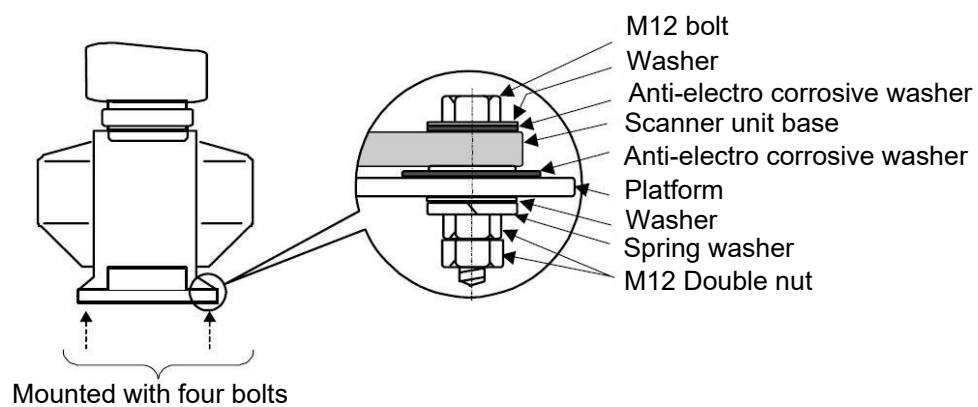
#### 3.1.1.1 Open Antenna

The Antenna Scanner unit is equipped to orient the notch of the attachment to stern as shown in Figure 3.1. Installation in this way eases maintenance work. Also refer to the consideration on equipment shown in 1.4.1.

- (1) Four mounting holes 14 mm in diameter are located on the mounting platform with reference to Figure 3.1.
- (2) The Antenna Scanner unit is secured with four 12 mm stainless steel bolts contained in installation material.



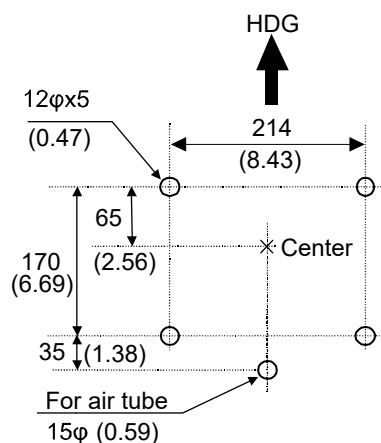
**Figure 3.1 Plain view of mounting hole**



**Figure 3.2 Assembly of Scanner unit base**

### 3.1.1.2 Radome Antenna

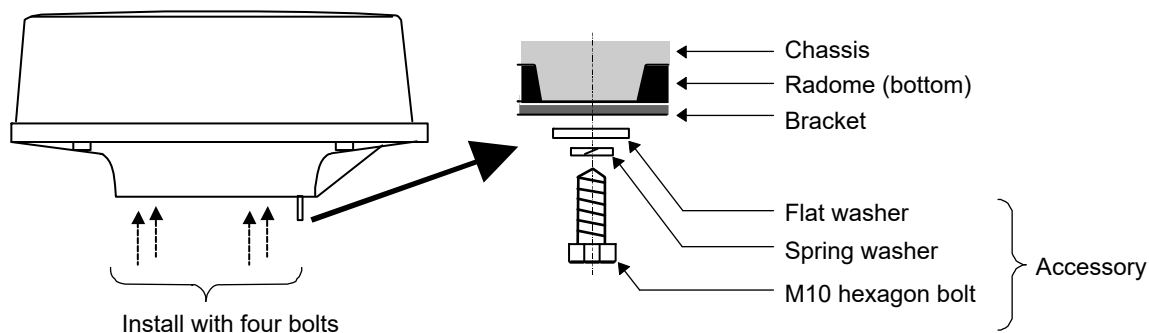
Referring to the illustration below, make five (5) holes on the cradle and fix the bracket and the antenna together with hexagon bolts. If the thickness of the bracket is 9 to 14mm, it can be installed with the supplied bolts. If not within this range, prepare bolts shown on the table in the next page. To prevent the looseness from occurring, fortify with the commercially available loose-preventive silicon sealing. However, for preventing the looseness of the radome antenna, do not use the putty. The putty may deteriorate chemically the plastic material of the radome.



RB805

Unit: mm (inch)

Drawing of Work for Installation Holes on the Bracket



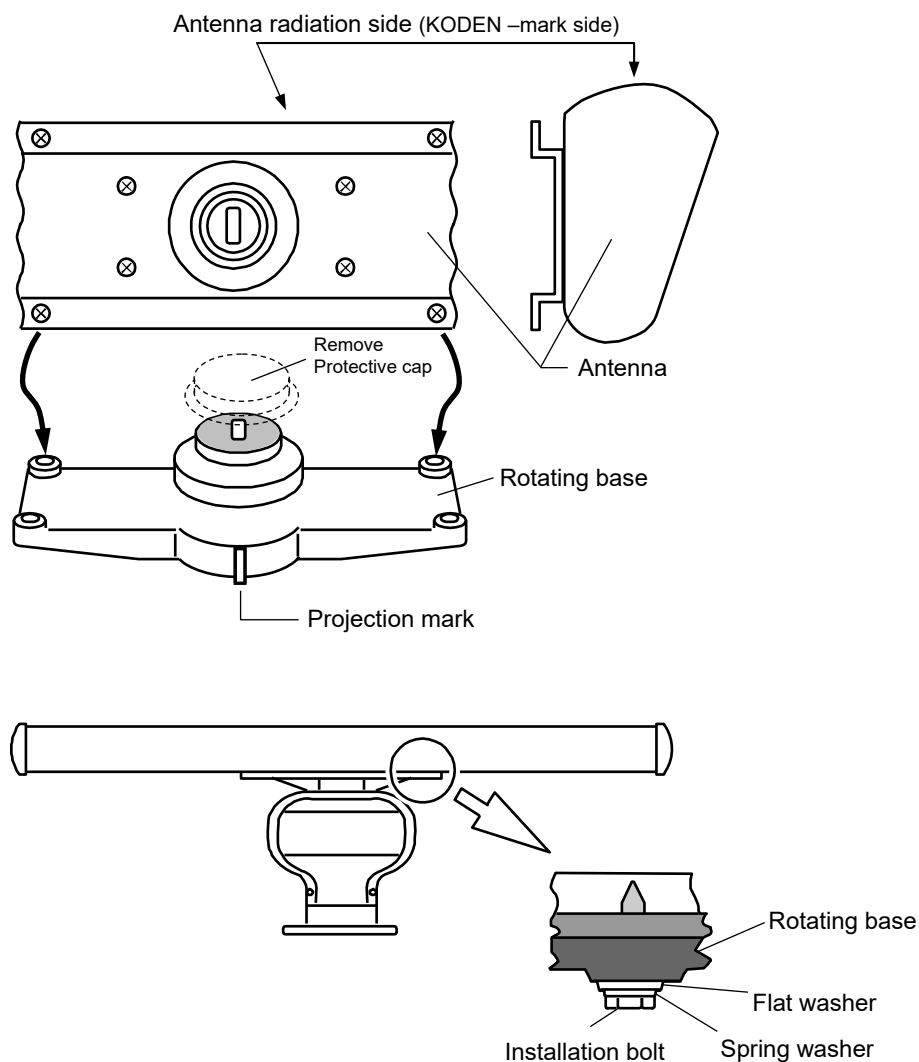
#### Specification of bracket thickness-wise installation bolt

Thickness of bracket	Bolt for fixing the antenna	Material	Remarks
4 to 9 mm (0.16 to 0.35 in)	M10x20 (pitch 1.5mm)	stainless	
9 to 14mm (0.35 to 0.55 in)	M10x25 (pitch 1.5mm)	stainless	Included in accessories
14 to 19 mm (0.55 to 0.75in)	M10x30 (pitch 1.5mm)	stainless	



### 3.1.2 Mounting the Antenna

- (1) Remove the protective cap on top of the Scanner unit rotational shaft.
- (2) Remove four bolts tentatively fixed to the base of the antenna and install the Scanner unit to the rotating base. Align the direction of antenna radiation side (KODEN –mark side) with the projection mark on the rotating base.
- (3) Fix the aerial with four bolts removed in step 2.

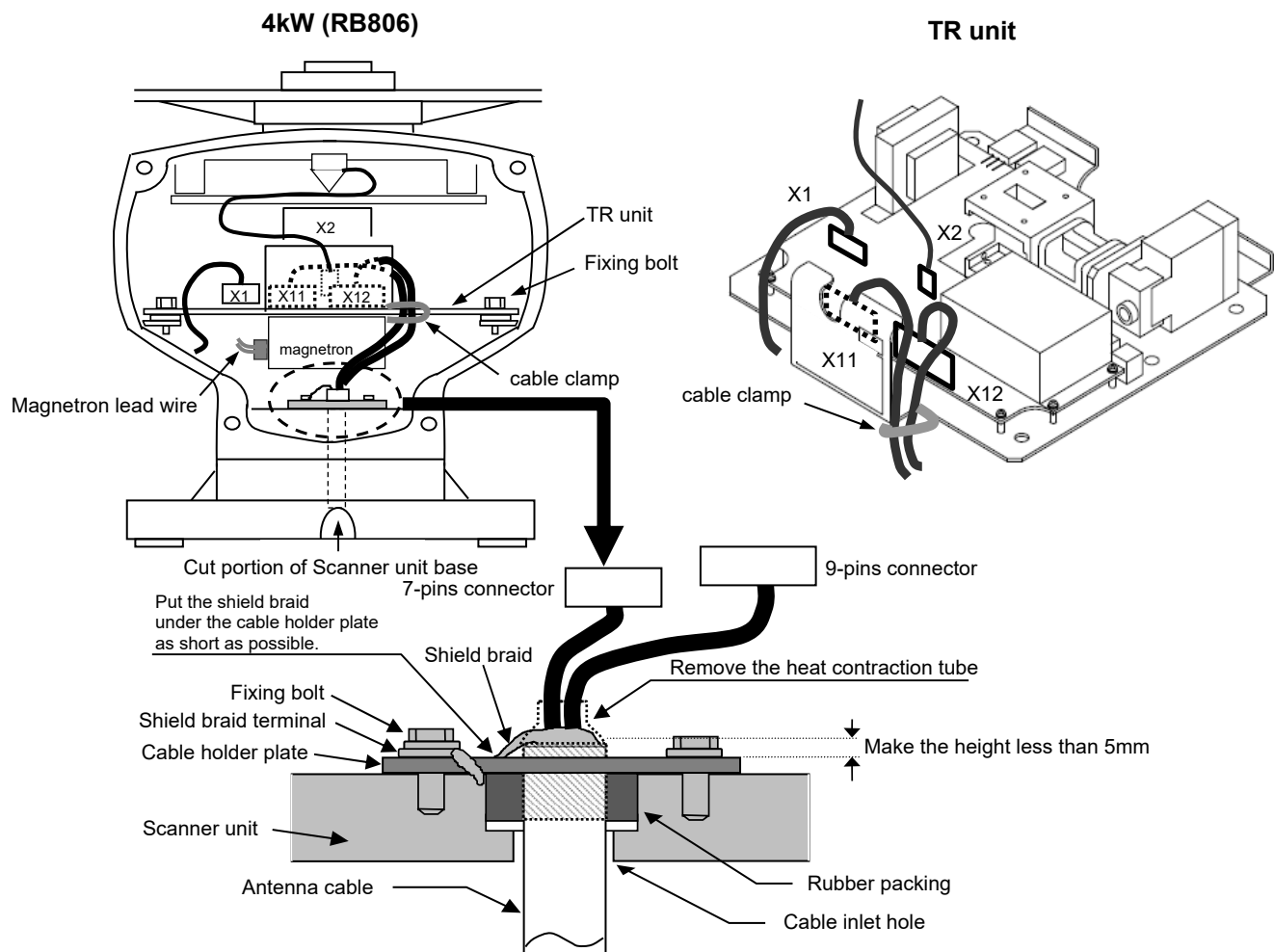


**Figure 3.3 Antenna assembly to the rotating shaft**

### 3.1.3 Installation of the connecting cable 242J159098x-xxM

#### 3.1.3.1 Scanner unit 4kW (RB806)

- (1) Please make sure power supply of the Scanner unit is OFF.
- (2) Disassemble the front cover of the Scanner unit from the rear cover by loosening fixing bolts.
- (3) Remove the TR unit by disconnecting the connector X1 and X2 after loosening fixing bolts of the TR unit. Please make sure magnetron does NOT touch metals.
- (4) Remove the cable holder plate and the rubber packing by loosening bolts at the bottom of the Scanner unit box.
- (5) Antenna cable shall be taken into the Scanner unit box through the cable inlet hole.
- (6) Antenna cable shall be fixed as described in the illustration below, using the cable holder plate and the rubber packing removed in 4. Shield braid terminal shall be fixed under the cable holder plate together with lug terminal, after removing the edge portion of heat contraction tube of the antenna cable.
- (7) Mount the TR unit after connecting the X1 and X2 connectors (removed in 3) by fixing bolts.
- (8) 7 pin connector shall be connected to X11 of the TR unit, 9 pin connector to X12.
- (9) Antenna cable shall be clamped onto the TR unit. Please make sure the antenna cable does NOT touch magnetron lead wires.
- (10) The front and rear covers of the Scanner unit shall be fixed by fixing bolts.



### 3.1.4 Installation of the connecting cable CW-845-xxM

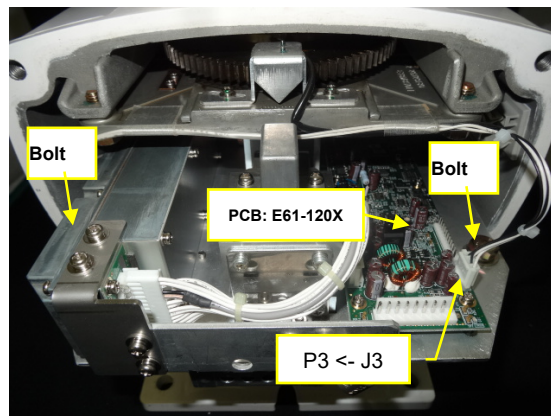
#### 3.1.4.1 Scanner unit 6kW (RB807)

Make sure the radar system is turned off.



- 1) Remove back cover by loosening four fixing bolts.

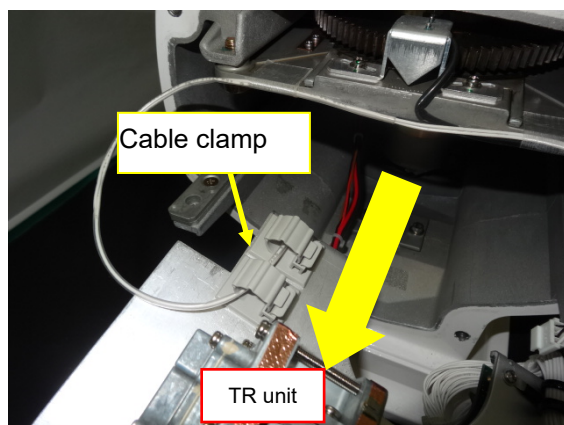
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



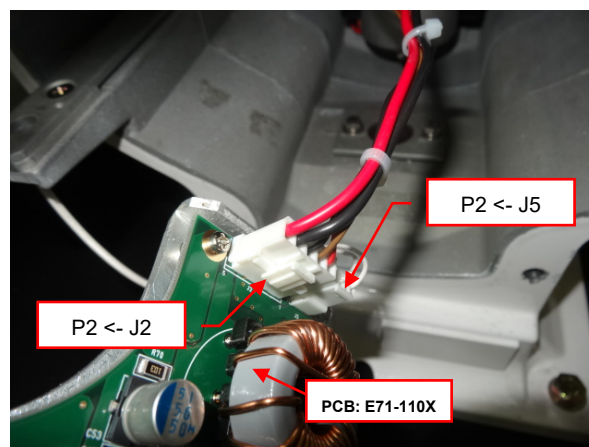
- 2) Disconnect connectors P3 from J3 [E61-120X].

Remove the two fixing bolts.

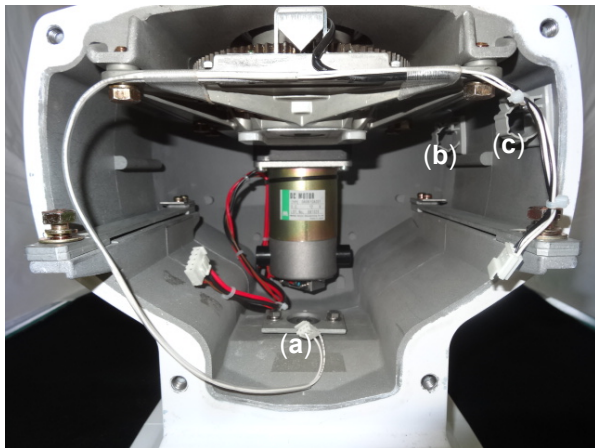
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



- 3) Pull out the TR unit, remove the cable clamp.



- 4) Disconnect connector P2 from J2 and P2 from J5.

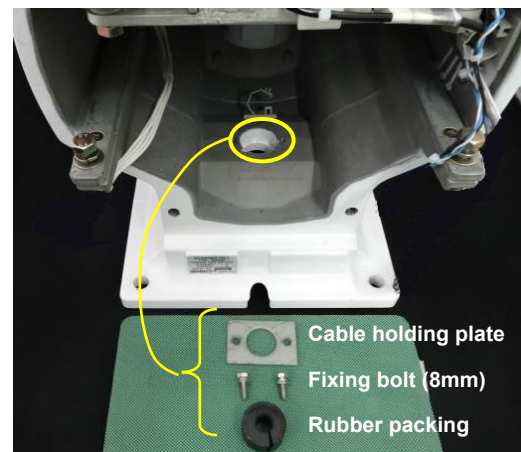


5) This picture is the view of scanner unit housing.

(a) Cable holder plate

(b) Cable clamp-b

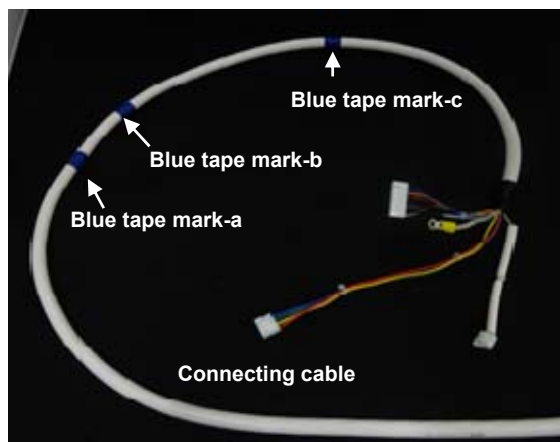
(c) Cable clamp-c



6) Remove two fixing bolts.

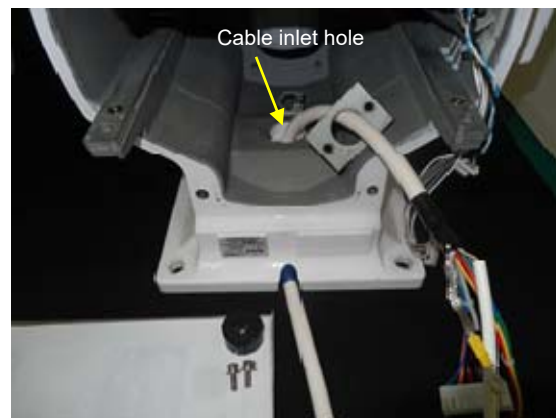
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)

Remove the cable holding plate and rubber packing.



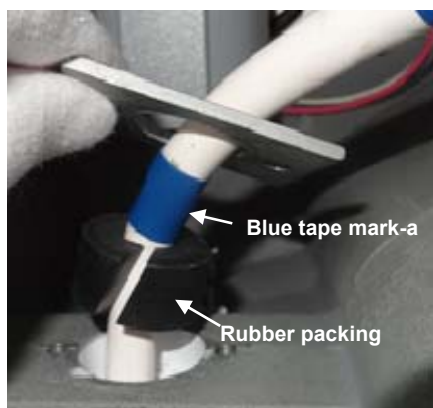
7) The connecting cable CW-845-xxM

Blue tapes are wound as a mark on the cable.



8) Pull in the connecting cable into the scanner unit through the cable inlet hole

Guide the cable to the cable holding plate.



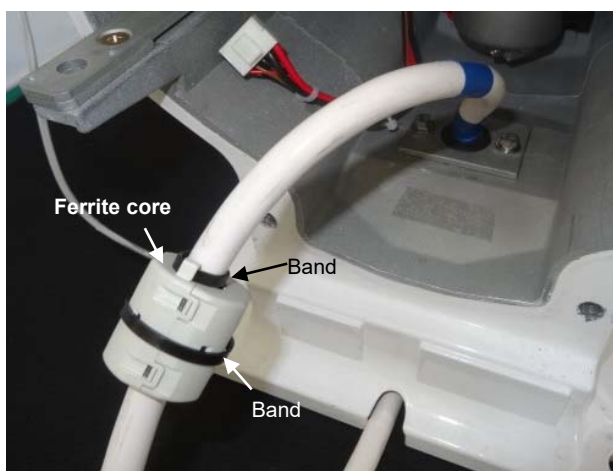
9) Attach rubber packing to the blue tape mark-a.



10) Attach cable holding plate and fix it with two bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)



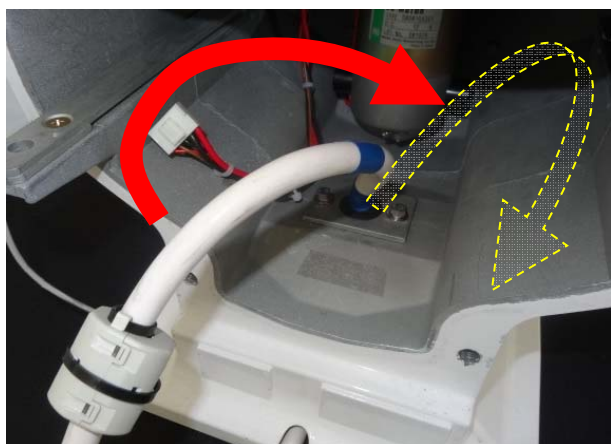
11) Attach the ferrite core from blue tape-b to 10cm end.



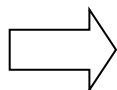
12) Secure the ferrite core in place by using provided bands.

Note: The ferrite core and the bands are included with the installation material.

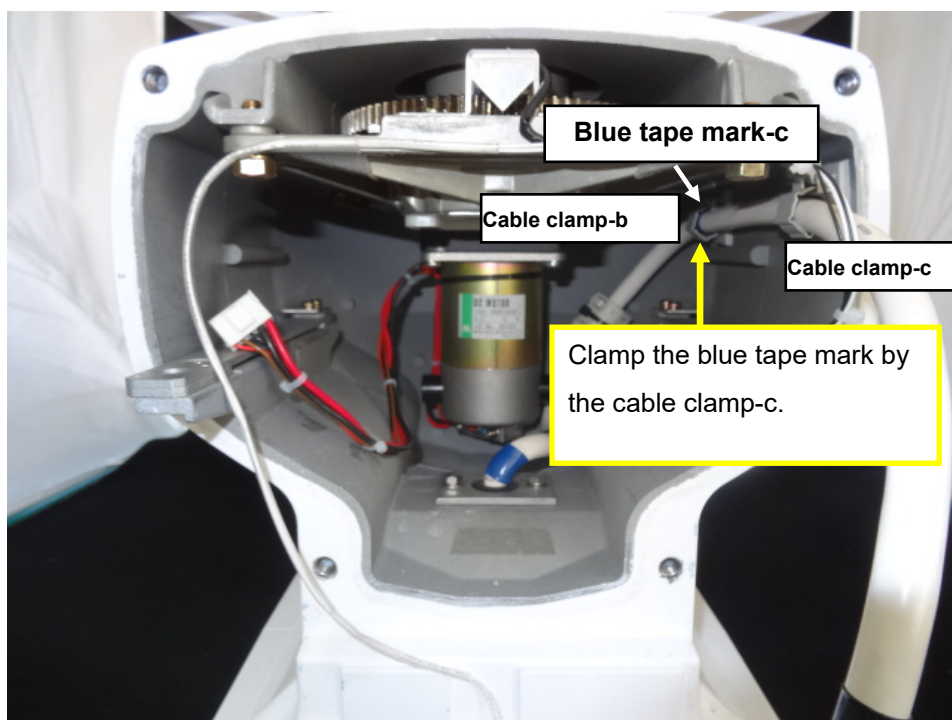




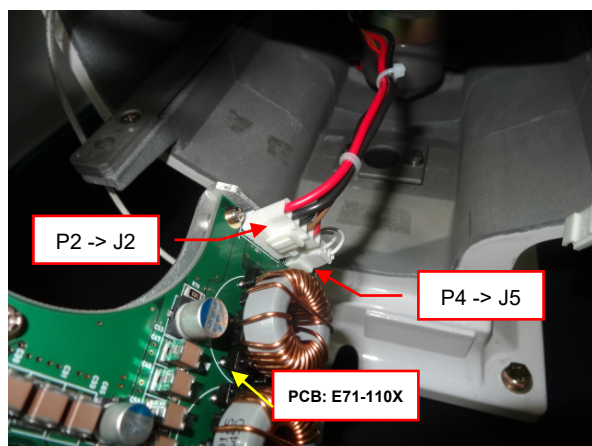
13) The cable placed in the far right under the motor.



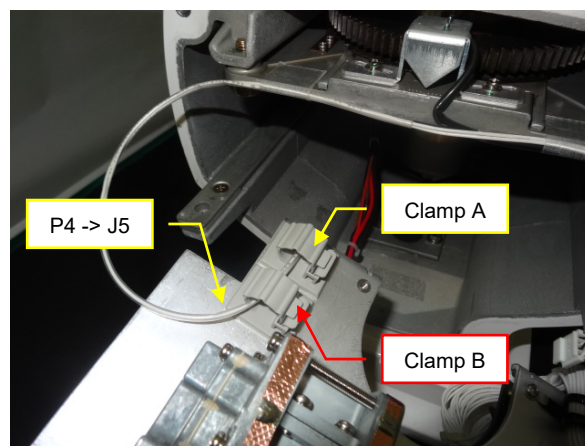
14) Clamp the cable by the cable clamp-b.



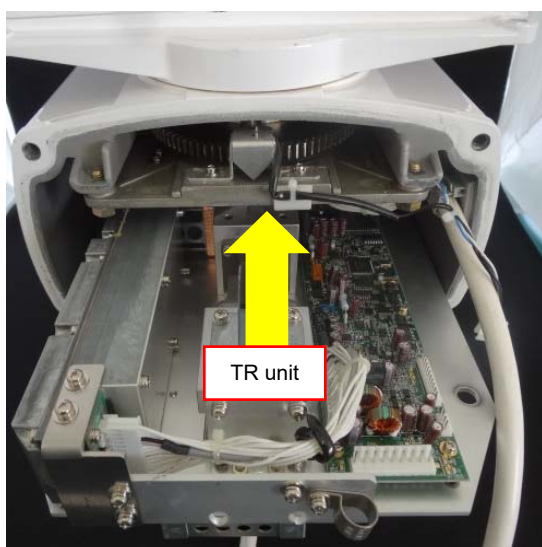
15) This picture is the view of the cable layout.  
Clamp the blue tape mark-c by the cable clamp-c.



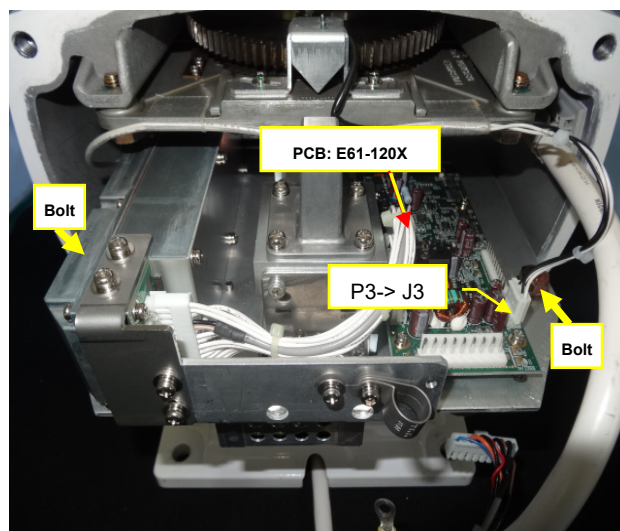
16) Connect connector P2 to J2 and P4 to J5.  
[PCB E71-110X].



17) Through the P4 to J5 to clamp A and B.

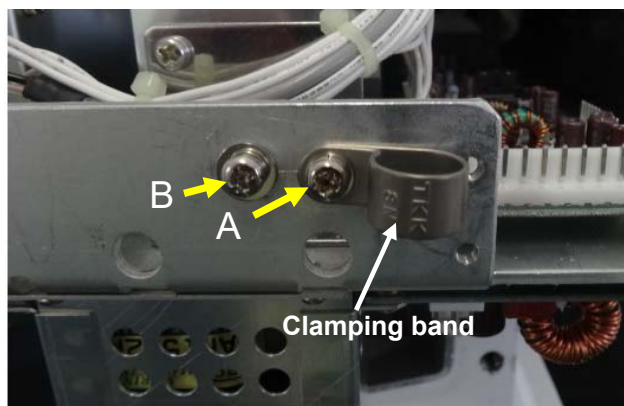


18) Insert TR unit in the scanner unit housing.

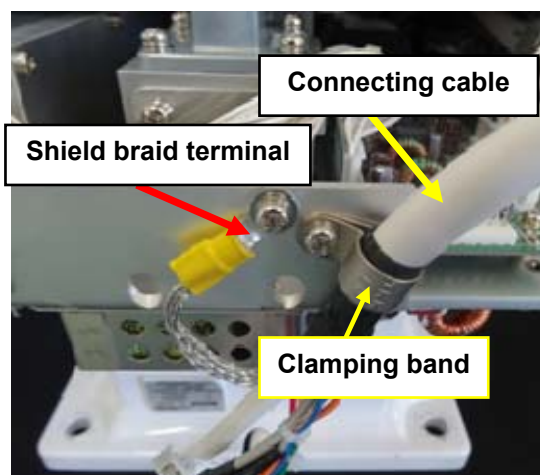


19) Connect connectors P3 to J3 [PCB E61-120X]

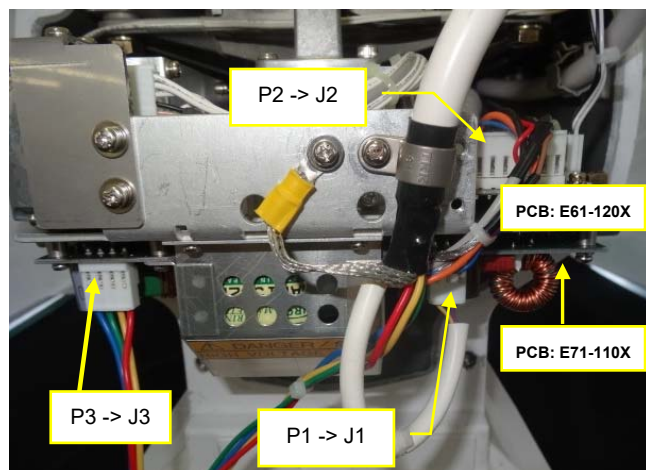
Fix the two fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



20) Remove the screw-A and the screw-B.



21) Clamp the connecting cable by the clamping band and fix with screw-A.  
Fix the shield braid terminal with screw-B.



22) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB E61-120x].  
Connect the connectors P1 and P3 to J1 and J3 [PCB E71-110X].



23) Attach the back cover by tightening four fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



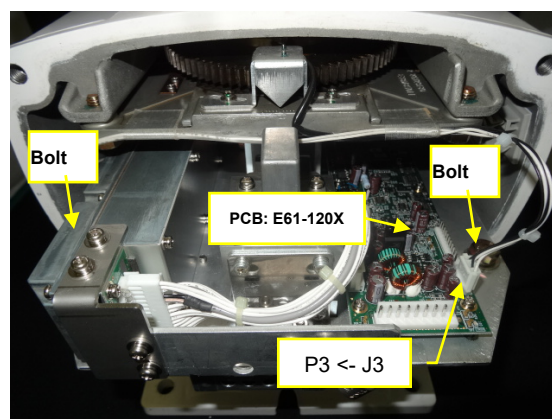
### 3.1.4.2 Scanner unit 12kW (RB808)

Make sure the radar system is turned off.



- 1) Remove back cover by loosening four fixing bolts.

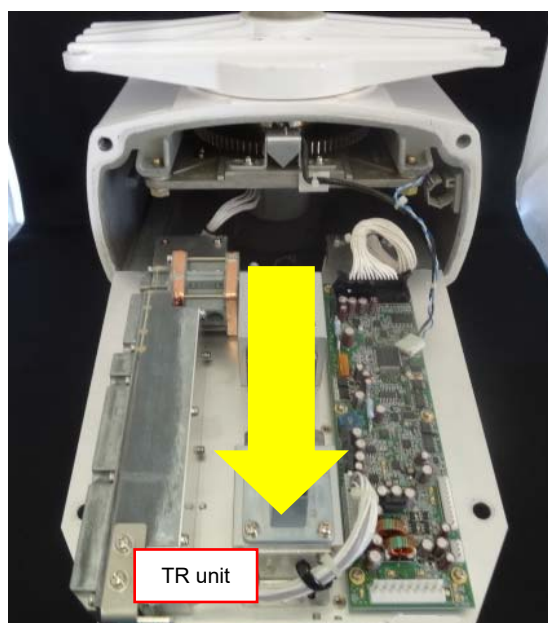
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



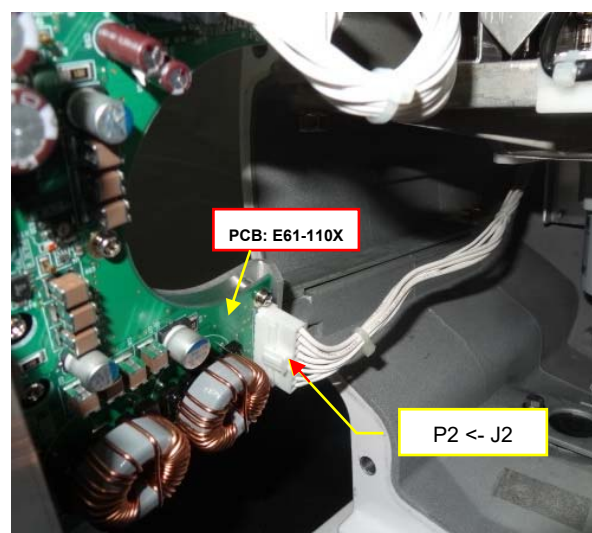
- 2) Disconnect connectors P3 from J3 [E61-120X].

Remove the two fixing bolts.

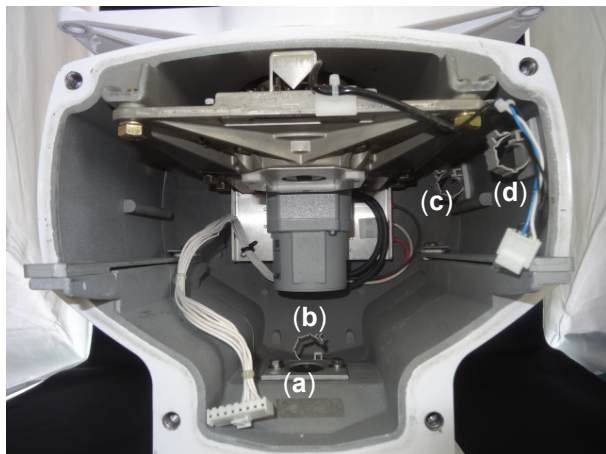
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



- 3) Pull out the TR unit.

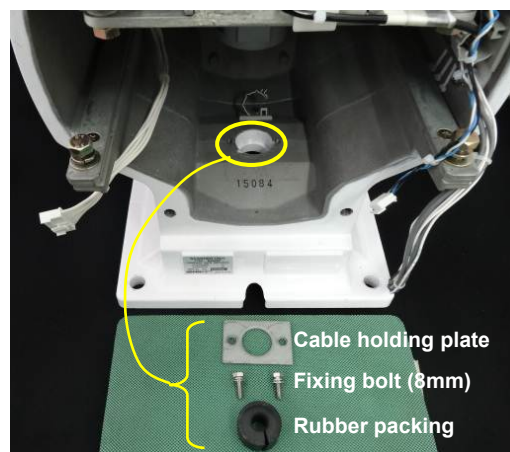


- 4) Disconnect connector P2 from J2 [E61-110X].



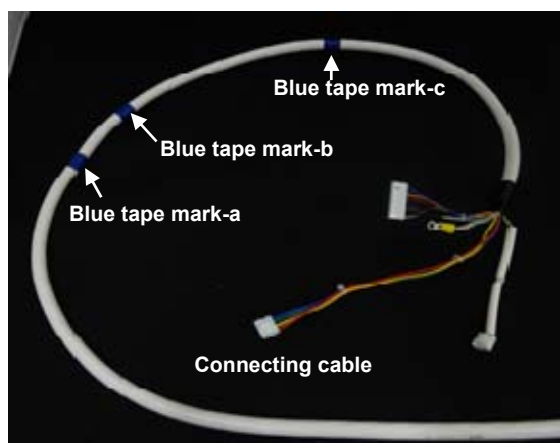
5) This picture is the view of the inside of the scanner unit housing.

- (a) Cable holding plate
- (b) Cable clamp-b
- (c) Cable clamp-c
- (d) Cable clamp-d

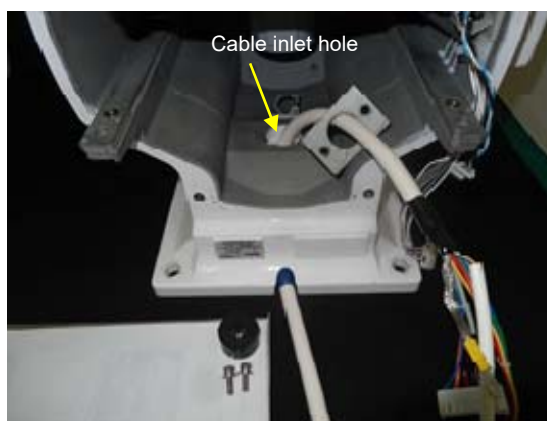


6) Remove two fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)

Remove the cable holding plate and rubber packing.



7) The connecting cable CW-845-xxM  
Blue tapes are wound as a mark on the cable.



8) Pull in the connecting cable into the scanner unit through the cable inlet hole.

Guide the cable to the cable holding plate.



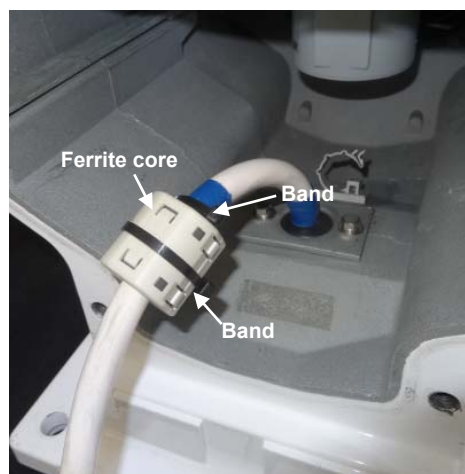
9) Attach rubber packing to the blue tape Mark-a.



10) Attach cable holding plate and fix it with two bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)

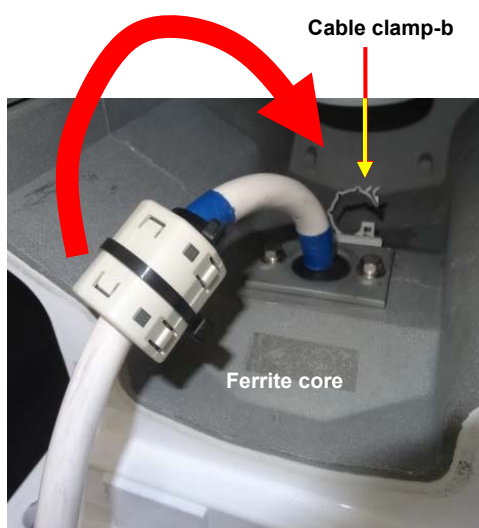


11) Attach the ferrite core to side of the blue tape mark-b.

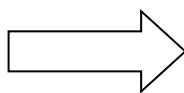


12) Secure the ferrite core in place by using provided bands.

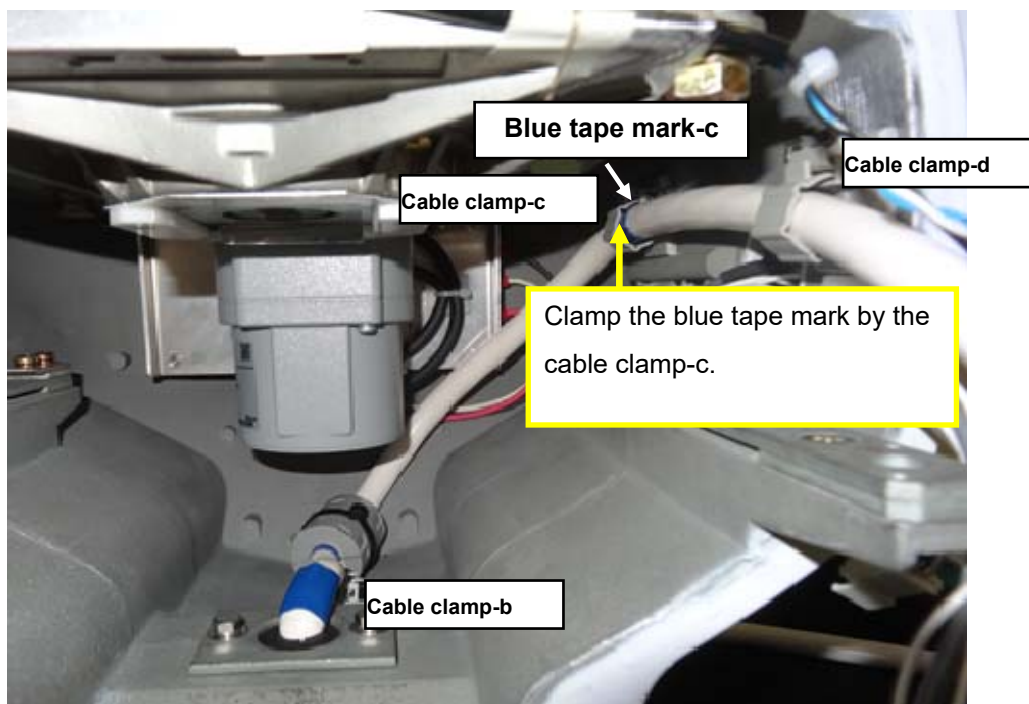
Note: The ferrite core and the bands are included with the installation material.



13) Tilt the cable with the ferrite core toward the cable clamp-b.

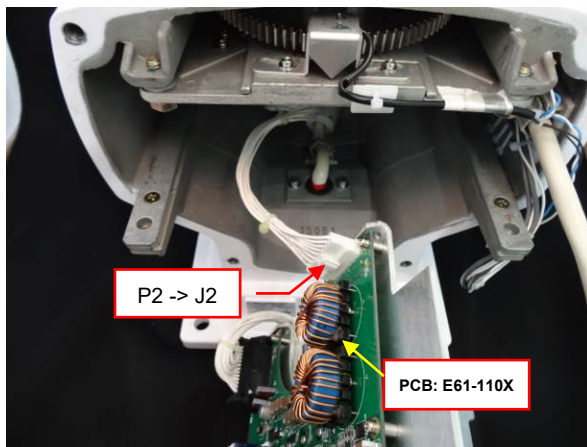


14) Clamp the cable by the cable clamp-b.

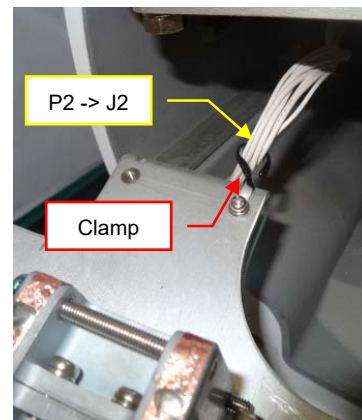


15) This picture is the view of the cable layout.  
Clamp the blue tape mark-c by the cable clamp-c.

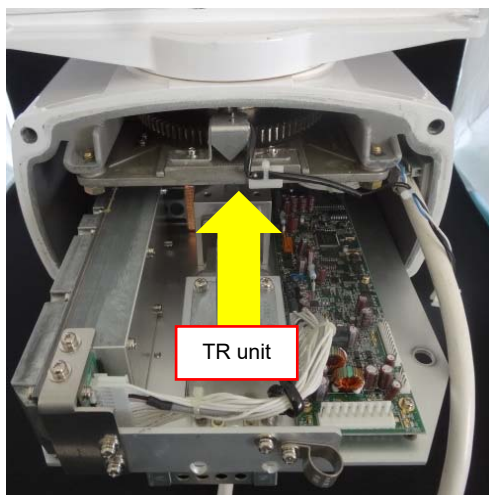




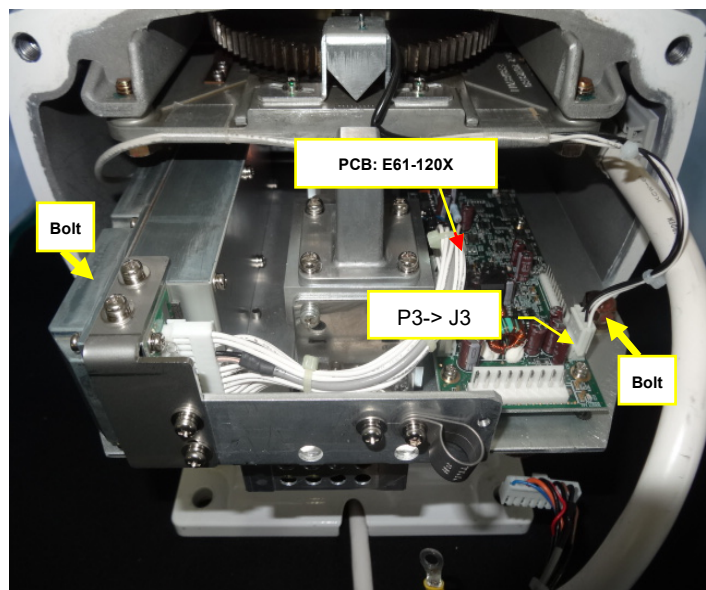
16) Connect connector P2 to J2  
[PCB E61-110X].



17) Hook the P2 to J2 to the clamp.

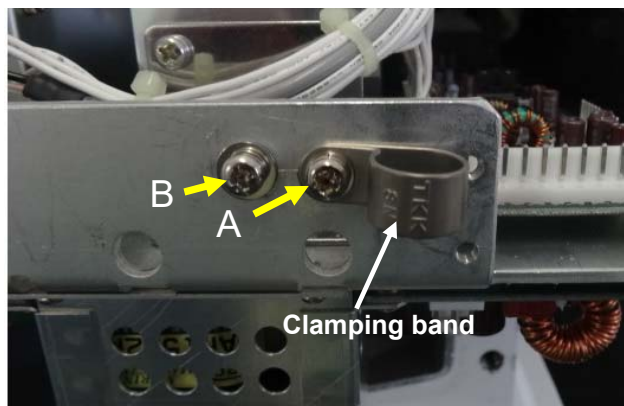


18) Insert TR unit in the scanner unit  
housing.

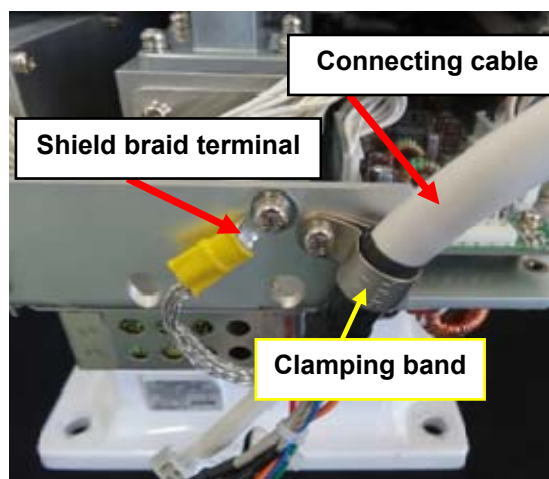


19) Connect connectors P3 to J3 [PCB E61-120X]

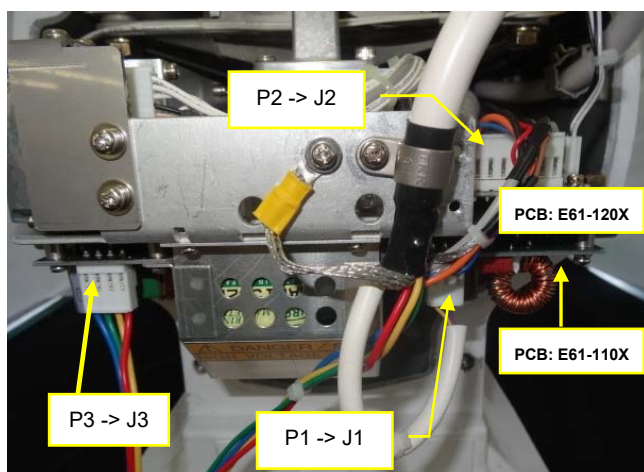
Fix the two fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



20) Remove the screw-A and the screw-B.



21) Clamp the connecting cable by the clamping band and fix with screw-A.  
Fix the shield braid terminal with screw-B.



22) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB E61-120x].  
Connect the connectors P1 and P3 to J1 and J3 [PCB E61-110X].



23) Attach the back cover by tightening four fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)

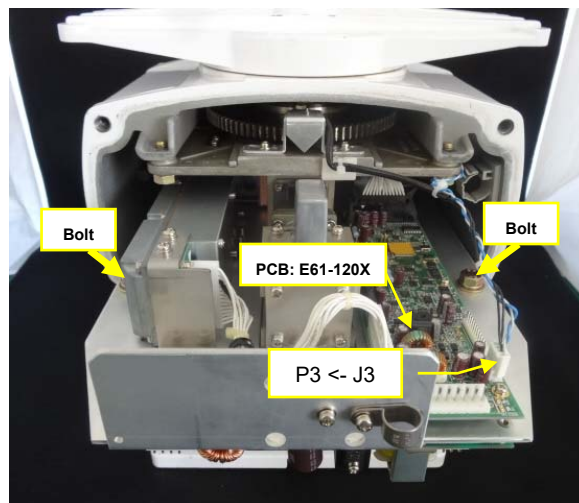
### 3.1.4.3 Scanner unit 25kW (RB809)

Make sure the radar system is turned off.



- 1) Remove the back cover by loosening four fixing bolts.

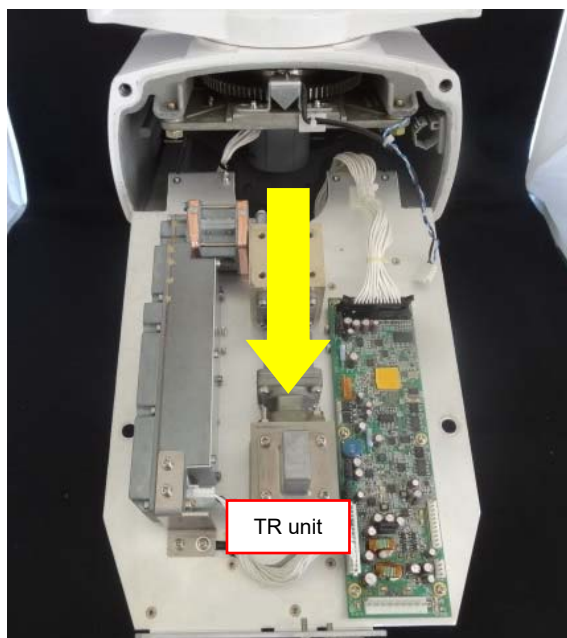
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



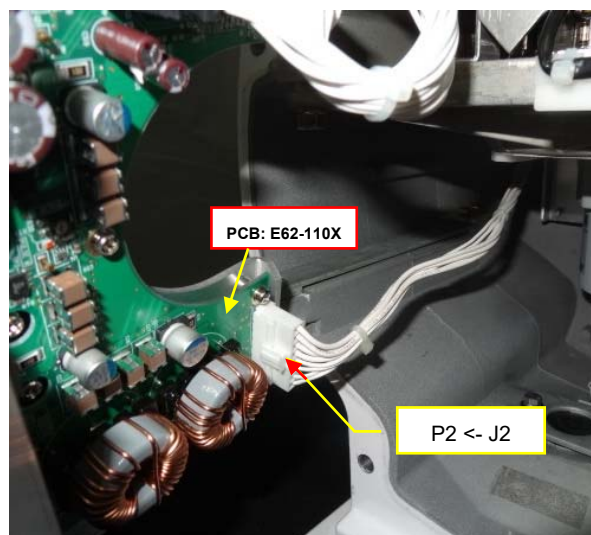
- 2) Disconnect connectors P3 and P4 from J3 and J4 [E61-120X].

Remove the two fixing bolts.

(Tool: Wrench 13mm)

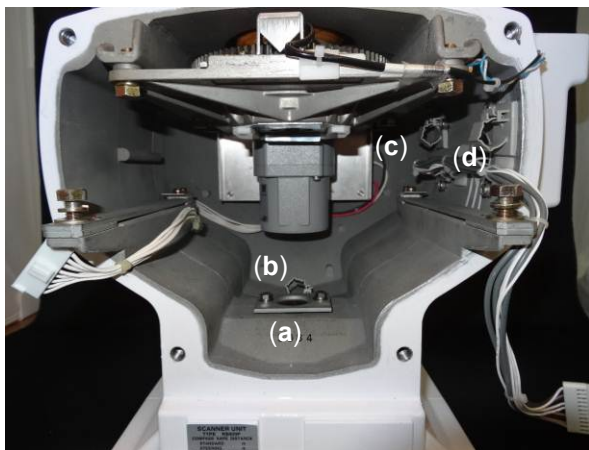


- 3) Pull out the TR unit.



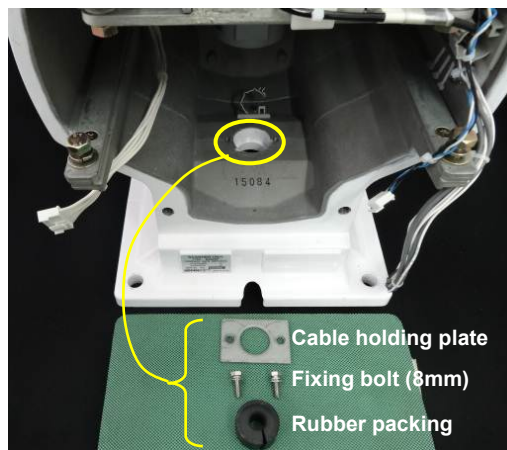
- 4) Disconnect connector P2 from J2 [E62-110X].





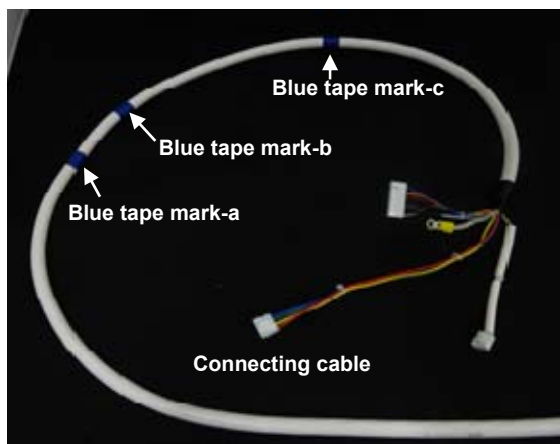
5) This picture is the view of the inside of the scanner unit housing.

- (a) Cable holding plate
- (b) Cable clamp-b
- (c) Cable clamp-c
- (d) Cable clamp-d

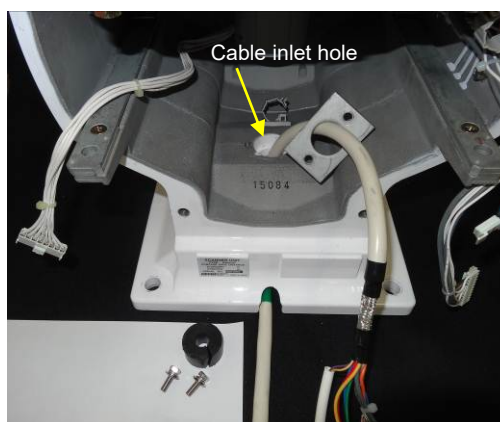


6) Remove the fixing two bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)

Remove cable holding plate and rubber packing.



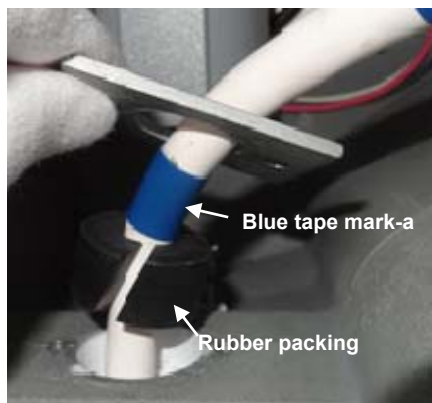
7) The connecting cable CW-845-xxM  
Blue tapes are wound as a mark on the cable.



8) Pull into the inside of the scanner unit housing through the cable inlet hole.

Guide the cable to the cable holding plate.

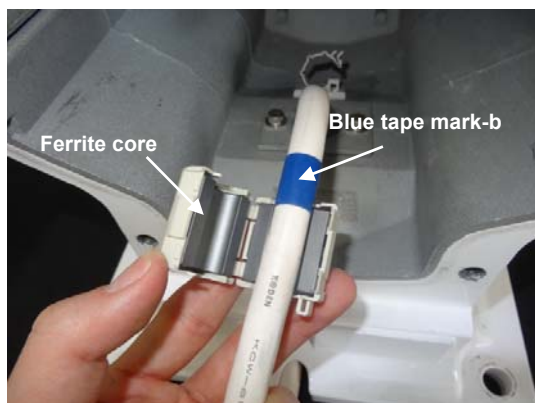




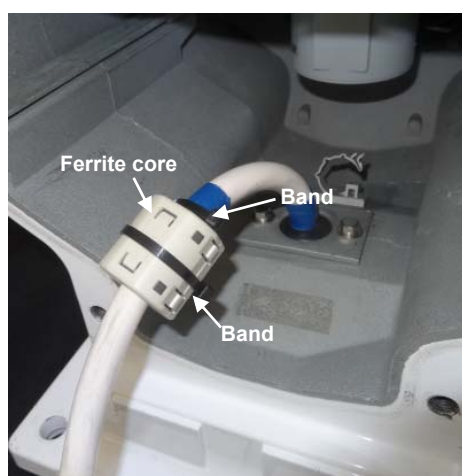
9) Attach rubber packing to the blue tape Mark-a.



10) Attach cable holding plate and fix it with two bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)

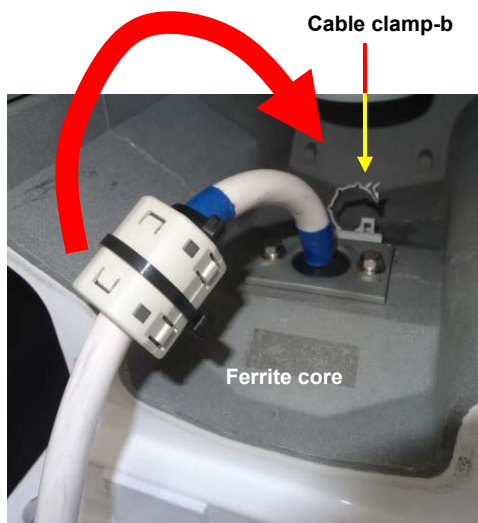


11) Attach the ferrite core to side of the blue tape mark-b.

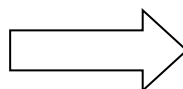


12) Secure the ferrite core in place by using provided bands.

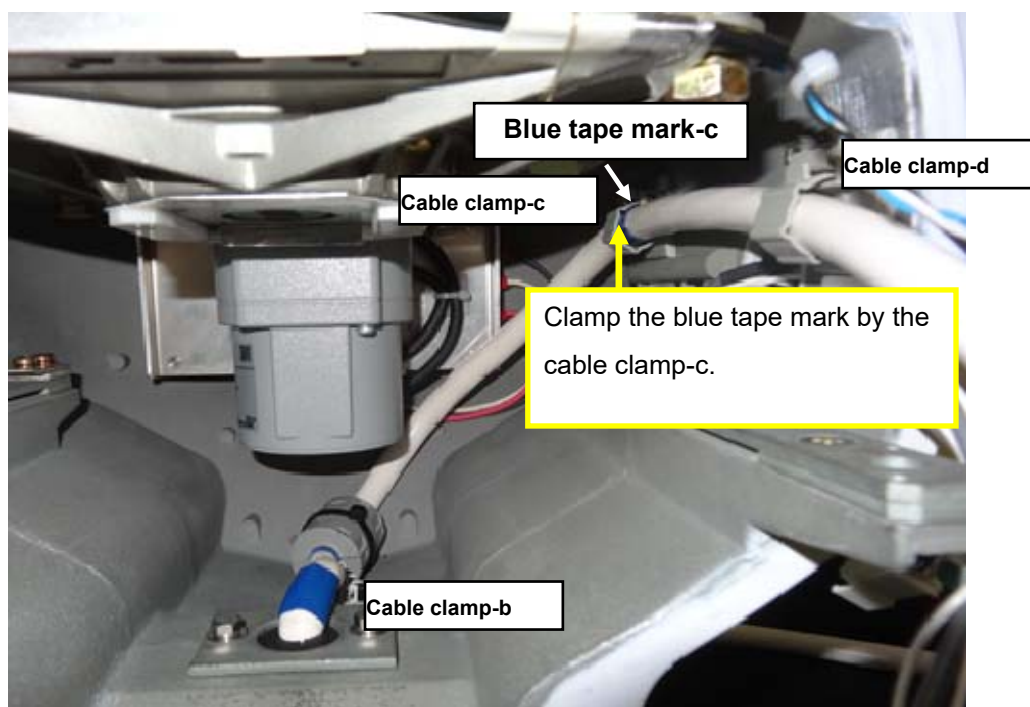
Note: The ferrite core and the bands are included with the installation material.



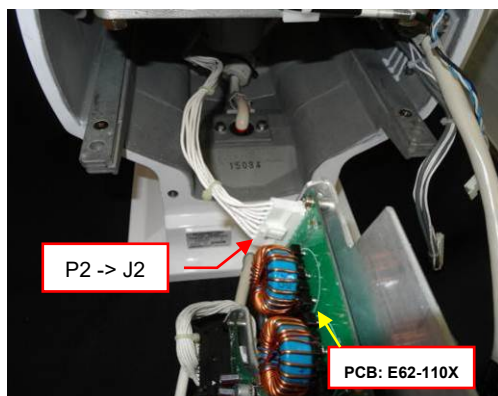
13) Tilt the cable with the ferrite core toward the cable clamp-b.



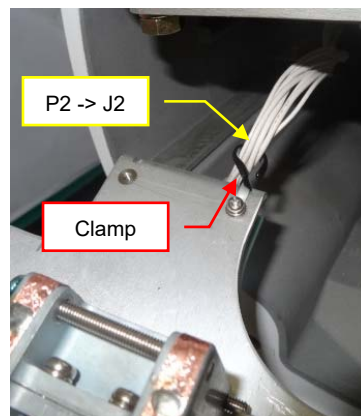
14) Clamp the cable by the cable clamp-b.



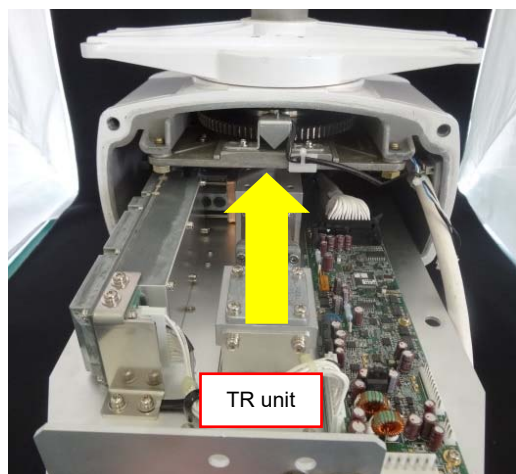
15) This picture is the view of the cable layout.  
Clamp the blue tape mark-c by the cable clamp-c.



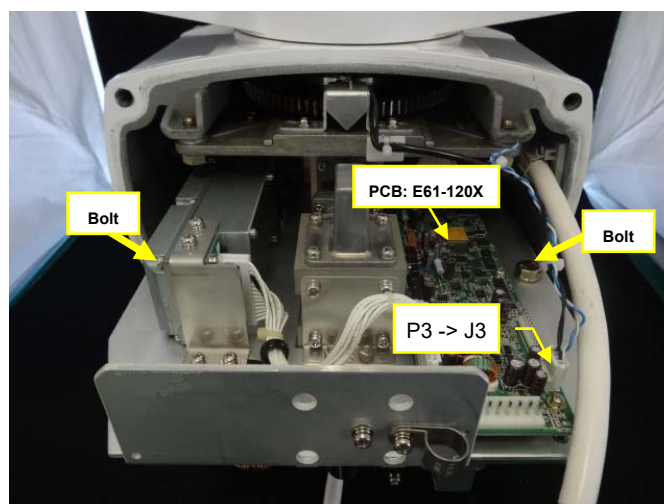
16) Connect connector P2 to J2  
[PCB 62-110X].



17) Hook the P2 to J2 to the clamp.

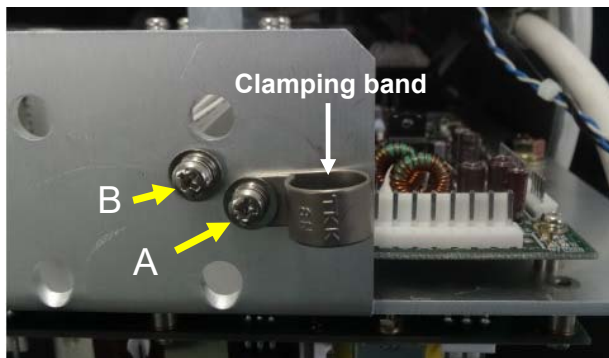


18) Insert the TR unit in the scanner unit  
housing.

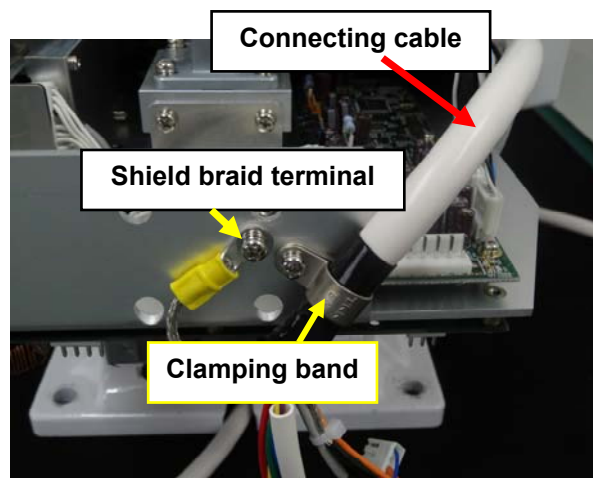


19) Connect connectors P3 and P4 to J3 and J4 [PCB  
E61-120X]

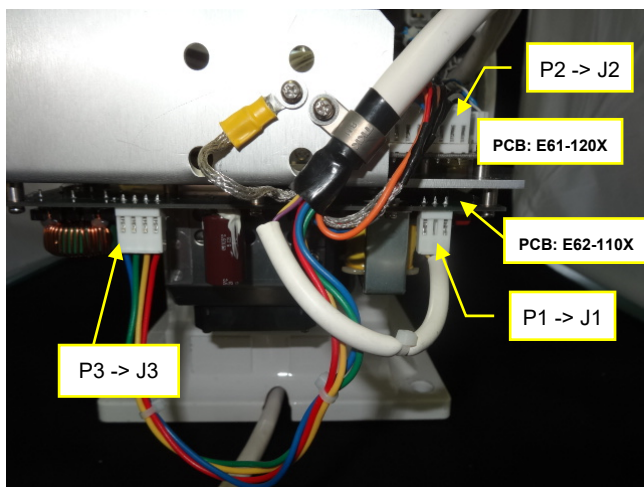
Fix the two fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



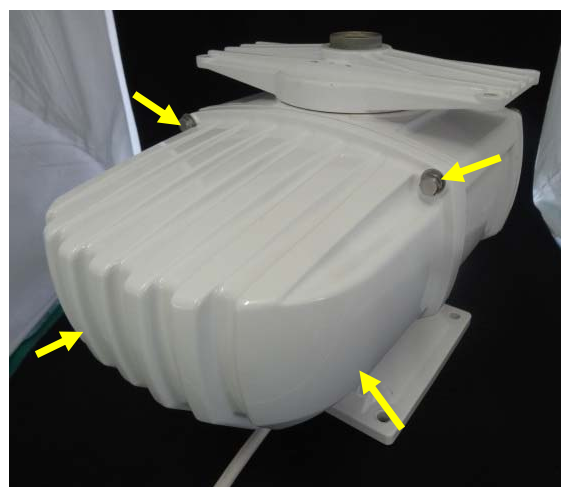
20) Remove screw-A and screw-B.



21) Clamp the connecting cable by the clamping band and fix with screw-A. Fix the shield braid terminal with screw-B.



22) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB E61-120x].  
Connect connectors P1 and P3 to J1 and J3 [PCB E62-110X].

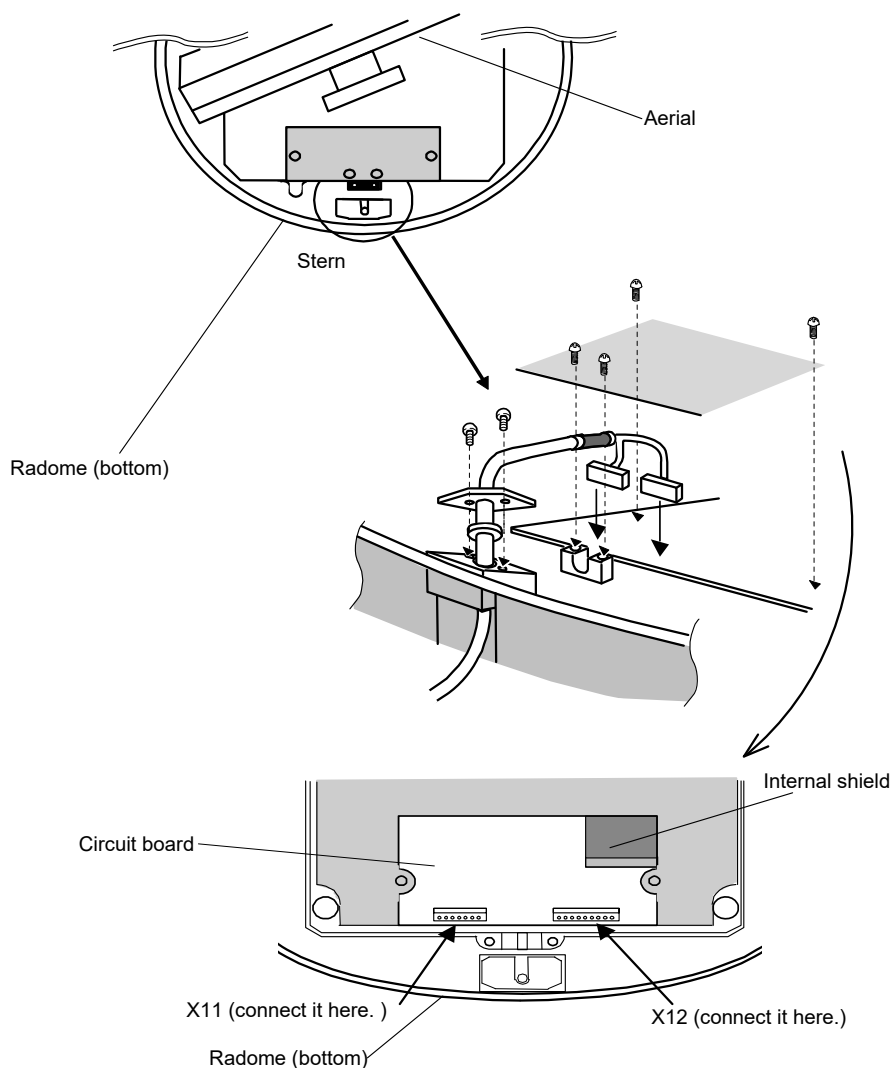


23) Attach the back cover by tightening four fixing bolts.  
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)

### 3.1.5 Installation of the connecting cable 242J158055B-\*\*M

#### 3.1.5.1 Scanner unit 4kW (RB805)

1. Confirm that the power of the Radar unit is turned off.  
Install the antenna cable to the connector J7 at the rear of the Display unit.
2. Remove the upper radome of the Scanner unit, lifting upward not to touch the aerial inside.  
(4 pieces of fixing screw)
3. Peel off the tape fixing the aerial.
4. Remove the shield cover at the stern side. (4 pieces of fixing screw)
5. Remove the holder plate for fixing the cable and the rubber ring  
Thread the cable through the leading opening  
Insert the rubber ring from both sides of the Scanner unit, thread it through the holder plate and fix it to the aerial with the screws.
6. Connect the 7-pin connector of the cable to X11 of the printed circuit board and the 9-pin connector to X12 respectively.
7. Install the shield cover. At this moment, install the shield of the cable in the groove, using the shield cover. But, be careful for the cable not to be caught by the unit and the cover.
8. Install the upper radome with caution not to touch the aerial. Orient the cover as shown in the illustration below. The screw positions are marked on the upper and lower radomes respectively.  
(4 marks) Install the radome, aligning these markings.



Installation of 4kW radome antenna cable

### 3.2 Interconnection diagram of cable

#### 3.2.1 242J159098/242J158055 (MDC-5004/5005)

Antenna-Scanner unit

Processor unit

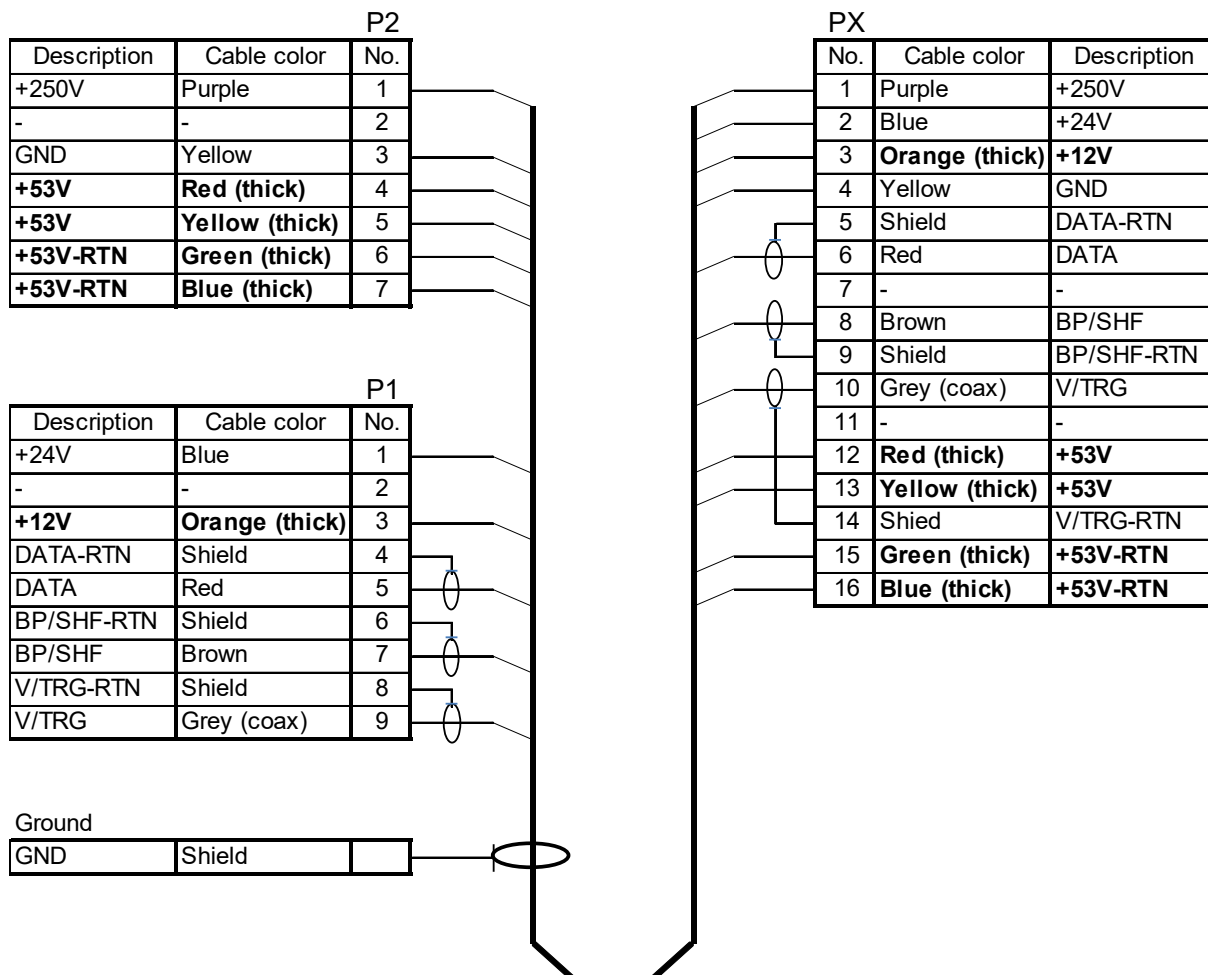


Figure 3.4 Interconnection of cable between Antenna-Scanner unit and Processor unit



### 3.2.2 CW-845 (MDC-5006/5012/5025)

Antenna-Scanner unit

Processor unit

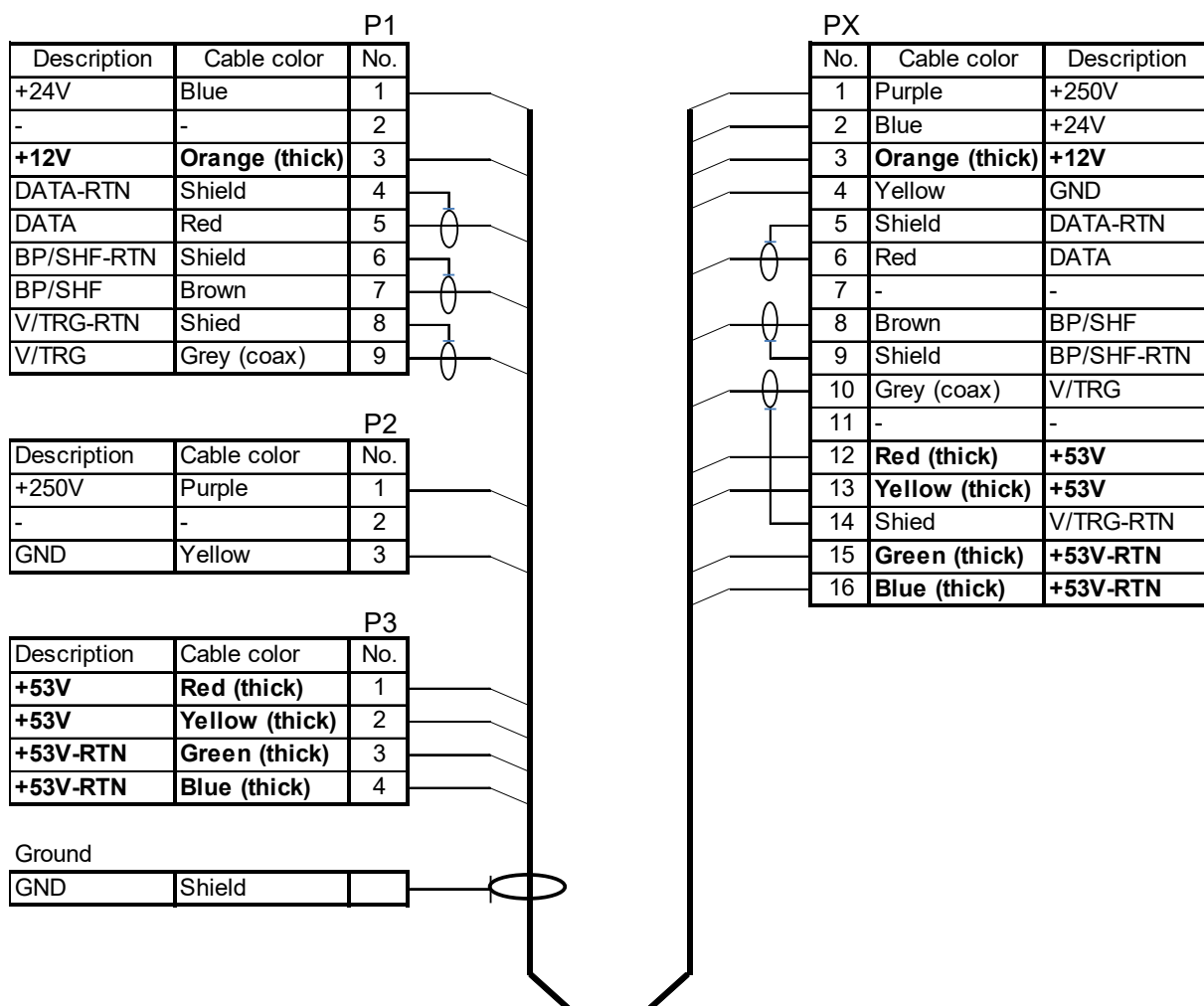
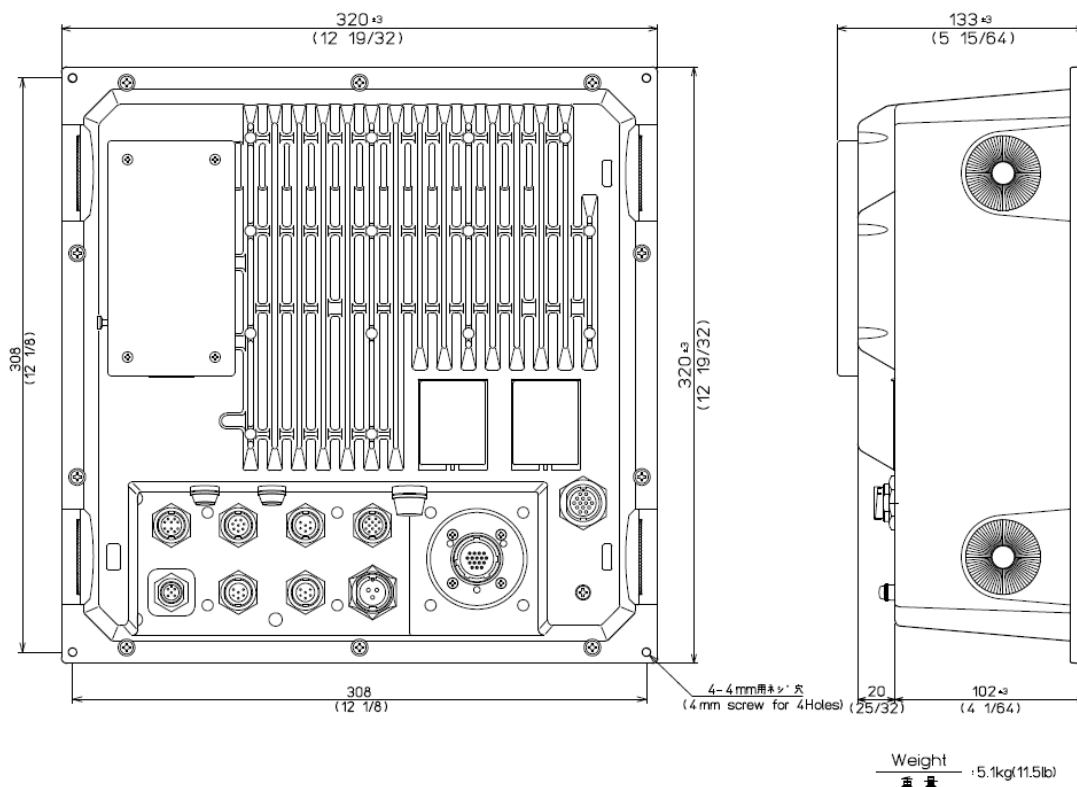


Figure 3.5 Interconnection of cable (CW-845) between Antenna-Scanner unit and Processor unit

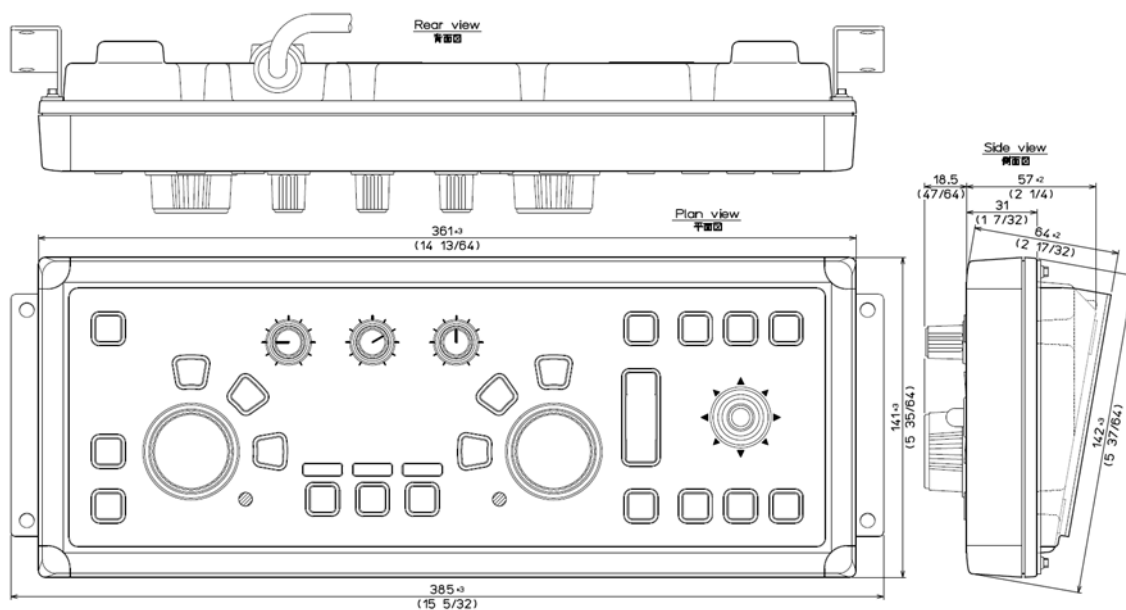
### 3.3 Installation of the Processor unit and Operation unit

#### External view and dimensions

##### MRM-110



##### MRO-110



Weight  
重量 : 2kg(4.5lb) [inclusive base and connecting cable  
／ 架台及び接続ケーブル含む]

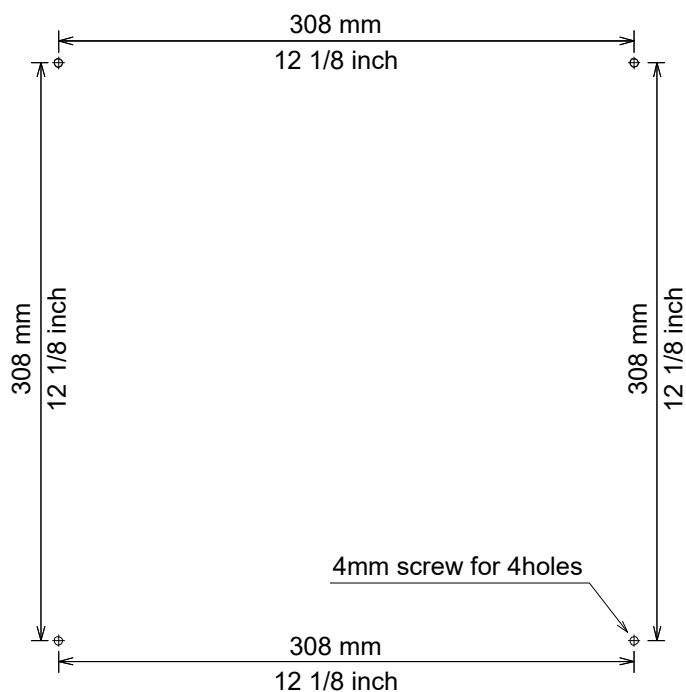
Unit: mm (inch)



### 3.3.1 Installation of Processor unit

The Processor unit MRM-110 can be mounted on a table or a panel. The procedure is as follows.

- (1) Drill four nut-holes with the size shown in Figure 3.6.
- (2) Fit the Processor unit.



**Figure 3.6 Holes for mounting a Processor unit**

### 3.3.2 Installation of Operation unit

- (1) Remove the four corner guard caps of Operation unit. Insert the tip of a small flat-blade screwdriver carefully between a corner guard cap and the front bezel of Operation unit to make a gap, and then pinch and pull up the corner guard cap with fingers. Take care not to damage the bezel of Operation unit by the tip of flat-blade screwdriver.
- (2) Remove M4 (4 mm) screws and remove the Operation unit from the mounting bracket.
- (3) Mark the place as shown in the following figure, and then secure the mounting bracket with 5M (5 mm) tapping screws at four places.
- (4) Secure the Operation unit to clamps with M4 (4 mm) screws that were removed in step (2) and reinstall the corner caps.

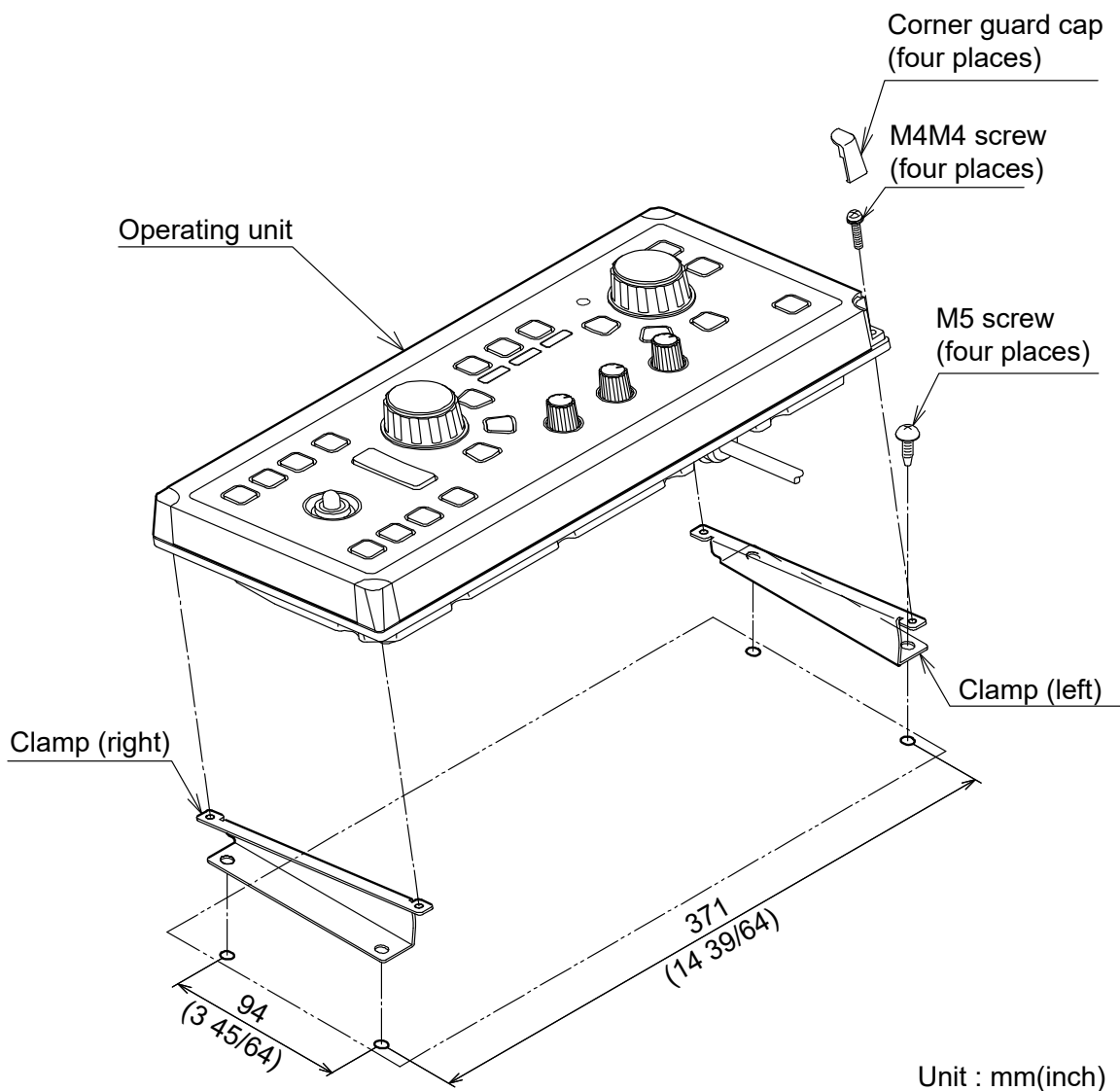
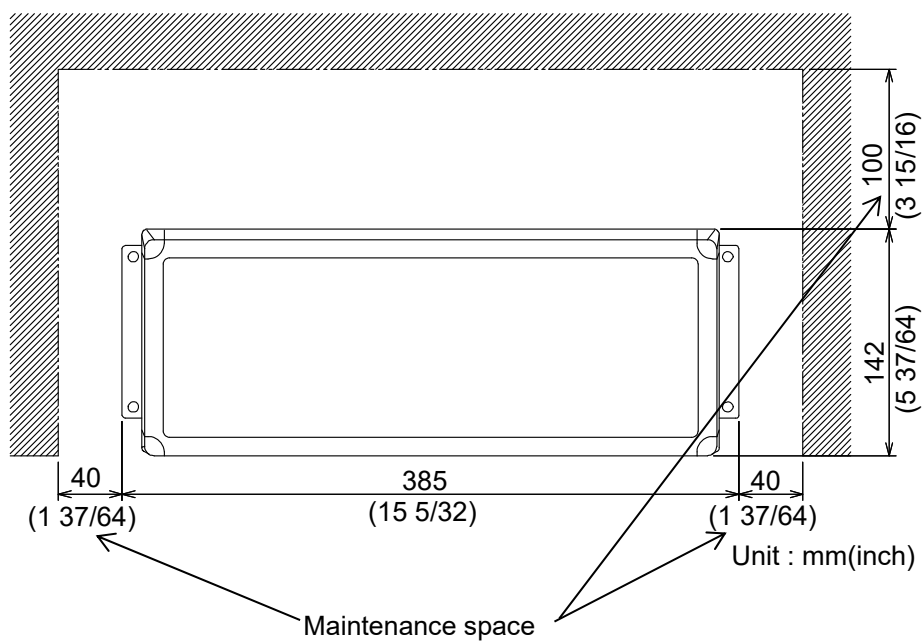


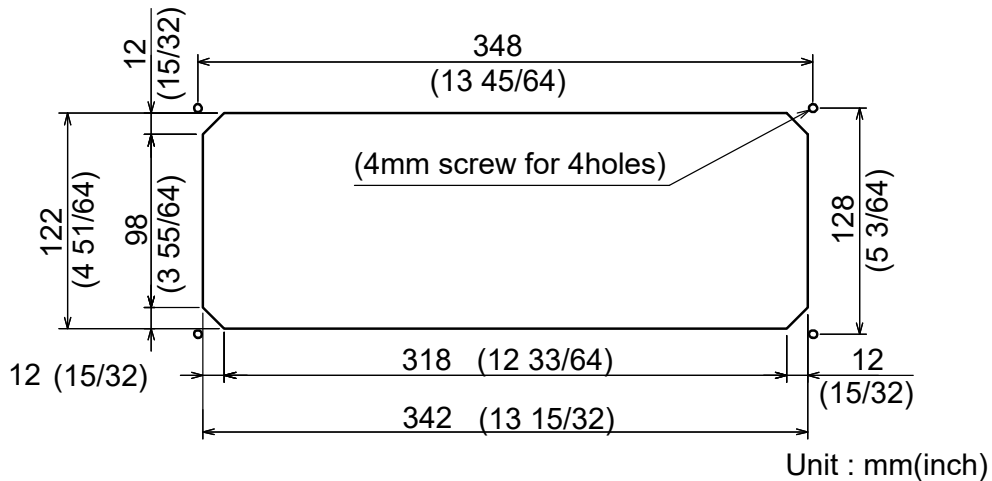
Figure 3.7 Installation of Operation unit

Mounting dimensions**Figure 3.8 Maintenance space necessary for Operation unit**

### 3.3.2.1 Flush mounting for Operation unit

Preparation:

- (1) Cut an opening as shown in Figure 3.9 in desired location on a panel.
- (2) Mark position of mounting holes.

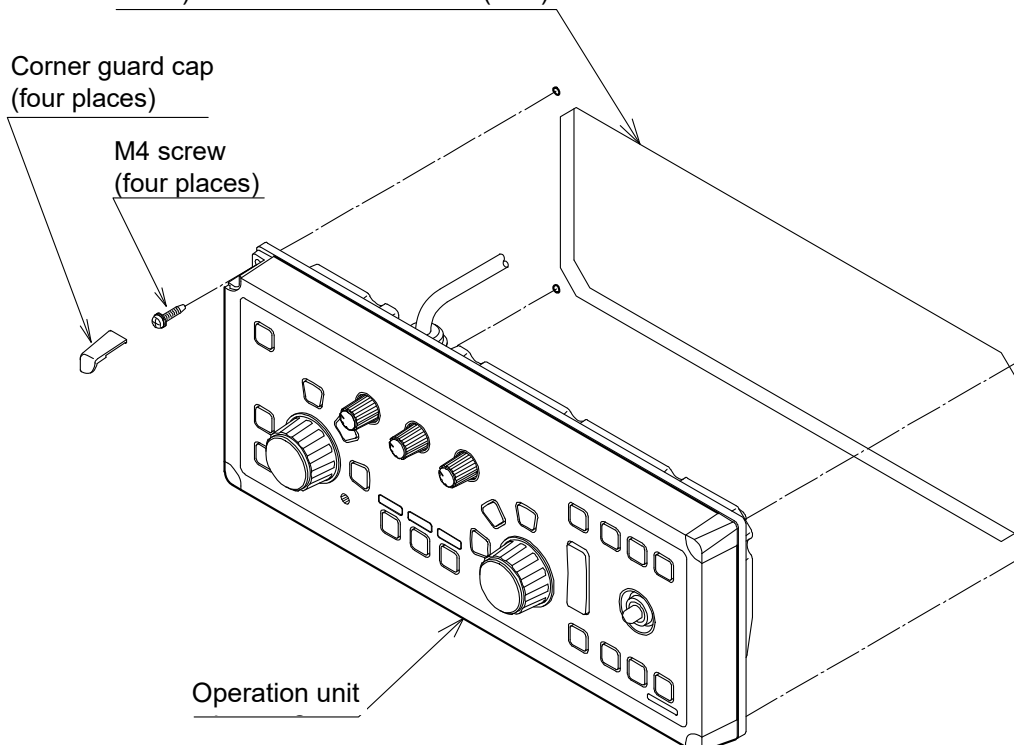


**Figure 3.9 Cutout Diagram for Operation unit**

Installation:

- (1) Remove corner guard caps of Operation unit.
- (2) Insert the Operation unit and its connecting cable into the opening and adjust the Operation unit parallel to the mounting face (Figure 3.10).
- (3) Secure the Operation unit to the panel with 4 mm tapping screw (4 places).
- (4) Reinstall corner guard caps removed in (1) to the original places.

Note) Panel thickness: 10 mm (max)



**Figure 3.10 Flush mounting the Operation unit**

3.4 Cable connection to a Processor unit

3.4.1 Cable connection for MRM-110

Attach cables from an Antenna-Scanner unit, power source and Operation unit, to corresponding receptacles as shown in Figure 3.11.

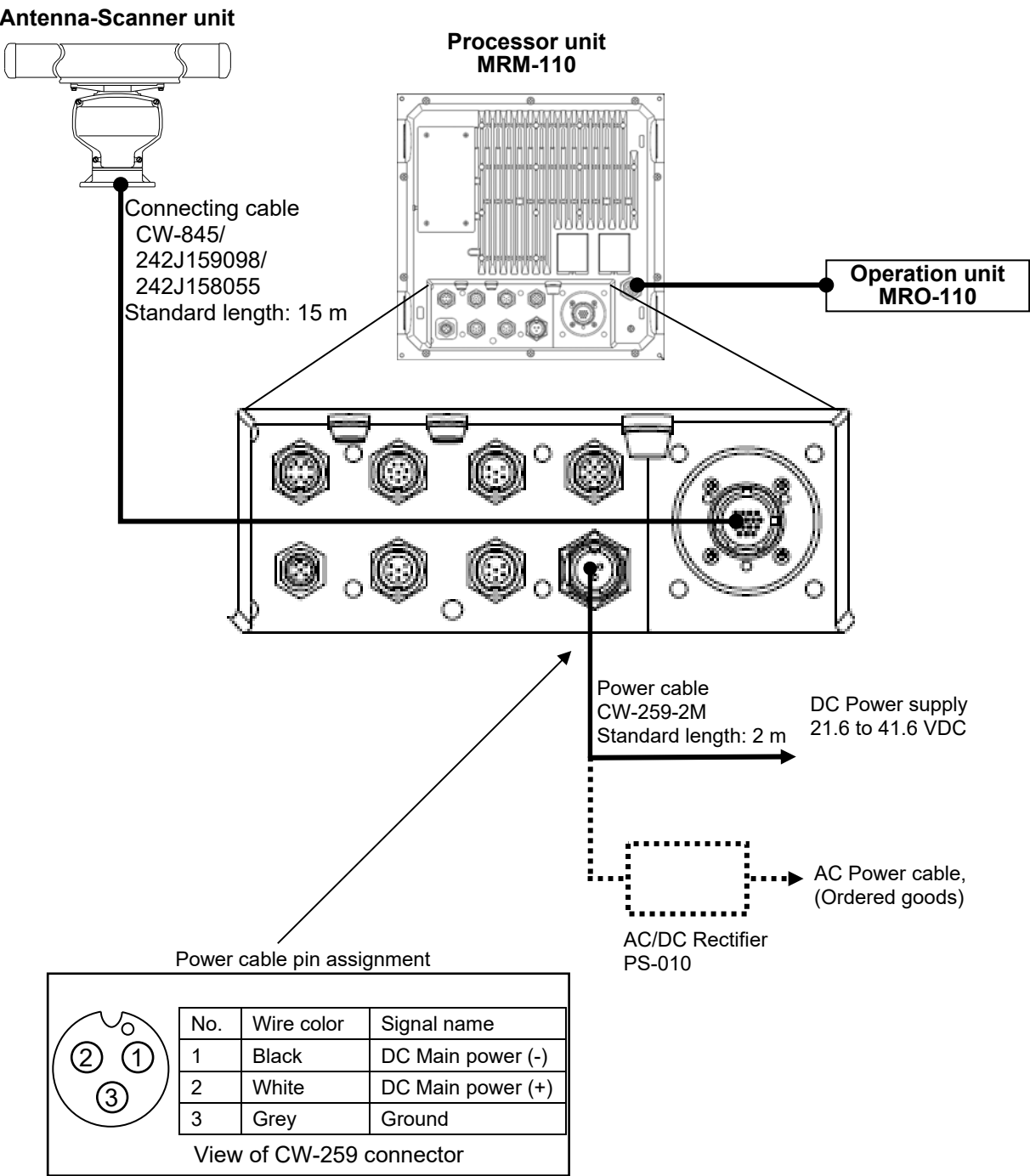


Figure 3.11 Cable connections for standard configuration of MRM-110 Processor unit

Note: Arrangements have been made to achieve electrical separation and isolation between the equipment components and other connected products sustaining a 1KV isolation between the units.

### 3.4.2 Connecting an External monitor

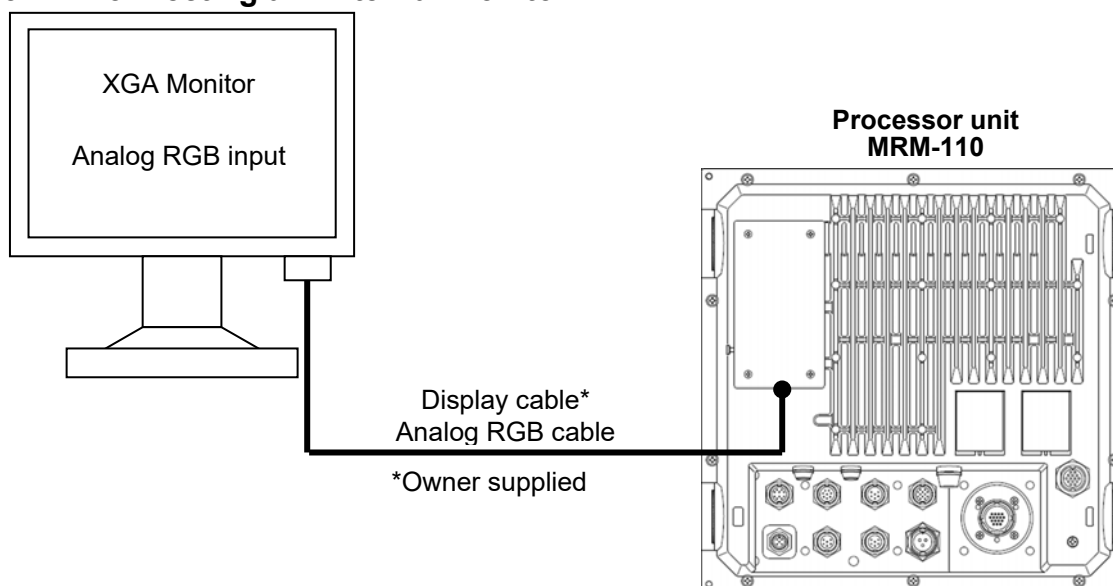


Figure 3.12 Cable connection of Processor unit to ext. monitor

### 3.4.3 Connecting a VDR or External monitor & Failure alarm output

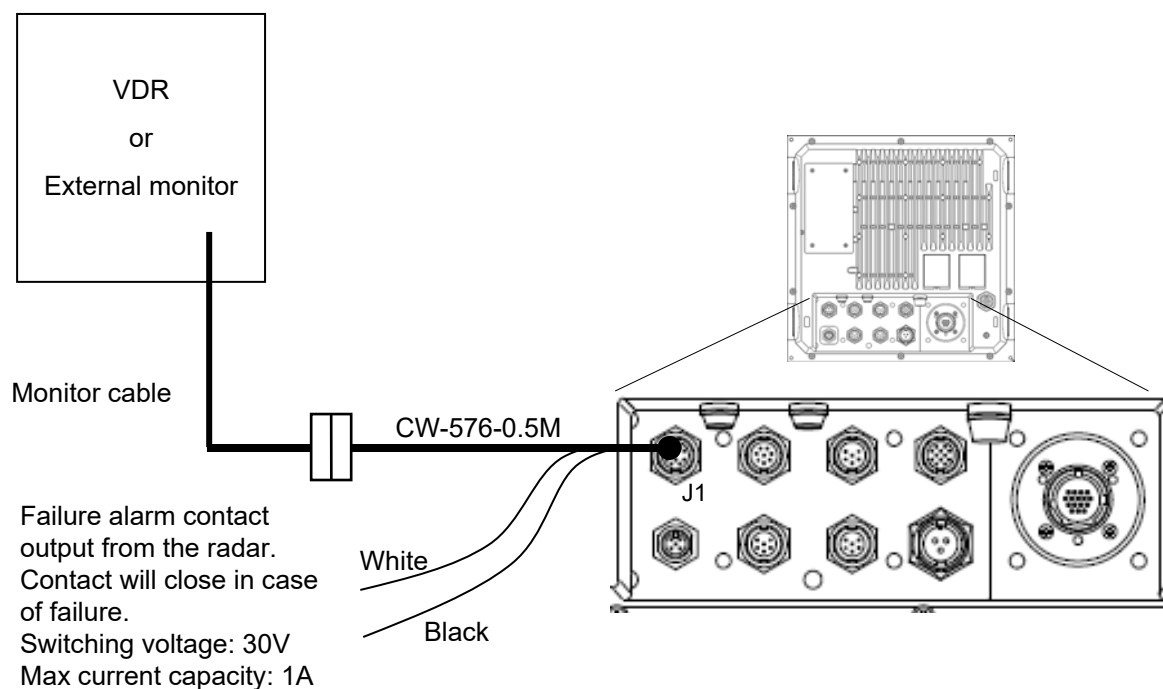
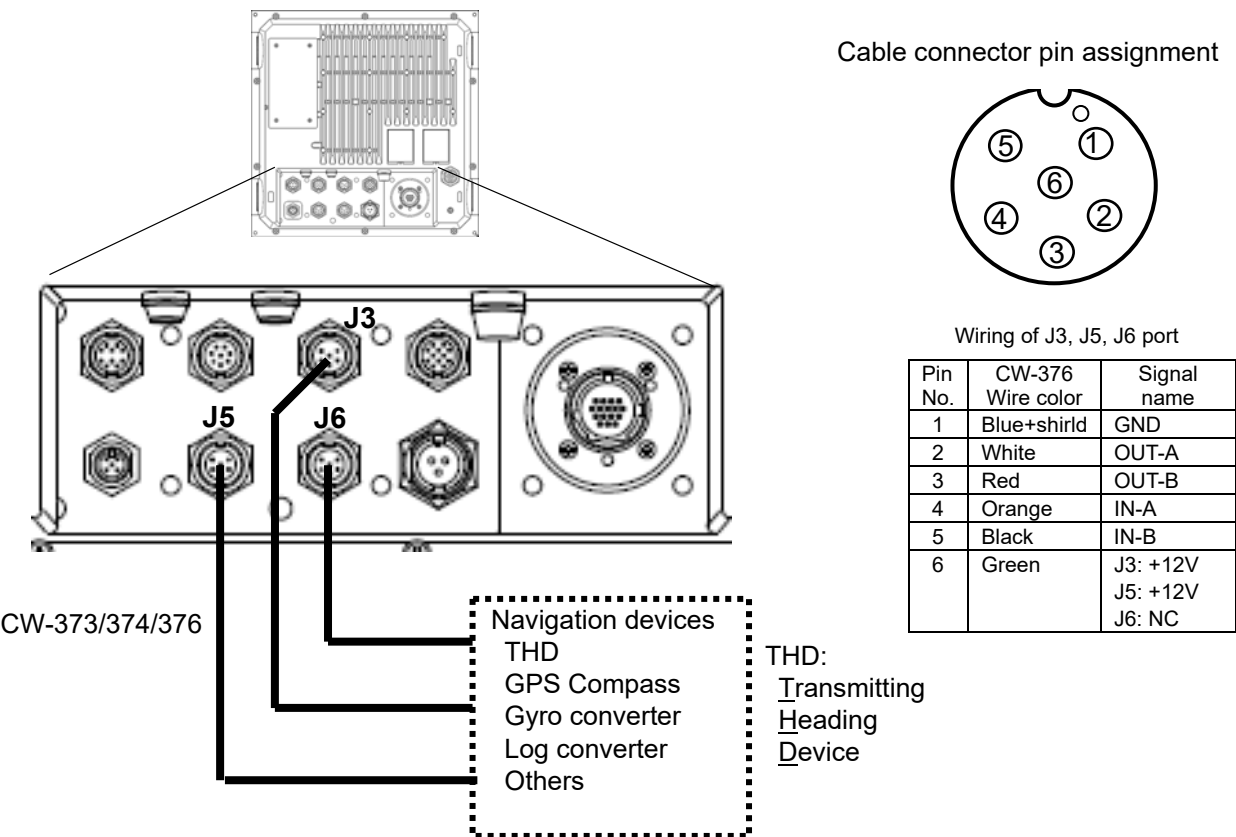


Figure 3.13 Cable connection of Processor unit to VDR and Alarm output

3.4.4 Cable connection for NMEA input/output signals



An initial value of the Baud rate of the port is as follows.  
J3: 38400bps      The Baud rate can switch 4800bps or 38400bps in the radar menu.  
J5: 4800 bps      [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [BAUDRATE]  
J6: 4800 bps

The sentence input to these ports is shown below.

Position information:	GLL, GGA, GNS, RMC, RMA
Heading information:	THS, HDT, HDG, HDM, VTG, RMC, RMA
Speed information:	VBW, VTG, VHW
Set and drift:	VDR
Waypoint information:	RMB, BWC, RTE, WPL
Routes:	RTE, WPL
Cross-track:	RMB, XTE
Datum:	DTM
Depth:	DBT, DPT
Temperature:	MTW
Date:	ZDA, RMC, GGA
LOP:	GLC
Wind:	MWD
ROT:	ROT

These sentences can select the port of each sentence input in the radar menu.  
As for the J6 port, the transmission cycle is set at 0 seconds and not output by default.  
The J5 port is output TTM sentence in a cycle for 1 second by default.  
The J3 port is output at the following cycles by default.  
EVE=1.0s, HBT=5.0s, OSD=1.0s, RSD=1.0s, TLB=5.0s

Figure 3.14 Cable connection for NMEA input/output signals

## Note 1

Please set the output of the heading signal (Gyro converter and THD (gyro serial output)) as follows.

Baud rate=38400bps

TX cycle=25ms-50ms,

Sentence=THS or HDT,

## Note 2

When using inter-switch connection, J3 port is used for a data connection with Master or Slave display.

Refer to “3.4.6 Cable connection for inter-switch”

## Note 3

When connect the GPS Compass made by KODEN, please use J6 port.

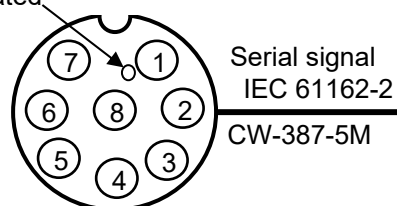
After installation, initialize GPS compass from radar menu to set the baud rate and output sentences by J6.

Refer to “4.2.3.1 Connection of KODEN GPS compass”.

## 3.4.5 AIS cable connection

AIS Cable connector pin assignment

Pin 1 Indicated



Pin No.	CW-387 Wire color		Signal name
1	Shield		Frame ground
2	Blue*	Twist cable	IN-A
3	White		IN-B
4	Yellow	Twist cable	OUT-B
5	Brown		OUT-A
6	Green	Twist cable	GND
	Black		
7	Red	Twist cable	NC
8	Grey		NC
	Purple	Twist cable	
	Orange		
	Blue	Twist cable	
	Brown		
	Yellow	Twist cable	
	Black		

\*Blue wire of “Blue / White” twisted cable must be connected.

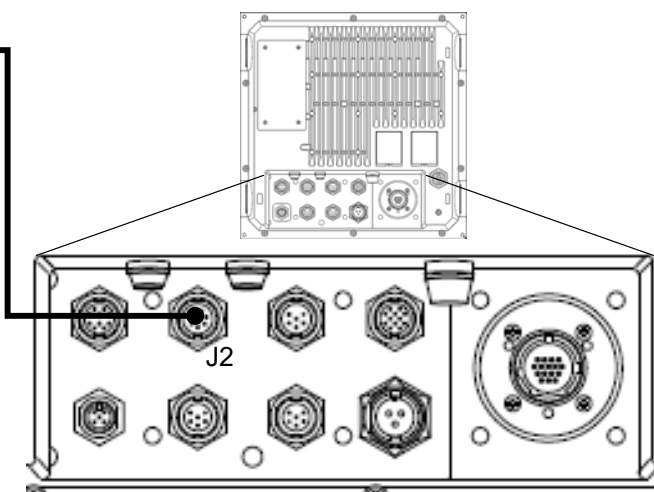


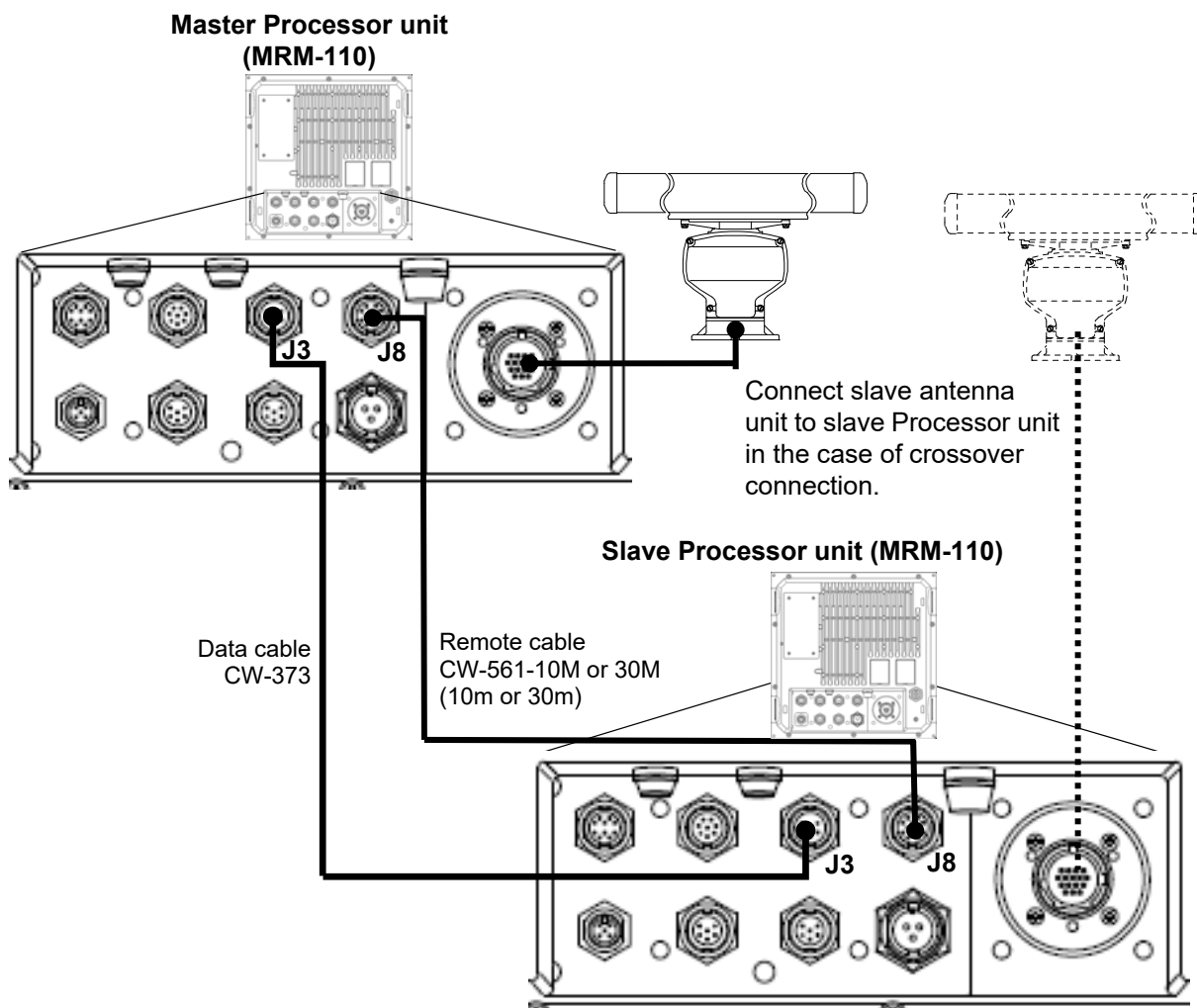
Figure 3.15 Cable connections for AIS



### 3.4.6 Cable connection for inter-switch

#### 3.4.6.1 Cable connection instructions for cross-over, dual and independent connection

In case of a dual, cross-over, or master/slave connection using two sets of radar system or Processor unit, the remote cable and data cable are connected as shown in the figure 3.16.

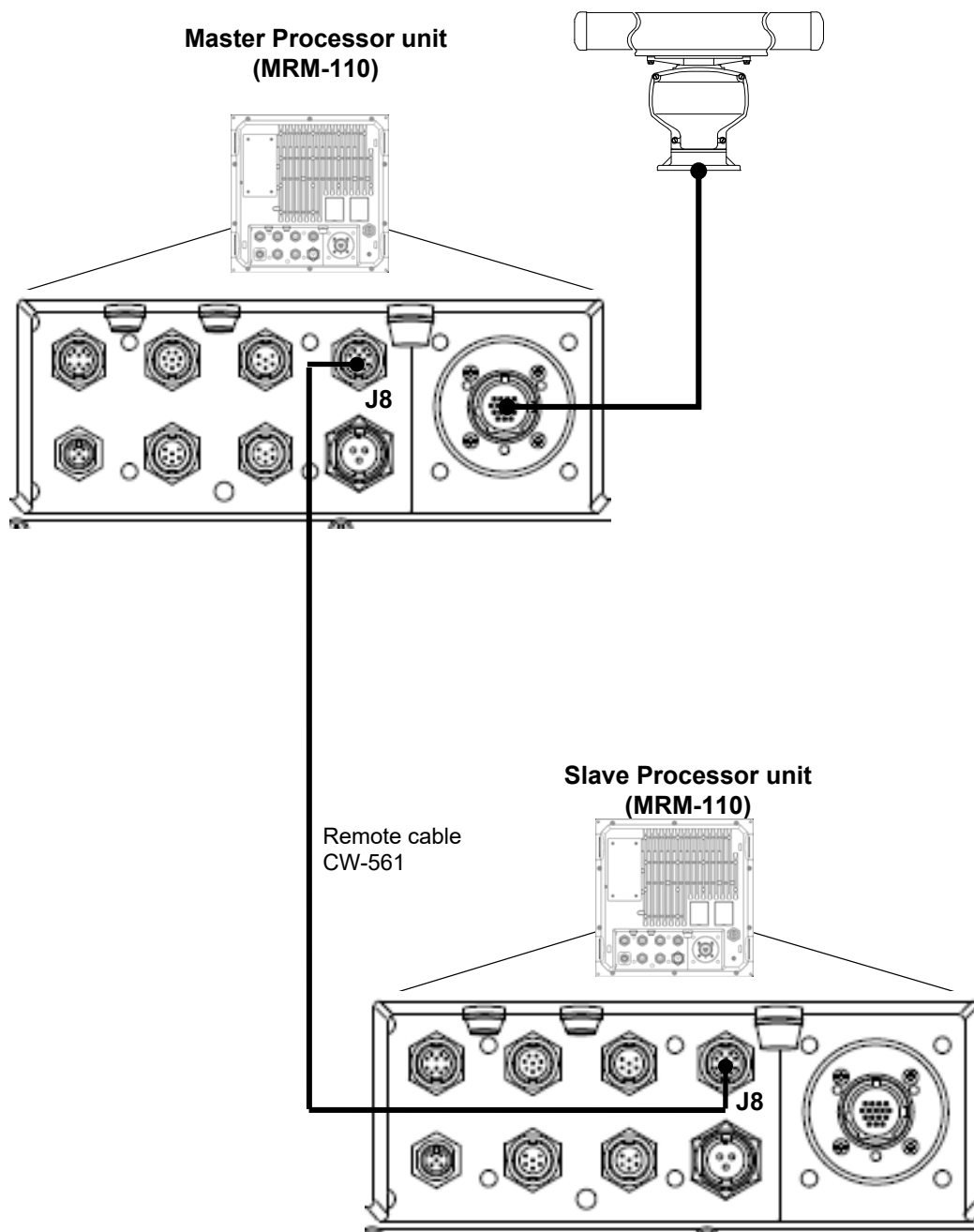


**Figure 3.16 Connecting a slave Processor unit on Crossover, dual and independent connection**

- (1) The heading, speed and latitude/longitude signals input to the data connector of master Processor unit and are supplied to the slave Processor unit via data cable. The slave Processor unit can also use TT (ATA) and chart option functions in the same way as the master one.
- (2) Connect the slave Scanner unit to the slave Processor unit in a crossover connection.
- (3) Operation unit (MRO-110) is required for MRM-110.

### 3.4.6.2 Cable connection for slave display used as a monitor

When the slave Processor unit for radar is used as monitor, the remote cable is connected as follows.



**Figure 3.17 Connecting a slave Processor unit as a monitor**

- (1) When used as a monitor, the slave Processor unit cannot control the Scanner unit. The monitor (slave Processor unit) will display its range in accordance with the master one.
- (2) Operation unit (MRO-110) is required for MRM-110.

## Chapter 4 Setup after installation

Some setup procedures are required after system installation. Before performing the setup procedures, please check the following items for normal operation:

- (1) The onboard power supply powering the radar system has the specified voltage.
- (2) No one is in the area around the Antenna unit on the mast. The indication "Under the radar coordination, do not touch the Operation unit." is marked on the Processor unit.

Note: Press **MENU** key to display "Menu" before the menu operation.

Please execute the items in the [MAINTENANCE] menu to the equipment adjustment in the following order.

STARTUP	TUNE, HL OFFSET, TX DELAY, ANT HEIGHT, ANT CABLE, MBS, SEA CURVE, FUNCTION KEY, RANGE ENABLE, MOTOR HIGH SPEED, MOUSE SPEED, TX HOUR DISP
I/O	Serial interface setting with other equipments.
SECTOR MUTE	Setup sector mute mode ON or OFF, START and END position.
PRESET	Setup RAIN min and max, SEA min and max, GAIN min and max, GAIN offset, and SEA offset.
BACKUP	How to save and load BACKUP data.
BITE	System hardware check.
TOTAL HOUR	Confirmation of the power on time of this system and, reset the time.
TX HOUR	Confirmation of the transmission time, and reset the time.
MENU SETUP	Setup menu item display on or off.
VERSION	Confirmation of installed software version.

## 4.1 STARTUP menu

### 4.1.1 Tune adjustment (TUNE)

In order to achieve best performance, adjustment of the automatic tune is required at the time of a new installation or a magnetron exchange.

It may be impossible to obtain optimum sensitivity without adjusting the automatic tune.

**Caution:** With starting of the tune adjustment, GAIN mode is set at **MAN**, SEA mode is set at **MAN 0**, RAIN mode is set at **MAN 0**, PROCESS is set at **OFF** and the range scale is set at **24NM**. After setting of the tune adjustment, GAIN mode/SEA mode/RAIN mode/PROCESS/range scale will return to previous setting.

- (1) Find stable object such as the mountain or island as far as possible. Adjust **GAIN** knob to decrease the gain to a level where the chosen target is barely visible.
- (2) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TUNE] and set it to [AUTO ADJ] by moving the joystick, and then press **ENT** key.
- (3) Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TUNE] => [AUTO ADJ] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up or down to change the value, and obtain the maximum magnitude of the target on the display. When a target becomes too strong to find the peak, lower gain with **GAIN** knob once again and adjust the tune to obtain the maximum magnitude of target.
- (5) Press **ENT** key to save the result of the maximum magnitude of target.



AUTO ADJ



MAN ADJ

### 4.1.2 Heading adjustment (HL OFFSET)

Bearing compensation due to installation can be adjusted.

- (1) Change the range scale to 1 NM or more by pressing "+" (or "-") key on the Operation unit.
- (2) Select a visible fixed object as far as possible and measure its bearing using magnetic compass or equivalent. Measure the bearing of the same target on the radar display. Adjust it according to the following procedures when both values differ 1 degree or more.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [HL OFFSET] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up or down to adjust the value to match the bearing value of the target picture to the compass value.

- (5) Press **ENT** key to save the adjustment result.

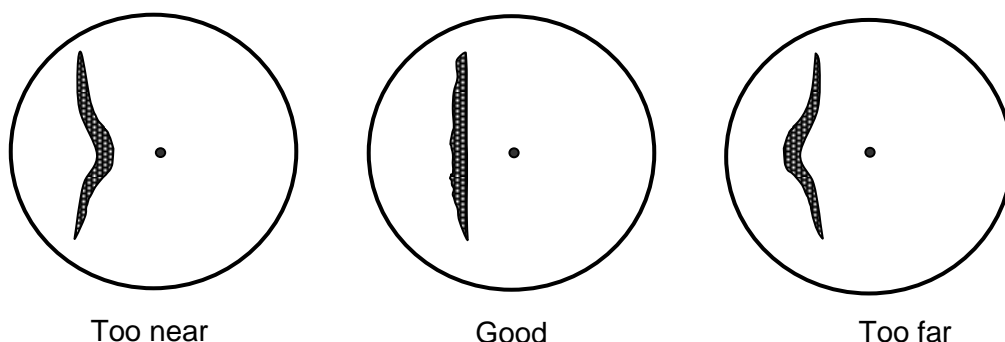
Adjustable value: -180.0 to +180.0

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set Heading (HL OFFSET) adjustment of each antenna. These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

#### 4.1.3 Transmitting delay time adjustment (TX DELAY)

This adjustment is intended to match the picture on the radar display with the distance of an actual target by the adjustment of the transmission delay time. For the most accurate adjustment, find a close, hard, long, straight object such as a quay wall. Select or chose within 100 m an object for the best result. Transmitting delay time is adjusted in accordance with the following procedures.

- (1) Change the range scale to 0.25 NM by pressing “+” (or “-”) key on the Operation unit.
- (2) Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TX DELAY] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (3) Move the joystick up or down to adjust the value to get a straight picture of the straight object in the display as shown in Figure 4.1.
- (4) Press **ENT** key to save the adjustment result.



**Figure 4.1 Picture display of Trigger Adjustment**

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set TX DELAY adjustment of each antenna. These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

#### 4.1.4 Antenna height (ANT HEIGHT)

Set up antenna height from sea level. This adjustment affects the removing sea clutter area. When set low value, removing sea clutter area will narrow. When set high value, area will wide.

- (1) Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[STARTUP]** => **[ANT HEIGHT]** => and set antenna height from the sea level by the joystick, then press **[ENT]** key to save the setting.

Setting value: 0 to 100 m

#### 4.1.5 Antenna cable length (ANT CABLE)

This adjustment corrects the echo signal level by the difference of the antenna cable length.

Improper setting of antenna cable length may result in degraded target detection.

- (1) Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[STARTUP]** => **[ANT CABLE]** => and set cable length by moving the joystick, then press **[ENT]** key to save the setting.

Setting value: 0 to 100 m

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set ANT CABLE adjustment cable of each antenna. These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and automatically when each antenna is selected.

#### 4.1.6 Main Bang Suppression (MBS)

This setting is utilized to suppress the center spot signal at the middle of the picture as shown in Figure 4.2.

- (1) If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale to S1 pulse, set RAIN at 0 by turning **[RAIN]** knob, set SEA at 0 by turning **[SEA]** knob, set GAIN at 8 by turning **[GAIN]** knob, and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **[BRILL]** knob respectively.
- (3) Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".  
Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[STARTUP]** => **[MBS]** => **[S1]** to highlight the last digit value, by moving the joystick.

- (4) Turn **[GAIN]** knob to counterclockwise to display center spot in the middle of the picture.

- (5) Move the joystick up or down to increase **[MBS]** value from 0 with observing the center circle until the circle is faded out. Press **[ENT]** key to save the setting.

- (6) Repeat from S2 pulse to L3 pulse as above procedure.

Adjustable value: 0.000 to 4.000

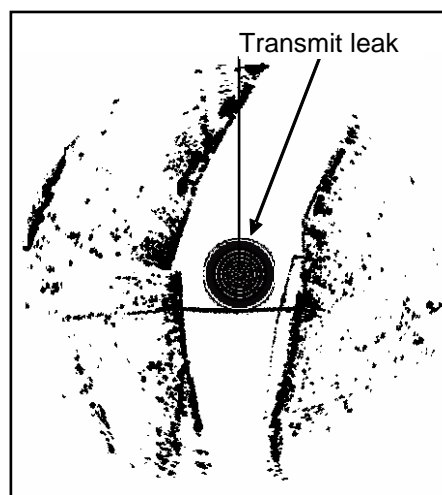


Figure 4.2 Center spot

#### 4.1.7 Setup SEA (STC) curve

Depending on the height at which the antenna is installed, it may be necessary to make the following SEA CURVE correction.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [SEA CURVE] => and select setting level by the joystick, then press **ENT** key.

Adjustable value: 1 to 8

Echoes in short range are varied in accordance with antenna height. Use 1 for the lowest antenna and 8 for highest antenna. Actual adjustment of the STC CURVE is done by obtaining a continuous echo return of sea clutter out to maximum selected range.

Be careful when removing sea clutter in short range as it may also remove small targets.

### 4.1.8 Function key usage

For quick function access, there are six dedicated function keys provided on this radar ("F1", "F2", "F3" keys, "RAIN", "SEA", "GAIN" knobs).

You can switch to a pre specified function by pressing each key.

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [FUNCTION KEY] => [F1] key => press **ENT** key and after selecting the setup value.

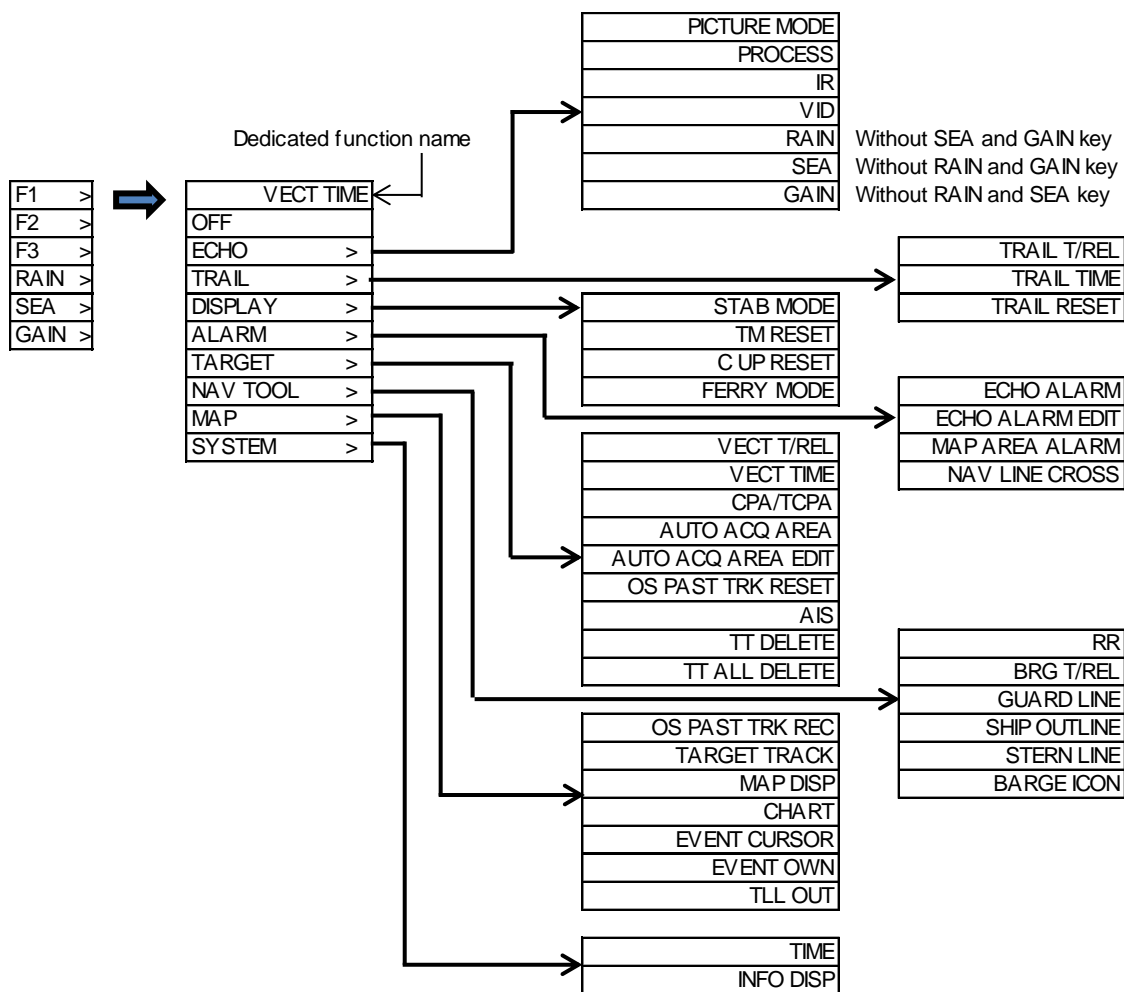


Figure 4.3 Function key setup value

- Follow procedure (1) to setup keys [F2], [F3], [RAIN], [SEA] and [GAIN] by selecting each item and press **ENT** key.
- Another way to setup each function key is to press and hold desired key until menu selection shows up on the right side of display. Using joystick and **ENT** key make a selection and save to designated function key.



### 4.1.9 RANGE ENABLE

Following operation can enable suitable ranges.

- (1) Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".  
Select **[MAINTENANCE]** => **[STARTUP]** => **[RANGE ENABLE]**
- (2) Select range value and set **[ON]** or **[OFF]**.
- (3) Press **[ENT]** key to save the range enable or disable to use.

#### **MDC-5004 / 5005**

Range unit : NM

>RANGE ENABLE	
0.0625	OFF
0.125	<b>ON</b>
0.25	<b>ON</b>
0.5	<b>ON</b>
0.75	<b>ON</b>
1	OFF
1.5	<b>ON</b>
2	OFF
3	<b>ON</b>
4	OFF
5	OFF
6	<b>ON</b>
8	OFF
10	OFF
12	<b>ON</b>
16	OFF
20	OFF
24	<b>ON</b>
32	OFF
36	OFF
40	OFF
48	<b>ON</b>
50	OFF
64	OFF
80	OFF
96	OFF
100	OFF
120	OFF
144	OFF

Range unit : km

>RANGE ENABLE	
0.125	<b>ON</b>
0.25	<b>ON</b>
0.5	<b>ON</b>
1	OFF
1.5	OFF
2	<b>ON</b>
3	OFF
4	<b>ON</b>
5	OFF
6	OFF
8	<b>ON</b>
10	OFF
12	OFF
16	<b>ON</b>
20	OFF
24	OFF
32	<b>ON</b>
36	OFF
40	OFF
48	OFF
50	OFF
64	<b>ON</b>
80	OFF
96	OFF
100	OFF
120	OFF
144	OFF
200	OFF

**MDC-5006 / MDC-5012**

Range unit : NM

>MAINTENANCE	
>STARTUP	
>RANGE ENABLE	
0.0625	OFF
0.125	<b>ON</b>
0.25	<b>ON</b>
0.5	<b>ON</b>
0.75	<b>ON</b>
1	OFF
1.5	<b>ON</b>
2	OFF
3	<b>ON</b>
4	OFF
5	OFF
6	<b>ON</b>
8	OFF
10	OFF
12	<b>ON</b>
16	OFF
20	OFF
24	<b>ON</b>
32	<b>ON</b>
36	OFF
40	OFF
48	<b>ON</b>
50	OFF
64	<b>ON</b>
80	OFF
96	OFF
100	OFF
120	OFF
144	OFF

Range unit : km

>MAINTENANCE	
>STARTUP	
>RANGE ENABLE	
0.125	<b>ON</b>
0.25	<b>ON</b>
0.5	<b>ON</b>
1	OFF
1.5	OFF
2	<b>ON</b>
3	OFF
4	<b>ON</b>
5	OFF
6	OFF
8	<b>ON</b>
10	OFF
12	OFF
16	<b>ON</b>
20	OFF
24	OFF
32	<b>ON</b>
36	OFF
40	OFF
48	OFF
50	OFF
64	<b>ON</b>
80	OFF
96	<b>ON</b>
100	OFF
120	OFF
144	OFF
200	OFF

**MDC-5025**

Range unit : NM

>MAINTENANCE	
>STARTUP	
>RANGE ENABLE	
0.0625	OFF
0.125	<b>ON</b>
0.25	<b>ON</b>
0.5	<b>ON</b>
0.75	<b>ON</b>
1	OFF
1.5	<b>ON</b>
2	OFF
3	<b>ON</b>
4	OFF
5	OFF
6	<b>ON</b>
8	OFF
10	OFF
12	<b>ON</b>
16	OFF
20	OFF
24	<b>ON</b>
32	OFF
36	OFF
40	OFF
48	<b>ON</b>
50	OFF
64	OFF
80	OFF
96	<b>ON</b>
100	OFF
120	OFF
144	OFF

Range unit : km

>MAINTENANCE	
>STARTUP	
>RANGE ENABLE	
0.125	<b>ON</b>
0.25	<b>ON</b>
0.5	<b>ON</b>
1	OFF
1.5	OFF
2	<b>ON</b>
3	OFF
4	<b>ON</b>
5	OFF
6	OFF
8	<b>ON</b>
10	OFF
12	OFF
16	<b>ON</b>
20	OFF
24	OFF
32	<b>ON</b>
36	OFF
40	OFF
48	OFF
50	OFF
64	<b>ON</b>
80	OFF
96	<b>ON</b>
100	OFF
120	OFF
144	<b>ON</b>
200	OFF

**Fig 4.4 Initial range scale setting**

Note: Range unit can be changed by [DISPLAY] => [RANGE UNIT] menu.

#### 4.1.10 MOTOR HIGH SPEED

Set up when antenna high speed rotation is used.



## 4.2 Setup I/O Interface

For display mode, TT(ATA), true ship's trail and own ship's trail, it is necessary to input ship's bearing data and ship's speed data from other devices. In addition, for AIS, mapping function, display of own ship's information and display of latitude and longitude, it is necessary to input latitude and longitude data of own ship's data. In order to use these data, set the following menu items after connection in accordance with 3.4 "Cable connection to a Processor unit".

Note: Refer to "4.2.2 How to use without NMEA input connection" for the method to use without inputting NMEA data.

Example display: Press **MENU** key to display "Menu" and select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O]

>I/O			
HDG	>		Select input source of heading
MAN	0.0°		Manual input heading data
OFFSET	0.0°		Offset value of heading input
STW	>		Select input source of STW
MAN	6.6kn		Manual input STW data
COG/SOG	>		Select input source of COG/SOG
DLOG	218.3°		Talker device name and course value
DLOG	6.6kn		Talker device name and speed value
POSITION	>		Select input source of position data
DGPS	35°15.174N		Talker device name and LAT/LON value
	139°48.010E		
OFFSET	DTM		Input device of position offset data
MAN	0.000N		The name of position offset value and offset value
	0.000E		
SET/DRIFT	>		Select input source of SET/DRIFT VDR or MAN
MAN	0.0°		Manual input SET data
	0.0kn		Manual input DRIFT data
TIME	>		Select input source of time ZDA or CLOCK
GPS	01/01/15		Time source name and date and time
	07:57		
TIME ZONE	00:00		Time zone value
OUTPUT	>		Setup NMEA sentences of output
INPUT	>		Setup NMEA sentences of input
BAUDRATE	>		Setup baud rate
KGC SET	>		Setup KODEN GPS compass
SERIAL MONITOR	>		Serial monitor of NMEA data

Figure 4.6 I/O menu

### 4.2.1 Setup TIME

Set up time related items to be displayed in the upper right part of the display.

Select information source of time to be indicated.

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [TIME] => [ZDA] or [CLOCK\*], and press **ENT** key.

\* CLOCK: Internal clock of the radar

Note:

- When [TIME] sets to [ZDA], and RMC or GGA sentence is received without ZDA, only time data will be displayed.
- When the battery runs low, the internal clock of the radar will not always work properly. Please exchange the internal battery. (Refer to "5.4.2 Replacement of Internal Battery")

In order to use the internal clock of the radar, time set is required.

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [TIME] => [CLOCK], and press **ENT** key.

Set the internal clock for year, month and day by UTC.

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [CLOCK SET] => [DATE] => to highlight the value of [Day/Month/Year]. Move the joystick up or down to match it to the coordinated universal time, and then press **ENT** key.

Set the internal clock for time by UTC.

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

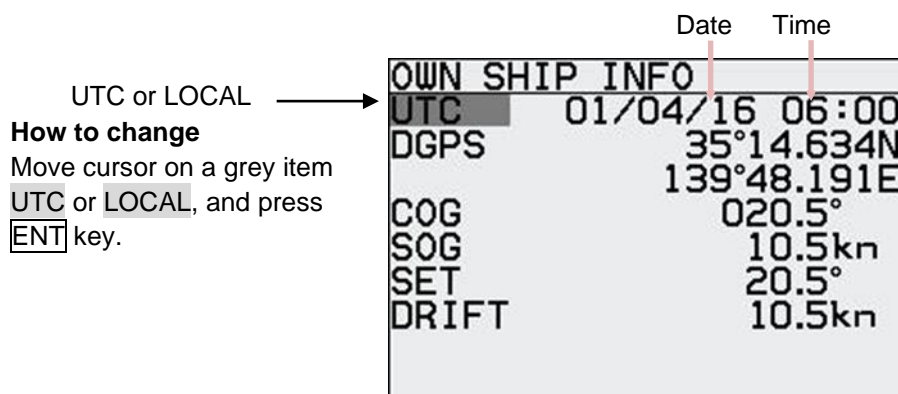
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [CLOCK SET] => [TIME] => to highlight the value of [hour: minute]. Move the joystick up or down to match it to the coordinated universal time, and then press **ENT** key.

Input time difference between local time and UTC.

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [TIME ZONE] => to highlight the value of [hour: minute].

Move the joystick up or down to match it to the time difference, and then press **ENT** key.



Note:

#### **Display "OWN SHIP INFO" method**

(1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

(2) Select [DISPLAY] => [INFO DISP] => select [UPPER], [MIDDLE1], [MIDDLE2] or [BOTTOM] => [OWN SHIP INFO], and press **ENT** key.

(3) Press **MENU** key to close "Menu".

### **4.2.2 How to use without Heading, Speed, Latitude and Longitude input**

To use the function of this radar effectively, the default is set provided that all external input shall be connected at the initial status. Therefore, when no Heading and Speed signals are input from navigation equipment (in case not connected), this radar gives alarms and warning messages at lower right of the display, if the radar is started up factory default settings. These alarms are disengaged by pressing OFF key temporarily, however, the alarms are activated again next time the radar is start up.

When only basic function of radar will be used without input signals from other devices, please use this radar with keeping the ship's bearing, ship's speed and latitude and longitude OFF as follows to disengage the alarm detection at start up.

Once set, the alarm is not detected next time the radar is started up. In this case, navigation function, mapping function, display of data, TT (ARPA) and AIS, etc. will be unable to use.

#### **Method of setting**

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu" and set as follows.

When HDG is not input (GPS compass and GYRO are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [HDG INPUT] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

When SPD is not input (LOG and GPS are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [SPD INPUT] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

Note: Please use the stability standard as [SEA STAB] (default value). A warning will be generated if it is set to [GROUND STAB]. Select [DISPLAY] => [STAB MODE] => [SEA] and press **ENT** key.

When LAT/LON is not input (GPS and PLOTTER are not connected):

(1) [ALARM] => [ALARM ON/OFF] => [I/O] => [LAT/LON INPUT] => [OFF], and press **ENT** key.

### 4.2.3 Set up Heading interfaces

#### 4.2.3.1 Connection of KODEN GPS compass

Connect GPS compass to the J6 port.

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu" and set as follows with the joystick.

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [HDG] => [HDG] => [AUTO], and press **ENT** key.

Initialize GPS compass (DATA 1 or DATA 2 in KGC-222, DATA 2 in KGC-1 and J6 port of the radar are optimally reset.)

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [KGC SET] => [INITIAL] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

Note: With this initialization, port connected to the radar of GPS compass is set at 38400 bps, 50 ms for signal cycle, and HDT, GGA, VTG, DTM and ZDA for signal type.

#### Compensate angles of GPS compass

When mounting direction of GPS compass has been out of alignment, compensation of the misalignment allows GPS compass to output HDT signals as follows.

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [KGC SET] => [BRG CORR] => [0.0°], and then select the last digit of entry frame for a numerical value and set with **ENT** key after pointing at the angle to be compensated by moving the joystick up and down.

#### 4.2.3.2 Connection of other device

In case of a gyro with analogue signal output such as step signal or synchronous signal (Refer to "3.4.5 Connecting a Gyro converter unit or THD"), insert a gyro converter unit between them, convert the analogue signal into that of the NMEA signal of 38400bps, and then input the signal into the J3, J5 or J6 port of this device.

When a THD (a gyro with output based on IEC 61162-2) or a GPS compass from another manufacturer is connected (Refer to "3.4.4 Connecting a Gyro converter unit or THD"), connect the output based on IEC 61162 directly to the J3, J5 or J6 port of this radar. Setting can be performed with pressing **MENU** key as follows:

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [HDG] => [HDG] => [AUTO], and press **ENT** key.

Set values: AUTO, THS, HDT, HDG, HDM, VTG, RMC, RMA, MAN

**Caution: In case of either HDG, HDM, VTG, RMC, RMA or Manual is selected, TT (ATA) function and true trail will not always work properly.**



#### 4.2.3.3 How to input the heading value by manual

The heading data can be set by manual for the purpose of an examination or repair.

Setting can be performed with pressing **MENU** key as follows:

- (1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [HDG] => [HDG] => [MAN], and press **ENT** key.
- (2) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [HDG] => [MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (3) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.  
Setting value: 0.0 to 359.9°

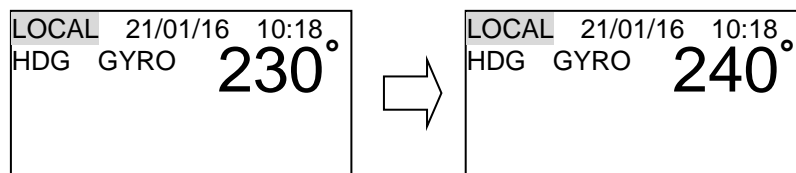
Note: The manual input data is displayed with yellow color.

#### 4.2.3.4 Compensation of angle of ship's bearing

When there is any constant error in input ship's bearing, it can be used after compensated as follows:

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
[MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [HDG] => [OFFSET] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (2) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.  
Setting value: 0.0 to 359.9°

Example: OFFSET value: 10°



#### 4.2.4 Setting of STW to be used for SEA STAB

Select an input device for STW to be used for TT (ATA), AIS, TM, True Trail and OS Past track at stabilized speed against water.

In case of speed meter against water with pulse output such as LOG, the output shall be put of this unit after conversion of the signal into that of NMEA signal through LOG converter unit inserted between them.

Speed signal from GPS compass or GPS can be also input. For setting of this, use of [AUTO] is recommended as shown below.

- (1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [STW] => [STW] => [AUTO], and press **ENT** key.  
Set values: AUTO, VHW, VBW, VTG, RMC, RMB, RMA, MAN, CURRENT

MAN: This function is intended to input speed values manually. [MAN] is provided as an emergency measure, because many functions of radar become unavailable when the speed meter is faulty. However, when [MAN] is selected, AIS is not available.

CURRENT: This means that STW is calculated from ground speed data and SET/DRIFT data inputted from VDR sentence or by manual.

#### 4.2.4.1 How to input the STW value by manual

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [STW] => [MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

(2) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 0.0 to 100.0 kn

Note: The manual input data is displayed with yellow color.

#### 4.2.5 Setting of COG/SOG to be used for GROUND STAB

Select an input device of COG/SOG to be used for TT (ATA), AIS, True Trail and PAST POSN at stabilized speed against ground. It is necessary to connect to GPS, Navigation device (VTG, RMC and RMA), 2-axis SDME (VBW) or current meter (CURRENT).

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [COG/SOG] => [COG/SOG] => [AUTO], and press **ENT** key.

Set values: AUTO, VBW, VTG, RMC, RMA, MAN, CURRENT

CURRENT: COG/SOG is calculated from STW and SET/DRIFT data.

Caution: When a ship has been brought to or is sailing, VTG, RMC and RMA of GPS may wamble in the course. Therefore, the speed vector of TT (ATA) may also wamble. In this case, use it at the stabilized speed against water.

#### 4.2.5.1 How to input the COG value by manual

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [COG/SOG] => [COG MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

(2) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 0.0 to 359.9°

Note: The manual input data is displayed with yellow color.

#### 4.2.5.2 How to input the SOG value by manual

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [COG/SOG] => [SOG MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

(2) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 0.0 to 100.0 kn

Note: The manual input data is displayed with yellow color.

### 4.2.6 Setting of SET/DRIFT to be used for CURRENT mode

When [CURRENT] is selected in “4.2.4” (STW) and “4.2.5” (COG/SOG), the device to input SET/DRIFT is selected.

Select the sensor of SET/DRIFT when [CURRENT] is selected at STW and COG/SOG.

- (1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SET/DRIFT] => [SET/DRIFT] => [VDR] or [MAN], and press **ENT** key.

Set values: VDR, MAN

MAN: Use SET/DRIFT value manually input.

Note: AIS display does not work when [MAN] is selected.

#### 4.2.6.1 How to input the SET/DRIFT value by manual

- (1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SET/DRIFT] => [SET MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (2) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.  
Setting value: 0.0 to 359.9°
- (3) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SET/DRIFT] => [DRIFT MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.  
Setting value: 0.0 to 100.0 kn

Note: The manual input data is displayed with yellow color.

### 4.2.7 Setting of latitude and longitude (POSITION)

When AIS and MAP functions are used, it is necessary to input position data from GPS or navigation devices.

- (1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [POSITION] => Select [AUTO], [GNS], [GGA], [GLL], [RMC], [RMA], or [MAN], and press **ENT** key.  
Set value: AUTO, GNS, GGA, GLL, RMC, RMA, MAN,

MAN: Manual input function as an emergency measure when positioning device such as GPS is faulty.

#### 4.2.7.1 How to input the POSITION value by manual

- (1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [POSITION] => [MAN], and press **ENT** key.
- (2) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [LAT MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.
- (3) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

(4) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [LON MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

(5) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Note: The manual input data is displayed with yellow color.

#### 4.2.7.2 Compensation of POSITION data

When the geodetic system in navigator and that in the map used are different, the position may become different even with the same values of latitude and longitude. In this case, input of [OFFSET] allows these positions to be matched.

[MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [OFFSET] => [OFFSET] => [DTM] or [MAN], and press **ENT** key.

Set values: DTM and MAN

MAN: Setting is done by manual input of values.

AIS cannot be displayed because radar DATUM differs from DATUM of AIS when you used position offset.

#### 4.2.7.3 How to input the compensation of position data by manual

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [OFFSET] => [OFFSET] => [MAN], and press **ENT** key.

(2) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [OFFSET] => [LAT MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

(3) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 1.000S to 1.000N

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [OFFSET] => [LON MAN] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the joystick.

(5) Move the joystick up or down to set the value. Press **ENT** key to save the set result.

Setting value: 1.000W to 1.000E

For setting in [MAN] mode, set the radar in N-UP mode to display map. Transmit radar and display the echo. Then, comparing the landscape of the radar image with the map, input offset values of latitude and longitude with the joystick. When a value is input, it moves right and left. Compensation can be easily applied.

### 4.2.8 Setting of serial output

Following serial data sentences can be output from NMEA port (J3, J5 or J6).

Make selection by following steps.

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] => [OUTPUT J3], [OUTPUT J5] or [OUTPUT J6].

Then indicate following submenu by moving the joystick to the right.

>OUTPUT J3		>OUTPUT J5		>OUTPUT J6	
DTM	0.0sec	DTM	0.0sec	DTM	0.0sec
EVE	1.0sec	EVE	0.0sec	EVE	0.0sec
GLL	0.0sec	GLL	0.0sec	GLL	0.0sec
HBT	5.0sec	HBT	0.0sec	HBT	0.0sec
HDT	0.0sec	HDT	0.0sec	HDT	0.0sec
OSD	1.0sec	OSD	0.0sec	OSD	0.0sec
POS	0.0sec	POS	0.0sec	POS	0.0sec
ROT	0.0sec	ROT	0.0sec	ROT	0.0sec
RSD	1.0sec	RSD	0.0sec	RSD	0.0sec
THS	0.0sec	THS	0.0sec	THS	0.0sec
TLB	5.0sec	TLB	0.0sec	TLB	0.0sec
TLL	0.0sec	TLL	0.0sec	TLL	0.0sec
TTD	0.0sec	TTD	0.0sec	TTD	0.0sec
TTM	0.0sec	TTM	1.0sec	TTM	0.0sec
VBW	0.0sec	VBW	0.0sec	VBW	0.0sec
VDR	0.0sec	VDR	0.0sec	VDR	0.0sec
VHW	0.0sec	VHW	0.0sec	VHW	0.0sec
VTG	0.0sec	VTG	0.0sec	VTG	0.0sec
ZDA	0.0sec	ZDA	0.0sec	ZDA	0.0sec

Highlight numeral value and enter desired period for desired sentence.

**No output is available by 0.0 sec setting.**

**ENT key press validates the value.**

#### 4.2.8.1 Setting of TLL output

The position of marks and a cursor can be output to external devices.

Select the kinds of TLL sentences to be output.

(1) [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] => [TLL OUT] => Select [TT], [MARK] or [TARGET], and press **ENT** key.

Set values: TT, MARK, TARGET

TT: The position of automatic tracking target captured is output with the cycle set in "4.2.8 Setting of serial output".

MARK: The positions marked in drawing will be output at every marking.

TARGET: TLL output is set on the function key. Every press of the function key allows the position of cursor to be output as TLL on the screen.

### 4.2.8.2 TTM target number

Select 2 or 3 digits for the target number in the output TTM sentence.

[2 DIGITS]: IEC61162-1 3<sup>rd</sup> and former

[3 DIGITS]: IEC61162-1 4<sup>th</sup> and after

### 4.2.9 Limiting of type of signal to input port

When the device is connected with multiple nautical instruments, the same signals from HDT and GLL, etc. are input from several input ports. If the values of these input signals are different, interference that may cause jumping of ship's bearing and LAT/LON may occur. In these cases, an input port can be assigned for each signal type.

Select as [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [INPUT] and display the setting sub-menu as follows:

Setting sub-menu

Selection cursor moves within sub-menu when joystick is turned up and down.

When a signal is input in a port, the mark of ● is displayed. However, it is not displayed if the format is not matched.

Port number  
J3 : NMEA  
J5 : NMEA  
J6 : NMEA

Select the sentence (here, GGA) to be assigned and turn the joystick right, to display sub-menu. Move the joystick up and down to select the port to be assigned (here, J5) and press [ENT] key for setting.

Name of the assigned port is displayed. Here it is J3.

>INPUT		J3	J5	J6	O1	O2
BWC	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
DBT	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
DPT	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
DTM	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
GGA	●	—	—	—	—	ALL
GLC	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
GLL	●	—	—	—	—	J3
GNS	—	—	—	—	—	J5
HBT	—	—	—	—	—	J6
HDG	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
HDM	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
HDT	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
MTW	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
RMA	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
RMB	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
RMC	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
ROT	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
RTE	●	—	—	—	—	ALL
THS	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
VBW	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
VDR	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
VHW	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
VTG	●	—	—	—	—	J3
WPL	●	—	—	—	—	ALL
XTE	—	—	—	—	—	ALL
ZDA	—	●	—	—	—	ALL

Fig 4.7 Input signals and ports

#### 4.2.10 Changing baud-rate of input/output ports of navigation devices.

When the data is correctly input in each port and is not displayed on the display, the baudrate of signals (4800 or 38400bps) may be unmatched. In this case, display [INPUT] menu mentioned in 4.2.9, and confirm that a mark is displayed at the intersection point of the input sentence and the input port. When a mark is not displayed, set each baudrate of input/output so as to match with those of connected sensors with input sentences.

Default value per port is set as follows:

J3: 38400bps

J5: 4800bps

J6: 4800bps

Example of change of setting: J3 port 38400 bps => 4800 bps

Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [BAUDRATE] => [J3] => [4800] and set with **[ENT]** key.

##### 4.2.10.1 Setting all I/O ports automatically

This radar can set the format of all I/O ports automatically by following procedure.

(1) Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

[MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [BAUDRATE] => [AUTO SETUP] => [GO], and press **[ENT]** key.

About 30 sec. later all I/O ports can be set by input signals connected to external devices.

#### 4.2.11 Setup KGC (GPS compass)

When connect KGC (KODEN GPS compass) to the J6 port, please set KGC to set format and output sentences.

Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [KGC SET] => [INITIAL] => [GO], and press **[ENT]** key.

Data 1 or Data 2 in KGC-222 and J6 port of the radar are optimally set.

Caution: With this initialization, Data 1 or Data 2 (port connected to the radar) of KGC-222 is set at 38400 bps for baud rate, 50ms for signal cycle, and HDT, GGA, VTG, DTM and ZDA for signal type.

Bearing correction of KGC-222

When the mounting direction of KGC-222 has been out of alignment, compensation of the misalignment allows KGC-222 to output HDT signal as follows.

(1) Press **[MENU]** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [KGC SET] => [BRG CORR] =>

(2) Select the last digit of entry frame for a numerical value, then press **ENT** key after pointing at the angle to be compensated by moving the joystick up and down.

#### 4.2.12 Serial monitor

Serial input signals can be checked by the window of serial data monitor.

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SERIAL MONITOR] => select [J3], [J5], [J6], [AIS] or [ALL] =>

Input data of selected port will be displayed.

[AIS] port means AIS data from AIS device.

[ALL] means that the data of all ports will be displayed at the same time.

>ALL
J3
J5
J6
AIS

#### 4.3 Setup SECTOR MUTE mode (Cannot use while transmitting)

SECTOR MUTE is the function enabling user to stop transmission to designated direction when there are hazardous objects near antenna location or near a human body.

When using SECTOR MUTE, it takes longer time to detect optimum value in auto tuning at the start of transmission and change of range. Therefore manual tuning is recommended to use when using SECTOR MUTE.

SECTOR MUTE mode ON or OFF

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [SECTOR MUTE] => [MUTE] => [ON or OFF] => and press **ENT** key.

Setup starting angel setup of SECTOR MUTE

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [SECTOR MUTE] => [START] => select 0 to 359°, and press **ENT** key.

Setup ending angle of SECTOR MUTE

Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [SECTOR MUTE] => [END] => select 0 to 359°, and press **ENT** key.



## 4.4 Setup PRESET

### 4.4.1 Setup RAIN MIN and MAX mode

There are two modes of MAN and CFAR in anti-rain clutter mode.

Change method of MAN and CFAR.

Press the **RAIN** knob, or put a cursor on the indicator of MAN or CFAR upper right of the display and press **ENT** key.

#### 4.4.1.1 RAIN MIN (MAN and CFAR mode)

RAIN MIN is intended to adjust the preset minimum value of anti-rain clutter. This is a function even when anti-rain clutter suppression knob is set at minimum.

This function has also effect to moderate the effect against turned angle of the knob and to make adjustment easy. This setting can be applied to the entire range.

##### MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set SEA at a moderate level by turning **SEA** knob, set GAIN at 8 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MIN] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change the value, and press **ENT** key when bondens and seaway buoys have reduced small enough in size on the display.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

##### CFAR mode

- (1) Check CFAR indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is MAN, change to CFAR mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set SEA at a moderate level by turning **SEA** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MIN] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change the value, and press **ENT** key when bondens and seaway buoys have reduced small enough in size on the display.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

#### 4.4.1.2 RAIN MAX (MAN and CFAR mode)

This is intended to adjust the maximum value of anti-rain clutter. When the effect of anti-rain clutter suppression is weak or strong, this can be used.

##### MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 10 by turning **RAIN** knob, set GAIN at 10 by turning **GAIN** knob and set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob in rainfall.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MAX] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change watching the display, and press **ENT** key when large blocks of rain clutter become smaller points and just before small boats and seaway buoys will disappear.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095.

##### CFAR mode

- (1) Check CFAR indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is MAN, change to CFAR mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 10 by turning **RAIN** knob and set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob in rainfall.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MAX] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change watching the display, and press **ENT** key when large blocks of rain clutter become smaller points and just before small boats and seaway buoys will disappear.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095.

#### 4.4.2 Setup SEA MIN and MAX mode

There are two modes of MAN and AUTO in sea clutter suppression.

Change method of MAN and AUTO.

Press the **SEA** knob, or put a cursor on the indicator of MAN or AUTO upper right of the display and press **ENT** key.

#### 4.4.2.1 SEA MIN (MAN and AUTO mode)

This setting is a function to make the value set under Sea suppression effective even when SEA is set at a minimum level by turning **SEA** knob. Due to the raise of the minimum value, this function allows the effect against the angle of the turning of the knob to be moderated and the adjustment with the knob to be made easier. This adjustment can be used in common for the entire range. Please carry out the adjustment at mild state of sea.

##### MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 0.75 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set GAIN at 8 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change the value, erase sea clutter on the display that may be generated by dust and birds, and set not to erase bondens and seaway buoys. Press **ENT** key for setting.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

##### AUTO mode

- (1) Check AUTO indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 0.75 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set GAIN at 8 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change the value, erase sea clutter on the display that may be generated by dust and birds, and set not to erase bondens and seaway buoys. Press **ENT** key for setting.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

#### 4.4.2.2 SEA MAX (MAN and AUTO mode)

The use of manual and auto SEA suppression allows the suppression effect at the maximum level.

##### MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 12 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set GAIN at 8 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **VRM1** key to display and set VRM at 8.0NM by turning **VRM** knob.
- (4) Put the cursor on IR1, IR2 or IR3 on the display, then press **ENT** key to select OFF. When IR is turned OFF, white noise on the display increases. Keep GAIN at 8.
- (5) Set SEA at 10 (a maximum level) by turning **SEA** knob.
- (6) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MAX] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (7) Move the joystick up and down watching white noise on the display to increase the set value of [SEA MAX] from 0. When the white noise on the display disappears from the area between the center and 8 NM, stop the movement of the joystick and press **ENT** key for setting.
- (8) After completion of all setting, return IR1, IR 2 or IR3.

The set value of [SEA MAX] is applied to the entire ranges.

##### AUTO mode

- (1) Check AUTO indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 12 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set GAIN at 8 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **VRM1** key to display and set VRM at 8.0NM by turning **VRM** knob.
- (4) Put the cursor on IR1, IR2 or IR3 on the display, then press **ENT** key to select OFF. When IR is turned OFF, white noise on the display increases. Keep GAIN at 8.
- (5) Set SEA at 10 (a maximum level) by turning **SEA** knob.
- (6) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MAX] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.

- (7) Move the joystick up and down watching white noise on the display to increase the set value of [SEA MAX] from 0. When the white noise on the display disappears from the area between the center and 8 NM, stop the movement of the joystick and press **ENT** key for setting.
- (8) After completion of all setting, return IR1, IR 2 or IR3.

#### 4.4.3 Setup GAIN MIN and MAX mode

Display sensitivity of the screen against the **GAIN** knob is set. When the sensitivity against turning of the knob is too high or too low, it can be adjusted with knob.

There are two modes of MAN and AUTO in gain sensitivity control.

Change method of MAN and AUTO.

- 1 Move cursor on the **MAN** or **AUTO** display (whichever is shown) at right side of [GAIN] on the top of the display.
- 2 Press **ENT** key to change **AUTO** or **MAN** as appropriate.

##### 4.4.3.1 GAIN MIN (MAN and AUTO mode)

This setting is a function to make the value set under GAIN sensitivity control effective even when GAIN is set at a minimum level by turning **GAIN** knob. Due to the raise of the minimum value, this function allows the effect against the angle of the turning of the knob to be moderated and the adjustment with the knob to be made easier. This adjustment can be used in common for the entire range.

##### MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set **PICTURE 1** mode, set GAIN at 0 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change the value, only the highest signal levels are presented.  
Press **ENT** key for setting.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095.

**AUTO mode**

- (1) Check AUTO indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set **PICTURE 1** mode, set GAIN at 0 by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (4) Move the joystick up and down to change the value, only the highest signal levels are presented.  
Press **ENT** key for setting.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095.

**4.4.3.2 GAIN MAX (MAN and AUTO mode)**

This setting is a function to make the value set under GAIN sensitivity control effective even when GAIN is set at a maximum level by turning **GAIN** knob.

**MAN mode**

- (1) Check MAN indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set **PICTURE 1** mode, set GAIN at a maximum level by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MAX] and highlight the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (4) Watching the white noise on the display, change the setting value for gain with moving the joystick up and down, and press **ENT** key at an appropriate point for setting.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095.

**AUTO mode**

- (1) Check AUTO indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.

- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning **SEA** knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning **RAIN** knob, set **PICTURE 1** mode, set GAIN at a maximum level by turning **GAIN** knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning **BRILL** knob.
- (3) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MAX] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the joystick.
- (4) Watching the white noise on the display, change the setting value for gain with moving the joystick up and down, and press **ENT** key at an appropriate point for setting.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095.

#### 4.4.4 Setup GAIN OFFSET mode

This is a function to adjust the gain sensitivity difference of every range when range scale is changed.  
This setting is performed by every each range scale.

For example: When gain sensitivity of 3NM looks low (weak).

- (1) Set range scale 3NM.
- (2) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN OFFSET] => increase setting value.
- (3) Change range scale up and down to check the gain sensitivity difference.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0.

Note: This function is effective about the change of the transmission pulse width.

#### 4.4.5 Setup SEA OFFSET mode

This is a function to adjust the sea clutter suppression difference of every range when range scale is changed.

This setting is performed by every each range scale.

For example: When sea clutter suppression of 3NM looks low (weak).

- (1) Set range scale 3NM.
- (2) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA OFFSET] => increase setting value.
- (3) Change range scale up and down to check the sea clutter suppression difference.  
Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0.

Note: This function is effective about the change of the transmission pulse width.

### 4.5 SAVE and LOAD of Setup data / MAP (Cannot be used while transmitting)

By saving setup data to the internal memory or external memory, the initial setup and all settings are saved, in the event that the radar needs to be reinitialized or some changes been made, user can go

back to the original settings by restoring from memory.

Backup of setup data should be saved after initial setup.

In case of malfunction of display where initialization must be done, restore of backup data saved at the time of original setup will bring all proper settings and turning setup back to normal operation.

#### 4.5.1 Internal save of setup data

Save setup data to the internal memory:

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP SAVE] => [GO] and press **ENT** key.

Restore setup data from the internal memory:

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP LOAD] => [GO] and press **ENT** key.

#### 4.5.2 External save of setup and map data (Cannot be performed while transmitting)

To save setup and map data externally, this information can be later used to restore after a possible malfunction.

**The external memory uses an SD memory card.**

**CAUTION: Please do not use the SD memory card which is loaded with software program files.**

Save setup and map data to SD card:

- (1) Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader of the Processor unit.

- (2) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => select [SETUP SAVE], [MARK SAVE], [TGT TRACK SAVE] or [OWN TRACK SAVE] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

When SD memory card not inserted, [SD CARD] menu is shaded menu and cannot be operated.

Restore setup and map data from SD card:

- (1) Insert SD card that was used to store settings in above procedure in the upper card reader of the Processor unit.

- (2) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => select [SETUP LOAD], [MARK LOAD], [TGT TRACK LOAD] or [OWN TRACK LOAD] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

When SD memory card not inserted or no data found on the card, [SD CARD] menu is shaded menu and cannot be operated.



### 4.5.3 Parameter reset

Use this function as means to return the radar to its default settings as it was at first power on.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [PARAMETER RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

### 4.5.4 MAP, Target Track and Past Position reset

Use this function as means to delete all the map, target track and past position data from radar internal memory.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [MAP/PAST RESET] => [GO], and press **ENT** key.

### 4.6 TOTAL Hour and TX Hour (Cannot use while transmitting)

TOTAL HOUR menu indicates the total operating time of the radar.

Following operation can be used to reset total hours to 0.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TOTAL HOUR] => [RESET] => and press **ENT** key.

TX HOUR menu indicates the total transmitting time of the radar.

This is useful information to use when exchanging radar parts. Use this hour information to judge magnetron life expectancy.

Reset after components have been exchanged.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TX HOUR] => [RESET] => and press **ENT** key.

### 4.7 MENU Setup

MENU SETUP menu can be used to simplify full menu and turn off the items in full menu that are not used. This is often used to remove not needed menu items for simple operation of the radar.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [MENU SETUP] => [GO] => and press **ENT** key.

Setup menu display will display.

- (2) Select menu item to set ON or OFF => select [X] or [O] => and press **ENT** key.

- (3) When setup finish, press **MENU** key. Menu display will disappear.

Press **MENU** key again. [X] mark menu items are not displayed.

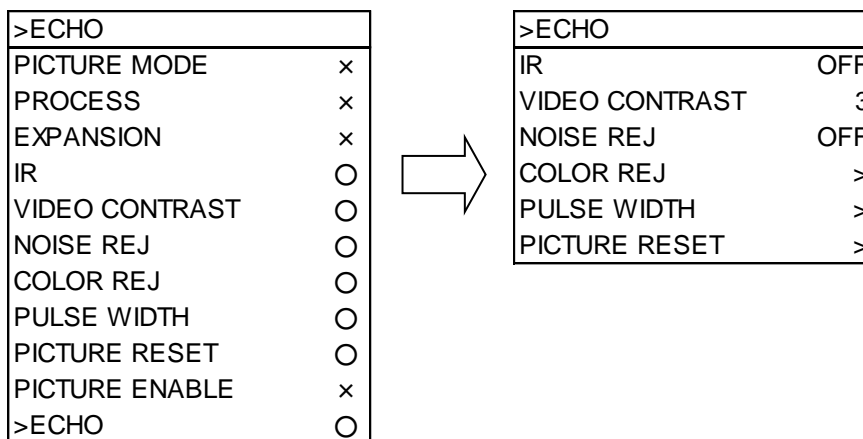


Figure 4.8

## 4.8 Version confirmation

Currently installed firmware version can be found by using following menu operation.

- (1) Press **MENU** key to display "Menu".  
Select [MAINTENANCE] => [VERSION] =>

## 4.9 How to update the system program

- (1) Prepare SD memory card with latest program.

File name: radar

File type: MOT

- (2) Turn off the power.
- (3) Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader of the Processor unit.
- (4) Press **POWER ON/OFF** key to turn on, radar will start update procedure automatically.

Message of "LOADING IN PROGRESS" "PLEASE DO NOT POWER OFF" and time bar will be displayed.

**EBL1**, **EBL2** and **BRILL**, **VRM1**, **VRM2** and **PANEL** key's lamps flash red.

Few minutes later, when program update is complete, "LOADING COMPLETE" "PLEASE EJECT SD CARD" message appears on the display.

- (5) Eject SD memory card from the card reader, and turn off automatically.

4.10 Setup VECTOR on tracked targets

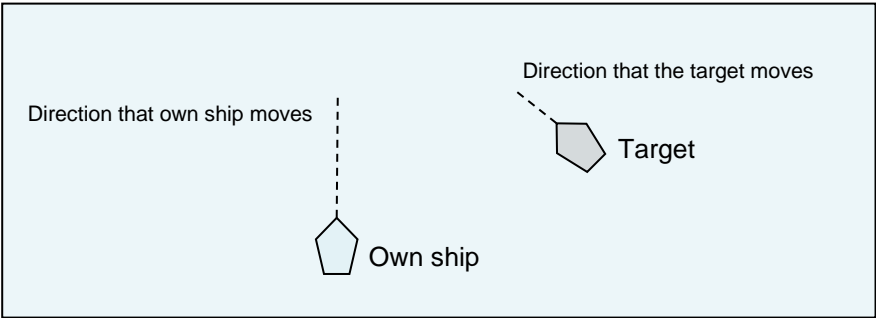
The course and speed are indicated as vector after tracking is established.  
Two types of display mode are available: relative display (REL) and true display (TRUE).  
(Initial setting: REL)

- 1 Press **MENU** key to display “Menu”.  
Select [TARGET] => [VECT] => [TRUE/REL] => select [TRUE] or [REL], and press **ENT** key.

TRUE: This vector shows the course/speed of a target only, regardless of own ship.  
REL: This vector adds the course/speed of a target to the course/speed of own ship.

Example:

<Own ship position and Target position>



<Radar display>

VECTOR [TRUE]	VECTOR [REL]
This vector shows the course/speed of a target only, regardless of own ship.	This vector adds the course/speed of a target to the course/speed of own ship.

Refer to 4.1 Common setting “VECTOR REL/TRUE” of Operation manual.

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## Chapter 5 Troubleshooting and on board repair

In this chapter we provide troubleshooting procedures to find malfunction parts on a ship.

### 5.1 Necessary information at the time of repair request

Please note the following items:

- (1) Ship name and phone number of the satellite communication system if equipped
- (2) Product type name
- (3) Product serial number
- (4) Software version name described in the [MAINTENANCE] Menu.
- (5) A following port of call, arrival schedule, and agency name
- (6) Status of malfunction and results of diagnostics on a ship

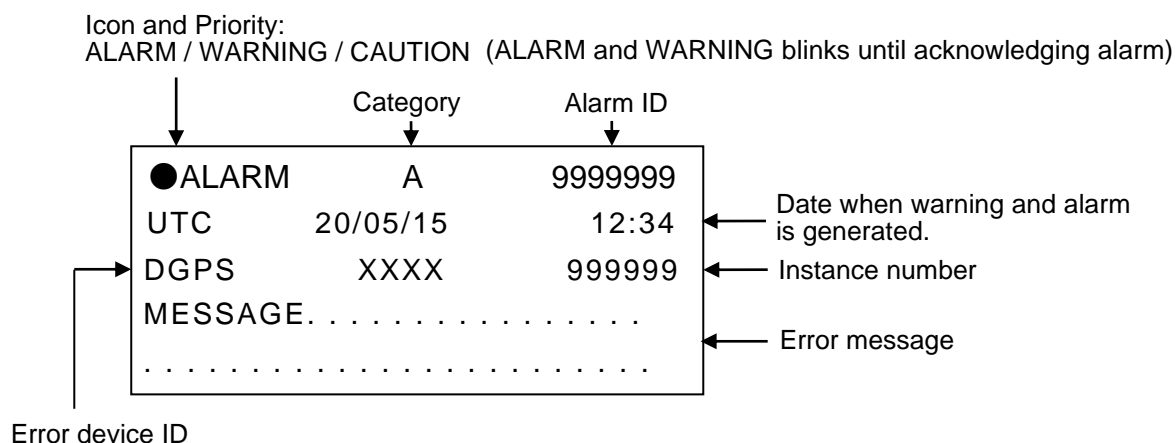
### 5.2 Provided self diagnostic facilities

The alarm display on the display and lamp for internal status is provided for self-diagnostics of this device.

#### 5.2.1 Alarm display and how to cancel

Alarm display may appear at the lower right of the radar display as shown in Figure 5.1 when a malfunction or operation error has been detected in the device.

Abnormalities are categorized as [Alarm], [Warning] and [Caution]. When alarm display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar, record the alarm details by type, location and status and press **OFF** key. The alarm sound and display will disappear. Multiple errors may be displayed one by one. Record all alarms and press **OFF** key for every alarm. The types of alarm, warning and caution are shown in Table 5.1.



**Figure 5.1 Alarm, Warning and Caution display**

### 5.2.1.1 Alarm display list

Table 5.1 Alarm, Warning and Caution display list of radar

<div> <div>Category</div> <div>Priority (A: ALARM, W: Warning, C: Caution)</div> <div>ID number (0-9999: IMO, 10000-9999999: Maker)</div> <div>Instance number</div> <div>ALR number</div> </div>					Contents	Cause
A	W	190	1	57	AIS targets exceed the limit.	Number of AIS targets exceeding the maximum 500 has been input.
A	W	190	2	54	Tracked targets exceeded the limit.	Number of tracked targets in TT (ATA) exceeded the maximum 50.
A	W	190	3	56	AIS input targets exceeded the limit.	Number of AIS targets exceeding the maximum 500 has been input.
A	A	191	1	3	Tracked target exceeded the CPA/TCPA limit.	Tracked target has turned into dangerous target.
A	A	191	2	8	AIS target exceeded the CPA/TCPA limit.	AIS target has turned into dangerous target.
A	W	192	2	5	Auto acquisition of a radar target.	Captured a target entered into auto acquisition area.
A	W	192	4	10	Auto activation of an AIS target.	A sleeping target has been activated.
A	W	193	1	1	Tracked target is lost.	TT (ATA) has been lost.
A	W	193	2	7	AIS target is lost.	AIS target has been lost.
A	W	193	3	2	Ref tracked target is lost.	Ref tracked target has been lost.
B	W	194	1	22	HDG is unavailable.	THS or HDT are not inputted.
B	W	194	2	23	SDP is unavailable.	VBW, VTG, RMA or RMC are not inputted.
B	W	194	3	24	COG/SOG is unavailable.	COG/SOG is not inputted.
B	W	194	4	25	SET/DRIFT data is unavailable.	VDR is not inputted.
B	W	194	5	26	LAT/LON data is unavailable.	GLL or GGA, GNS, RMC, RMA are not inputted.
B	W	194	6	27	DATUM data is unavailable.	DTM is not input.
B	W	194	7	28	TIME data is unavailable.	ZDA or RMC, GGA are not input.
B	C	194	8	60	AIS no OS COG/SOG data.	Own ship's data that is necessary for AIS are not input.

B	W	194	9	61	AIS no data.	There is no AIS data. VDM is not input from AIS.
B	C	194	13	29	HDG is manual.	There is not heading signal.
B	C	194	14	30	SDP is manual.	There is not speed signal.
B	C	194	15	31	COG/SOG is manual.	There are not ground course and speed signal.
B	C	194	16	32	SET/DRIFT is manual.	There is not tide signal.
B	C	194	17	33	LAT/LON is manual.	There are not latitude and longitude signal.
B	C	194	18	80	Receive alert of any signal or sensor in use.	Receive alert of any signal or sensors in use.
B	C	194	25	109	AIS no data.	There is no AIS data. VDM is not input from AIS.
B	C	194	26	110	SPD is unavailable.	VBW, VTG, RMA or RMC are not inputted.
B	C	194	27	111	COG/SOG is unavailable.	COG/SOG is not inputted.
B	W	999	1	89	Test alert only.	Under alert test.
A	W	10000	1	53	Echo area alarm detected.	Images are detected in echo alarm area.
A	W	10000	2	15	Echo map area alarm detected.	Images were detected in map area.
B	C	10000	3	11	Activated AIS target without HDG or COG.	There is neither ship's bearing nor fairway of AIS active target input data to HDG or COG.
B	C	11000	1	14	Nav line exceeded.	Own ship crossed the Nav line.
B	C	11000	2	62	Received AIS message.	Received AIS message to OWN ship.
B	C	12000	1	16	Change to relative bearing.	True bearing is not inputted.
B	C	12000	2	17	Change to relative vector.	VBW, VTG or VDR are not inputted.
B	C	12000	3	18	Change to relative past position.	VBW, VTG or VDR are not inputted.
B	C	12000	4	19	Change to head up.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not inputted.
B	C	12000	5	20	Change EBL origin position.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not inputted.
B	C	12000	6	34	Change to sea stabilization.	Ship's bearing: THS, HDT, HDM, VTG Course against water: VBW Speed: VBW, VTG, VHW are not input.
B	C	12000	9	21	Change to off process.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not inputted.

B	C	12000	10	35	Change to ground stabilization	Speed: VBW or VHW is not input. Change to ground stabilization. Check VBW or VHW sentence.
B	C	12000	11	36	Change SOG input to EPFS	Change SOG input source from SDME (VBW) to EPFS (VTG).
B	C	16000	1	47	Inter-switch not connected.	NAV ports between master and slave are not connected.
B	C	16000	2	59	AIS alarm signal.	Alarm for abnormality is input in AIS alarm terminal of AIS port or the terminals are open.
B	C	16000	3	66	No WGS84 DATUM.	Input geodetic system is not WGS84.
A	A	17000	1	41	Antenna not connected.	Connector of Antenna may not be connected to Antenna, or Scanner unit may be faulty.
A	A	17000	2	42	Antenna magnetron current abnormal.	Magnetron may be at the end of life or transmission high voltage fuse blown.
A	A	17000	3	43	Antenna magnetron heater abnormal.	Something is wrong with magnetron or Scanner unit.
A	A	17000	4	44	Antenna magnetron high voltage abnormal.	High voltage fuse for transmission blown.
A	A	17000	5	45	Antenna high voltage abnormal.	High voltage fuse for transmission blown.
A	A	17000	6	46	Motor voltage abnormal.	Motor voltage fuse blown.
A	A	17000	7	48	Azimuth abnormal.	BP signal from Scanner unit is not received. May be fault in angle detecting sensor in Scanner unit or poor connection at connector.
A	A	17000	8	49	Head line signal abnormal.	SHF signal from Scanner unit is not received. May be fault in SHF sensor in Scanner unit or rotation of antenna may be stopped.
A	A	17000	9	50	Trigger abnormal.	Trigger from Scanner unit is not received.
A	A	17000	10	51	Radar video abnormal.	IF video from Scanner unit is not received.
A	A	18000	1	13	Panel not connected.	No communication between operating panel is available. Connector (J9) is disconnected.
B	W	18001	1	37	Flash memory erase & write error.	Flash memory erase and write error.
B	W	18001	2	38	Flash memory erase error.	Flash memory erase error.



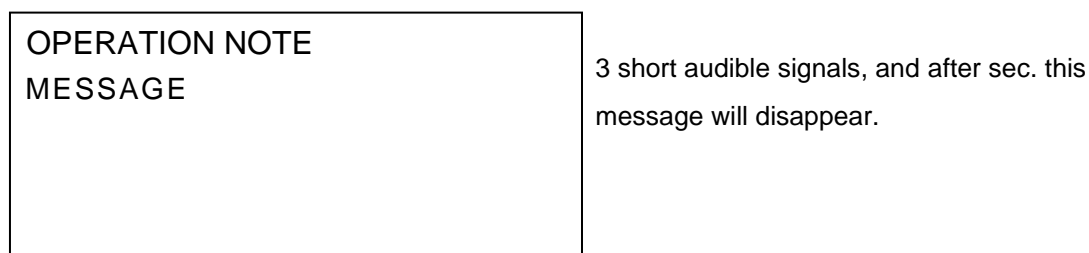
B	W	18001	3	39	Flash memory write error.	Flash memory write error.
B	W	18001	4	40	Flash memory checksum error.	Flash memory checksum error.
B	C	18002	1	71	SD card problem.	SD card may be broken.
B	C	18002	2	72	SD card not ready.	There is not SD card.
B	C	18002	3	73	SD card write protected.	SD card is protect mode.
B	C	18002	4	74	SD card not enough free space.	Memory of SD card is not left.
B	C	18002	5	75	Illegal data.	The data does not agree.

### 5.2.1.2 Operation note display

Operation note display may appear at the lower right of the radar display as shown in Figure 5.2 when an operation error has been detected in the device.

When operation note display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar operation.

The type of operation note are shown in Table 5.2.



**Figure 5.2 Operation note display**

**Table 5.2 Operation note**

Contents	Cause
Tracked target full.	Acquired tracked target beyond the maximum tracking number.
Tracked target no data.	Deleted tracked target as there wear no tracked targets.
Tracked target out of range.	Acquired tracked target beyond operating distance set for targets.
Pre heating.	Operated transmission key during pre-heating countdown.
No HDG, LAT/LON signal.	As signals of ship's bearing, latitude/longitude had not been input, functions that need those signals have been disabled.
No HDG signal.	As signals of ship's bearing had not been input, functions that need ship's bearing signal were disabled.
No SPD signal.	As speed signal had not been input, functions that needs speed signal were disabled.
Map data full.	More than the specified number of COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA tried to attempt to register in map function.

Cursor off.	Cursor is not displayed.
Inter-switch changed the mode.	During inter-switch connection, one Display unit switched over inter-switch mode.
No off center.	In the maximum range, off center function was disabled.
Tracking malfunction. BRG T	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of bearing has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. RNG	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of range has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. CPA	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of CPA has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. TCPA	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of TCPA has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. T CRS	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of true course has exceeded the reference.
Tracking malfunction. T SPD	AS the result of TT test, the accuracy of true speed has exceeded the reference.
Time to trial manoeuvre is less than 30 seconds.	The remaining time of trial manoeuvre is less than 30 seconds.
Reference target overload.	Attempted to acquire reference target beyond 3.
Do not use MAN COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with COG/SOG data inputted by manual.
Do not use REF COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with COG/SOG data calculated by reference target.
Do not use CURRENT COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with SET/DRIFT data inputted by manual.
Do not use MAN STW.	Cannot use AIS with speed data inputted by manual.
Do not use MAN POSITION.	Cannot use AIS with own ship position data inputted by manual.
Time error.	Cannot use AIS with no time data.
Do not use MAN OFFSET POSITION.	Cannot use AIS with offset positon inputted by manual.

### 5.3 Malfunction diagnostics

This chapter specifies necessary information required troubleshooting and repair of the radar system.

#### 5.3.1 Malfunction detection step

As a first step of on board repair, refer to the following tables describing outlines of malfunction diagnostics procedure.

**Table 5.2 basic malfunctions**

Failure status	Possible cause	Measure
No power.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power cable is disconnected.</li> <li>2. Operation unit cable is disconnected.</li> <li>3. Supply voltage is out of range.</li> <li>4. Main power fuse is blown.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Connect power cable firmly and secure connector.</li> <li>2. Connect operation cable firmly and secure connector.</li> <li>3. Use proper power source.</li> <li>4. Change fuse with new one.</li> </ol>
Power is applied but no display	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Monitor cable is disconnected.</li> <li>2. The monitor is not powered on, or the input selection is not VGA.</li> <li>3. Connector of internal cable is disconnected.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Connect monitor cable firmly and secure connector.</li> <li>2. Turn on the monitor, or select monitor input as VGA.</li> <li>3. Confirm by a serviceman.</li> </ol>

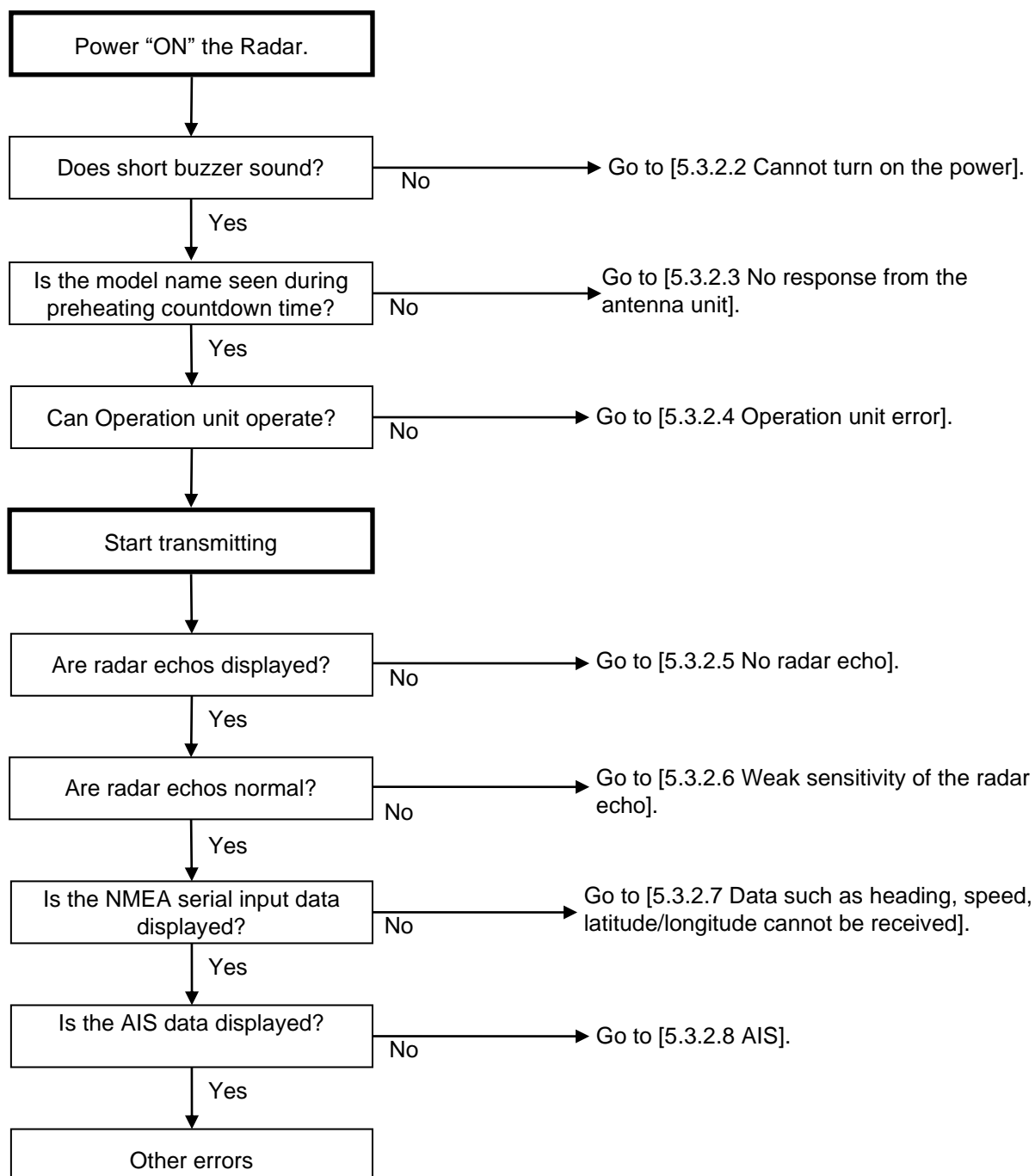
**Table 5.3 possible malfunctions**

Error status	Possible cause	Measure
No radar echo is displayed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Receiver is detuned.</li> <li>2. Video contrast adjustment error</li> <li>3. Failure of transceiver</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Readjust by referring to "4.1.1 Tune adjustment".</li> <li>2. Readjust by <b>GAIN</b>, <b>SEA</b> or <b>FTC</b> knobs.</li> <li>3. Request repair</li> </ol>
Radar echo is too weak.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Receiver is detuned.</li> <li>2. Failure of Magnetron or MIC (front-end)</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Readjust by referring to "4.1.1 Tune adjustment".</li> <li>2. Request repair</li> </ol>
Error message "Head line signal abnormal." is displayed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No heading line signal input.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check [BP/HG] signal between an Antenna Scanner unit and a Processor unit.</li> </ol>
Antenna does not rotate.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Motor fuse is blown.</li> <li>2. Motor power is not supplied.</li> <li>3. Inter-switch mode is difference.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Replace fuse with a new one.</li> <li>2. Check motor power connection.</li> <li>3. Set inter-switch mode to master mode.</li> </ol>

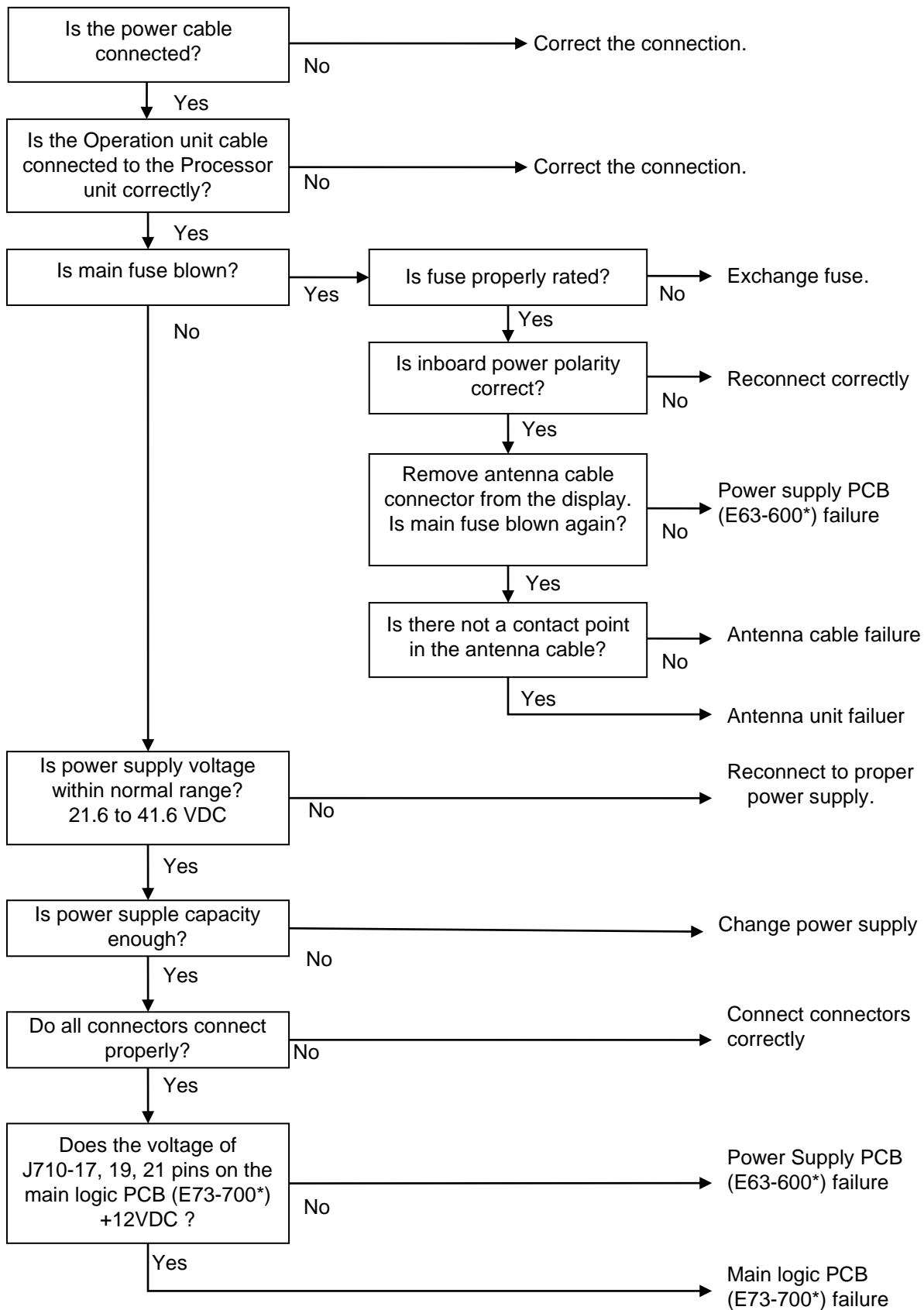
### 5.3.2 Malfunction diagnostics flow chart

The following malfunction analysis chart can be used by service personnel for malfunction diagnostics and location of defective module. This chart shows flow chart of diagnostics for basic malfunction troubleshooting.

#### 5.3.2.1 Initial malfunction diagnostics

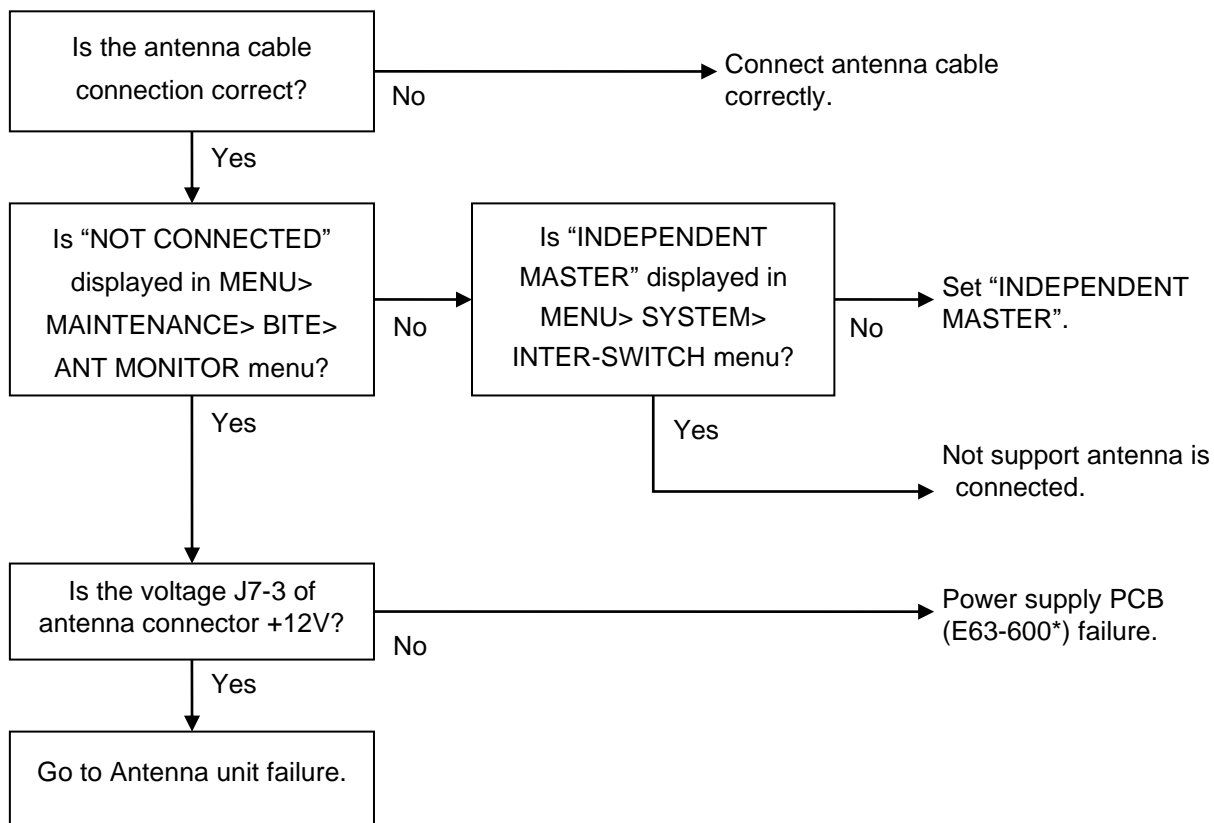


## 5.3.2.2 Cannot turn on the power



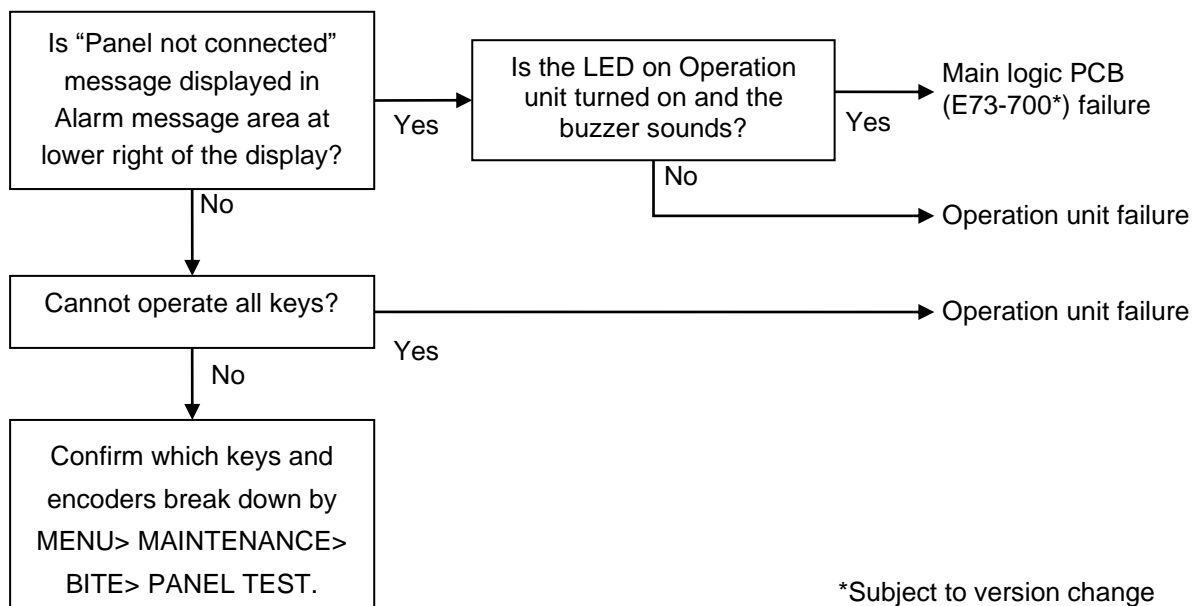
\*Subject to version change

### 5.3.2.3 No response from the antenna unit



\*Subject to version change

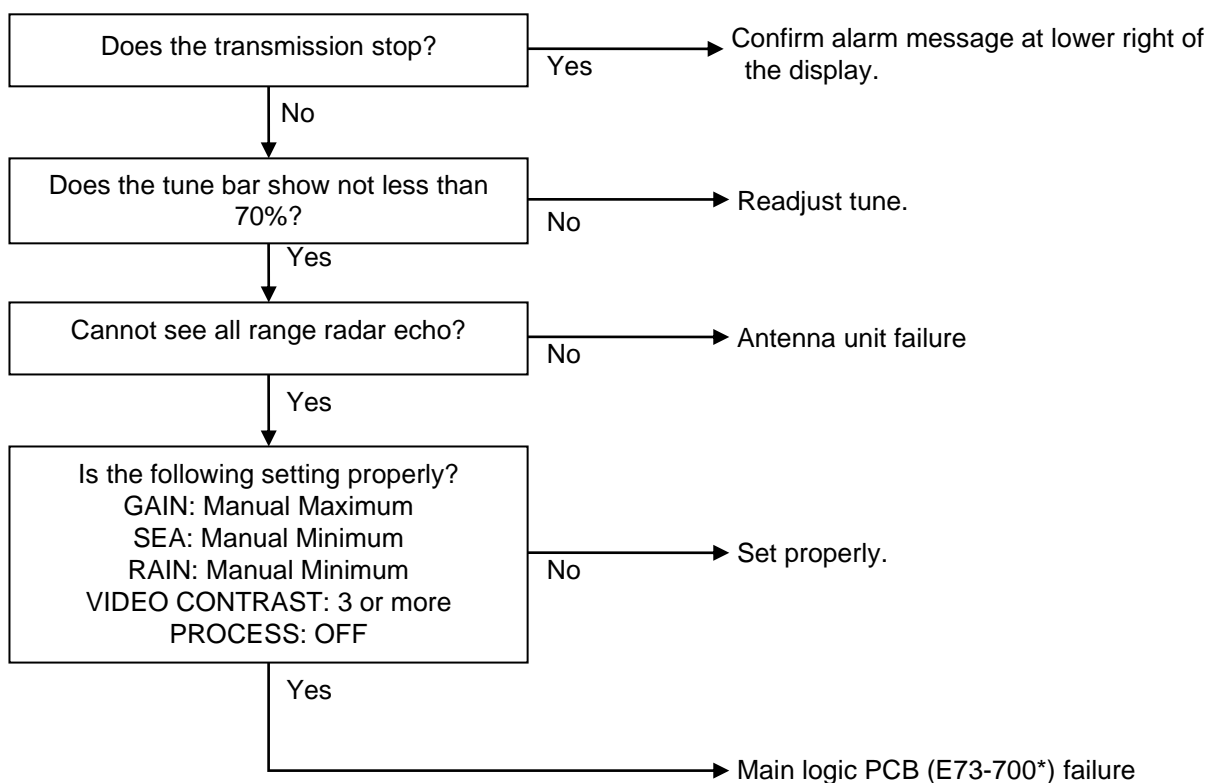
### 5.3.2.4 Operation unit error



\*Subject to version change

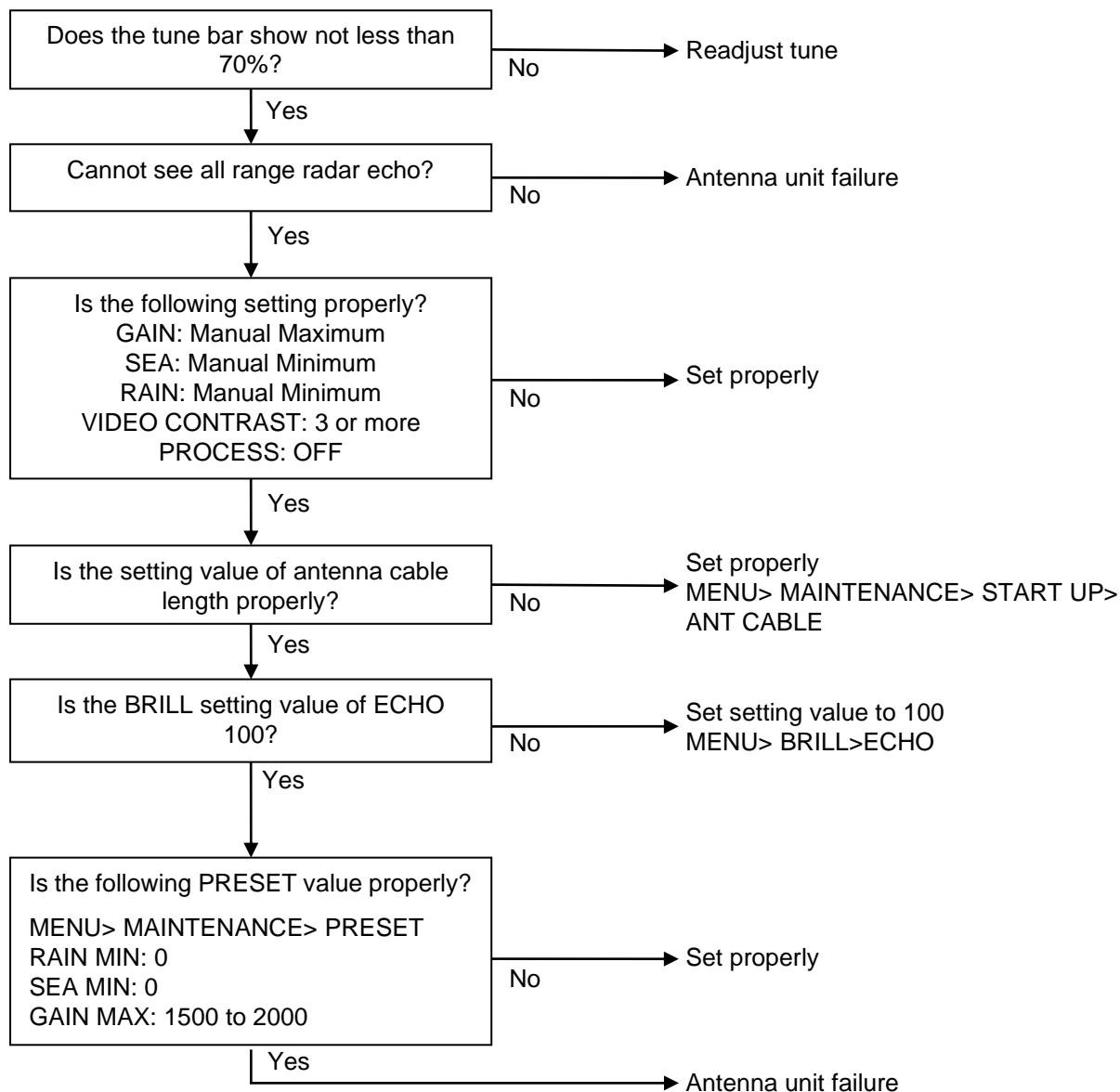


### 5.3.2.5 No radar echo

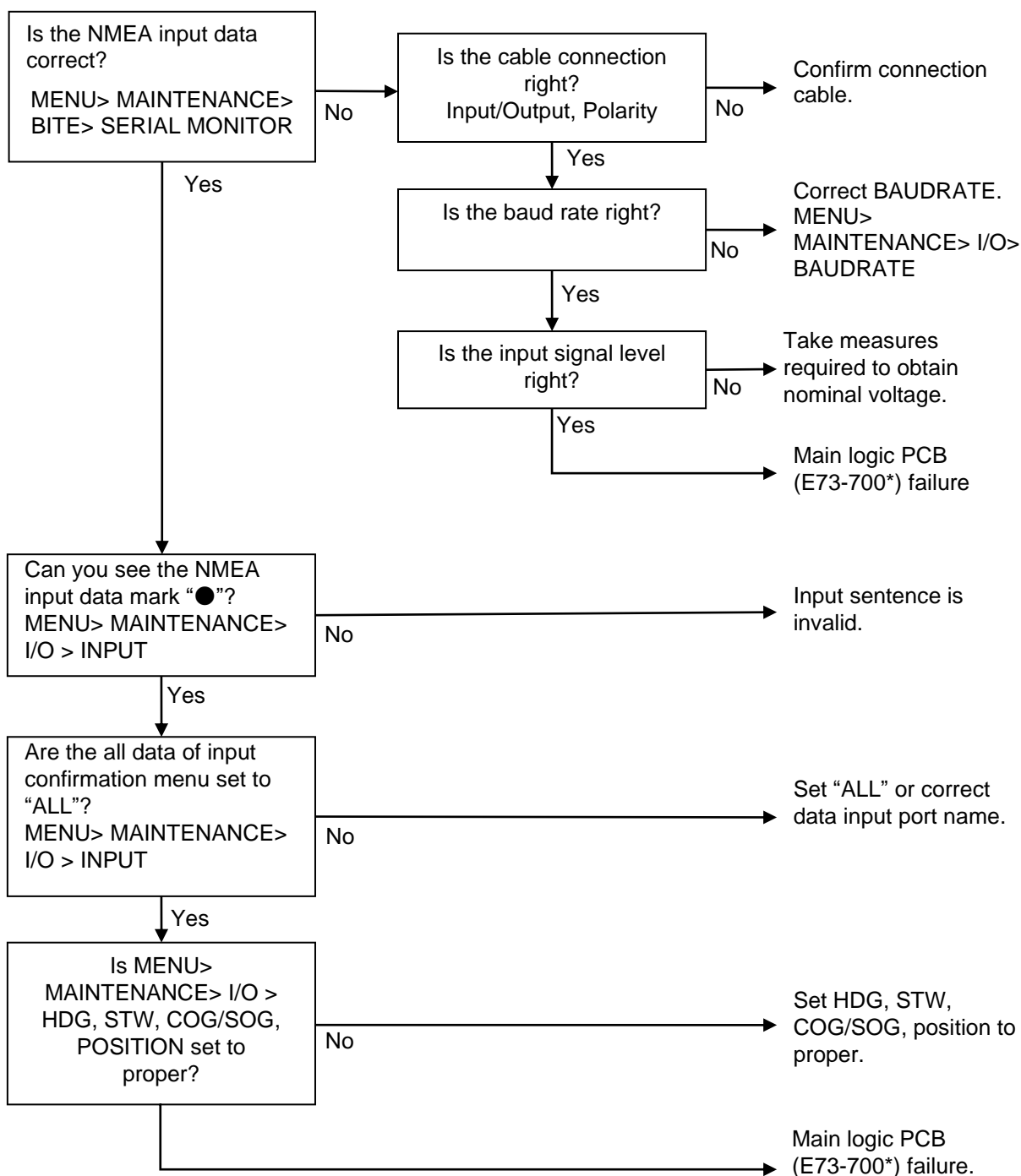


\*Subject to version change

### 5.3.2.6 Weak sensitivity of the radar echo

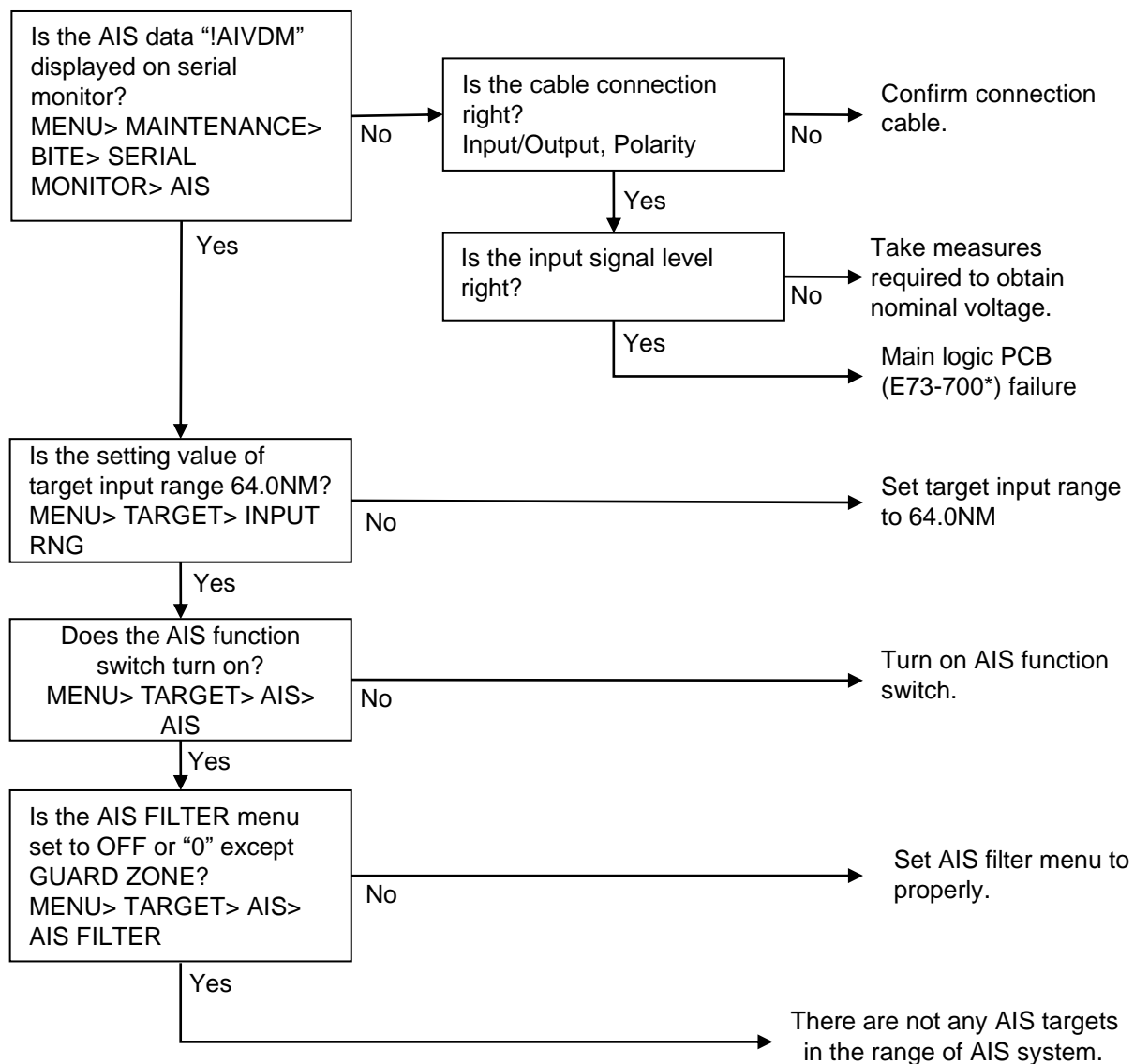


### 5.3.2.7 Data such as heading, speed, latitude/longitude cannot be received



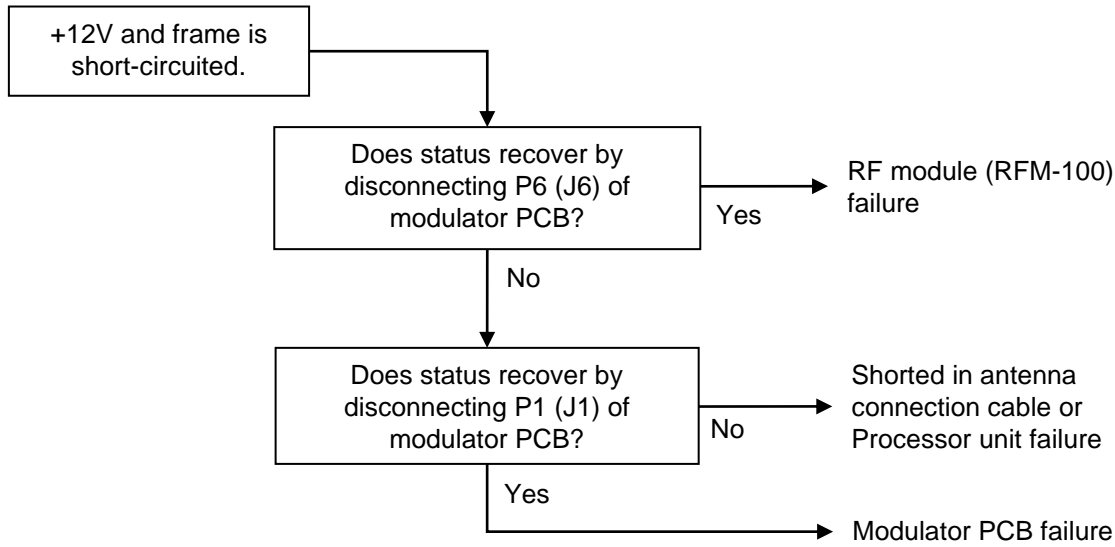
\*Subject to version change

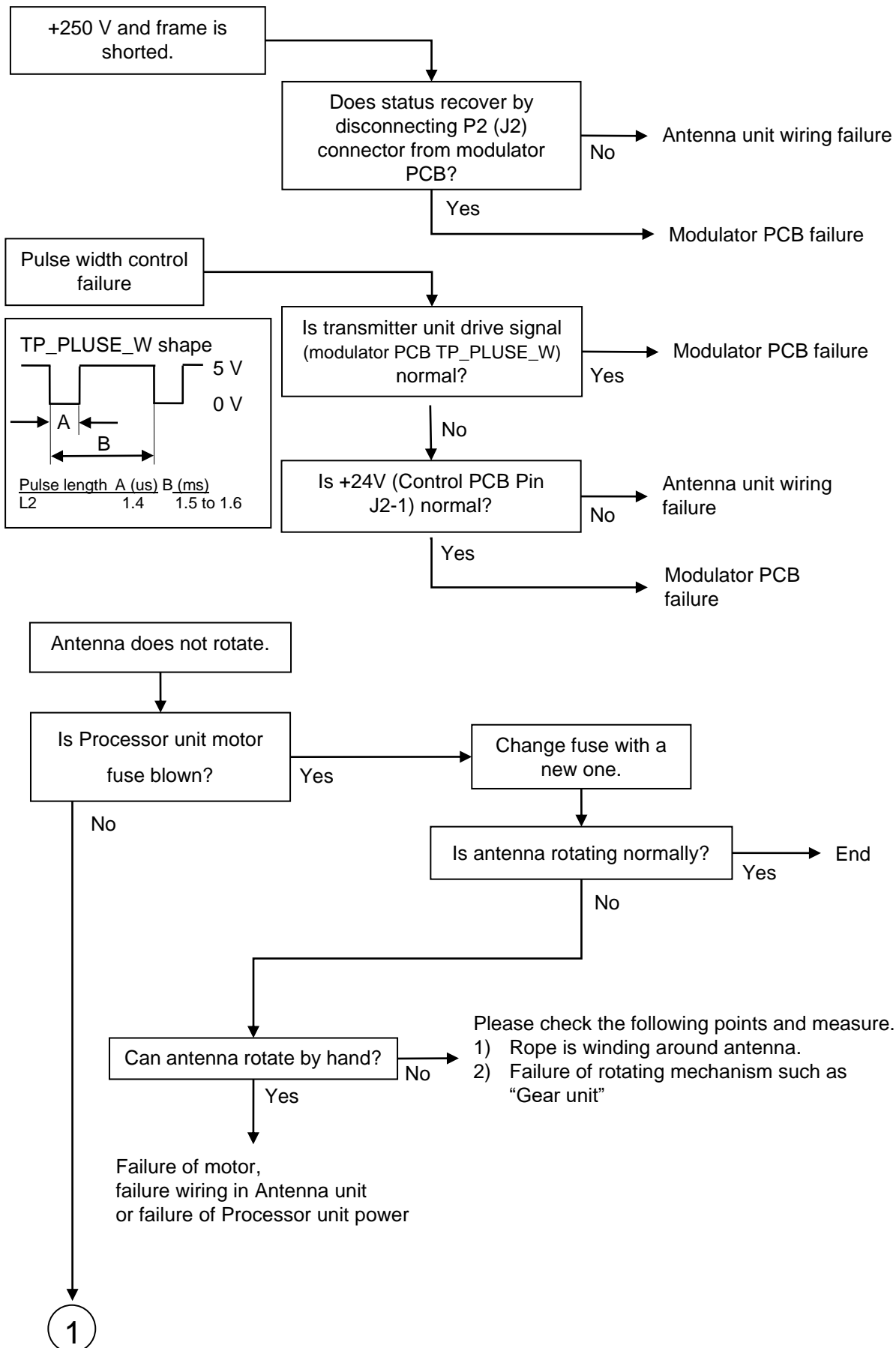
## 5.3.2.8 AIS

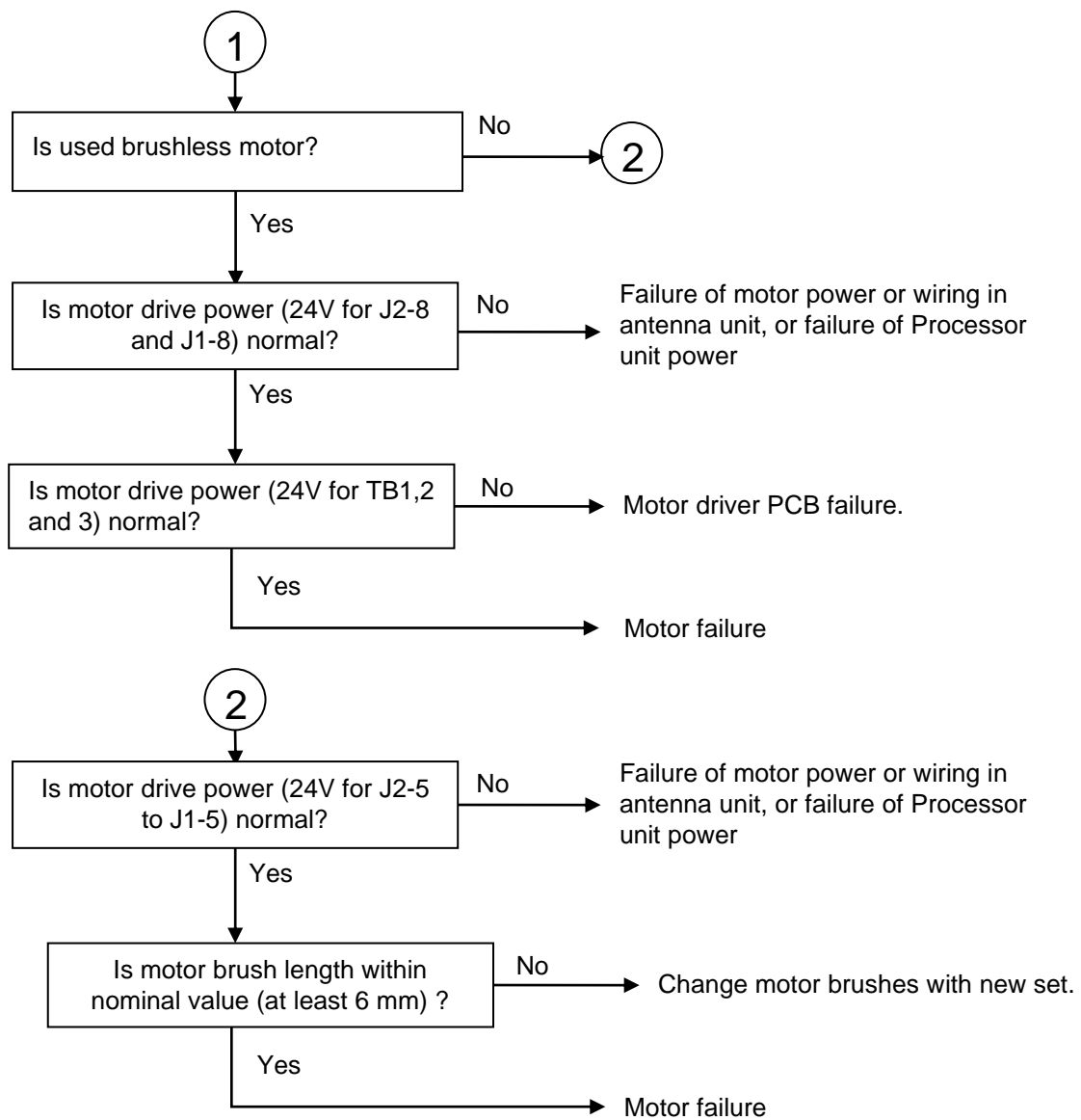


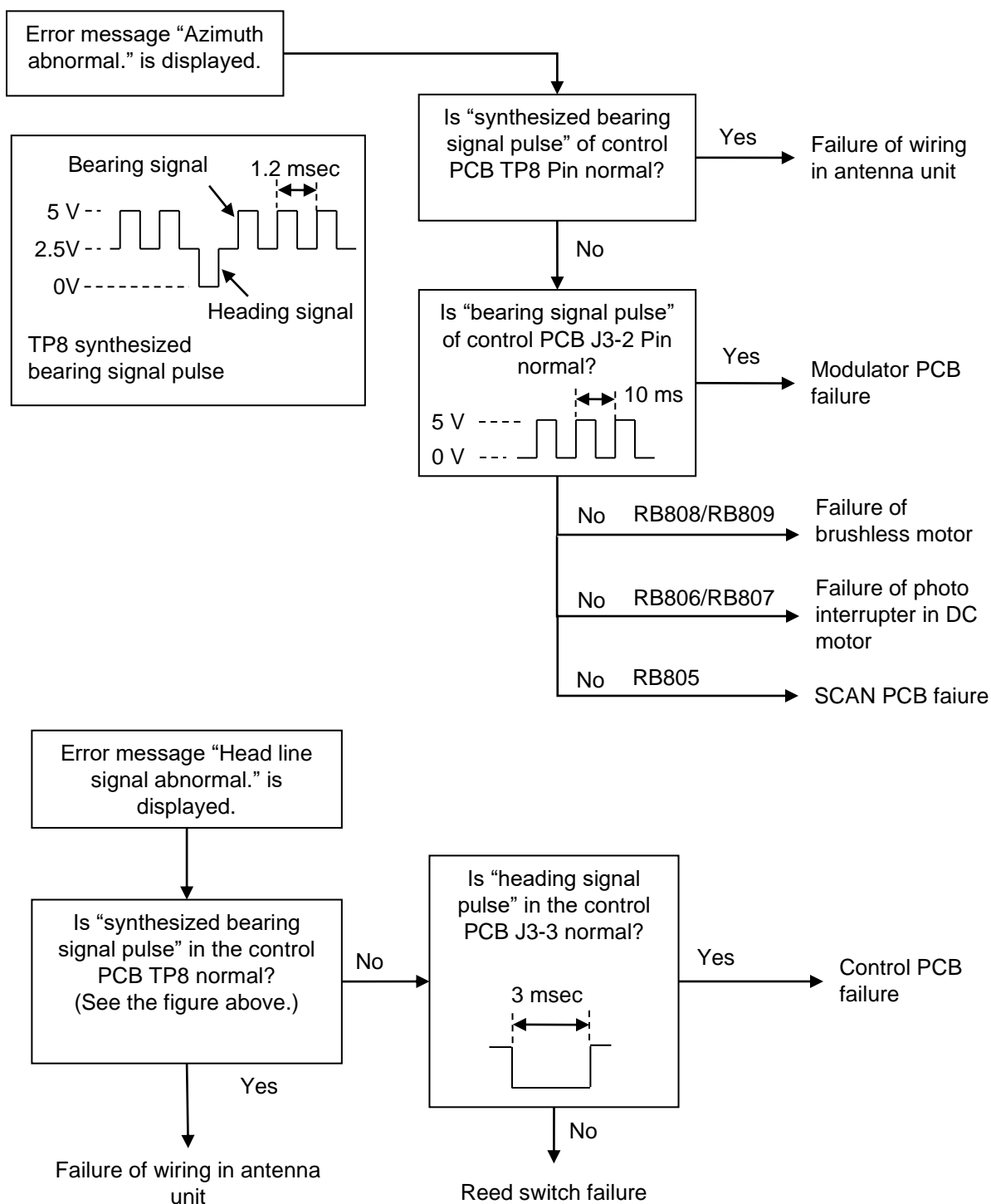
\*Subject to version change

5.3.2.9 Antenna unit failure

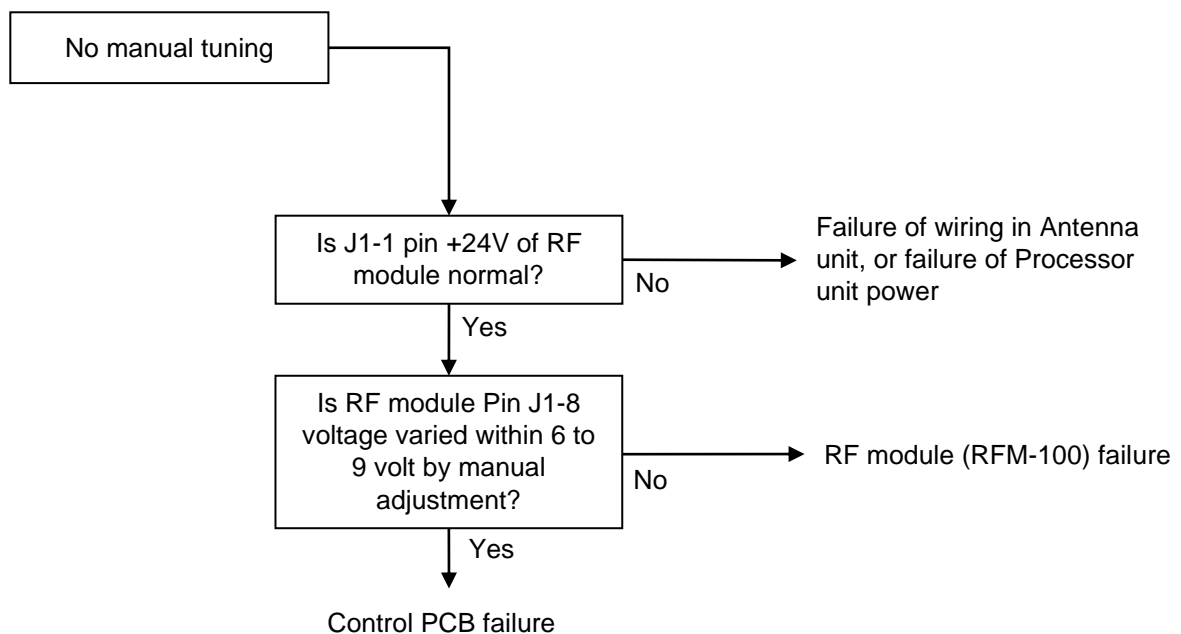
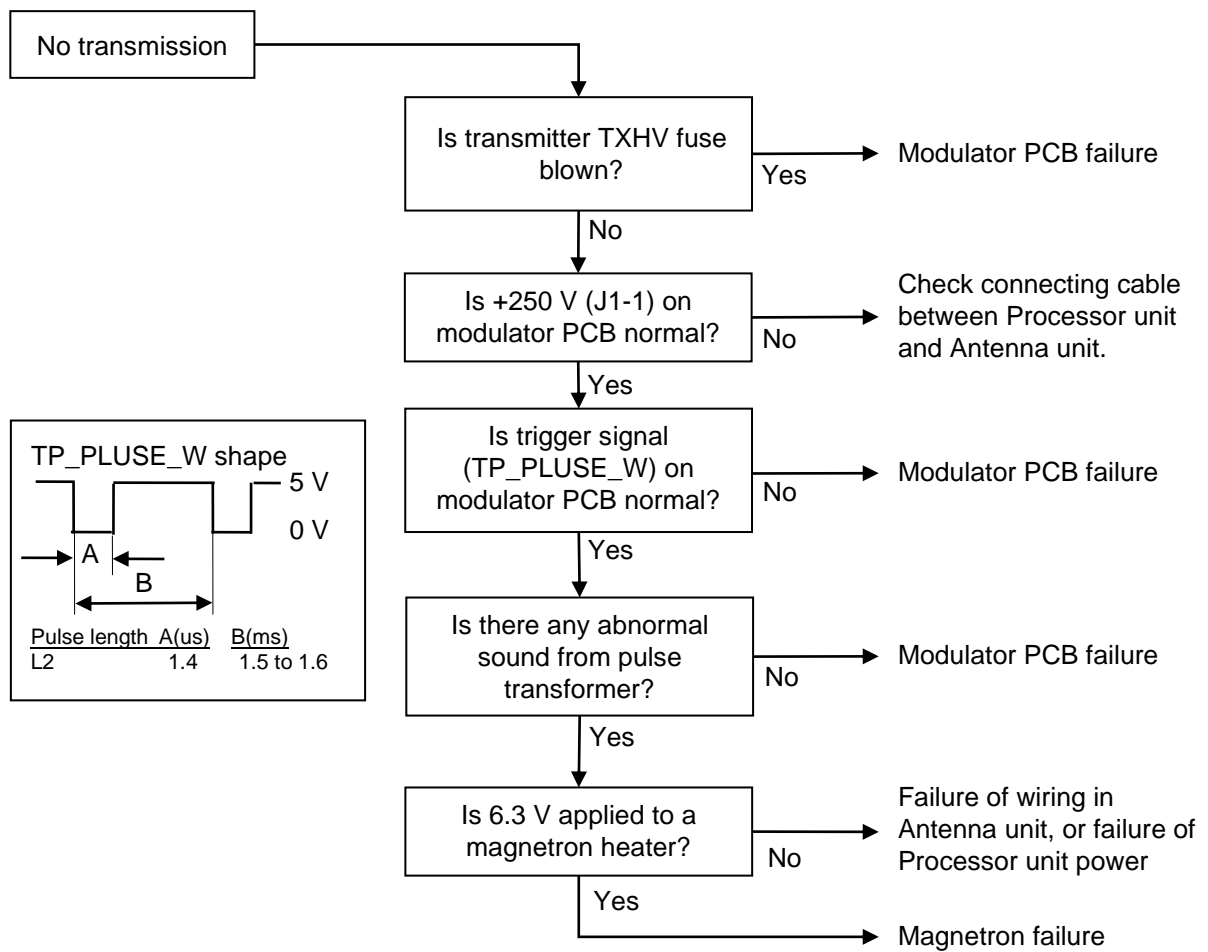


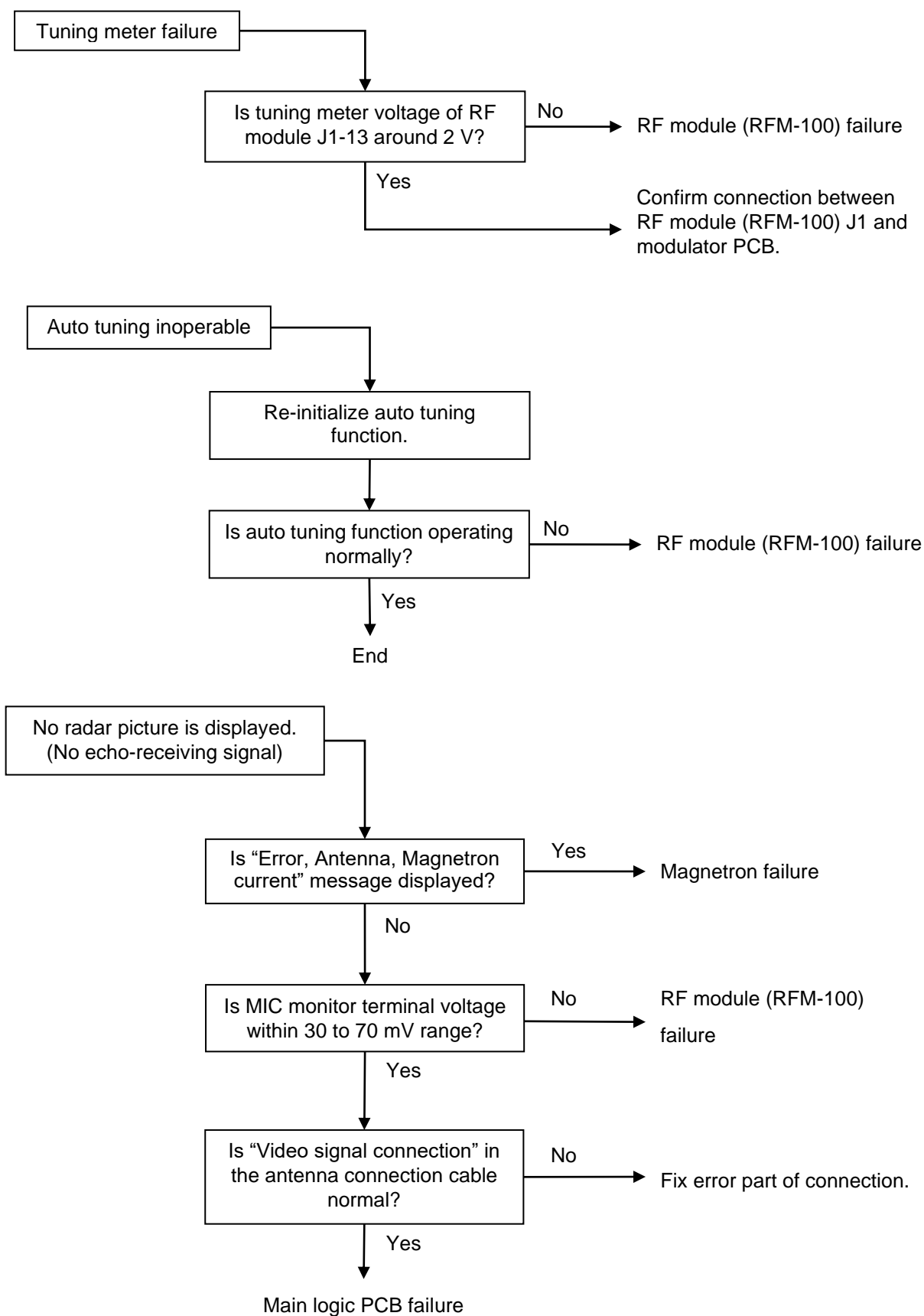


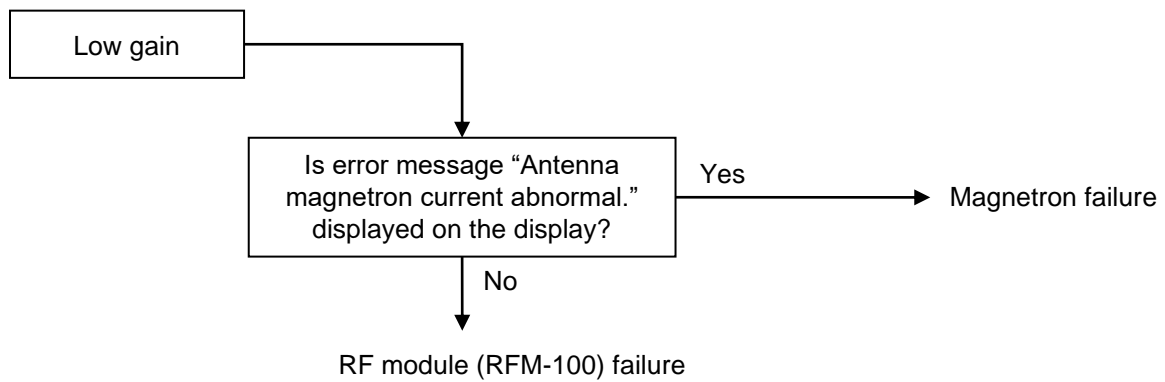












## 5.4 On board repair

### 5.4.1 Replacement of fuse

The location of the fuses is on the back panel of Processor unit.

#### Fuse type and rating

Application	Type, dimension (mm)	Fuse characteristic	Rating
Main power	Tubular ( $\phi 6.4 \times 30$ )	Normal blow	15 A
Modulator high voltage	Tubular ( $\phi 5.2 \times 20$ )	Normal blow	0.8 A
Antenna drive motor	Tubular ( $\phi 5.2 \times 20$ )	Normal blow	5 A

#### Fuse location

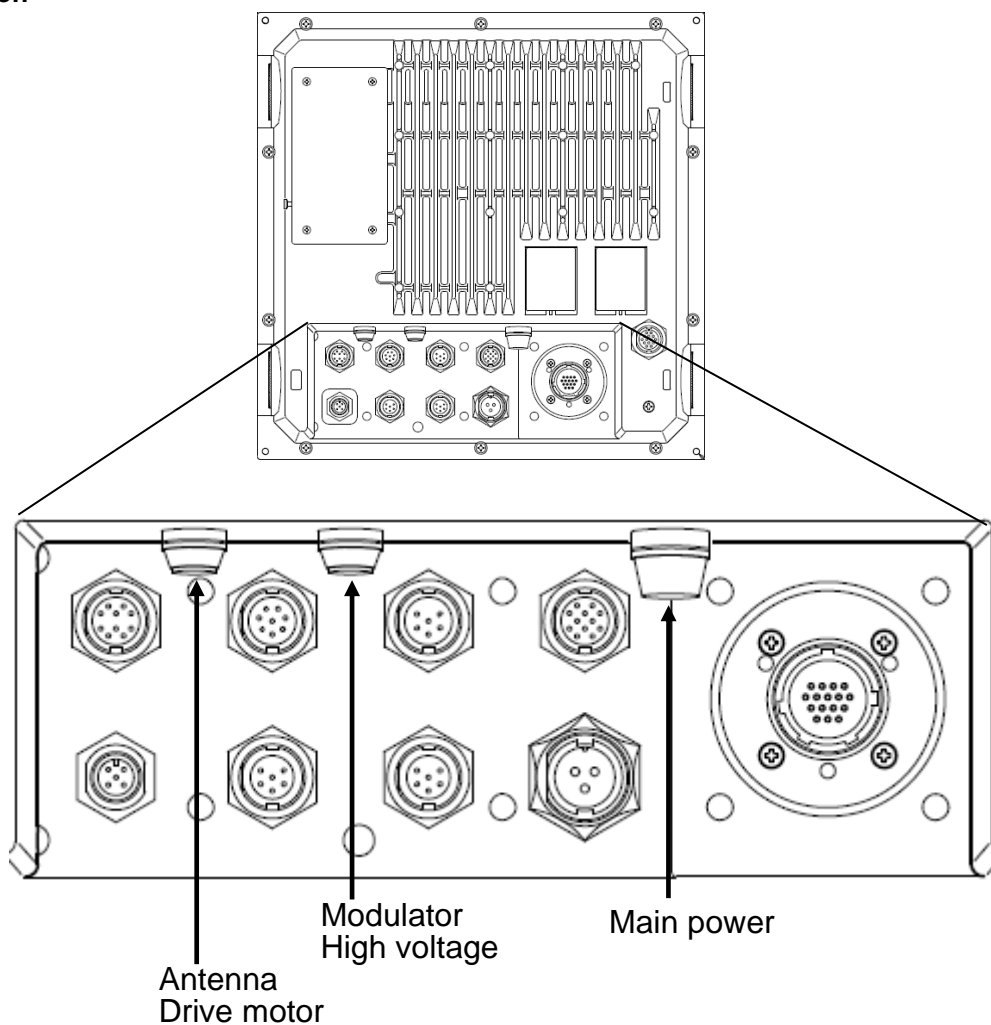


Figure 5.3 Fuse locations on Processor unit back panel

### 5.4.2 Replacement of Internal Battery

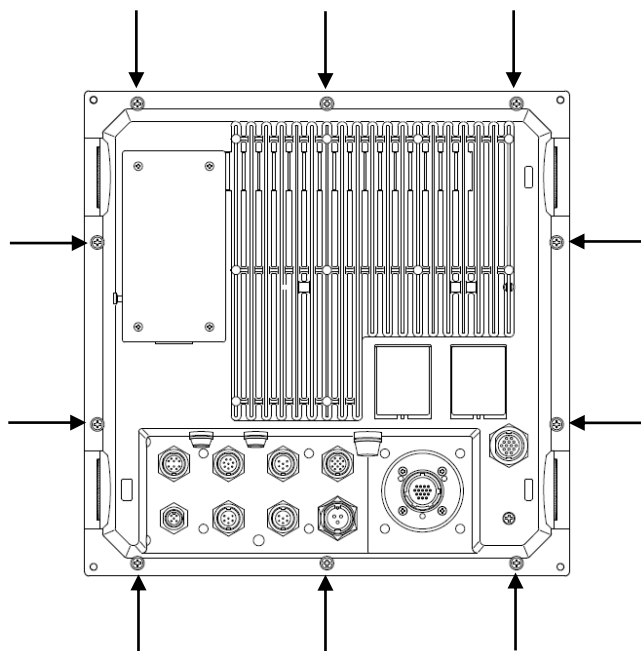
The Processor unit has a battery built-in. Battery is used only for an internal clock.

When the battery runs low, the internal clock of the radar will not always work properly.

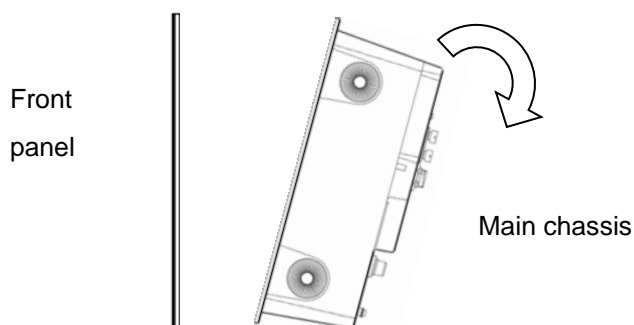
Please exchange the internal battery.

Exchange method of the internal battery is explained as below. When replacing the battery, the internal clock is reset.

1. Remove 4 corners nut of the Processor unit.
2. Remove 10 fixed screws of the Processor unit.

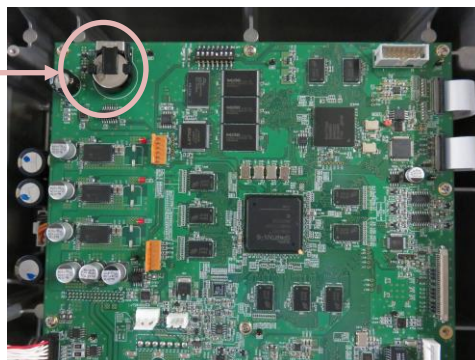


3. Remove the front panel from the main chassis.



4. Exchange the internal battery on the Logic PCB (E73-700\*).

Battery type name: CR2032



\*Subject to version change

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## Chapter 6 Maintenance



**Warning:** To prevent electric shock, be sure to turn off the radar system power before opening the cover of the antenna unit.

For health safety reason, transmission is basically inhibited when antenna is not rotating.

However when transmission is required for any reason without antenna rotation, following procedure is provided to do it.

### \*\*\* Special Service Mode \*\*\*

1. Turn off the radar and remove the Antenna drive motor fuse according to Figure 5.3.
2. Turn on the radar at the Operation unit by pressing the **POWER ON/OFF** key while the **OFF** key is pressed.  
Keep pressing the **OFF** key until "NO ERROR DETECT" is displayed.
3. After preheating time of 3 minutes, press the **STBY/TX** key.  
If the magnetron is already heated, transmission is possible after 10 seconds, when "NO ERROR DETECT" indication disappears.

### 6.1 List of parts that have longevity

Radar uses parts that have the following longevity.

List of parts that have longevity

name	type	location	Life expectancy
Magnetron	MAF1421BY	RB805	3000 to 4000H
	MAF1421BY	RB806	3000 to 4000H
	MAF1562R	RB807	2000 to 3000H
	MAF1565N	RB808	2000 to 3000H
	M1568BS	RB809	1000 to 2000H
Geared motor	VGKC12-25N50L2XT6	RB808/809	5000H
	23G61668	RB806/807	5000H
Motor brush	24Z125209	RB806/807	2000H
Fan	F614T-12MC	RB809	70000H
Battery	CR2032	MRM-110 E73-700*	For storage : 1 year 1 hour operation in every week: 8 years

\*Subject to version change

## 6.2 Regular service and cleaning up

Periodic inspection and cleaning is essential to keep the radar system in the good working order for the life of the radar.

### 6.2.1 Monthly inspection

(1) Check whether there is any dirt or soot on the radiating part of the Antenna unit. If any, wipe it with soft cloth soaked in water or soap detergent. Also make sure no cracks or coating material is on the front radiation part of Antenna unit.

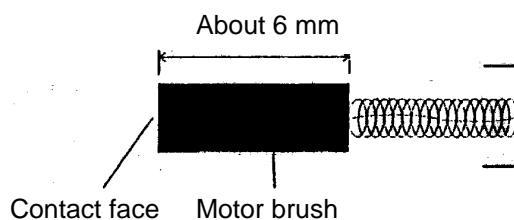


Never turn on the power of radar system under inspection.

(2) Wipe the radar display with cloth soaked in static electricity inhibitor if dirty. Avoid using a dry cloth since it will generate static electricity resulting in the accumulation of dust.

### 6.2.2 Annual inspection

Inspect the Antenna motor brushes in the Scanner unit every 2,000 operating hours. Replace with a new brush if the brush length is less than 6 mm.



**Figure 6.1 instructions for changing the motor brushes**

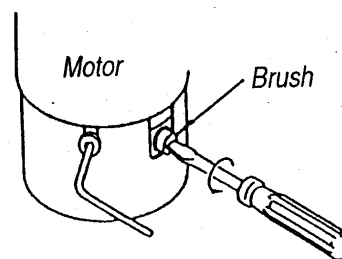
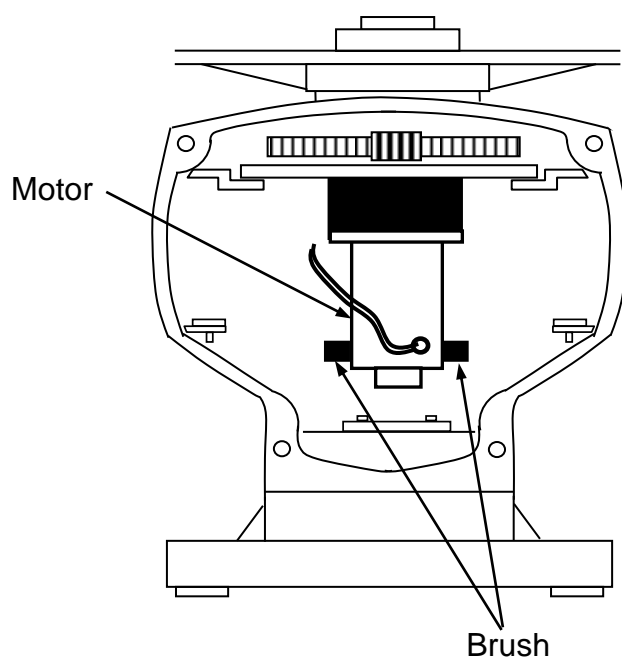
- (1) Remove the cover at the forward side of the Antenna unit by unscrewing the mounting screw. The Antenna drive motor is located inside the lower side of the housing.
- (2) Remove the old motor brush using the slotted screwdriver. (Refer to Figure 6.2).
- (3) Fit the screw to the slot and rotate slowly to counterclockwise. Both of the brushes should be changed simultaneously.
- (4) Insert new brushes and rig them with a reverse sequence.





**Warning:** To prevent electric shock, be sure to turn off the radar system power before opening the cover of the antenna unit.

#### Internal structure of the antenna housing

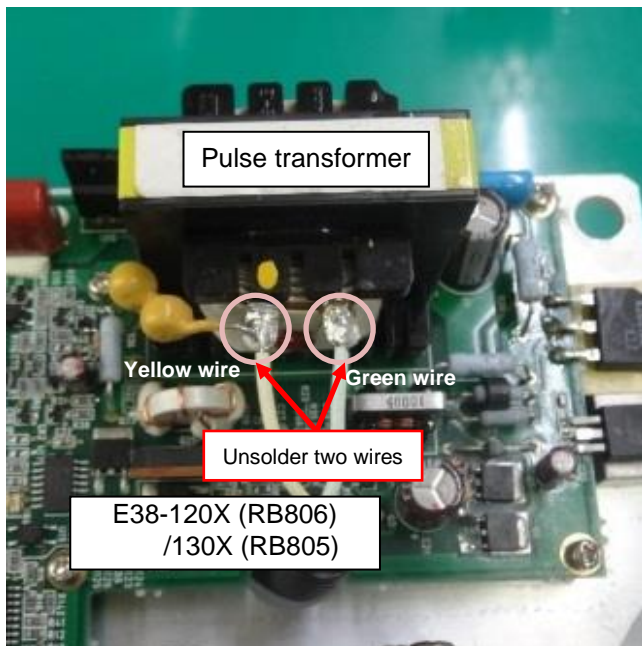


Gently turn the screwdriver counter clockwise to remove the motor brush.

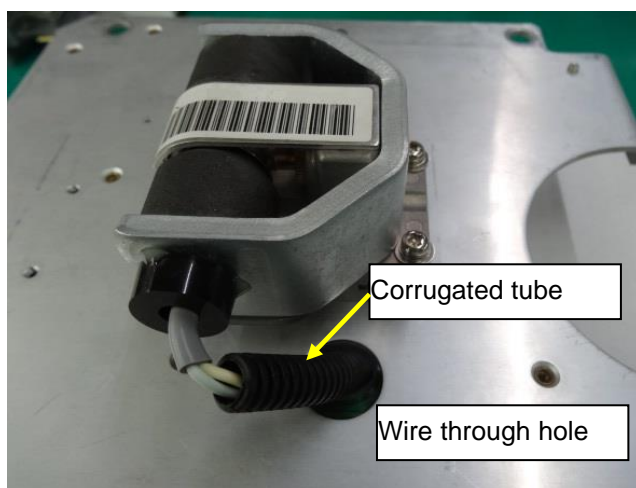
**Figure 6.2 Replacing the motor brushes**

### 6.3 Method of exchanging the magnetron

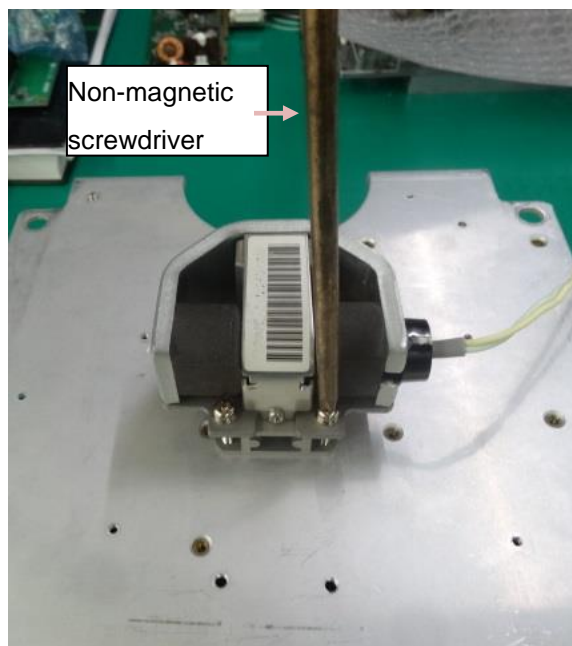
#### 6.3.1 Magnetron replacement (RB805 and RB806)



- 1) Unsolder the yellow wire and green wire from the pulse transformer terminals.



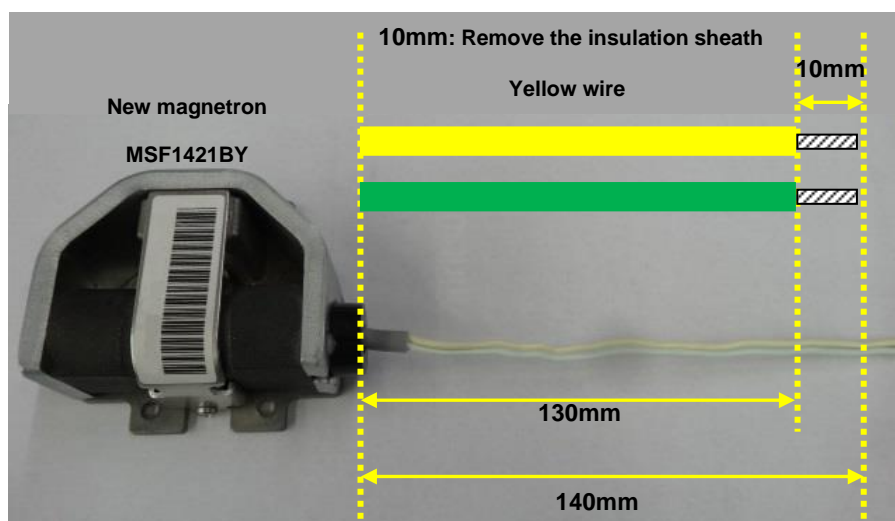
- 2) Pull out to wire through hole for wire, remove the corrugated tube.



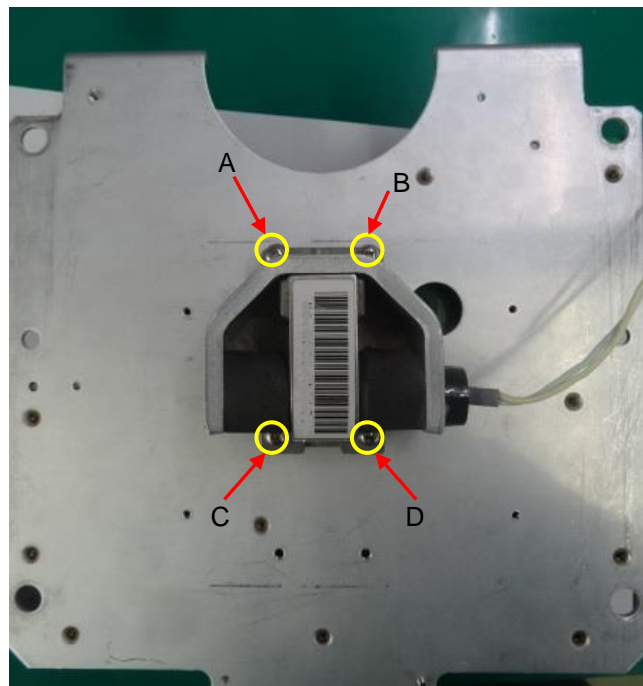
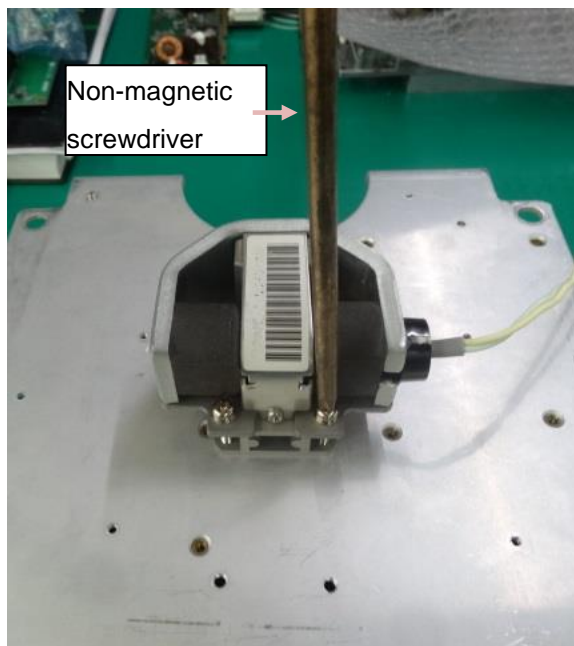
- 3) Remove four screws by non-magnetic screwdriver.

Caution:

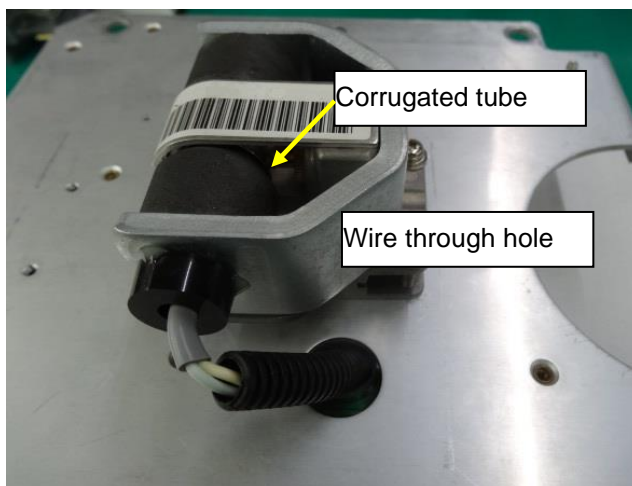
Use a non-magnetic screwdriver,  
because the contact of the metal tool with the  
magnetron will cause deterioration of its  
performance.



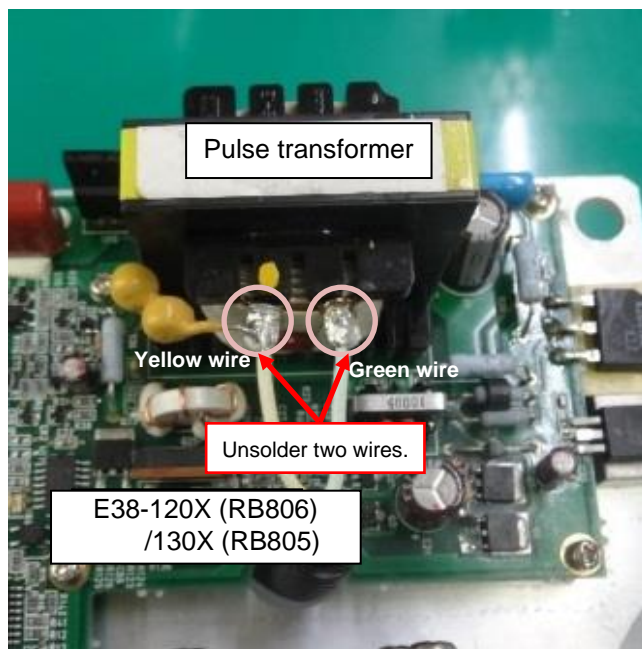
- 4) Following above picture cut the excess wires from magnetron.



- 5) Fasten four screws by non-magnetic screwdriver.  
Screw A, B: PWSM4X30B and washer (Quantity 2)  
Screw C, D: PWSM4X24B (Quantity2)

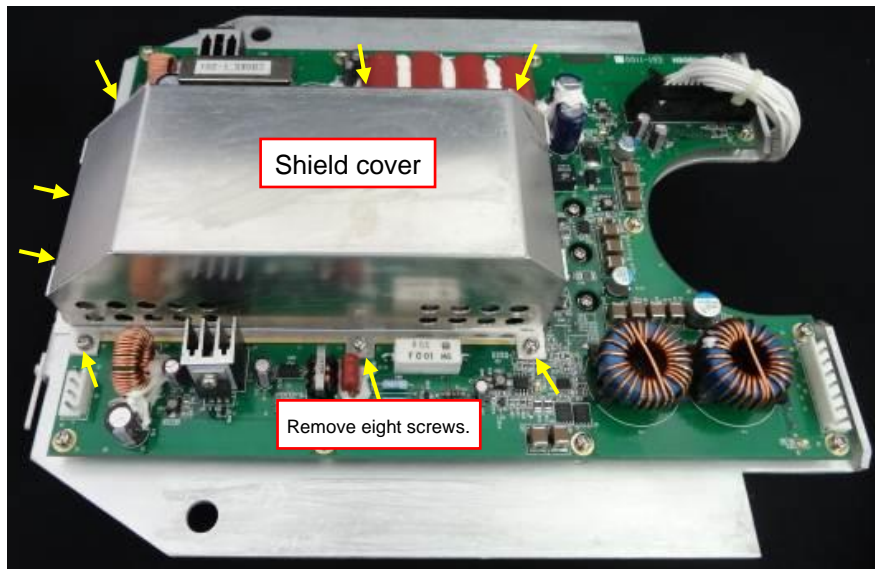


- 6) Covered with a corrugated tube to the wire, put in the Wire through hole.

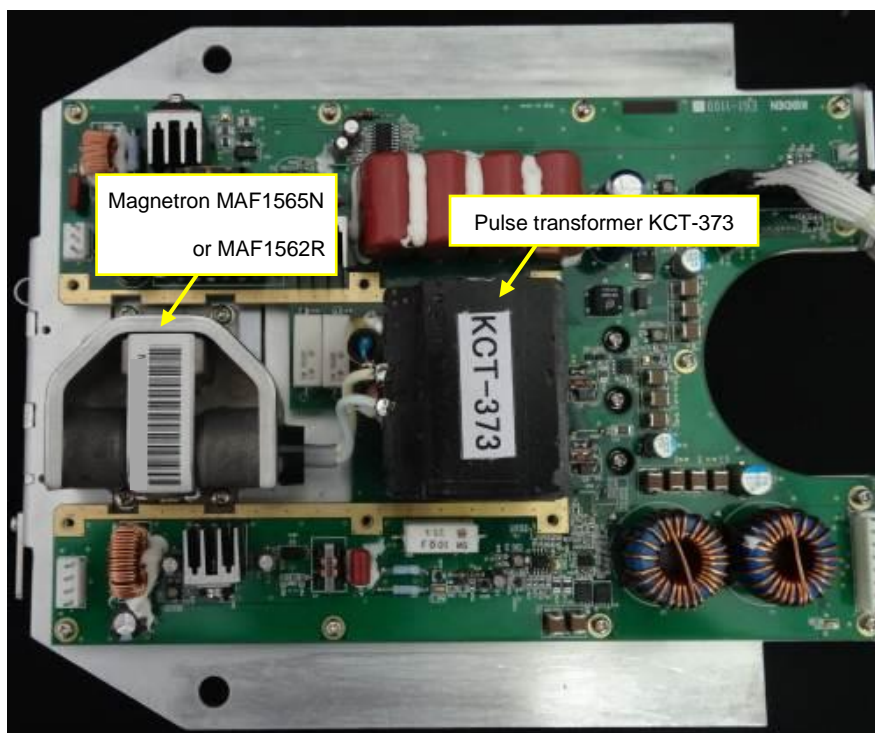


- 7) Solder the yellow wire and green wire to the pulse transformer terminals.

### 6.3.2 Magnetron replacement (RB808 and RB807)

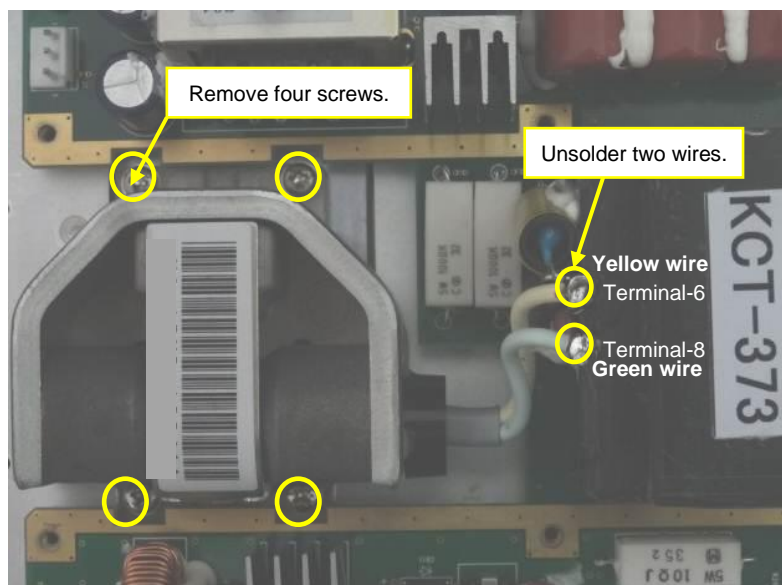


- 1) Remove the eight screws that secure the shield cover.  
Remove the shield cover from the PCB [E61-110X] or [E71-110X].



- 2) This picture is the view of the magnetron [MAF1565N] or [MAF1562R] and the pulse transformer [KCT-373]

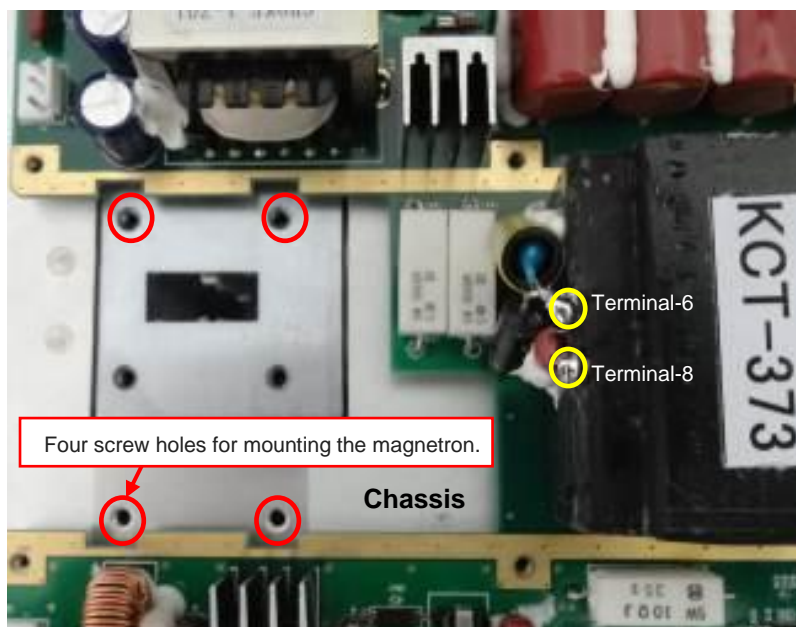




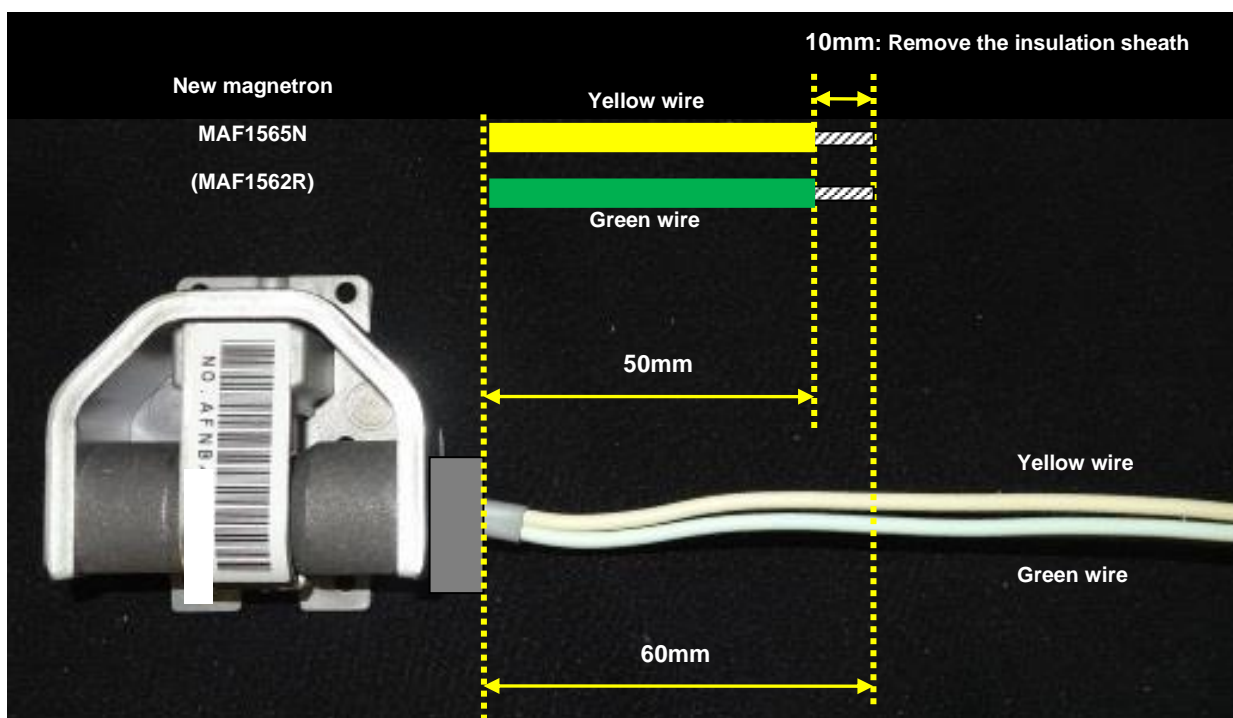
- 3) Unsolder the yellow wire and green wire from the pulse transformer terminals.

Remove the four screws that secure the magnetron.

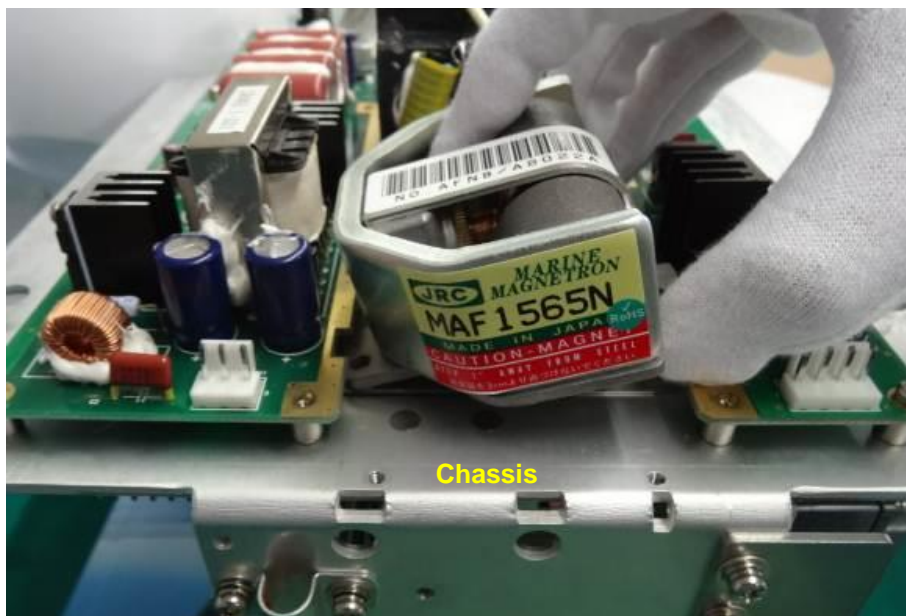
Remove the magnetron from the chassis.



- 4) This picture is the view of the modulator with magnetron removed.

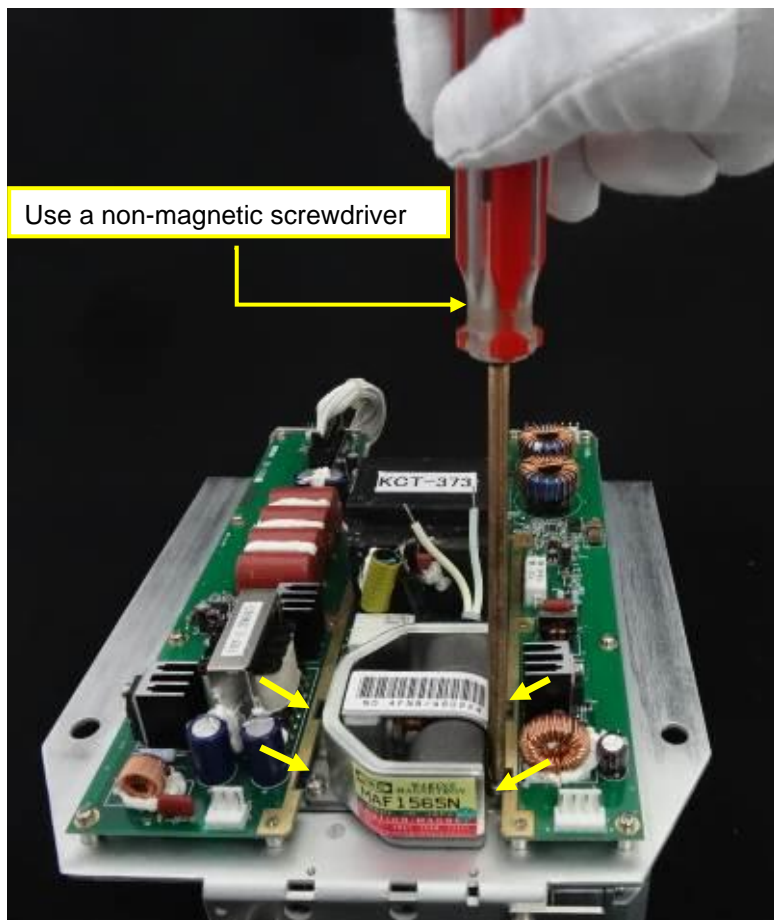


5) Following above picture cut the excess wires from magnetron.



6) Attach new magnetron to chassis.



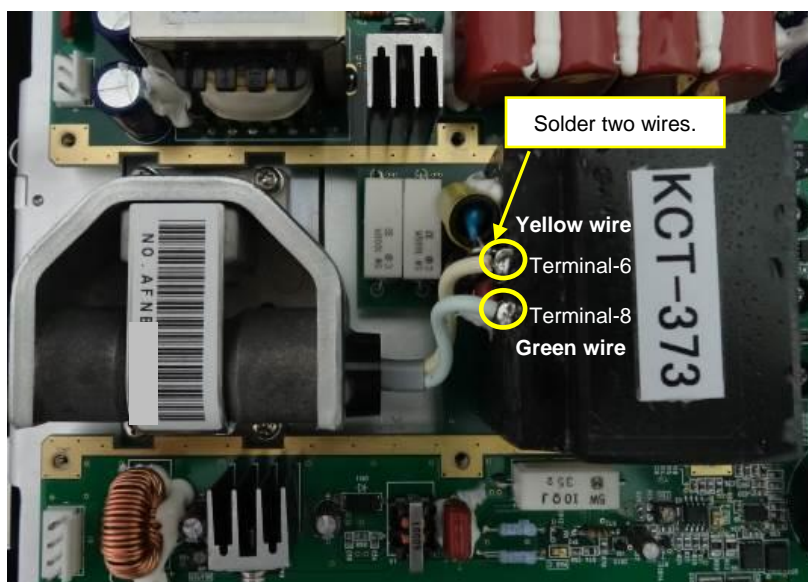


7) Fasten four screws by non-magnetic screwdriver.

Screw: PWSM 4x12B (Quantity 4)

Caution:

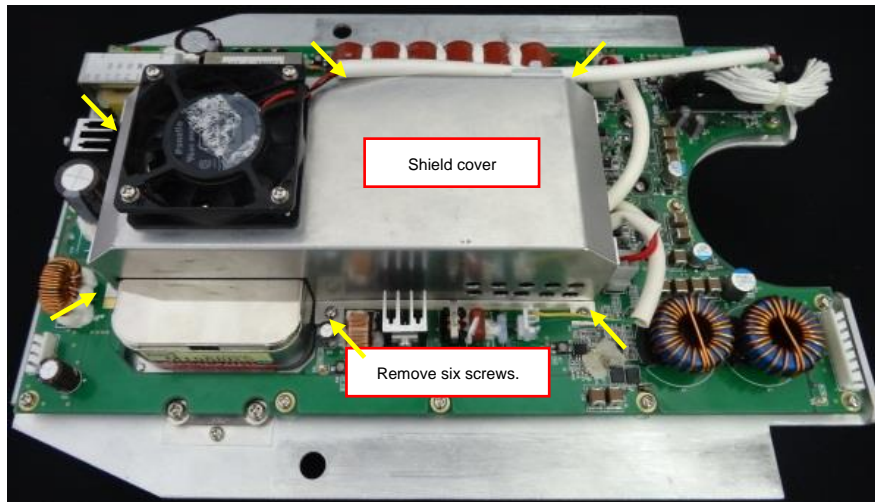
Use a non-magnetic screwdriver, because the contact of the metal tool with the magnetron will cause deterioration of its performance.



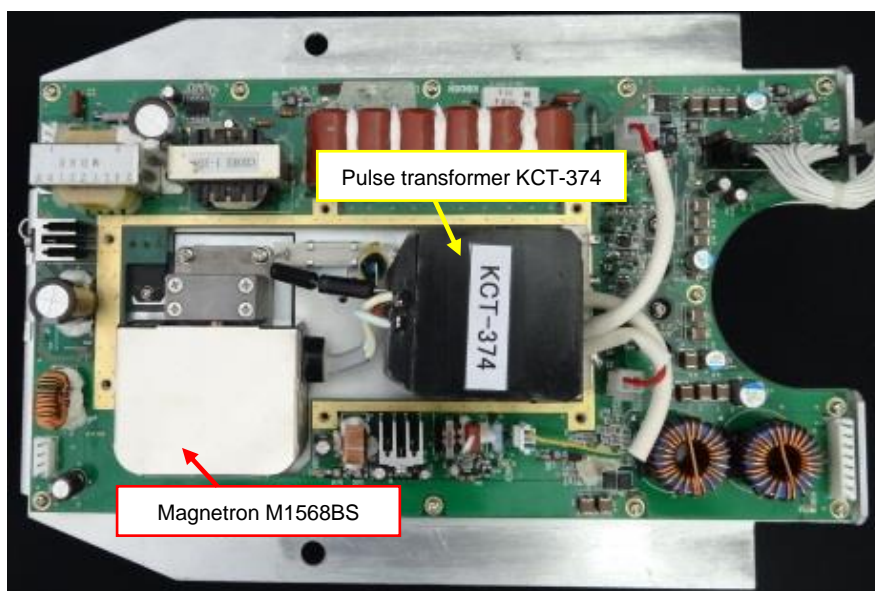
8) Solder the yellow wire and green wire to the pulse transformer terminals.

Attach the shield cover to the PCB [E61-110X] or [E71-110X].

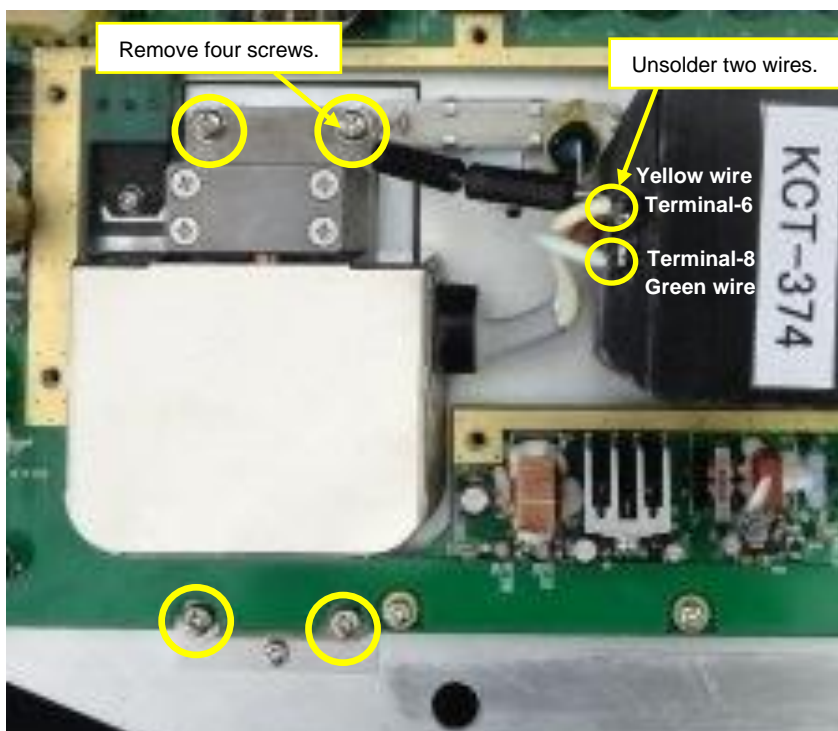
### 6.3.3 Magnetron replacement (RB809)



- 1) Remove the six screws that secure the shield cover.  
Remove the shield cover from the PCB [E62-110X].



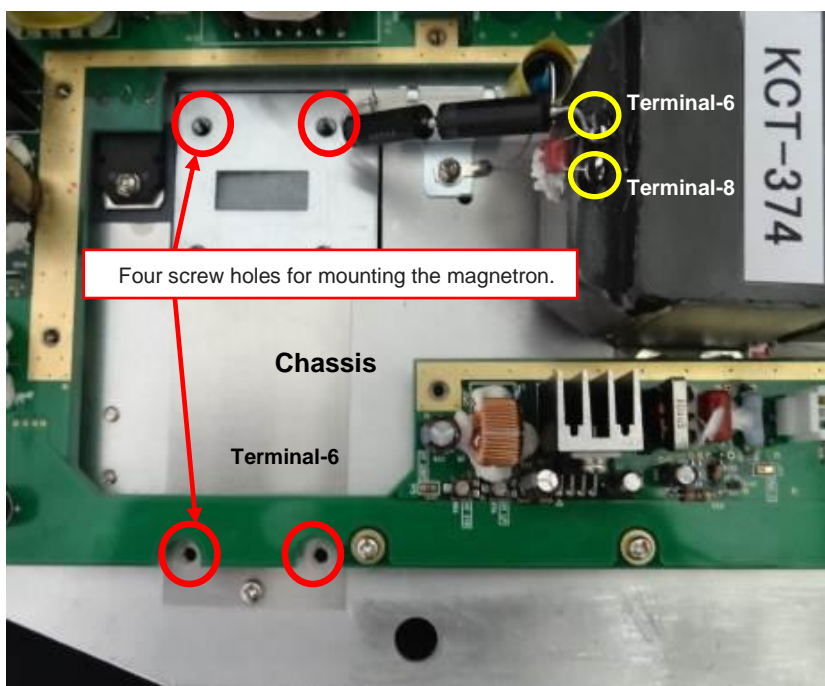
- 2) This picture is the view of the magnetron [M1568BS] and the pulse transformer [KCT-374].



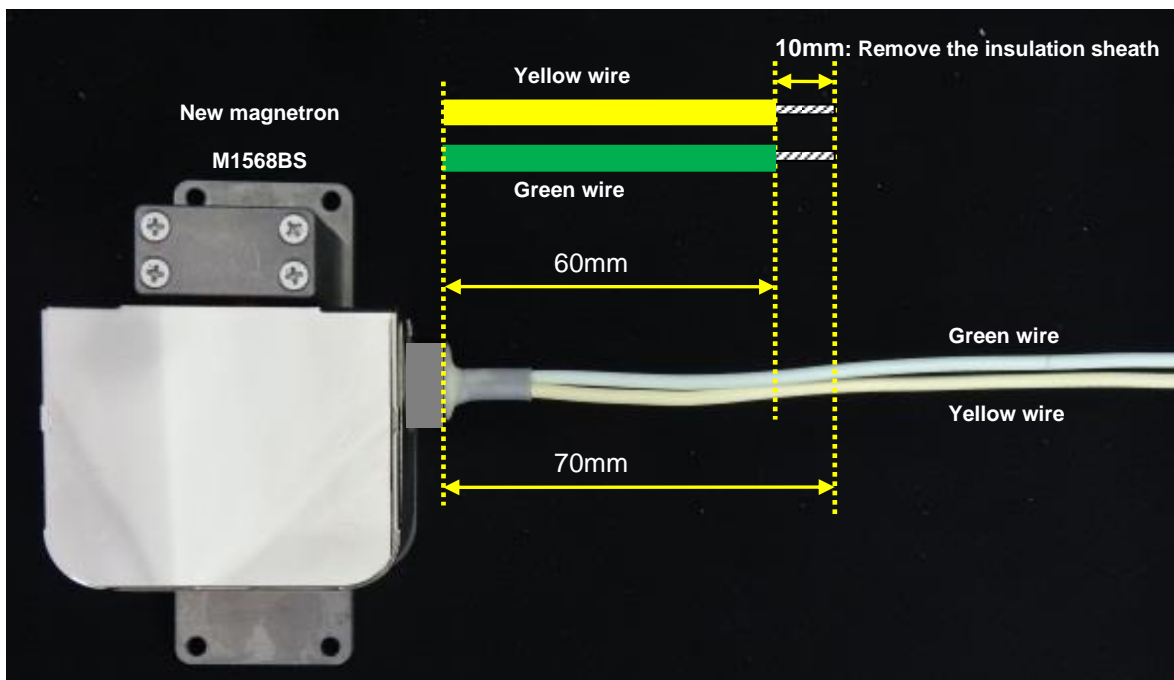
3) Unsolder the yellow wire and green wire from the pulse transformer terminals.

Remove the four screws that secure the magnetron.

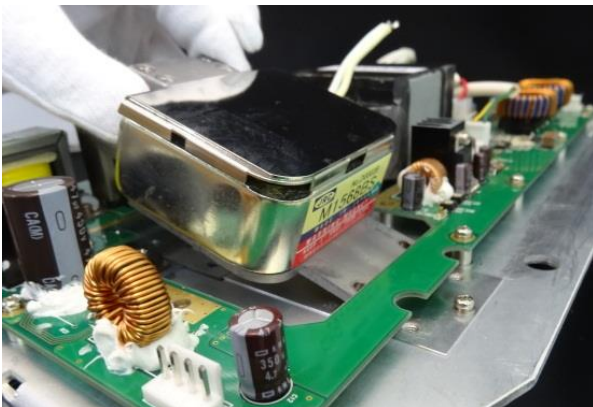
Remove the magnetron from the chassis.



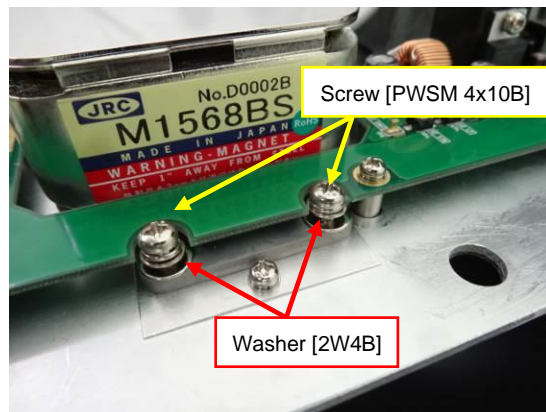
4) This picture is the view of the modulator with magnetron removed.



5) Following above picture cut the excess wires from magnetron.



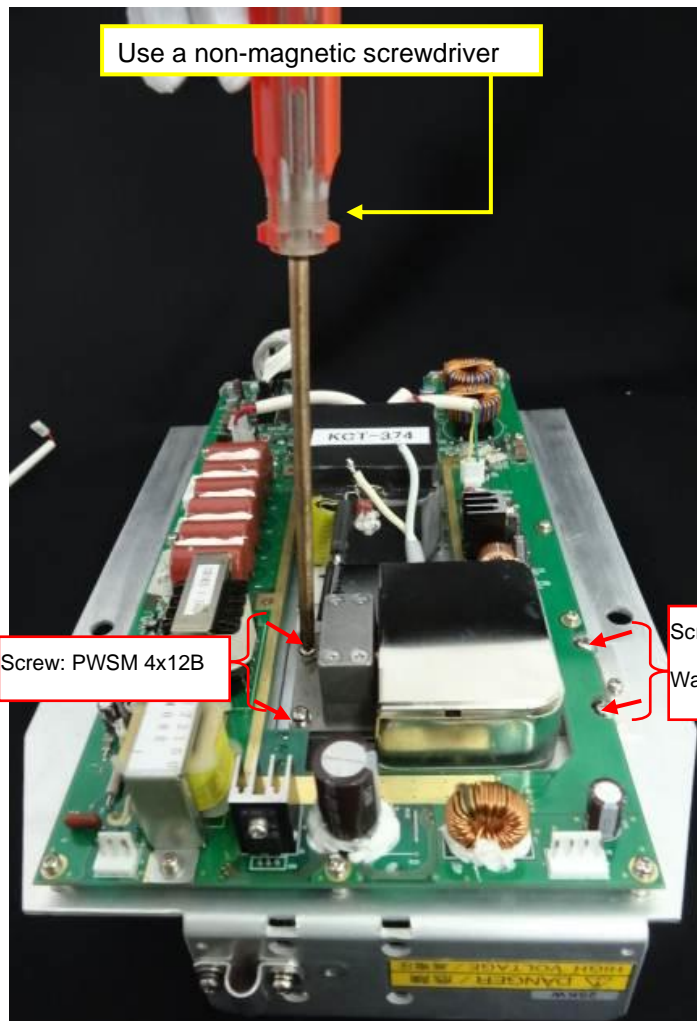
6) Attach new magnetron to the chassis.



7) With magnetron in place on this side use screw [PWSM4x10B] and the washer [2W4B].

On the other side, use the screw [PWSM 4x12B]





8) Fasten four screws by non-magnetic screwdriver.

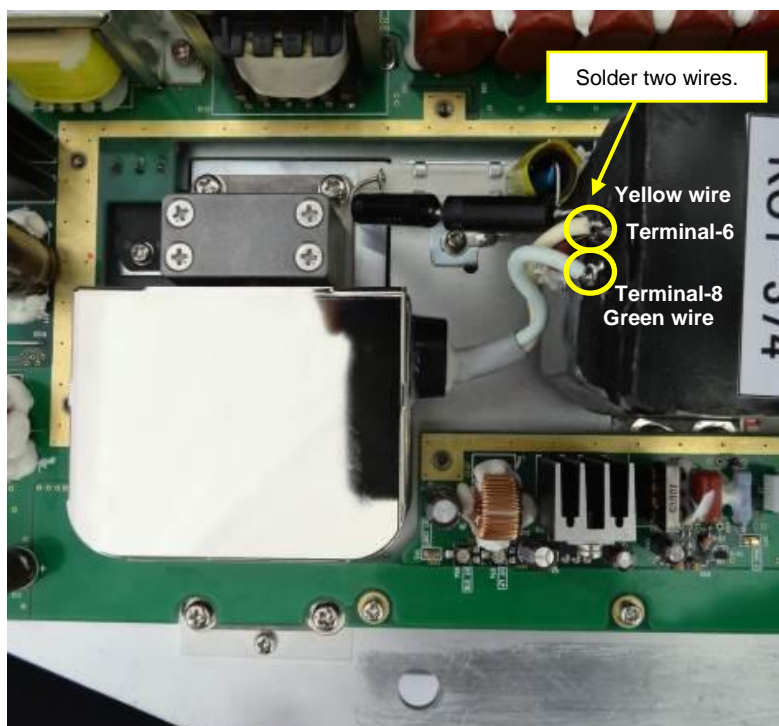
Screw: PWSM 4x12B (Quantity 2)

PWSM 4x10B (Quantity 2)

Washer: 2W4B (Quantity 2)

Caution:

Use a non-magnetic screwdriver, because the contact of the metal tool with the magnetron will cause deterioration of its performance.



9) Solder the yellow wire and green wire to the pulse transformer terminals.

Attach the shield cover to the PCB [E62-110X].

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### 7.1 Details of the data input format

## Heading

THS	True heading and status
	<p>\$ == THS, x.x, a*hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <div style="margin-left: 80px;"> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle; margin-right: 60px;">    Note for IMO mode IL, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle; margin-right: 60px;">    Check sum Mode indicator*</div> <div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;">  Heading, degrees true</div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> <p>Note* mode indicator</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A=Autonomous valid</li> <li>E=Estimated invalid</li> <li>M=Manual input invalid</li> <li>S=Simulator mode invalid</li> <li>V=Data not valid invalid</li> </ul> </div>

HDT	Heading true
	<p>\$ = HDT, <u>x.x</u>, T*<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">                        </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Heading, degrees true      Check sum</p> <p>Note for IMO mode</p> <p>IL, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

HDG	Heading, deviation and variation
	<p>\$ -- HDG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, E/W, *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 100px;">Magnetic sensor heading, degrees</span> <span style="margin-right: 100px;">Magnetic variation, degrees</span> <span style="margin-right: 100px;">Magnetic variation, degrees</span> <span>Check sum</span> </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

HDM	Heading Magnetic
	<p>\$ -- HDM, <u>x.x</u>, M*<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">                        </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Heading, degrees magnetic      Check sum</p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed
	<p>\$ -- VTG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> Check sum  <span style="margin-left: 150px;"> </span> Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid  <span style="margin-left: 200px;"> </span> Speed over ground, km/h  <span style="margin-left: 250px;"> </span> Speed over ground, knots  <span style="margin-left: 300px;"> </span> Course over ground, degrees magnetic  <span style="margin-left: 350px;"> </span> Course over ground, degrees true </p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>,, , , ,</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           UTC of position fix            Latitude, N/S            Longitude, E/W            Status, A=Valid V=Invalid            Not used            Check sum            Navigation status            Mode indicator            A/D/P/R/F=Valid            E/M/S/N=Invalid            S=Safe            C=Caution            U=Unsafe            V=Not valid         </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

RMA	Recommended minimum specific LORAN-C data
	<p>\$ -- RMA, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Latitude, degrees N/S            Longitude, degrees E/W            Status, A=data valid, V=blink, cycle or SNR            Not used            Course over ground, degrees true            Speed over ground, knots            Not used            Check sum            Mode indicator, A/D=valid            E/M/S/N=invalid         </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

## Speed

VBW	Dual ground/water speed
	<p>\$ = VBW, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           These fields are not used            Status ground speed, A=Valid, V=Invalid            Transverse ground speed, knots            Longitudinal ground speed, knots            Status water speed, A=Valid, Invalid            Transverse waterspeed, knots            Longitudinal water speed, knots            Check sum         </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed
	<p>\$ = VTG, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Course over ground, degrees true            Course over ground, degrees magnetic            Speed over ground, knots            Speed over ground, km/h            Check sum            Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid         </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>

VHW	Water speed and heading
	<p>\$ = VHW, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>K</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Heading, degrees true            Heading, degrees magnetic            Speed, knots            Speed, km/h            Check sum         </p> <p>Note for IMO mode II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.</p>



**Set and Drift**

VDR	Set and drift
	<p>\$ -- VDR, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Direction, degrees true            Direction, degrees magnetic            Current speed, knots            Check sum         </p>

**Time and date**

ZDA	Time and date
	<p>\$ -- ZDA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xxxx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           UTC            Day, 01 to 31 (UTC)            Month, 01 to 12 (UTC)            Year (UTC)            Local zone hours (00 h to +/- 13 h)            Local zone minutes (00 to +59)            Check sum         </p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           UTC of position fix            Latitude, N/S            Longitude, E/W            Status, A=Valid V=Invalid            Not used            Check sum            Navigation status            Mode indicator            A/D/P/R/F=Valid            E/W/S/N=Invalid            S=Safe            C=Caution            U=Unsafe            V=Not valid         </p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

GGA	Global positioning system (GPS) fix data
	<p>\$ -- GGA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>,</u>, <u>*</u><u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           UTC of position            Latitude            Longitude            GPS quality indicator            These field is not used.            Check sum            0=Fix not invalid or invalid            1=GPS SPS mode            2=Differential GPS, SPS mode            3=GPS PPS mode            4=Real time Kinematic            5=Float RTK            6=Estimated mode            7=Manual input mode            8=Simulator mode            1/2/3/4/5=Valid, 0/6/7/8=Invalid         </p> <p>Note for IMO mode ll, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

Note: RMC and GGA sentence is used for only time data

**Latitude/Longitude**

GLL	Geographic position – Latitude/longitude
	<p>\$ -- GLL, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Latitude            Longitude            UTC is not used            Check sum            Mode indicator*            Status            A: Data valid            V: Data invalid         </p> <p>Note* Mode indicator            A=Autonomous (Valid)            D=Differential (Valid)            E=Estimated (Invalid)            M=Manual input (Invalid)            S=Simulator (Invalid)            N=Data not valid         </p> <p>Note for IMO mode ll, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN and LC are accepted.</p>

GGA	Global positioning system (GPS) fix data
	<p>\$ -- GGA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>a</u>, , , , , , , <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>UTC of position      Latitude      Longitude      GPS quality indicator      Check sum</p> <p>These field is not used.      1/2/3/4/5=Valid, 0/6/7/8=Invalid</p> <p>0=Fix not invalid or invalid 1=GPS SPS mode 2=Differential GPS, SPS mode 3=GPS PPS mode 4=Real time Kinematic 5=Float RTK 6=Estimated mode 7=Manual input mode 8=Simulator mode</p> <p>Note for IMO mode ll, ll, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.</p>

GNS	GNSS fix data
	<p>\$ -- GNS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>c-c</u>, , , , , , , <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Not used      Latitude N/S      Longitude E/W      Mode indicator      Check sum</p> <p>Navigation status indicator S=Safe C=Caution U=Unsafe V=Navigational status not used</p> <p>Note for IMO mode GN, GP, GL and GA are accepted.</p> <p>A/D/P/R/F=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid GN, GP: first character GL: second character GA: third character</p>

RMC	Recommended minimum specific GNSS data
	<p>\$ -- RMC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, , , , , , , <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>UTC of position fix      Latitude, N/S      Longitude, E/W      Not used      Check sum</p> <p>Status, A=Valid V=Invalid      Navigation status      S=Safe Mode indicator      C=Caution A/D/P/R/F=Valid      U=Unsafe E/M/S/N=Invalid      V=Not valid</p>

RMA	Recommended minimum specific LORAN-C data
	<p>\$ -- RMA, <u>A</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, E/W, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Latitude, degrees N/S      Longitude, degrees E/W      Not used      Check sum</p> <p>Status, A=data valid, V=blink, cycle or SNR      Mode indicator, A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid</p> <p>Course over ground, degrees true      Speed over ground, knots</p> <p>Note: This sentence is not accepted for IMO radar.</p>

## Datum

DTM	Datum reference																				
	<div>\$ -- DTM, <u>ccc</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>ccc</u> <u>*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</div> <div><div><div>Local datum</div><div>Local datum subdivision code</div><div>Lat offset min, N/S</div><div>Lon offset min, E/W</div><div>Altitude offset, m</div><div>Reference datum</div><div>Check sum</div></div></div> <table><thead><tr><th></th><th>Reference datum</th><th>Local datum</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>WGS84</td><td>W84</td><td>W84</td></tr><tr><td>WGS72</td><td>W72</td><td>W72</td></tr><tr><td>SGS85</td><td>S85</td><td>S85</td></tr><tr><td>PE90</td><td>P90</td><td>P90</td></tr><tr><td>User defined</td><td>-</td><td>999</td></tr></tbody></table>				Reference datum	Local datum	WGS84	W84	W84	WGS72	W72	W72	SGS85	S85	S85	PE90	P90	P90	User defined	-	999
	Reference datum	Local datum																			
WGS84	W84	W84																			
WGS72	W72	W72																			
SGS85	S85	S85																			
PE90	P90	P90																			
User defined	-	999																			

**Alarm and alert handling**

ALF	Alert sentence
	<p>\$ -- ALF, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>c---c</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Time of last change Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 2 Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2</p> <p>Alert category, A, B or C Alert state, A, S, N, O, U or V** Alert priority, E, A, W or C* Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Revision counter, 1 to 99 Escalation counter, 0 to 9 Alert text Check sum</p> <p>Note* Alert priority E=Emergency Alarm (for use with Bridge Alert Management) A=Alarm W:Warning C=Caution</p> <p>Note** Alert state V=Active-Unacknowledge S=Active-Silenced A=Active-Acknowledge or active O=Active-Responsibility transferred U=Rectified-Unacknowledge N=Normal</p>

ALC	Cyclic alert list
	<p>\$ -- ALC, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>.....</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Check sum Additional Alert entries Revision counter Alert entry 1 Alert instance Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Number of alert entries Sequential message identifier, 00 to 99 Sentence number, 01 to 99 Total number of sentences for this message, 01 to 99</p>

ARC	Alert command refused
	<p>\$ -- ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Release time Check sum Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S* Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code</p> <p>Note* A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence</p>

ALR	Set alarm state
	<p>\$ -- ALR, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xxx</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>c---c</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Time of alarm condition change, UTC Check sum Alarm's description text Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledged V=unacknowledged Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded) Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source</p>

ACN	Alert command
	<p>\$ -- ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>Release time Check sum Sentence status flag: "C" Alert command, A, Q, O or S* Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code</p> <p>Note* Alert command A: Acknowledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence</p>

ACK	Acknowledge alarm
	<p>\$ -- ACK, <u>xxx</u> <u>*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">             </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source   Check sum</p>

### **Heartbeat**

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	<p>\$ -- HBT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">                         </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Configured repeat interval   Equipment status   Sequential sentence identifier   Check sum</p> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">A=Yes, V=No</p>

### **AIS target and own ship information**

VDM	AIS VHF data-link message
	<p>! -- VDM, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">                                         </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9   Sentence number, 1 to 9   Message number, 1 to 9   AIS channel (A/B)   Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields)   Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5   Check sum</p>

VDO	AIS VHF data-link own-vessel report
	<p>! -- VDO, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>s--s</u>, <u>x*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">                                         </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9   Sentence number, 1 to 9   Message number, 1 to 9   AIS channel (A/B)   Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields)   Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5   Check sum</p>

**Waypoint Latitude/Longitude, ID**

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Status            A=Valid            V=Data            Invalid         </p> <p>           Not used            Direction to steer            L/R            Cross track error         </p> <p>           Destination w aypoint ID            Destination w aypoint latitude, N/S            Destination w aypoint longitude, E/W         </p> <p>           Not used            Bearing to destination, degrees nautical miles            Range to destination, nautical miles         </p> <p>           Check sum            Mode indicator            A/D=valid            E/M/S/N=invalid         </p>

BWC	Bearing and distance to waypoint – Great circle
	<p>\$ -- BWC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>lll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           UTC of observation            Waypoint latitude N/S            Waypoint longitude E/W         </p> <p>           Note* Mode indicator            A/D=Valid            E/M/S/N=Invalid         </p> <p>           Bearing, digrees true            Bearing, digrees magnetic            Distance, nautical miles            Waypoint ID            Check sum            Mode indicator*         </p>

RTE	Routes
	<p>\$ -- RTE, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>.....</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Sentence number            Total number of sentences         </p> <p>           Route identifier            Message mode            C=complete route, all w aypoints            W=w orking route, first listed w aypoint is "FROM" second is "TO" and remaining are rest of route         </p> <p>           Waypoint identifiere (FROM, TO)            Additional w aypoint identifiers            w aypoint "n" identifier            Check sum         </p>

WPL	Waypoint location
	<p>\$ -- WPL, <u>lll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Waypoint latitude, N/S            Waypoint longitude, E/W            Waypoint identifier            Check sum         </p>

**Waypoint Bearing/Distance**

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Status            A=Valid            V=Data            Invalid         </p> <p>           Not used            Direction            to steer            L/R            Cross track            error         </p> <p>           Destination            w aypoint            longitude,            E/W            Destination w aypoint            latitude, N/S            Destination w aypoint ID         </p> <p>           Not used            Check sum            Mode indicator            A/D=valid            E/M/S/N=invalid         </p> <p>           Bearing to            destination,            degrees nautical miles            Range to destination,            nautical miles         </p>

BWC	Bearing and distance to waypoint – Great circle
	<p>\$ -- BWC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           UTC of            observation            Waypoint            latitude            N/S            Waypoint            longitude            E/W         </p> <p>           Note* Mode indicator            A/D=Valid            E/M/S/N=Invalid         </p> <p>           Bearing, digrees true            Bearing, digrees magnetic            Distance, nautical miles            Waypoint ID            Check sum            Mode indicator*         </p>

**Cross-track error, measured**

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information
	<p>\$ -- RMB, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>llll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Status            A=Valid            V=Data            Invalid         </p> <p>           Not used            Direction            to steer            L/R            Cross track            error         </p> <p>           Destination            w aypoint            longitude,            E/W            Destination w aypoint            latitude, N/S            Destination w aypoint ID         </p> <p>           Not used            Check sum            Mode indicator            A/D=valid            E/M/S/N=invalid         </p> <p>           Bearing to            destination,            degrees nautical miles            Range to destination,            nautical miles         </p>

XTE	Cross-track error, measured
	<p>\$ -- XTE, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>a*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>           Check sum            Mode indicator A/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid            Direction to steer, L/R            Magnitude of cross-track error            Status: A=data valid, V=LORAN-C cycle lock warning flag            Status: A=data valid, V=invalid         </p>

### Route

RTE	Routes
	<p>\$ -- RTE, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>C--C</u>, <u>C--C</u>, <u>C--C</u>, <u>.....</u>, <u>C--C</u> *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> </p> <p> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Sentence number</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Route identifier</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Waypoint identifier (FROM, TO)</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Additional waypoint identifiers</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">w aypoint "n" identifier</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Check sum</span> </p> <p> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Total number of sentences</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Message mode</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">C=complete route, all w aypoints</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">W=w orking route, first listed w aypoint is "FROM"</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">second is "TO" and remaining are rest of route</span> </p>

WPL	Waypoint location
	<p>\$ -- WPL, <u>lll.ll</u>, <u>N/S</u>, <u>yyyy.yy</u>, <u>E/W</u>, <u>c--c</u> *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 100px;">Waypoint latitude, N/S</span> <span style="margin-right: 100px;">Waypoint longitude, E/W</span> <span style="margin-right: 100px;">Waypoint identifier</span> <span>Check sum</span> </p>

## Depth

DPT	Depth
	<p>\$ -- DPT,    <u>x.x</u>,   <u>x.x</u>,   <u>x.x</u>*hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <div style="margin-left: 80px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 10px; height: 10px; background-color: black;"></span> Check sum  <span style="display: inline-block; width: 10px; height: 10px; background-color: black;"></span> Maximum range scale in use  <span style="display: inline-block; width: 10px; height: 10px; background-color: black;"></span> Offset from transducer, in metres  <span style="display: inline-block; width: 10px; height: 10px; background-color: black;"></span> Water depth relative to the transducer, in metres         </div>

DBT	Depth below transducer
	<pre>\$ -- DBT,  x.x, f,  x.x, M,  x.x, F  *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">                            Water depth, feet         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">                            Water depth, m         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">                            Water depth, fathoms         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">                            Check sum         </div> </div>

Temp

MTW	Water temperature
	<pre>\$ -- MTW, <u>x.x</u>. <u>C</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center; gap: 100px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">   Temperature, degrees C </div> <div style="text-align: center;">   Check sum </div> </div>

**Loran-C position (LOP)**

GLC	Geographic Position Loran-C
	<p>\$ -- GLC, <u>xxxx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>a</u> *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">TD1</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">TD2</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">TD3</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">TD4</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">TD5</span> <span>Check sum</span> </p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">status*</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">status*</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">status*</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">status*</span> <span>status*</span> </p> <p>Note: When only two TD data are effective, TD data is displayed.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">           Note*: Status            A=Valid            B=Blink warning            C=Cycle warning            S=SNR warning         </p>

**Wind**

MWD	Wind direction and speed
	<p>\$ -- MWD, <u>x.x</u>, <u>T</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>N</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>M</u>, *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Wind direction, 0° to 359° true</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Wind direction, 0° to 359° magnetic</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Wind speed, knots</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Wind speed, m/s</span> <span>Check sum</span> </p>

**ROT**

ROT	Rate of turn
	<p>\$ -- ROT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Rate of turn, °/min</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Status, A=Valid V=Invalid</span> <span>Check sum</span> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">"- " bow turns to port</p>

**GNSS satellite fault detection**

GBS	GNSS satellite fault detection
	<p>\$ -- GBS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>xx</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>h</u>, <u>h</u> *hh &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">This field is not used.</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Expected error in longitude</span> <span style="margin-right: 20px;">Expected error in latitude</span> <span>Check sum</span> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">These fields are not used.</p>



## 7.2 Details of TT tracking data output

Data standard name: NMEA0183 (IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2)

Target data of the automatic tracking unit is provided via data connectors (J3/J5/J6) on the back panel.

TTD	Tracked target data
	<p>! RATTD, hh, hh, x, s--s, x*hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>             hh: Hex sentence number, 01 to FF              hh: Total hex number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 01 to FF              x: Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9              s--s: Encapsulated tracked target data              x*hh: Check sum              x: Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5           </p>

TLB	Target label
	<p>\$ RATLB, x.x, c--c, x.x, c--c, ...x.x, c--c *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>             x.x: Label assigned to target 'n'              c--c: Additional label pairs (x.x, c--c)              x.x: Target number 'n' reported by the device              c--c: Check sum           </p>

TTM	Tracked target message
	<p>\$ RATTM, xx, x.x, x.x, T, x.x, x.x, T, x.x, x.x, N, c--c, a, a, hhmmss.ss, a, *hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p>             xx: Target number, 00 to 99              x.x: Target distance from own ship              x.x: Target course, degrees true              T: Target speed              x.x: Bearing from own ship, degrees true              x.x: Target speed              T: Target course, degrees true              x.x: Time to CPA (min)              x.x: Distance of closest point-of-approach              N: Target label              c--c: Speed/distance units, N              a: Target status              a: Reference target=R, null otherwise              hhmmss.ss: UTC              a: Type of acquisition              A=Automatic              M=Manual              R=Recorded              *hh: Check sum           </p>

### 7.3 Details of the radar data output

Data standard name: NMEA0183 (IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2)

Own ship data and radar system data are provided via data connectors (J3/J5/J6) on the back panel.

#### Radar system data

RSD	Radar system data
	<pre>\$ - RSD, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, a, a*hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: small;"> <div>             Origin 1 Range Origin 1 Bearing VRM1 Bearing         </div> <div>             EBL1 Bearing Origin2 Bearing         </div> <div>             Origin2 Range VRM2 Bearing         </div> <div>             EBL2 Bearing Cursor range         </div> <div>             Cursor Bearing Display Range         </div> <div>             Check sum Range unit K=km/h N=NM S=SM/h         </div> <div>             Display mode C=Course up H=Head up N=North up         </div> </div>

#### Own ship data

OSD	Own ship data
	<pre>\$RAOSD, x.x, A, x.x, a, x.x, a, x.x, x.x, a*hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: small;"> <div>             Heading, degrees true Heading status, A=data valid, V=data in valid Vessel course, degrees true Course reference, B/MW/R/P* Vessel speed Speed reference, B/MW/R/P* Vessel set, degrees true Vessel drift (speed) Speed unit, K=km/h, N=knots, S=statute miles/h         </div> <div>             Check sum         </div> </div> <div style="font-size: x-small; margin-top: 10px;">             Note* Reference              B=Bottom tracking log              M=Manually entered              W=Water referenced              R=Radar tracking (or fixed target)              P=Positioning system ground reference         </div>

#### Target latitude and longitude

TLL	Target latitude and longitude
	<pre>\$ RATLL, xx, llll.ll, N/S, yyyy.yy, E/W, c--c, hhmmss.ss, a, a*hh&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: small;"> <div>             Target latitude N/S Target number (00-99)         </div> <div>             Target longitude E/W         </div> <div>             UTC of data Target label         </div> <div>             Check sum Reference target=R, null otherwise Target status L=Lost Q=Query T=Tracking         </div> </div>

**Alarm**

ALF	Alert sentence
	<p>\$ -- ALF, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>a</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x</u>, <u>c---c</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> Time of last change  Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9  Sentence number, 1 to 2  Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2  Alert priority, E, A, W or C*  Alert category, A, B or C  Alert instance, 1 to 999999  Alert identifier  Manufacturer mnemonic code  Alert state, A, S, N, O, U or V**  Alert text  Escalation counter, 0 to 9  Revision counter, 1 to 99  Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert priority  E=Emergency Alarm (for use with Bridge Alert Management)  A=Alarm  W=Warning  C=Caution </p> <p> Note** Alert state  V=Active-Unacknowledge  S=Active-Silenced  A=Active-Acknowledge or active  O=Active-Responsibility transferred  U=Rectified-Unacknowledge  N=Normal </p>

ARC	Alert command refused
	<p>\$ -- ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>*<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> Release time  Alert instance, 1 to 999999  Alert identifier  Manufacturer mnemonic code  Check sum  Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S* </p> <p> Note*  A: Acknowledge  Q: Request / repeat information  O: Responsibility transfer  S: Silence </p>

ALR	Set alarm state
	<p>\$ -- ALR, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>xxx</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>c---c</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> Time of alarm condition change, UTC  Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded)  Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source  Alarm's acknowledge state, A=acknowledged  V=unacknowledged  Alarm's description text  Check sum </p>

ACN	Alert command
	<p>\$ -- ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>aaa</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>x.x</u>, <u>c</u>, <u>a</u>*<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> Release time  Alert instance, 1 to 999999  Alert identifier  Manufacturer mnemonic code  Alert command, A, Q, O or S*  Sentence status flag: "C"  Check sum </p> <p> Note* Alert command  A: Acknowledge  Q: Request / repeat information  O: Responsibility transfer  S: Silence </p>

ACK	Acknowledge alarm
	<p>\$ -- ACK, <u>xxx</u> *<u>hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source  Check sum </p>

## Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	<p>\$ -- HBT, <u>x.x</u>, <u>A</u>, <u>x*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; 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width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;"> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-left: 1px solid black; height: 100px; margin-left: -100px;"></span> </p>

### Activity information

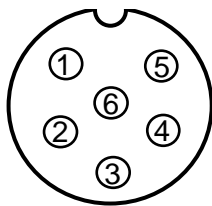
EVE	General event message
	<p>\$ -- EVE, <u>hhmmss.ss</u>, <u>c--c</u>, <u>c--C*hh</u>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</p> <p> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 50px;"> </span> <span style="margin-left: 50px;"> </span>  <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Event time</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Tag code used for identification of source of event</span> <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Event description</span> <span style="margin-left: 50px;">Check sum</span> </p>

7.4 Interface specification

7.4.1 J3, J5 and J6 serial data input/output specification

Input connector: J3 and J5  
Connector used: BD-06PMMP-LC7001  
Connector acceptable: BD-06BFFA-LL6001

J3 and J5  
Data connector pin assignment  
(Processor unit upper view)



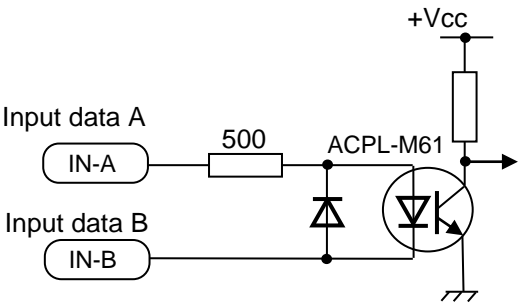
Data connector pin assignment

J3 and J5		J6
Pin number	Signal name	
1	Shield	Shield
2	OUT-A	OUT-A
3	OUT-B	OUT-B
4	IN-A	IN-A
5	IN-B	IN-B
6	+12V	NC

Note: +12V output of pin no.6 of J3 and J5 is used for power supply of the other device such as GPS sensor.

Serial data input (Listener):

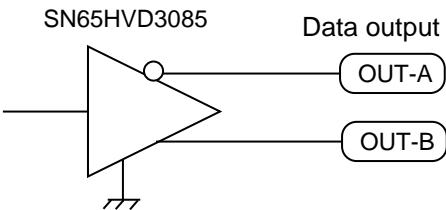
Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is acceptable.  
Input load: 500 Ohm  
Circuit configuration: Photo coupler  
Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Serial data input circuit

Serial data output (Talker):

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or IEC 61162-2 is transmittable.  
Circuit configuration: RS422 driver IC  
Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



Serial data output circuit

7.4.2 VDR (external monitor) and Alarm output signal specification

Output connector name: VDR & Alarm

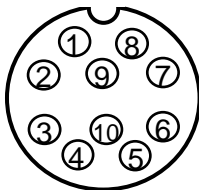
External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment

Connector used: BU-10PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-10BFFA-LL7001

Pin location is shown below.

J1  
External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment  
(Processor unit upper view)



Pin number	Signal name
1	RVD
2	R-GND
3	GVD
4	G-GND
5	BVD
6	B-GND
7	H-SYNC
8	V-SYNC
9	ALARM
10	ALARM

Signal specification

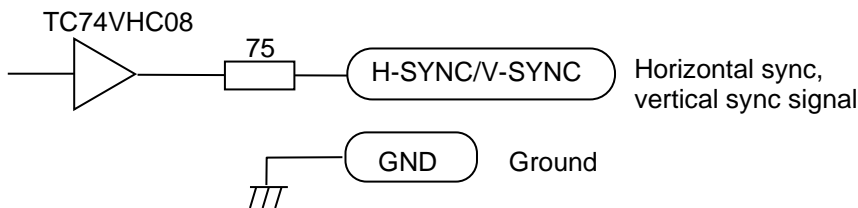
This RGB output is compliant with the image test defined in the VDR test standard IEC61996.

VDR output cannot be deactivated by the user.

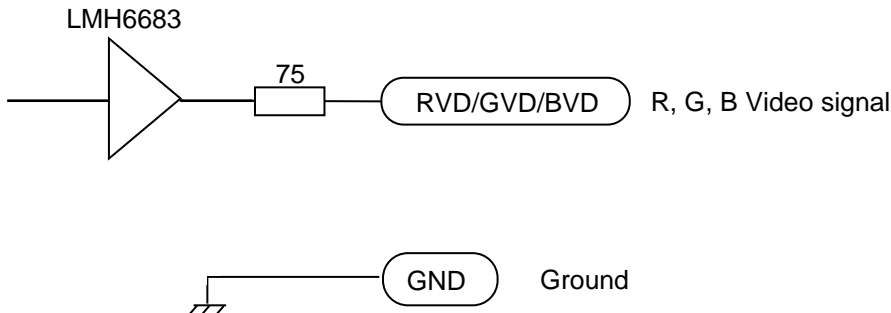
Signal name	Frequency	Polarity	Signal width	Level	Impedance
Horizontal sync signal (H-SYNC)	48.363 kHz	Negative	2.092 $\mu$ s	TTL	200 $\Omega$
Vertical sync signal (V-SYNC)	60.0 Hz	Negative	124 $\mu$ s	TTL	200 $\Omega$
R, G, B Video signal	-	Positive	-	0.7 V p-p	75 $\Omega$
Alarm output	-	-	Contact*	-	Capacity 1A

\* Alarm contact will close in case of failure.

7.4.2.1 Circuit for horizontal sync, vertical sync signal output



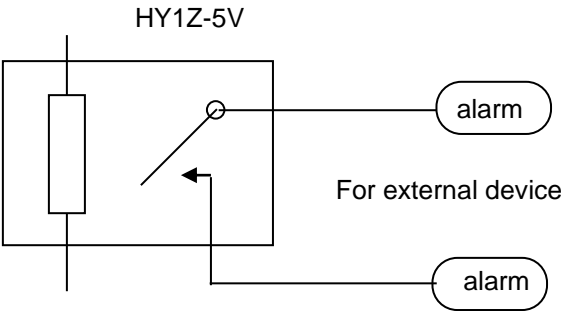
7.4.2.2 Circuit for R, G, B video signal



7.4.2.3 Alarm contact specification

Max. switching voltage 30 V  
Max. current capacity 1 A  
(Resistive load)

Note: Alarm contact will close in case of failure.



7.4.3 AIS serial data input/output specification

**I/O connector AIS (J2)**

Connector used: BD-08PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BD-08BFFA-LL6001

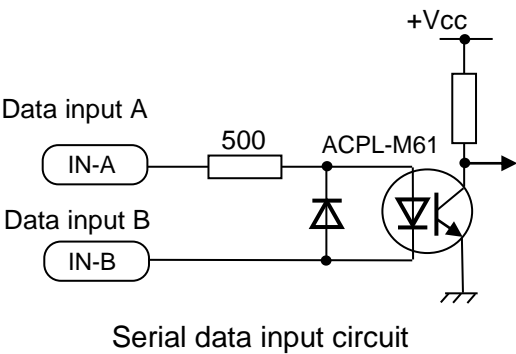
**Serial data input (Listener):**

Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 is acceptable.

Input load 500 Ohm

Circuit configuration: Photo coupler

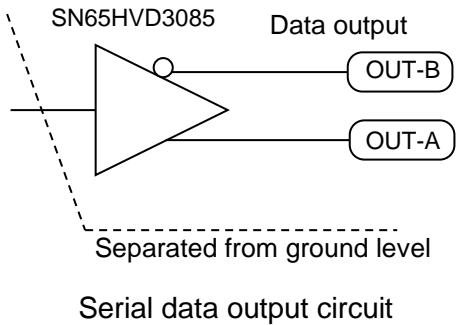
Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



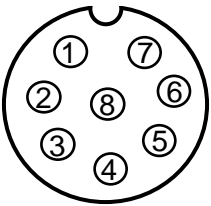
**Serial data output circuit (Talker):**

Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 can be output. Circuit configuration: RS422 Driver/Receiver IC

Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



J2  
Data connector pin assignment  
(Processor unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	Shield
2	IN-A
3	IN-B
4	OUT-B
5	OUT-A
6	GND
7	NC
8	NC

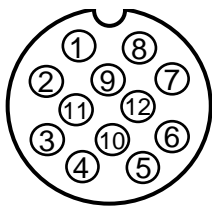
7.4.5 Radar input/output signal specification

I/O connector: Inter-switch (J8)

Connector used: BU-12PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-12BFFA-LL7001

J8  
Inter-switch connector pin assignment  
(Processor unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	VIDEO OUT
2	TRIG OUT
3	GND
4	AZIP OUT
5	SHF OUT
6	GND
7	VIDEO IN
8	TRIG IN
9	GND
10	AZIP IN
11	SHF IN
12	+12VDC



### 7.4.6 Talker device code of the data output devices

The device code displayed as talker is shown in the table below.

Data output device	Talker device code	Displayed code
Galileo positioning system	GA	GAL
Global positioning system (GPS)	GP	GPS (See below)
Global positioning system (DGPS)	GP	DGPS (See below)
GLONASS positioning system	GL	GLONASS
Global navigation satellite system	GN	GNSS
Heading sensors: compass, magnetic	HC	HC
: gyro, north seeking	HE	GYRO
: gyro, non-north seeking	HN	GYRO
Integrated instrumentation	II	INS
Integrated navigation	IN	INS
Loran-C	LC	LC
Electronic positioning system	SN	EPFS
Velocity sensors: Doppler, general	VD	DLOG
: magnetic log	VM	LOG
: mechanical log	VW	LOG
Other devices	Display of talker device	

#### Notice

The change between GPS and DGPS of the device name displayed is based on the operational status display in the GLL and GGA sentences. Refer to "7.1 Details of the data input format" (GLL and GGA sentences).

### 7.4.7 Priority of talker device code

Heading

II > IN > HE > HN > HC > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN

Speed

II > IN > VD > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN > VM > VW

Position

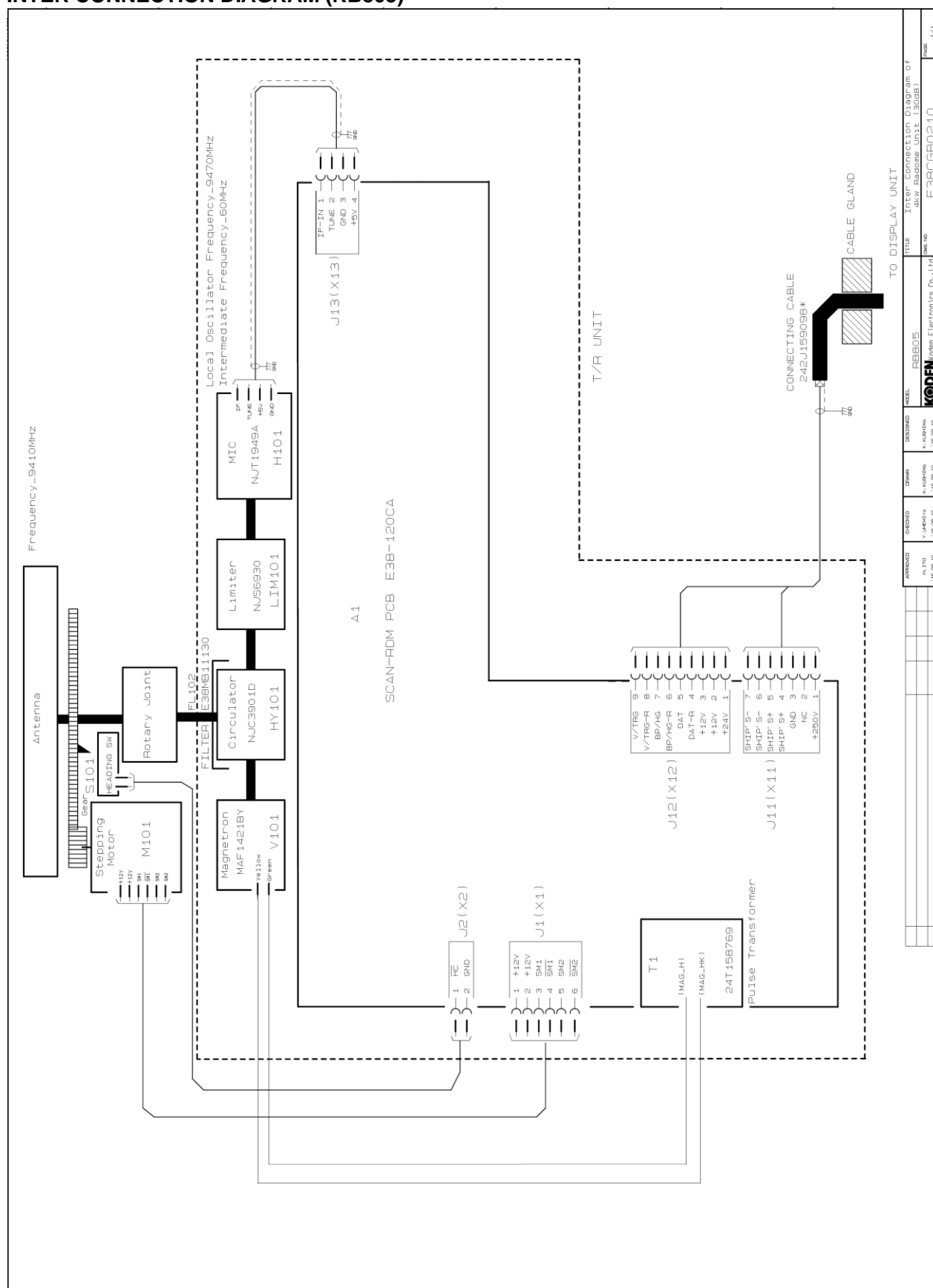
II > IN > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN > LC

GNS

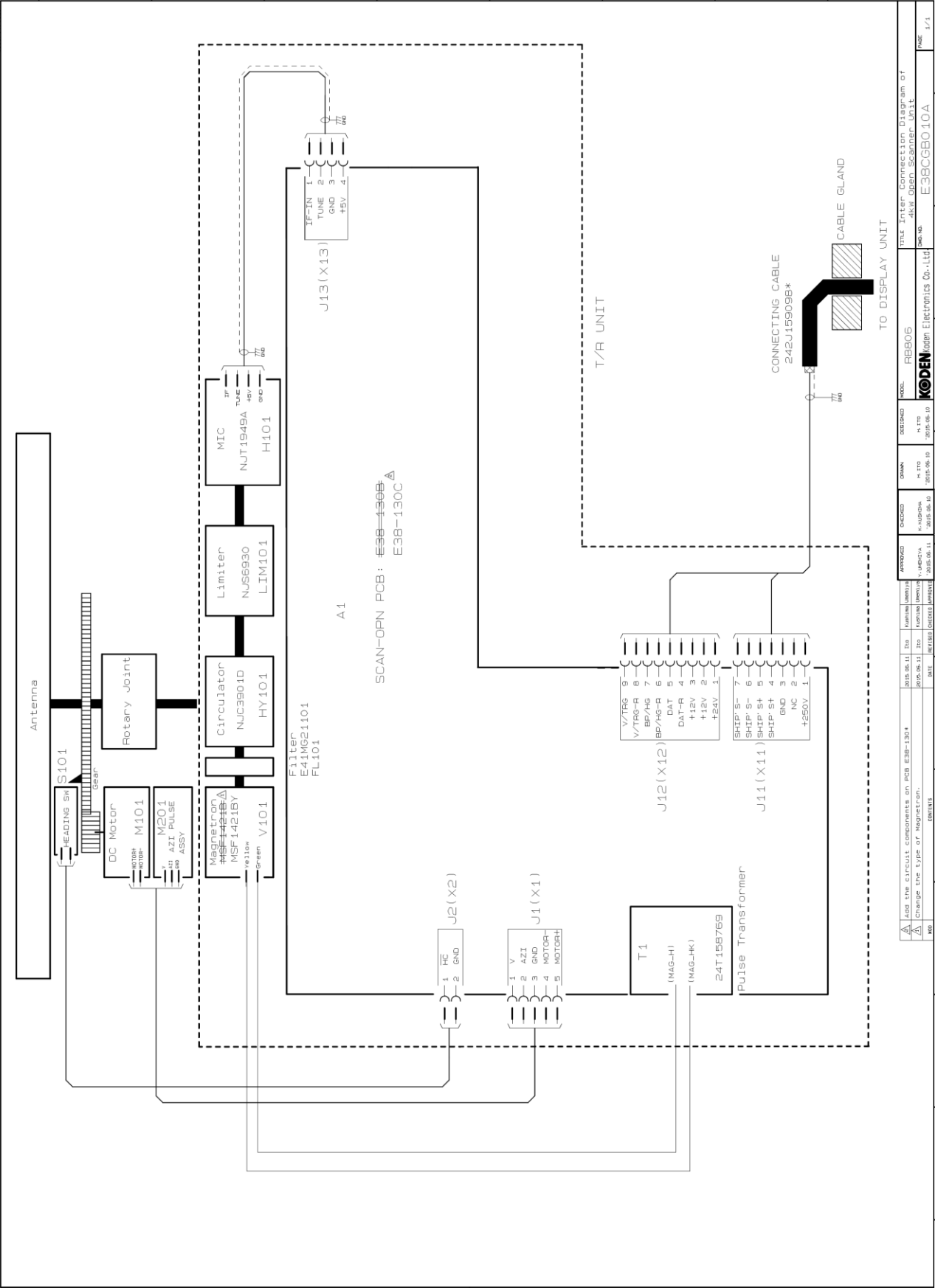
GN > GP > GL > GA

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## 0092653004-04

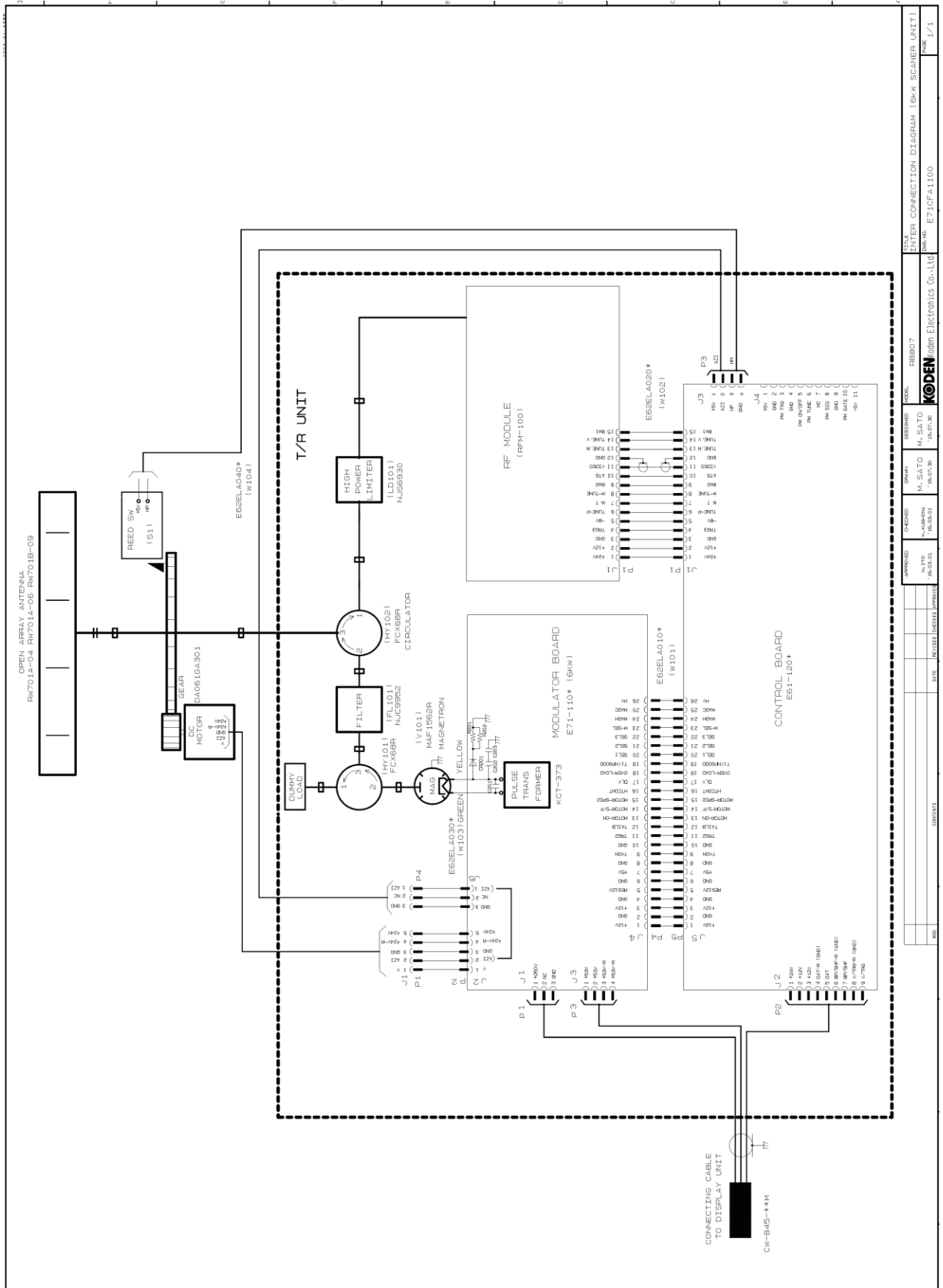


INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (RB806)

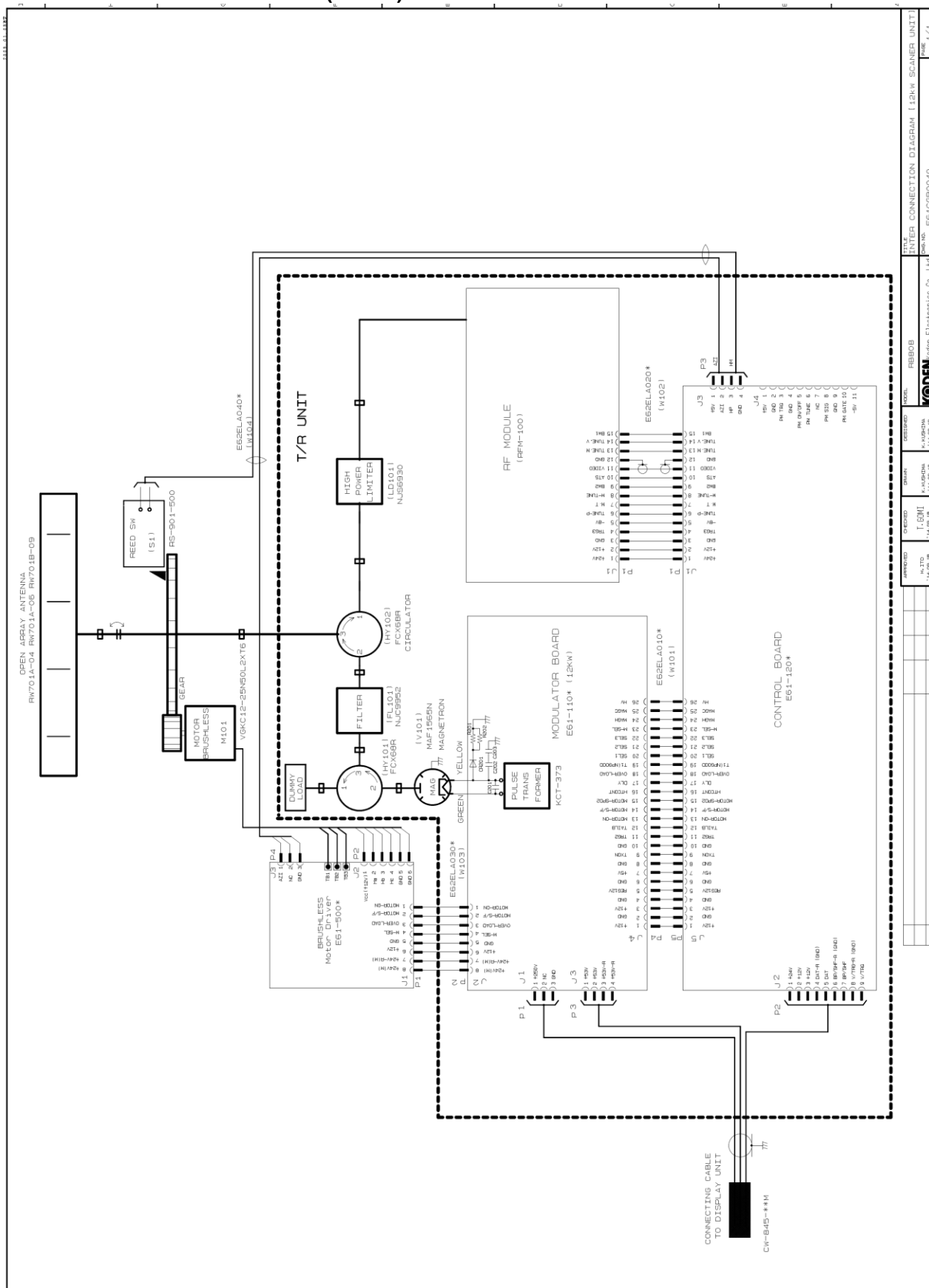


REVISION		DATE		BY		CHECKED		DATE		BY		CHECKED		DATE		BY	
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2		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
3		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
4		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
5		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
6		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
7		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
8		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
9		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
10		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
11		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
12		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
13		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
14		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
15		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
16		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
17		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
18		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
19		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
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21		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
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24		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO		N. TO		2015-06-11		N. TO	
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# INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (RB807)

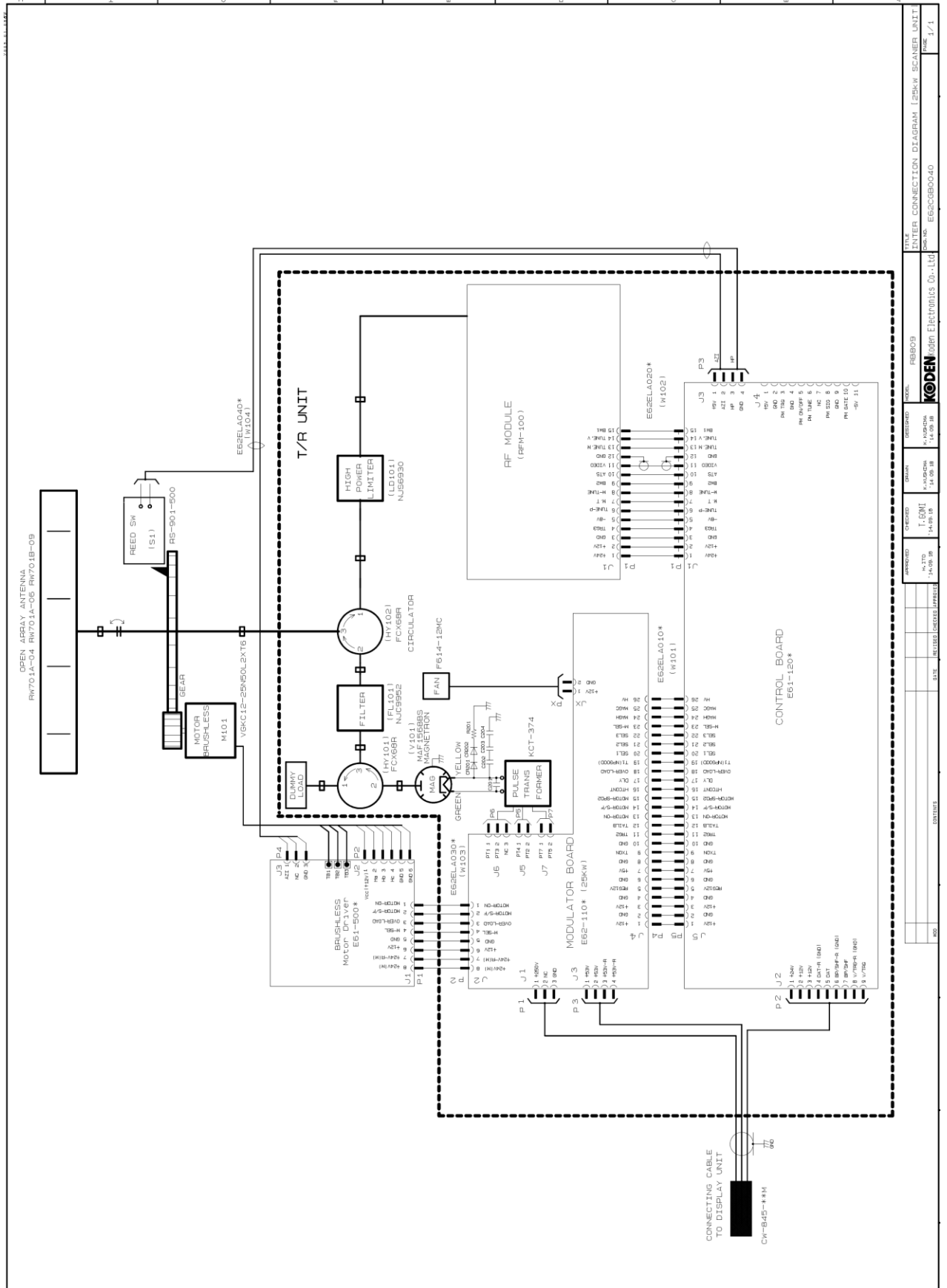


# INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (RB808)



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5	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
6	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
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81	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
82	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
83	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
84	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
85	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
86	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
87	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
88	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
89	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
90	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
91	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
92	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
93	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
94	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
95	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
96	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
97	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
98	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
99	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808
100	10/10/00	REVISED	RB808	RB808

# INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (RB809)



100% 01-13-02

PROCESSOR UNIT  
MRM-110

OPERATION UNIT  
MRO-110

Inter Connection Diagram  
E73CGB0020  
1/1

MRM-110/MRO-110  
KODEN Den Electronics Co., Ltd.  
I-60M  
2007-03-15

DATE  
REVISED (CROSS IMPRINT)

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