

KODEN INSTALLATION MANUAL

MARINE RADAR MDC-7000P SERIES MDC-7900P SERIES

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Preface

[Precaution for safety issues]

Precaution for operation

Caution about rotating antenna:

The radar antenna may start rotating without notice. Please keep away from the antenna for your safety.

• Caution about health risks caused by radio wave:

Powerful electromagnetic waves are emitted from the antenna during operation. These waves can cause ill effects on human bodies when exposed to continuous radiation.

International criteria

Though the international regulation states that the electromagnetic waves with a high-frequency power density of not more than 100 W/m² do not have an ill effect on human bodies, medical devices such as a pace makers are sensitive to electromagnetic waves with minute electric power and their operation may become unstable. In any event, any person with such a device must keep away from electromagnetic sources.

Specified power density and distance from antennas (according to the provision as specified in IEC 60945)

Transmission power / antenna	100 W/m ²	50W/m ²	10 W/m ²
length			
12 kW / 4 feet antenna	2.01 m	2.84 m	6.34 m
12 kW / 6 feet antenna	2.38 m	3.37 m	7.54 m
12 kW / 9 feet antenna	2.83 m	4.01 m	8.96 m
25 kW / 4 feet antenna	2.89 m	4.09 m	9.15 m
25 kW / 6 feet antenna	3.44 m	4.86 m	10.88 m
25 kW / 9 feet antenna	4.09 m	5.78 m	12.93 m

• Caution about dangerous internal high voltage in the device:

High voltage that may cause risk of life is present in the Antenna unit and the Display unit of this radar. This high voltage can remain in the circuit after the switch has been turned off. The high-voltage circuit has a protective cover with a label "Caution against high voltage" so that no one will accidentally touch it. Please ensure for your safety that the power switch is turned off and residual voltage in the capacitor is discharged in a suitable manner when checking the inside of the antenna. Maintenance and inspection should be conducted by qualified engineers only.

Precautions for maintenance

· Caution against residual high voltage:

Capacitors used in the Display unit and the modulator circuit of the transmission unit may keep high voltage for several minutes even after turning off power. The maintenance and inspection of this part should be performed at least 5 minutes after powering off or applying the appropriate measure to discharge the residual electrical charge.

• Keep inboard power source "Off":

An electric shock is possible if the power switch is accidentally turned on during the maintenance operation. In order to prevent such an occurrence, please ensure to disconnect the power breaker of the onboard power source and the device. Furthermore, it is recommended to post the word-of-caution tag shown to be in a "working state" near the power switch of the device.

Caution against the dust:

Dust can temporarily cause distress to the respiratory system. Take care not to inhale dust when cleaning the interior of the device. It is recommended you wear a safety mask.

Measures against static electricity:

Static electricity occurring from carpet on the floor of the cabin, clothes made of synthetic fiber etc., may damage some electronic parts on the printed circuit board. Please work on the printed circuit board only after taking measures against static electricity.

Break in procedure of stored radar:

Following procedure is recommended for "Break In" of the stored radar.

Otherwise the radar sometimes exhibits unstable transmitting operation such as arcing at its initial operation after long period of storage and make the operation more difficult.

- 1. Extend preheat time as long as possible (preferably 20 to 30 minutes).
- 2. Set the pulse width to the shortest one and start the operation.

When the operation in the shortest pulse is stable then go to operation in longer pulse and repeat the similar step until the operation reaches to the final pulse condition.

Abbreviation Operation Unit	Meaning	Abbreviation Operation Unit	Meaning
DAY/NIGHT	Change color for Day/Night	ERBL	Electronic range and bearing line ON/OFF
SP/LP	Switch pulse length	OFF CENT	Off Center mode ON/OFF
STBY/TX	Transmission off/on	HL	Heading Line
POWER ON/OFF	Turn power ON/OFF	MENU	Turn MENU ON/OFF
EBL1/2	Electronic Bearing Line ON/OFF	MODE	Switch to another display mode H Up , N Up, C Up
BRILL	Display brilliance adjustment	ACQ	Start manual Target Tracking
F1 to F5	Programmable function keys	RANGE +/-	Switch radar range
AL	Alert List display	RAIN	Reduce Rain Clutter
PANEL	Control Panel brilliance	SEA	Reduce Sea Clutter
VRM1/2	Variable Range Marker ON/OFF	GAIN/TUNE	Adjust radar receiver

Used abbreviations / icons and symbols

Abbreviation Display	Meaning	Abbreviation Display	Meaning
ADR	AIS Data Report	CORR	Correction
AIS	Automatic Identification System	СРА	Closest Point of Approach
ALARM	Alarm	CRS	Course
ALD	AIS Locating Device	CTW	Course Through the Water
ANT	Antenna	CURS	Cursor
ARPA	Automatic Radar Plotting Aids	DatRep	Data Report
AtoN	Aids to Navigation	DAY	Day color
AUTO	Automatic	DEL	Delete
AUTO ACQ	Automatic Acquisition	DEST	Destination
BAM	Bridge Alarm Management	DFLT SET	Default Settings
BKGND	Background	DGPS	Differential GPS
BRG	Bearing	DISP	Display
BRILL	Display Brilliance	DLOG	Doppler Log
CUP	Course Up mode	DPTH	Depth
CAUTION	Caution	DRIFT	Drift
CCRP	Consistent common reference point	DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
CFAR	Constant False Alarm Rate	E	East longitude
COG	Course Over the Ground	EBL	Electronic Bearing Line

Abbreviation Display	Meaning	Abbreviation Display	Meaning
EBL1/2	Electronic Bearing Line 1/2	MAP	Map(s)
ENH	Enhance	MBS	Main Bang Suppression
EPFS	Electronic Positioning Fixing System	MKR	Marker
EPIRB	Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon	MMSI	Maritime Mobil Services Identity number
ERBL	Electronic Range and Bearing Line	МОВ	Man Overboard
ETA	Estimated Time of Arrival	MONI	Monitor
EVENT	Event	MUTE	Sector Mute ON
GAIN	Gain	MVR	Manoeuvre
GAL	Galileo	Ν	North latitude
GLONASS	Glonass	NAV	Navigation
GND	Ground	NUC	Vessel not Under Command
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System	OFF CENT	Off Center
GPS	Global Positioning System	OL	Overload
GYRO	Gyro	OP.ALARM	Operation Alarm
HUP	Head Up Mode	OS	Own Ship
НС	Heading Compass	PANEL	Panel Illumination
HDG	Heading	PAST	Past
HL	Heading Line	PAST POSN	Past Positions
ID	Identification	PERM	Permanent
INS	Integrated Navigation System	PI	Parallel Index
IR	Interference level	РМ	Performance Monitor
KGC	KODEN GPS Compass (KODEN's Product name)	R	Relative
LAT	Latitude	RAIM	Receiver Autonomous Integrity Monitoring
LC	Loran	RAIN	Anti clutter Rain
LIM	Limit	REF	Reference
LocDev	Locating Device	RM	Relative Motion
LOG	Log	RNG	Range
LON	Longitude	ROS	Rate Of Speed
LOP TD	Line Of Position Time Delay	ROT	Rate Of Turn
LOST TGT	Lost Target	R1 / R1 / R3	Repeater (Repeat count)
LP	Long Pulse	RR	Range Ring
MAN	Manual	RX	Receive

Abbreviation Display	Meaning	Abbreviation Display	Meaning
S	South	TRK	Track
SAR	Search and rescue	тт	Target Tracking
SART	Search and rescue transponder	TUNE	Tuning
SDME	Speed and Distance Measuring Equipment	ТХ	Transmit
SET	Set (i.e., set and drift or setting a value)	UTC	Universal Time, Coordinated
SOG	Speed Over the Ground	V	VTS (vessel traffic services)
SP	Short Pulse	VECT	Vector
STAB	Stabilization	VID	Video mode setting
STBY	Standby	VRM	Variable Range Marker
STW	Speed Through the Water	W	West longitude
Sx /Mx /Lx	Pulse length: Short Medium Long (x is 1, 2 or 3)	WARNING	Warning
т	True	WAT	Water
ТСРА	Time of CPA	WPT	Waypoint
TGT	Target	XTD	Cross Track Distance
ТМ	True Motion		

Icon/Symbol	Meaning	Icon/Symbol	Meaning
	Active		Active -unacknowledged
	Unacknowledged alarm		Warning
	Active		Active -silenced Warning
	Silenced alarm		
	Active		Active -acknowledged Warning
	Acknowledged alarm		
	Active		Active -responsibility transferred
	Responsibility transferred alarm		Warning
	Rectified		Rectified -unacknowledged
	Unacknowledged alarm		Warning
			Caution

Icon/Symbol	Meaning	Icon/Symbol	Meaning
	AIS association		AIS AtoN filter symbol
66	Priority AIS, Priority 11	\vee \vee \vee	Physical, Physical unhealthy, Virtual,
	AIS filter symbol	<u>م</u> ش	AIS AtoN filter symbol
	Class A, Class B	V V	Mobile physical, Mobile virtual
$\cap \land$	AIS filter symbol	sŶn	AIS filter symbol
04	Range, Speed	*	AIS synthetic
	AIS filter symbol	$\otimes \otimes \otimes$	AIS locating device filter symbol
	CPA / TCPA		SART, MOB, EPIRB
	AIS filter symbol		Auto ACQ filter symbol
$\otimes \mathbb{T} = \mathbb{X}$	Moored, At anchor, Aground,	🖬 ÁCO	CPA / TCPA, Auto active
	Vessel not under command		
	AIS filter symbol		Lost warning enable symbol
88	Guard zone, Echo alarm	X SLP 🐼 🖾	TGT lost, Sleep lost,
GZ EH		$\wedge \wedge \sim \infty$	Data report lost,
			Locating device lost
4Ê5+	AIS filter symbol	ACT SLP	CPA/TCPA filter symbol
*	Base station		Active, Sleep
	AIS filter symbol		AIS source symbol
	SAR Aircraft and Helicopter		Class A, Class B, Base station,
		AB∲☆	SAR Aircraft and helicopter,
公		$\diamond \diamond \circledast \circledast$	AtoN Physical, AtoN virtual,
		8 8 R	AtoN Mobile physical,
			AtoN Mobile virtual, AIS SART,
			AIS MOB, AIS EPIRB

Unit	Meaning	Unit	Meaning
NM	M Nautical Mile(s)		Seconds
	1 NM = 1,852 m		
km	kirometer(s)	min	Minutes
kn	Knot(s)	hr	Hours
	1 kn = 1.852 km/h		
km/h	kirometer per hour	0	Degree(s) #

Chapter 1 Prior to installation

1.1 Installation precautions

In order to obtain the maximum performance of radar systems, this radar system should be installed by qualified engineers in charge of installation and maintenance. Installation procedures include the following:

- (1) Unpacking of components;
- (2) Inspection of composition units, spare parts, accessories and installation materials;
- (3) Checking of supply voltage and current capacity;
- (4) Selection of the location for installation;
- (5) Installation of the Antenna-Scanner unit;
- (6) Installation of the Display unit;
- (7) Attachment of accessories;
- (8) Planning and implementation of cable laying and connection;
- (9) Coordination after installation.

1.2 Unpacking of components

Unpack components and check that all items correspond with the description of the packing list. When a discrepancy or damage has been found, please contact the transportation/insurance firm, and follow procedures for searching for loss items and claim of expense.

1.3 Appearance verification of each unit and accessories

Please check the appearance of each unit carefully, confirm that they are dent and crack free. Moreover, please also check the interior of each unit and confirm that there is no electric or mechanical damage.

The illumination panel (back light) of the LCD module is made of glass. If the unit is dropped, damage may occur. Since the presence of damage might not be found by checking of the appearance, please confirm in the display after power on.

1.4 Selection of location for installation

In order to obtain the maximum performance of the units, it is necessary to install them in consideration of matters as described below.

1.4.1 Antenna Scanner unit (Exposed)

(1) Blind sectors shall be kept to a minimum, and shall not be placed in an arc of the horizon from the right ahead direction to 22.5° abaft the beam and especially shall avoid the right ahead direction (relative bearing 000°). The installation of the antenna shall be in such a manner that the performance of the radar system is not substantially degraded. The antenna shall be mounted clear of any structure that may cause signal reflections, including other antenna and deck structure or cargo. In addition, the height of the antenna shall take account of target detection performance relating to range of first detection and target visibility in sea clutter.



Figure 1.1 Vertical chart of recommended antenna installation position.



Figure 1.2 Horizontal chart of recommended antenna installation position.

- (2) Keep the surface of the Antenna-Scanner unit platform horizontal as much as possible.
- (3) The Antenna-Scanner unit should be installed in front of large objects or exhaust stack to prevent a blind sector or the effects on the antenna by engine exhaust soot.
- (4) Keep sufficient maintenance area.
- (5) Keep safety distance from magnetic compass.

,		
Scanner unit type	Standard compass	Steering compass
RB808P	1.4 m	0.9 m
RB809P	1.4 m	0.9 m

Table 1.1 Safety	distance of c	ompass from	the Scanner unit

1.4.2 Display unit and Operation unit (Protected)

- (1) The orientation of the Display unit shall be such that the user is looking ahead, the lookout view is not obscured and there is minimum ambient light on the display viewing surface.
- (2) Choose the best location from humidity, spray, rain, and direct sunlight.
- (3) Keep sufficient maintenance area. Especially sufficient space is required near the back panel where cables are connected.
- (4) Keep as far as possible from other radio devices.
- (5) Keep safety distance from magnetic compass.

Table 1.2 Safety distance of compass from Display units

Display unit type	Standard compass	Steering compass
MRD-108P	2.2 m	1.2 m
MRM-108P	0.3 m	0.3 m
MRO-108P	1.2 m	0.7 m

1.5 Cable wiring and interconnection

1.5.1 Antenna Scanner unit

- (1) The connecting cable between the Antenna-Scanner unit and the Display unit should run apart from any other radio antenna cable or power cables of the other devices. Do not lay the radar cable in parallel to the sea surface together with other cables. These considerations are effective to prevent random radio interference between systems. When these measures cannot be applied because of space limitations, use metal pipes for each cable or other suitable ways to shield.
- (2) In order to maximize the performance of the radar, the antenna cable and the power cable should be as short as possible, and should be laid within the nominal length.
- (3) Connect the shielded braided wire of the antenna cable to the grounding terminal inside the Antenna unit

1.5.2 Display unit

- (1) Ground the braided wire of a cable firmly with the cable clamp fixing screw to the back panel.
- (2) The Display unit housing should be grounded to the ship ground by using the ground terminal of the back panel.

Chapter 2 System configurations

2.1 Standard configuration list

MDC-7912P

No.	Name	Type Comment		Weight/	Quantity
				Length	
1	Antenna	RW701A-04	4 ft	6 kg	1
		RW701A-06	6 ft	8 kg	
		RW701B-09	9 ft	12 kg	
2	Scanner unit	RB808P	12 kW	18.5kg	1
3	Display unit	MRD-108P		13 kg	1
4	Operation unit	MRO-108P	With CW-401-2M	1.8 kg	1
5	Junction box	JB-35	With CW-376-5M		1
6	Connecting cable	CW-845-15M	With connectors on the	15 m	1
			both sides		
7	Power cable	CW-259-2M	With a connector on the	2 m	1
			single side		
8	Spare parts	SP-MRD/MRM-108	See spare parts list		1 set
9	Installation material	M12-BOLT.KIT	See installation material		1 set
			list		
10	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.OM.E	Operation manual		1
11	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.IM.E	Installation manual		1
12	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.QR.E	Quick reference		1

No.	Name	Type Comment		Weight/	Quantity
				Length	
1	Antenna	RW701A-04	4 ft	6kg	1
		RW701A-06	6 ft	8 kg	
		RW701B-09	9 ft	12 kg	
2	Scanner unit	RB809P	25 kW	20.5 kg	1
3	Display unit	MRD-108P		13 kg	1
4	Operation unit	MRO-108P	With CW-401-2M	1.8 kg	1
5	Junction box	JB-35	With CW-376-5M		1
6	Connecting cable	CW-845-15M	With connectors on the	15 m	1
			both sides		
7	Power cable	CW-259-2M	With a connector on the	2 m	1
			single side		
8	Spare parts	SP-MRD/MRM-108	See spare parts list		1 set
9	Installation material	M12-BOLT.KIT	See installation material		1 set
			list		
10	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.OM.E	Operation manual		1
11	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.IM.E	Installation manual		1
12	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.QR.E	Quick reference		1

MDC-7925P

No.	Name	Type Comment		Weight/	Quantity
				Length	
1	Antenna	RW701A-04	4 ft	6 kg	1
		RW701A-06	6 ft	8 kg	
		RW701B-09	9 ft	12 kg	
2	Scanner unit	RB808P	12 kW	18.5 kg	1
3	Processor unit	MRM-108P		5.1 kg	1
4	Operation unit	MRO-108P	With CW-401-2M	1.8 kg	1
5	Junction box	JB-35	With CW-376-5M		1
6	Connecting cable	CW-845-15M	With connectors on the	15 m	1
			both sides		
7	Power cable	CW-259-2M	With a connector on the	2 m	1
			single side		
8	Spare parts	SP-MRD/MRM-108	See spare parts list		1 set
9	Installation material	M12-BOLT.KIT	See installation material		1 set
			list		
10	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.OM.E	Operation manual		1
11	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.IM.E	Installation manual		1
12	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.QR.E	Quick reference		1

No.	Name	Type Comment		Weight/	Quantity
				Length	
1	Antenna	RW701A-04	4 ft	6 kg	1
		RW701A-06	6 ft	8 kg	
		RW701B-09	9 ft	12 kg	
2	Scanner unit	RB809P	25 kW	20.5 kg	1
3	Processor unit	MRM-108P		5.1 kg	1
4	Operation unit	MRO-108P	With CW-401-2M	1.8 kg	1
5	Junction box	JB-35	With CW-376-5M		1
6	Connecting cable	CW-845-15M	With connectors on the	15 m	1
			both sides		
7	Power cable	CW-259-2M	With a connector on the	2 m	1
			single side		
8	Spare parts	SP-MRD/MRM-108	See spare parts list		1 set
9	Installation material	M12-BOLT.KIT	See installation material		1 set
			list		
10	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.OM.E	Operation manual		1
11	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.IM.E	Installation manual		1
12	Document	MDC-7000P_7900P.QR.E	Quick reference		1

MDC-7025P

2.2 Spare parts list

SP-MRD/MRM-108

No.	Name	Specification	Comment	Туре	Quantity	Usage
				(Dimension)		
1	Fuse	F-1065-15A	Normal type	Tubular	1	Main power
				(<i>ф</i> 6.4 x 30)		
2	Fuse	FGMB 125V/10A	Normal type	Tubular	1	Motor power
				(<i>ф</i> 5.2 x 20)		
3	Fuse	FGMB 250V/0.8A	Normal type	Tubular	1	High voltage power
				(<i>ф</i> 5.2 x 20)		supply

2.3 Installation material list

M12-BOLT.KIT

No.	Name	Specification	Quantity	Usage
1	Hexagon bolt	B12X55U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
2	Nut	N12U	8	Antenna-Scanner unit
3	Plain washer	2W12U	8	Antenna-Scanner unit
4	Spring washer	SW12U	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
5	Anti electro corrosive	56R7201M3	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
	washer			
6	Anti electro corrosive	56R7202M3	4	Antenna-Scanner unit
	washer			
7	Ferrite core	GRFC-13	1	Antenna-Scanner unit
8	Cable band	AB150-W	2	Antenna-Scanner unit

2.4 Options

(Common)

No.	Name	Specification	Comment	Weight
				/Dimension
				/Quantity
1	Gyro converter	S2N, U/N 9028C	qwerty-electronik	
2	Log pulse NMEA	L1N, U/N 9181A	qwerty-electronik	
	converter		200pulse/NM only	
3	Rectifier unit	PS-010	5A fuse attached	3.5 kg
			For 4 or 6 feet antenna only.	
		VL-PSG001	VEINLAND GmbH	
			for RW701B-09	
4	AC power cable	VV-2D8-3M	Without connectors on both	3 m
			sides	
5	Connecting cable	CW-373-	With 6-pin water resistant	5 m, 10 m
			connectors at both ends	or 30 m
		select 5M,10M or 30M	(cable for data)	_
		CW-374-5M	With a 6-pin connector and a	5 m
			6-pin water resistant	
		014/ 070 514	connector (cable for data)	5
		CW-376-5M	With a 6-pin water resistant	5 M
			connector and one end plain	
		0111 007 514		5
		CVV-387-5IM	with an 8-pin water resistant	5 M
			(apple for ALS)	
		CW 420 EM	(Cable IOI AIS)	5 ~
		CW-429-51M	connector and one and plain	5 11
			(cable for AIS)	
		CW-561-	With 12-pin water resistant	10 m or 30 m
		000001	connectors at both ends	
		select 10M or 30M	(connector for remote	
			display)	
		CW-576-0.5M	With a 10-pin water resistant	0.5 m
			connector and D-Sub	
			connector (analog RGB)	
			+Alarm out	
6	Operation unit	CW-401-	With connectors on both	5 m or 10 m
	connecting cable	select 5M or 10M	sides	
7	Antenna-Scanner unit	CW-845-	With connectors on both	20 m, 30 m,
	and Display unit		sides	40 m, 50 m or
	connecting cable	select 20M, 30M,		65 m
		40M, 50M or 65M		



2.5 MDC-7912P/7925P series system configuration



2.6 MDC-7012P/7025P series system configuration

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max 450 (max 17 3/

Chapter 3 Installation Method

3.1 How to install the Antenna Scanner unit

External view and dimensions

RB808P



Weight: 24.5kg±2kg(54lb);(RW701A-04) 26.5kg±2kg(58.5lb);(RW701A-06) 30.5kg±2kg(67.5lb);(RW701B-09)

RB809P



32.5kg±2kg(72lb),(RW701B-09)

Unit: mm (inch)

3.1.1 Installation of the Antenna Scanner unit

The Antenna Scanner unit is equipped to orient the notch of the attachment to stern as shown in Figure

3.1. Installation in this way eases maintenance work. Also refer to the consideration on equipment shown in 1.4.1.

- (1) Four mounting holes 14 mm in diameter are located on the mounting platform with reference to Figure 3.1.
- (2) The Antenna Scanner unit is secured with four 12 mm stainless steel bolts contained in installation material.





Mounted with four bolts

Figure 3.2 Assembly of Scanner unit base

3.1.2 Mounting antenna

- (1) Remove the protective cap on top of the Scanner unit rotational shaft.
- (2) Remove four bolts tentatively fixed to the base of the antenna and install the Scanner unit to the rotating base. Align the direction of antenna radiation side (KODEN –mark side) with the projection mark on the rotating base.
- (3) Fix the aerial with four bolts removed in step 2.



Figure 3.3 Antenna assembly to the rotating shaft

3.1.3 Installation of the connecting cable CW-845-xxM

3.1.3.1 MDC-7012P/7912P (Scanner unit RB808P)

Make sure the radar system is turned off.



 Remove back cover by loosening four fixing bolts.

(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



 Disconnect connectors P3 and P4 from J3 and J4 [E61-120X].
Remove the two fixing bolts.
(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



3) Pull out the TR unit.



 Disconnect connector P2 from J2 [E61-110X].



- 5) This picture is the view of the inside of the scanner unit housing.
 - (a) Cable holding plate
 - (b) Cable clamp-b
 - (c) Cable clamp-c
 - (d) Cable clamp-d



Remove two fixing bolts.
(Tool: Wrench 8mm)

Remove the cable holding plate and rubber packing.



7) The connecting cable CW-845-xxMBlue tapes are wound as a mark on the cable.



 Pull in the connecting cable into the scanner unit through the cable inlet hole.

Guide the cable to the cable holding plate.



9) Attach rubber packing to the blue tape Mark-a.



10) Attach cable holding plate and fix it with two bolts.(Tool: Wrench 8mm)



11) Attach the ferrite core to side of the blue tape mark-b.



- 12) Secure the ferrite core in place by using provided bands.
- Note: The ferrite core and the bands are included with the installation material.



 Tilt the cable with the ferrite core toward the cable clamp-b.



14) Clamp the cable by the cable clamp-b.



15) This picture is the view of the cable layout.

Clamp the blue tape mark-c by the cable clamp-c.



16) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB 62-110X].



17) Hook the P2 to J2 to the clamp.



 Insert the TR unit in the scanner unit housing.



19) Connect connectors P3 and P4 to J3 and J4 [PCB E61-120X]

Fix the two fixing bolts. (Tool: Wrench 13mm)



20) Remove the screw-A and the screw-B.



21) Clamp the connecting cable by the clamping band and fix with screw-A.Fix the shield braid terminal with screw-B.



22) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB E61-120x]. Connect the connectors P1 and P3 to J1 and J3 [PCB E61-110X].



23) Attach the back cover by tightening four fixing bolts.

(Tool: Wrench 13mm)

3.1.3.2 MDC-7025P/7925P (Scanner unit RB809P)

Make sure the radar system is turned off.



 Remove the back cover by loosening four fixing bolts.

(Tool: Wrench 13mm)



 Disconnect connectors P3 and P4 from J3 and J4 [E61-120X]. Remove the two fixing bolts. (Tool: Wrench 13mm)



3) Pull out the TR unit.



 Disconnect connector P2 from J2 [E62-110X].


- 5) This picture is the view of the inside of the scanner unit housing.
 - (a) Cable holding plate
 - (b) Cable clamp-b
 - (c) Cable clamp-c
 - (d) Cable clamp-d



Remove the fixing two bolts.
 (Tool: Wrench 8mm)

Remove cable holding plate and rubber packing.



The connecting cable CW-845-xxM
 Blue tapes are wound as a mark on the cable.



 Pull in the connecting cable into the scanner unit through the cable inlet hole.

Guide the cable to the cable holding plate.



9) Attach rubber packing to the blue tape Mark-a.



10) Attach cable holding plate and fix it with two bolts.(Tool: Wrench 8mm)



11) Attach the ferrite core to side of the blue tape mark-b.



- 12) Secure the ferrite core in place by using provided bands.
- Note: The ferrite core and the bands are included with the installation material.



 Tilt the cable with the ferrite core toward the cable clamp-b.



14) Clamp the cable by the cable clamp-b.



15) This picture is the view of the cable layout.Clamp the blue tape mark-c by the cable clamp-c.



16) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB 62-110X].



17) Hook the P2 to J2 to the clamp.



 Insert the TR unit in the scanner unit housing.



19) Connect connectors P3 and P4 to J3 and J4 [PCB E61-120X]

Fix the two fixing bolts. (Tool: Wrench 13mm)



20) Remove screw-A and screw-B.



21) Clamp the connecting cable by the clamping band and fix with screw-A.Fix the shield braid terminal with screw-B.



22) Connect connector P2 to J2 [PCB E61-120x].Connect connectors P1 and P3 to J1 and J3 [PCB E62-110X].

23) Attach the back cover by tightening four fixing bolts.(Tool: Wrench 13mm)

3.2 Interconnection diagram of cable

Antenna-scanner unit

		P1	
Description	Cable color	No.	
+24V	Blue	1	
-	-	2	
+12V	Orange (thick)	3	
DATA-RTN	Shield	4	
DATA	Red	5	$\overline{\mathbf{h}}$
BP/SHF-RTN	Shield	6	
BP/SHF	Brown	7	$\overline{\mathbf{h}}$
V/TRG-RTN	Shied	8	
V/TRG	Grey (coax)	9	- Ô
			V i
		P2	
Description	Cable color	No.	
+250V	Purple	1	
-	-	2	
GND	Yellow	3	
		P3	
Description	Cable color	No.	
+53V	Red (thick)	1	
+53V	Yellow (thick)	2	
+53V-RTN	Green (thick)	3	
+53V-RTN	Blue (thick)	4	
Ground			
GND	Shield		

	ΡX		
	No.	Cable color	Description
	1	Purple	+250V
	2	Blue	+24V
	3	Orange (thick)	+12V
	4	Yellow	GND
	5	Shield	DATA-RTN
	6	Red	DATA
	7	-	-
$ \longrightarrow 0 $	8	Brown	BP/SHF
	9	Shield	BP/SHF-RTN
$ \rightarrow 0 $	10	Grey (coax)	V/TRG
Î	11	-	-
	12	Red (thick)	+53V
·	13	Yellow (thick)	+53V
·	14	Shied	V/TRG-RTN
	15	Green (thick)	+53V-RTN
	16	Blue (thick)	+53V-RTN

Display unit

Figure 3.4 Interconnection of cable between Antenna-Scanner unit and Display unit

3.3 Installation of the Display unit

The Display unit can be mounted tabletop or panel flush mount using following procedures. Install the Display unit so that when user is looking ahead, the lookout view is not obscured. The orientation of the Display unit should be such that the user is looking ahead. The lookout view should not be obscured and the ambient light should cause minimum degradation on the display.

External view and dimensions





Unit: mm (inch)





Unit: mm (inch)

3.3.1 Installation of MRD-108P

3.3.1.1 Tabletop mounting of MRD-108P

- (1) Remove four knob bolts from which the Display unit is secured on the mounting bracket.
- (2) Remove the Display unit from the mounting bracket and put it on a stable, flat and horizontal place.
- (3) Place the mounting bracket in the appropriate setting position and secure it with five M5 screws.
- (4) Remount the Display unit on the mounting bracket and secure it with knob bolts which were removed in (1)



Unit: mm (inch)

Figure 3.5 Diagram of installation procedure on the table



Note: In Tabletop mounting position, some maintenance space is required for cabling, connector access, fuse replacement, fastening of bolts, etc. as shown in the following figure.

Unit: mm (inch)

Figure 3.6 Maintenance space necessary for tabletop display

3.3.1.2 Flush Mounting for MRD-108P

Preparation:

- (1) Cut an opening and drill eight4.5 mm holes as shown inFigure 3.7, for attachment of aDisplay unit in a panel.
- (2) Unscrew four knob bolts that hold the Display unit to the mounting bracket.
- (3) Remove the Display unit from the mounting bracket and put it on a horizontal and stable place.



Figure 3.7 The opening and nut-holes for Display unit

Installation:

- (1) Place the Display unit in the precut opening on the panel.
- (2) Secure the Display unit with eight M4 screw as shown in the following figure.



Figure 3.8 Flush-mount Installation

3.3.2 Installation of Operation unit

- (1) Remove the corner guard caps of Operation unit. Insert the tip of a small flat-blade screwdriver carefully between a corner guard cap and the front bezel of Operation unit to make a gap, and then pinch and pull up the corner guard cap with fingers. Take care not to damage the bezel of Operation unit by the tip of flat-blade screwdriver.
- (2) Remove M4 (4 mm) screws and remove the Operation unit from the mounting bracket.
- (3) Mark the place as shown in the following figure, and then secure the mounting bracket with 5M (5 mm) tapping screws at four places.
- (4) Secure the Operation unit to clamps with M4 (4 mm) screws that were removed in step (2) and reinstall the corner caps.



Figure 3.9 Installation of Operation unit



Mounting dimesions



3.3.2.1 Flush mounting the Operation unit

Preparation:

- (1) Cut an opening as shown in Figure 3.11 in desired location on a panel.
- (2) Mark position of mounting holes.



Figure 3.11 Cutout Daigram for Operation unit

Installation:

- (1) Remove corner guard caps of Operation unit.
- (2) Insert the Operation unit and its connecting cable into the opening and adjust the Operation unit parallel to the mounting face (Figure 3.12).
- (3) Secure the Operation unit to the panel with 4 mm tapping screw (4 places).
- (4) Reinstall corner guard caps removed in (1) to the original places.



Note: Panel thickness: 10 mm (max)

Figure 3.12 Flush Mounting of the Operation unit

3.3.3 Installation of MRM-108P

The Processor unit MRM-108P can be mounted on a table or a panel. The procedure is as follows.

- (1) Drill four nut-holes with the size shown in Figure 3.13.
- (2) Fit the Processor unit.



Figure 3.13 Holes for mounting a Processor unit

Note: Please set the menu of monitor size to use. Refer to "4.2.11 MONITOR SIZE".

3.4 Installation of the JB-35 (Junction Box)

External view and dimensions



<u>Plane view</u>



<u>Side view</u>



Unit: mm (inch)

Install the JB-35 at a place where there is no water drops, and enough maintenance space is available.



Fig. 3.14 External view of JB-35



Fig. 3.15 Position of installation hole of JB-35

3.5 Cable connection to a Display unit

3.5.1 Cable connection for MRD-108P

Attach cables from an Antenna-Scanner unit, power source and Operation unit, to corresponding receptacles as shown in Figure 3.16.

Antenna-Scanner unit



Figure 3.16Cable connections for standard configuration of MRD-108P Display unit

3.5.2 Connecting an external monitor



Figure 3.17 Cable connection of Display unit to ext. monitor

3.5.3 Connecting a VDR or External monitor & Failure alarm output



Figure 3.18 Cable connection of Display unit to VDR and Alarm output

3.5.4 Connecting a Gyro converter unit or THD

The THD connected with radar must be compliant with resolution MSC.116 (73).





Note: It is necessary to set [JB-35 SET] menu to use JB-35. Refer to "4.3.10 Setup JB-35".



3.5.5 Connecting a Junction box JB-35 to Gyro, BAM and Inter-switch data

Figure 3.20 Cable connection of JB-35 to Gyro converter unit or THD

* Ensure not to connect any cable to NC pin of SLAVE1 (NAV), SLAVE2 (GYRO) and SLAVE3 (BAM).

Note: It is necessary to JB-35 to operate initialization menu. Refer to "4.3.10 Setup JB-35".

3.5.6 AIS cable connection

The AIS connected with radar must be compliant with the resolution A.917 (22).

AI Pin 1	S Cable cor Indicated		2 3 CW-387-5 CW-429-5	nal 52-2 5M
Pir No	CW-387 W	/ire color	Signal name	
1	Shield		Frame ground	
2	Blue*	Twist	IN-A	
3	White	cable	IN-B	
4	ך Yellow	Twist	OUT-B	
5	Brown	cable	OUT-A	
6	Green ງ	Twist	GND	
	Black	cable		
7	Red	Twist	NC	
8	Grey	cable	NC	
	Purple]	Twist		
	Orange	cable		
	Blue ך	Twist		
	Brown	cable		
	Yellow ך	Twist		
	Black J	cable		



Figure 3.21 AIS cable connection

*Blue wire of "Blue / White" twisted cable must be connected.

Pin No.	CW-429 Wire color	Signal name
1	Shield	Frame ground
2	Blue	IN-A
3	White	IN-B
4		NC
5		NC
6		NC
7	Short-circuited	NC
8	internally	NC

3.5.7 Cable connection for EPFS and SDME or Log

The device connected with radar must be compliant with the following resolutions.



Figure 3.22 Cable connection for EPFS and SDME or Log

COG/SOG by dual axis LOG and EPFS should comply with requirements of IMO Resolution MSC96 (72).

An initial value of the I/O format of the port is as follows NAV port (J3): IEC61162-2 EPFS port (J5): IEC61162-1 SDME port (J6): IEC61162-1 The I/O format can switch IEC61162-1 or 2 in the radar menu. The sentence input to these ports is shown below Position information: GGA, GLL, GNS Heading information: THS, HDT VBW, VTG, VHW Speed information: Set and drift: VDR Waypoint information: RMB, BWC Routes: RTE, WPL Cross-track: RMB, XTE Datum: DTM DBT, DPT MTW Depth: Temperature: Date: ZDA These sentences can select the port of each sentence input in the radar menu.

The output port is NAV, EPFS and SDME ports. As for the EPFS and SDME ports, the transmission cycle is set at 0 seconds and not output by default. The NAV port is output at the following cycles.

EVE=1.0s, HBT=5.0s, OSD=1.0s, RSD=1.0s, TLB=5.0s

3.5.8 Cable connection for inter-switch

3.5.8.1 Cable connection instructions for cross-over, dual and independent connection

In case of a dual, cross-over, or master/slave connection using two sets of radar system or Display unit, the remote cable and data cable are connected as shown in the figure 3.23.



Figure 3.23 Connecting a slave Display unit on Crossover, dual and independent connection

- (1) The heading, speed and latitude/longitude signals input to the data connector of master Display unit and are supplied to the slave Display unit via remote cable. The slave Display unit can also use ATA and chart option functions in the same way as the master one.
- (2) Connect the slave Scanner unit to the slave Display unit in a crossover connection.
- (3) Operation unit (MRO-108P) is required for MRD-108P.

3.5.8.2 Cable connection for slave display used as a monitor

When the slave Display unit for radar is used as monitor, the remote cable is connected as follows.



Figure 3.24 Connecting a slave Display unit as a monitor

- (1) When used as a monitor, the slave Display unit cannot control the Scanner unit. The monitor (slave Display unit) will display its range in accordance with the master one.
- (2) Operation unit (MRO-108P) is required for MRD-108P.

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Chapter 4 Setup after installation

Some setup procedures are required after system installation. Before performing the setup procedures, please check the following items for normal operation:

- (1) The onboard power supply powering the radar system has the specified voltage.
- (2) No one is in the area around the Antenna unit or the mast. The indication "Under the radar coordination, do not touch the Operation unit." is marked on the Display unit.

Please execute the items in the [MAINTENANCE] menu to the equipment adjustment in the following order.

Note: [MAINTENANCE] menu is not displayed in initial status. Refer to "4.1 Display [MAINTENANCE] menu".

STARTUP	TUNE, HL OFFSET, TX DELAY, ANT HEIGHT, ANT CABLE, MBS, SEA CURVE,
	FUNCTION KEY, RANGE ENABLE, TIMES ENABLE, MONITOR SIZE,
	FERRY MENU
I/O	Serial interface setting with other equipments.
SECTOR MUTE	Setup sector mute mode ON or OFF, START and END position.
PRESET	Setup RAIN min and max, SEA min and max, GAIN min and max,
	GAIN offset and SEA offset.
BACKUP	How to save and load BACKUP data.
BITE	System hardware check.
TOTAL HOUR	Confirmation of the power on time of this system and reset the time.
TX HOUR	Confirmation of the transmission time, and reset the time.
MENU SETUP	Setup menu item display on or off.
PASSWORD	Setup password.
PM	Setup performance monitor.
RX	
ТХ	
SYSTEM	
TUNE	
CALIBRATION	
VERSION	Confirmation of installed software version.

4.1 Display [MAINTENANCE] menu

[MAINTENANCE] menu is not displayed in initial status.

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [SYSTEM] => [PROTECT MENU] => [ON], and press ENT key.

(2) [PROTECT MENU xxxx] => turn trackball to right, [Set password (xxxx)], and press ENT key.

Initial password value [xxxx]: [0000]

Menu display disappears once after correct password is input. Press MENU key once again to use "Menu".

4.1.1 How to change protected menu PASSWORD

After [PROTECT MENU] => [ON], select [MAINTENANCE] => [PASSWORD] => [Input new PASSWORD], and press ENT key. Selection values: 0000 to 9999

4.2 STARTUP menu

4.2.1 Tune adjustment (TUNE)

In order to achieve best performance, adjustment of the automatic tune is required at the time of a new installation or a magnetron exchange.

It may be impossible to obtain optimum sensitivity without adjusting the automatic tune.

Caution: When the adjustment of tune, be sure to set GAIN, SEA and RAIN at MAN, and set PROCESS at OFF.

- (1) Change the range scale to 12 NM or more by pressing "+" (or "-") key on the Operation unit. Find stable object such as the mountain or island of 6 NM or more as far as possible. Adjust GAIN knob to decrease the gain to a level where the chosen target is barely visible.
- Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TUNE] and set it to [AUTO] by moving the trackball, and then press ENT key.
- (3) Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [AUTO ADJ] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the trackball.
- (4) Move the trackball up or down to change the value, and obtain the maximum magnitude of the target on the display. When a target becomes too strong to find the peak, lower gain with GAIN knob once again and adjust the tune to obtain the maximum magnitude of target.
- (5) Press ENT key to save the result of the maximum magnitude of target.





4.2.2 Heading adjustment (HL OFFSET)

Bearing compensation due to installation can be adjusted.

- (1) Change the range scale to 1 NM or more by pressing "+" (or "-") key on the Operation unit.
- (2) Select a visible fixed object as far as possible and measure its bearing using magnetic compass or equivalent. Measure the bearing of the same target on the radar display. Adjust it according to the following procedures when both values differ 1 degree or more.
- (3) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [HL OFFSET] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the trackball.
- (4) Move the trackball up or down to adjust the value to match the bearing value of the target picture to the compass value.
- (5) Press ENT key to save the adjustment result.

Adjustable value: -180.0 to +180.0

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set Heading (HL OFFSET) adjustment of each antenna. These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

4.2.3 Transmitting delay time adjustment (TX DELAY)

This adjustment is intended to match the picture on the radar display with the distance of an actual target by the adjustment of the transmission delay time. For the most accurate adjustment, find a close, hard, long, straight object such as a quay wall. Select or chose within 100 m an object for the best result. Transmitting delay time is adjusted in accordance with the following procedures.

- (1) Change the range scale to 0.25 NM by pressing "+" (or "-") key on the Operation unit.
- Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TX DELAY] => [VALUE] will show the current setting of the input value by highlighting the last digit value by the trackball.
- (3) Move the trackball up or down to adjust the value to get a straight picture of the straight object in the display as shown in Figure 4.1.
- (4) Press ENT key to save the adjustment result.



Figure 4.1 Picture display of Trigger Adjustment

Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set TX DELAY adjustment of each antenna. These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

4.2.4 ANT height

Setup the antenna installation height from sea level.

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [ANT HEIGHT] => and set antenna height by movig the trackball, then press ENT key to save the setting.
 Setting value: 0 to 100 m

4.2.5 ANT cable

This adjustment corrects the echo signal level by the difference of the antenna cabel length.

Inproper setting of antenna cable length may result in degraded target detection.

- Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [ANT CABLE] => and set cable length by moving the trackball, then press ENT key to save the setting.
 Setting value: 0 to 100 m
- Note: When you use inter-switch mode at first time, please set ANT CABLE adjustment of each antenna. These setting data are memorized in non-volatile memory, and applied automatically when each antenna is selected.

4.2.6 Main Bang Suppression (MBS)

This setting is utilized to suppress the center spot signal at the middle of the picture as shown in Figure 4.2.

- (1) If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale to 0.25 NM, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set GAIN at 80 by turning GAIN knob, and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob respectively.
- (3) Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [MBS] => to highlight the last digit value, by moving the trackball.
- (4) Turn GAIN knob to counterclockwise to display center spot in the middle of the picture.



Figure 4.2 Center spot

(5) Move the trackball up or down to increase [MBS] value from 0 with observing the center circle until the circle is faded out. Press ENT key to save the setting.

Adjustable value: 0.000 to 2.000

4.2.7 Setup SEA (STC) curve

Depending on the height at which the antenna is installed, it may be necessary to make the following SEA CURVE correction.

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [SEA CURVE] => and select setting level by the trackball, then press ENT key.

Adjustable value: 1 to 8

Echoes in short range are varied in accordance with antenna height. Use 1 for the lowest antenna and 8 for highest antenna. Actual adjustment of the STC CURVE is done by obtaining a continuous echo return of sea clutter out to maximum selected range.

Be careful when removing sea clutter in short range as it may also remove small tagets.

4.2.8 Function key usage

For quick function access, there are six dedicated function keys provided on this radar ("F1", "F2", "F3", "F4" and "F5").

You can switch to a prespecified function by pressing each key.

Note: This menu is protected in normal. To cancel the protection, refer to "4.1 Display

[MAINTENANCE] menu".

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [FUNCTION KEY] => [F1] key => press ENT key and after selecting the setup value.



Figure 4.3

- (2) Follow procedure (1) to setup keys [F2], [F3], [F4] and [F5] by selecting each item and press ENT key.
- (3) Another way to setup each function key is to press and hold desired key until menu selection shows up on the right side of display. Using trackball and ENT key make a selection and save to designated function key.

4.2.9 Range enable

Followint operation can enable suitable ranges.

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [RANGE ENABLE]

- (2) Select range value and set [ON] or [OFF].
- (3) Press ENT key to save the range enable or disable to use.

MDC-7012P/MDC-79	12P	MDC-7025P/MDC-792	25P
>MAINTENANCE		>MAINTENANCE	
>STARTUP		>STARTUP	
>RANGE ENABLE		>RANGE ENABLE	
0.0625	OFF	0.0625	OFF
0.125	ON	0.125	ON
0.25	ON	0.25	ON
0.5	ON	0.5	ON
0.75	ON	0.75	ON
1	OFF	1	OFF
1.5	ON	1.5	ON
2	OFF	2	OFF
3	ON	3	ON
4	OFF	4	OFF
5	OFF	5	OFF
6	ON	6	ON
8	OFF	8	OFF
10	OFF	10	OFF
12	ON	12	ON
16	OFF	16	OFF
20	OFF	20	OFF
24	ON	24	ON
32	ON	32	OFF
36	OFF	36	OFF
40	OFF	40	OFF
48	ON	48	ON
50	OFF	50	OFF
64	ON	64	OFF
80	OFF	80	OFF
96	OFF	96	ON
100	OFF	100	OFF
120	OFF	120	OFF
144	OFF	144	OFF

Figure 4.4 Initial range scale setting

4.2.10 Times enable

In following operation user can enable trail times, past position, vect time, etc that are not available by default.

By this setting, you can choose useful these functions time easily.

Initial value: 30s, 1min, 3min, 6min, 12min, 30min, 60min

- (1) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [TIMES ENABLE]
- (2) Select trail times value and set [ON] or [OFF].
- (3) Press ENT key to save the times enable or disable to use.

>MAINTENANCE	
>STARTUP	
>TIMES ENABLE	
30sec	ON
1min	ON
2min	OFF
3min	ON
5min	OFF
6min	ON
10min	OFF
12min	ON
15min	OFF
24min	OFF
30min	ON
45min	OFF
48min	OFF
60min	ON
2hr	OFF
4hr	OFF
8hr	OFF
16hr	OFF
24hr	OFF

Figure 4.5 Times enable setting

4.2.11 Monitor size

This MONITOR SIZE menu sets the size of the used monitor display.

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [MONITOR SIZE]

- (2) Select used monitor display size [19INCH] or [23INCH].
- (3) Press ENT key.
- (4) Turn off the power, and then turn on. This setting is valid in the restart.

Setting value: 19 INCH, 23 INCH

Note:

- The size of the displayed symbols becomes small than specified IEC standard when connect 19 Inch of monitor by setting of 23 INCH.
- The size of the displayed symbols becomes larger than specified IEC standard when connect 23 inch of monitor by setting of 19 INCH.

4.2.12 Ferry menu

[FERRY MODE] menu of [DISPLAY] menu is not available by default. [FERRY MODE] menu is available when [FERRY MENU] menu of [MAINTENANE] menu sets to [ON].

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [STARTUP] => [FERRY MENU] => [ON], and press ENT key. [FERRY MODE] menu will appear when [DISPLAY] menu is selected.
4.3 Setup I/O Interface

For display mode, TT(ARPA), true ship's trail and own ship's trail, it is necessary to input ship's bearing data and ship's speed data from other devices. In addition, for AIS, mapping function, display of own ship's information and display of latitude and longitude, it is necessary to input latitude and longitude data of own ship's data. In order to use these data, set the following menu items after connection in accordance with 3.4 "Cable connection to a Display unit".

Example	display:	Press	MENU	kev to	displa	v "Menu"	and select	IMAINTENANCE	1 =>	[]/0]
						, .		[• I

>MAINTENANCE	
>I/O	
HDG	>
GYRO	218.3°
OFFSET	0.0°
STW	>
DLOG	6.6kn
COG/SOG	>
DLOG	218.3°
DLOG	6.6kn
POSITION	>
DGPS	35°15.174N
	139°48.010E
OFFSET	EPFS
GPS	0.000N
	0.000E
DATUM REF	W84
	W84
SE I/DRIF I	>
	0.0
	0.0KN
	>
GPS	01/01/15
	07.57
	00.00
	>
FORMAT	
JB-35 SET	
SERIAL MONITOR	Ś
	_

Figure 4.6 I/O menu

In order to use the radar normally, it is necessary to connect and set up the following sensors which

output IEC61162.

Gyro-compass or transmitting heading device (THD) Speed and distance measuring equipment (SDME, ext. Doppler LOG) Electronic position fixing system (EPFS, ext. GPS) Automatic identification system (AIS) In case that a Bridge Alert management system is available, it can be connected via the JB-35 at "BAM".

Other sensors or networks, providing equivalent information are acceptable for use in IMO equipment.

4.3.1 Select heading interfaces

Interfacing of heading bearing is made by THS (IEC61162-2) or HDT (IEC61162-1) sentence. S2N Gyro converter is required to input SYNCHRO or STEP signal from a NAV port.

Refer to "3.4.4 Connecting a Gyro converter unit or THD".

Refer to "7.1.2 Details of the data input format".

Select interface sentence by interface specification of GYRO or THD.

In accordance with the bearing sensor, set up interface by following steps.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [GYRO] => [61162-1 or 61162-2], and press ENT key.

Note: When JB-35 not connected or not set in menu, the GYRO menu is greyed out and not usable. Refer to "4.3.10 Setup JB-35".

Note: In order to accurately track the rate of turn of the vessel required by IEC61162, data renewal time should be set to 50 ms or 25 ms by the Gyro, THD or S2N Gyro converter.

4.3.2 Speed interfaces

In order to use stabilization mode of the radar, both speed through water (STW) and speed over ground (SOG) are required.

4.3.2.1 Setup speed through water (STW)

STW selects a device outputting speed to use in an SEA STAB mode.

Interface of speed is made by IEC61162-2 or IEC61162-1. L1N Log pulse NMEA converter is required to input speed signal from Log by pulses.

Refer to "3.4.7 Cable connection for EPFS and SDME or Log".

When you use VBW or VHW, please select SDME. Require sentence format is VBW or VHW. Refer to "7.1.2 Details of the data input format".

If the speed sensor breaks down, select manual speed [MAN] and input manual speed values. Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [STW] => [STW] => [SDME or MAN], and press ENT key.

Note: AIS display does not work when [MAN] is selected.

Set up interface condition of input/output port in accordance with the sensor.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [SDME] => [61162-1 or 61162-2], and press ENT key.

4.3.2.2 Select speed over ground (SOG) interface

COG/SOG selects a device outputting speed to use in a GND STAB mode.

Interface of speed over ground (SOG) is made by IEC61162-2 or IEC61162-1 sentence.

Refer to "3.4.7 Cable connection for EPFS and SDME or Log".

Interfacing sentence is VBW (SDME) or VTG (EPFS).

Refer to "7.1.2 Details of the data input format".

Select the speed sensor by following step.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [COG/SOG] => [COG/SOG] => [SDME, EPFS, MAN or

CURRENT], and press ENT key.

Note: [CURRENT] indicates the value by vector calculation from STW and SET/DRIFT value.

Set up interface of input/output port according to the sensor in use.

When SDME is selected;

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [SDME] => [61162-1 or 61162-2], and press ENT key.

When EPFS is selected;

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [EPFS] => [61162-1 or 61162-2], and press ENT key.

Note:

IMO resolution A.823 (19) for ARPA article recommends Speed LOG (SDME) or speed meter to meet resolution A824 (19) for the use of sea and ground stabilization.

Therefore, when TT function is used, select SDME for COG/SOG.

If you selects EPFS then the reliability of the TT vector worsens when the speed of the own ship is slow.

4.3.3 Select POSITION interface

Interface of POSITION is made IEC61162-2 or IEC61162-1 sentence.

Refer to "3.4.7 Cable connection for EPFS and SDME or Log" for connection.

Usable sentences are GLL, GGA and GNS.

Refer to "7.1.2 Details of the data input format" for format.

In case plural sentences are available, priority is given by GLL>GGA>GNS.

Select the position sensor by following procedure.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [POSITION] => [EPFS or MAN], and press ENT key.

Note: AIS display dose not work when [MAN] is selected.

Set up interface of input/output port according to the sensor.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [EPFS] => [61162-1 or 61162-2], and press ENT key.

Note: AIS cannot be used because DATUM of radar and AIS is different when input DATUM is different from WGS84.

Selection of sentences to be used for [OFFSET]

When the geodetic system in navigator and that in the map used are different, the position may become different even with the same values of latitude and longitude. In this case, input of [OFFSET] allows these positions to be matched.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [POSITION] => [OFFSET] => [OFFSET]

Set values: EPFS and MAN

MAN: Setting is done by manual input of values.

AIS cannot be displayed because radar DATUM differs from DATUM of AIS when you used position offset.

4.3.4 Select SET/DRIFT input

Select the sensor of SET/DRIFT when [CURRENT] is selected at [COG/SOG].

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SET/DRIFT] => [SET/DRIFT] => [SDME or MAN], and press ENT key.

SDME: Use sentence format VDR.

MAN: Use SET/DRIFT value manually input. When [MAN] is selected, entry of SET/DRIFT becomes possible. Make the value highlighted and enter correct SET/DRIFT value by moving the trackball up and down.

Note: AIS display does not work when [MAN] is selected.

4.3.5 Setup time

Set up time related items to be displayed in the top right part of the display.

Select information source of time to be indicated.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [TIME] => [EPFS or CLOCK], and press ENT key.

CLOCK: Internal clock of the radar

In order to use the internal clock of the radar, time set is required.

1. Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [TIME] => [CLOCK], and press ENT key.

2. Set the internal clock for year, month and day by UTC.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [CLOCK SET] => [DATE] => to highlight the value of [Day/Month/Year]. Move the trackball up or down to match it to the coordinated universal time, then press ENT key.

3. Set the internal clock for time by UTC.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [CLOCK SET] => [TIME] to highlight the value of [hour: minute]. Move the trackball up or down to match it to the coordinated universal time, then press ENT key.

4. Input time difference between local time and UTC.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [TIME] => [TIME] => [TIME ZONE] => to highlight the value of [hour: minute]. Move the trackball up or down to match it to the time difference, then press ENT key.

4.3.6 Setup Output

As provision for other navigational equipments, alarm contact signals and serial data, ALF, RSD, OSD, TLB, TLL, TTD and TTM are available.

Refer to "7.2 Details of TT tracking data output".

Refer to "7.3 Details of the radar data output" for detail.

4.3.6.1 Alarm output

Alarm output consists of contact output of VDR and serial data output ALF.

Refer to "7.4.3 VDR and Alarm output signal specification" for detail.

As serial data outputs, one port out of five ports can be selected by following procedure.

ALF OUT PORT

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] => [ALF OUT PORT] => [BAM], and press ENT key.

4.3.6.2 Serial data output

Serial data sentence can be output from all I/O ports.

Make selection by following steps.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [OUTPUT] => [OUTPUT NAV], [OUTPUT EPFS], [OUTPUT

SDME], [OUTPUT GYRO] or [OUTPUT BAM].

Then indicate following submenu by moving the trackball to the right.

>MAINTENANCE		>MAINTENANCE		
>I/O		>I/O		
>OUTPUT		>OUTPUT		
>OUTPUT NAV		>OUTPUT xxxxx		xxxxx: EPFS, SDME, GYRO or BAM
DTM	0.0s	DTM	0.0s	
EVE	1.0s	EVE	0.0s	
GLL	0.0s	GLL	0.0s	
НВТ	5.0s	HBT	0.0s	
HDT	0.0s	HDT	0.0s	
OSD	1.0s	OSD	0.0s	
POS	0.0s	POS	0.0s	Highlight numeral value and enter
ROT	0.0s	ROT	0.0s	righight humeral value and enter
RSD	1.0s	RSD	0.0s	desired period for desired sentence.
THS	0.0s	THS	0.0s	No output is available by 0.0 s setting
TLB	5.0s	TLB	0.0s	ENT key prose validates the value
TLL	0.0s	TLL	0.0s	ENT Rey press valuates the value.
TTD	0.0s	TTD	0.0s	
ТТМ	0.0s	ТТМ	0.0s	
VBW	0.0s	VBW	0.0s	
VDR	0.0s	VDR	0.0s	
VHW	0.0s	VHW	0.0s	
VTG	0.0s	VTG	0.0s	
ZDA	0.0s	ZDA	0.0s	

Figure 4.7

4.3.7 Limiting of type of signal to input port

When the device is connected with multiple nautical instruments, the same signals from HDT and GLL, etc. are input from several input ports. If the values of these input signals are different, interference that may cause jumping of ship's bearing and LAT/LON may occur. In these cases, an input port can be assigned for each signal type.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [INPUT] and display the setting sub-menu as follows: Setting sub-menu

>MAINTENANCE >I/O >INPUT Port number S G В N:NAV Ν Е 4 BWC ALL E : EPFS DBT ALL S:SDME DPT ALL G: GYRO DTM ALL B: BAM ALL Selection cursor GGA moves within GLC Select the sentence ALL (here, GGA) to be sub-menu when GLL NAV GNS **EPFS** trackball is assigned and turn SDME turned up and HBT the trakball right, to GYRO HDG down. display sub-menu. BAM HD/M Turn the trackball up ALL HØT and down to select **M**TW ALL the port to be ŔMA ALL assigned (here, RMB ALL When a signal is EPFS) and press RMC input in a port, ALL ENT key for setting. the mark of
is ROT ALL displayed. RTE ALL ALL However, it is THS not displayed if VBW ALL the format is not VDR ALL matched. VHW ALL Name of the VTG NAV assigned port is WPL ALL displayed. Here it is NAV. XTE ALL ZDA ALL

Figure 4.8

4.3.8 Changing formats of input/output ports of navigation devices, position and ship speed (IEC 61162).

When the data is correctly input in each port and is not displayed on the display, the formats of signals (IEC 61162) may be unmatched. In this case, display [INPUT] menu mentioned in 4.3.7, and confirm that a mark is displayed at the intersection point of the input sentence and the input port. When a mark is not displayed, set each format (baud rate) of input/output so as to match with those of connected sensors with input sentences.

The baud rates are:

IEC 61162-1: 4800 bps

IEC 61162-2: 38400 bps

Default value per port is set as follows:

NAV: IEC 61162-2 EPFS: IEC 61162-1 SDME: IEC 61162-1 GYRO: IEC 61162-2 BAM: IEC61162-1 GYRO and BAM port will be displayed when JB-35 is connected to J3.

Example of change of setting: NAV port IEC61162-2 => IEC61162-1

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [NAV] => [61162-1], and press ENT key.

[AUTO SETUP] mode can set format of all I/O ports automatically.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] => [AUTO SETUP] => [GO], and press ENT key. About 30 seconds. later all I/O ports can be set by input signals connected to external devices.

4.3.9 Setup KGC (GPS compass)

When connect KGC (KODEN gps cpmpass KGC-222 or KGC-300) to the SDME (ship's speed) port, please set KGC to set format and output sentences.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [KGC SET] => [INITIAL] => [GO], and press ENT key. Data 1 or Data 2 in KGC and SDME port of the radar are optimally reset.

Caution: With this initialization, Data 1 or Data 2 (port connected to the radar) of KGC is set at 38400bps for baud rate, 50ms for signal scycle, and HDT, GGA, VTG, DTM and ZDA for signal type.

Bearing correction of KGC

When the mounting direction of KGC has been out of alignment, compensation of the misalignment allows KGC to output HDT signal as follows.

1. Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [KGC SET] => [BRG CORR] => [0.0°] =>

Select the last digit of entry frame for a numerical value, then press ENT key after pointing.
 At the angle to be compensated by moving the trackball up and down.

4.3.10 Setup JB-35

Connect junction box JB-35 to the J3 port. All input/output ports are in compliance with IEC61162-1 Refer to "3.4.4 Connecting a Gyro converter unit or THD" Refer to "3.4.5 Connecting a Junction box JB-35 to Gyro, BAM and Inter-switch data"

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [JB-35 SET] => [JB-35] => [ON], and press ENT key. Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [JB-35 SET] => [INITIAL] => [GO], and press ENT key.

After above setting, the radar can access the SLAVE 1, 2 and 3 ports of JB-35 as NAV, GYRO and BAM.

For the connection confirmation Press MENU key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [FORMAT] GYRO and BAM items menu will be displayed without gray mask. When GYRO and BAM item menu with gray mask will be displayed, JB-35 setting has failed.

4.3.11 Serial monitor

Serial input signals can be checked by the window of serial data monitor.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [I/O] => [SERIAL MONITOR] => select [NAV], [EPFS], [SDME], [GYRO],

[BAM], [AIS] or [ALL] => Input data of selected port will be displayed.

[AIS] port means AIS data from AIS device.

[ALL] means that the data of all ports will be displayed at the same time.

4.4 Setup SECTOR MUTE mode (Cannot use while transmitting)

SECTOR MUTE is the function enabling user to stop transmission to designated direction when there are hazardous objects near antenna location or near a human body.

When using SECTOR MUTE, it takes longer time to detect optimum value in auto tuning at the start of transmission and change of range. Therefore manual tuning is recommended to use when using SECTOR MUTE.

SECTOR MUTE mode ON or OFF

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [SECTOR MUTE] => [MUTE] => [ON] or [OFF] => and press ENT key.

Setup starting angel setup of SECTOR MUTE

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [SECTOR MUTE] => [START] => select 0 to 359°, and press ENT key. Setup ending angle of SECTOR MUTE

Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [SECTOR MUTE] => [END] => select 0 to 359°, and press ENT key.

4.5 Setup preset

4.5.1 Setup RAIN MIN and MAX mode

There are two modes of MAN and CFAR in anti-rain clutter mode.

Change method of MAN and CFAR.

Press the RAIN knob, or put a cursor on the indicator of MAN or CFAR upper right of the display and press ENT key.

4.5.1.1 RAIN MIN (MAN and CFAR mode)

RAIN MIN is intended to adjust the preset minimum value of anti-rain clutter. This is a function even when anti-rain clutter suppression knob is set at minimum.

This function has also effect to moderate the effect against turned angle of the knob and to make adjustment easy. This setting can be applied to the entire range.

MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set SEA at a moderate level by turning SEA knob, set GAIN at 80 by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MIN] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change the value, and press ENT key when bondens and seaway buoys have reduced small enough in size on the display.
 Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

CFAR mode

- (1) Check CFAR indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is MAN, change to CFAR mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set SEA at a moderate level by turning SEA knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MIN] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change the value, and press ENT key when bondens and seaway buoys have reduced small enough in size on the display.
 Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

4.5.1.2 RAIN MAX (MAN and CFAR mode)

This is intended to adjust the maximum value of anti-rain clutter. When the effect of anti-rain clutter suppression is weak or strong, this can be used.

MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 100 by turning RAIN knob, set GAIN at 100 by turning GAIN knob and set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob in rainfall.

(3) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MAX] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.

(4) Move the trackball up and down to change watching the display, and press ENT key when large blocks of rain clutter become smaller points and just before small boats and seaway buoys will disappear.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

CFAR mode

- (1) Check CFAR indication of RAIN mode from upper right of the display. If RAIN mode is MAN, change to CFAR mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set RAIN at 100 by turning RAIN knob and set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob in rainfall.
- (3) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [RAIN MAX] and highlight the last digit of the numerical entry frame.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change watching the display, and press ENT key when large blocks of rain clutter become smaller points and just before small boats and seaway buoys will disappear.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 4095

4.5.2 Setup SEA MIN and MAX mode

There are two modes of MAN and AUTO in sea clutter suppression.

Change method of MAN and AUTO.

Press the SEA knob, or put a cursor on the indicator of MAN or AUTO upper right of the display and press ENT key.

4.5.2.1 SEA MIN (MAN and AUTO mode)

This setting is a function to make the value set under Sea suppression effective even when SEA is set at a minimum level by turning SEA knob. Due to the raise of the minimum value, this function allows the effect against the angle of the turning of the knob to be moderated and the adjustment with the knob to be made easier. This adjustment can be used in common for the entire range. Please carry out the adjustment at mild state of sea.

MAN mode

(1) Check MAN indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.

- (2) Set the range scale at 0.75 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set GAIN at 80 by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change the value, erase sea clutter on the display that may be generated by dust and birds, and set not to erase bondens and seaway buoys. Press ENT key for setting.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

AUTO mode

- (1) Check AUTO indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 0.75 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning <u>SEA</u> knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning <u>RAIN</u> knob, set GAIN at 80 by turning <u>GAIN</u> knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning <u>BRILL</u> knob.
- (3) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change the value, erase sea clutter on the display that may be generated by dust and birds, and set not to erase bondens and seaway buoys. Press ENT key for setting.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 4095

4.5.2.2 SEA MAX (MAN and AUTO mode)

The use of manual and auto SEA suppression allows the suppression effect at the maximum level.

MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 12 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning <u>SEA</u> knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning <u>RAIN</u> knob, set GAIN at 80 by turning <u>GAIN</u> knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning <u>BRILL</u> knob.
- (3) Press VRM1 key to display and set VRM at 8.0NM by turning VRM knob.

- (4) Put the cursor on IR1, IR2 or IR3 on the display, then press **ENT** key to select OFF. When IR is turned OFF, white noise on the display increases. Keep GAIN at 80.
- (5) Set SEA at 100 (a maximum level) by turning SEA knob.
- (6) Press MENU key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MAX] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (7) Move the trackball up and down watching white noise on the display to increase the set value of [SEA MAX] from 0. When the white noise on the display disappears from the area between the center and 8 NM, stop the movement of the trackball and press ENT key for setting.
- (8) After completion of all setting, return IR1, IR 2 or IR3.

The set value of [SEA MAX] is applied to the entire ranges.

AUTO mode

- (1) Check AUTO indication of SEA mode from upper right of the display. If SEA mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 12 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set GAIN at 80 by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press VRM1 key to display and set VRM at 8.0NM by turning VRM knob.
- (4) Put the cursor on IR1, IR2 or IR3 on the display, then press ENT key to select OFF. When IR is turned OFF, white noise on the display increases. Keep GAIN at 80.
- (5) Set SEA at 100 (a maximum level) by turning SEA knob.
- (6) Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA MAX] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (7) Move the trackball up and down watching white noise on the display to increase the set value of [SEA MAX] from 0. When the white noise on the display disappears from the area between the center and 8 NM, stop the movement of the trackball and press ENT key for setting.
- (8) After completion of all setting, return IR1, IR 2 or IR3.

4.5.3 Setup GAIN MIN and MAX mode

Display sensitivity of the screen against the GAIN knob is set. When the sensitivity against turning of the knob is too high or too low, it can be adjusted with knob.

There are two modes of MAN and AUTO in gain sensitivity control.

Change method of MAN and AUTO.

Press the GAIN knob, or put a cursor on the indicator of MAN or AUTO upper right of the display and press ENT key.

4.5.3.1 GAIN MIN (MAN and AUTO mode)

This setting is a function to make the value set under GAIN sensitivity control effective even when GAIN is set at a minimum level by turning $\overrightarrow{\text{GAIN}}$ knob. Due to the raise of the minimum value, this function allows the effect against the angle of the turning of the knob to be moderated and the adjustment with the knob to be made easier. This adjustment can be used in common for the entire range.

MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set PICTURE 1 mode, set GAIN at 0 by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press MENU key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change the value, only the highest signal levels are presented. Press ENT key for setting.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

AUTO mode

- (1) Check AUTO indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set PICTURE 1 mode, set GAIN at 0 by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press MENU key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MIN] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (4) Move the trackball up and down to change the value, only the highest signal levels are presented.
 Press ENT key for setting.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

4.5.3.2 GAIN MAX (MAN and AUTO mode)

This setting is a function to make the value set under GAIN sensitivity control effective even when GAIN is set at a maximum level by turning GAIN knob.

MAN mode

- (1) Check MAN indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set PICTURE 1 mode, set GAIN at a maximum level by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press MENU key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MAX] and highlight the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (4) Watching the white noise on the display, change the setting value for gain with moving the trackball up and down, and press ENT key at an appropriate point for setting.
 Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0

AUTO mode

- (1) Check AUTO indication of GAIN mode from upper right of the display. If GAIN mode is MAN, change to AUTO mode. If SEA mode is AUTO, change to MAN mode. If RAIN mode is CFAR, change to MAN mode.
- (2) Set the range scale at 24 NM, set SEA at 0 by turning SEA knob, set RAIN at 0 by turning RAIN knob, set PICTURE 1 mode, set GAIN at a maximum level by turning GAIN knob and set BRILL at a maximum level by turning BRILL knob.
- (3) Press MENU key to display "Menu". Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN MAX] and highlight of the last digit of entry frame of numerical value by moving the trackball.
- (4) Watching the white noise on the display, change the setting value for gain with moving the trackball up and down, and press ENT key at an appropriate point for setting. Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 4095

4.5.4 Setup GAIN OFFSET mode

This is a function to adjust the gain sensitivity difference of every range when range scale is changed. This setting is performed by every each range scale.

For example: When gain sensitivity of 3 NM looks low (weak).

- (1) Set range scale 3 NM.
- (2) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [GAIN OFFSET] => increase setting value.

(3) Change range scale up and down to check the gain sensitivity difference.

Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0.

Note: This function is effective about the change of the transmission pulse width.

4.5.5 Setup SEA OFFSET mode

This is a function to adjust the sea clutter suppression difference of every range when range scale is changed.

This setting is performed by every each range scale.

For example: When sea clutter suppression of 3NM looks low (weak).

- (1) Set range scale 3NM.
- (2) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PRESET] => [SEA OFFSET] => increase setting value.

(3) Change range scale up and down to check the sea clutter suppression difference.Setting value is 0 to 4095: Initial setting is 0.

Note: This function is effective about the change of the transmission pulse width.

4.6 Backup of setup data (Cannot be used while transmitting)

By saving setup data to the internal memory or external memory, the initial setup and all settings are saved, in the event that the radar needs to be reinitialized or some changes been made, user can go back to the original settings by restoring from memory.

Backup of setup data should be saved after initial setup.

In case of malfunction of display where initialization must be done, restore of backup data saved at the time of original setup will bring all proper settings and turning setup back to normal operation.

4.6.1 Internal save of setup data

Save setup data to the internal memory:

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP SAVE] => [GO], and press ENT key.

Restore setup data from the internal memory:

Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SETUP LOAD] => [GO], and press ENT key.

4.6.2 External save of setup data (Cannot be performed while transmitting)

To save setup data externally, this information can be later used to restore after a possible malfunction.

The external memory uses an SD memory card.

CAUTION: Please do not use the SD memory card which is loaded with software program files.

Save setup data to SD card:

- (1) Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader on the rear of the Display unit.
- (2) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => [SETUP SAVE] => [GO], and press ENT key.

When SD memory card not inserted, [SD CARD] menu is grayed out and cannot be operated.

Restore setup data from SD card:

- (1) Insert SD card that was used to store settings in above procedure in the upper card reader on the rear of the Display unit.
- (2) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [SD CARD] => [SETUP LOAD] => [GO], and press ENT key.

When SD memory card not inserted or no data found on the card, [SD CARD] menu is grayed out and cannot be operated.

4.6.3 Parameter reset

Use this function as means to return the radar to its default settings as it was at first power on.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [BACKUP] => [PARAMETER RESET] => [GO] => and press ENT key.

4.7 Total hour and TX hour (Cannot use while transmitting)

TOTAL HOUR menu indicates the total operating time of the radar.

Following operation can be used to reset total hours to 0.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TOTAL HOUR] => [RESET] => and press ENT key.

TX HOUR menu indicates the total transmitting time of the radar.

This is useful information to use when exchanging radar parts. Use this hour information to judge magnetron life expectancy.

Reset after components have been exchanged.

Press <u>MENU</u> key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [TX HOUR] => [RESET] => and press <u>ENT</u> key.

4.8 Menu setup

MENU SETUP menu can be used to simplify full menu and turn off the items in full menu that are not used. This is often used to remove not needed menu items for simple operation of the radar.

- Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [MENU SETUP] => [GO] => and press ENT key.
 Setup menu display will display.
- (2) Select menu item to set ON or OFF => select [X] or $[\bigcirc]$ => and press ENT key.
- (3) When setup finish, press <u>MENU</u> key. Menu display will disappear. Press <u>MENU</u> key again. [X] mark menu items are not displayed.



Figure 4.9

4.9 PM (performance monitor)

Performance monitor is a function to confirm performance degradation such as aging phenomena etc., by recording performance of antenna for later reference on its installation or on exchange of antenna parts.

Note: Carry out initial setup without fail on installation or on exchange of antenna parts.

4.9.1 Initial setup methods

- Press STBY / TX key to start transmission.
 Set RAIN / SEA at 0 by turning RAIN / SEA knobs.
 Set GAIN at 100 by turning GAIN knobs.
- Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PM] => [ON], and press ENT key.

Range is changed to 24 NM automatically.

Arc shaped dummy echo appears at 90 degree, 20 NM of antenna position.



(3) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [PM TUNE], and then adjust value to obtain the maximum width of the dummy echo.

If dummy echo appears in a circle shape, then turn GAIN knob counterclockwise and adjust PM TUNE value again so that dummy echo does not appear in a circle shape.





- (4) Select [CALIBRATION], move trackball to right select [GO], and press ENT key.
 Then, the antenna performance is recorded for later reference.
- Return to Main menu and select [SYSTEM].
 Confirm RX, TX and SYSTEM bars are maximum length.
 RX: Displays performance degradation of receiver.

TX: Displays performance degradation of transmitter.

SYSTEM: Sum of degradations of RX, TX value.

(6) Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [SYSTEM] => [PM] => [OFF], and press ENT key.
 Range is restored to the initial status automatically and dummy echo disappears. Confirmation method for degradation of Antenna performance after operation

4.9.2 Confirmation methods for degradation of Antenna performance after operation

- Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [SYSTEM] => [PM] => [ON], and press ENT key.
 Range is changed to 24 NM automatically.
- (2) Confirm SYSTEM bar value.

Please contact with our sales agent or our sales department when SYSTEM bar becomes a half (-10 dB) or less in length, because there is a possibility of large performance degradation. When contacting, please let person in charge know about degradation rate of TX, RX bars.

Press MENU key to display "Menu".
 Select [SYSTEM] => [PM] => [OFF], and press ENT key.

4.10 System Program

4.10.1 Version confirmation

Currently installed firmware version can be found by using following menu operation.

(1) Press MENU key to display "Menu".

Select [MAINTENANCE] => [VERSION] =>

4.10.2 How to update the system program

(1) Prepare SD memory card with latest program.

File name: radar

File type: MOT

- (2) Turn off the power.
- (3) Insert SD memory card in the upper card reader on the rear of the Display unit.
- (4) Press POWER ON/OFF key to turn on, radar will start update procedure automatically. Message of "LOADING IN PROGRESS" "PLEASE DO NOT POWER OFF" and time bar will be displayed.

EBL1, EBL2 and BRILL, VRM1, VRM2 and PANEL key's lamps flash red.

Few minutes later, when program update is complete, "LOADING COMPLETE" "PLEASE EJECT SD CARD" message appears on the display.

(5) Eject SD memory card from the card reader, and reboot automatically

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Chapter 5 Troubleshooting and on board repair

In this chapter we provide troubleshooting procedures to find malfunction parts on a ship.

5.1 Necessary information at the time of repair request

Please note the following items:

- (1) Ship name and phone number of the satellite communication system if equipped
- (2) Product type name
- (3) Product serial number
- (4) Software version name described in the [MAINTENANCE] menu.
- (5) A following port of call, arrival schedule, and agency name
- (6) Status of malfunction and results of diagnostics on a ship

5.2 Provided self diagnostic facilities

The alarm display on the display and lamp for internal status is provided for self-diagnostics of this device.

5.2.1 Alert display and how to cancel

Alarm display may appear at the lower right of the radar display as shown in Figure 5.1 when a malfunction or operation error has been detected in the device.

Abnormalities are categorized as [Alarm], [Warning] and [Caution]. When alarm display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar, record the alarm details by type, location and status and press the software button ACK or the OFF key. The alarm sound and display will disappear. Multiple errors may be displayed one by one and in addition in the Alert List (AL), which can be opened by pressing the AL key. Record all alarms and press the software button ACK or the OFF key for every alert. The types of alert, ALARM, WARNING, or CAUTION are shown in Table 5.1.

Icon and Priority: ALARM / WARNING / CAUTION (ALARM and WARNING blinks until acknowledging alarm)





5.2.1.1 Alert list

Table 5.1 Alarm, Warning and Caution display list of radar

Γ	Category 1) 2)					
	Priority (A: ALARM, W: Warning, C: Caution)					
	ID number (0-9999: IMO, 10000-9999999: Maker)					
	Instance number					
¥	$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$					
			·	Alert title	Reason	
A	W	3042	1	AIS exceeded	Number of AIS targets exceeding the maximum 900	
A	W	3042	2	TT exceeded	Number of tracked targets in TT (ARPA) exceeded the maximum 100.	
A	W	3042	3	ADR exceeded	Number of AIS data reports exceeding the maximum 50.	
A	W	3042	4	ALD exceeded	Number of AIS locating device exceeding the maximum 50.	
В	С	3043	1	AIS OL. (95%)	Number of AIS targets received exceeded 855	
В	С	3043	2	TT OL. (95%)	Number of tracking targets exceeded 95	
В	С	3043	3	ADR OL. (95%)	Number of AIS data report received exceeded 47	
В	С	3043	4	ALD OL. (95%)	Number of AIS locating device received exceeded 47	
А	А	3044	xxxx	CPA/TCPA <xxxx></xxxx>	Collision dangerous target detected	
А	W	3048	xxxx	ACQ Target <xxxx></xxxx>	A new target entered into auto acquisition area	
А	W	3052	xxxx	Lost TGT <xxxx></xxxx>	An acquired target has been lost	
А	W	3052	100x	Lost REF TT <xxxx></xxxx>	REF tracked target has been lost	
В	W	3015	1	Lost HDG	THS or HDT are not received	
В	W	3015	2	Lost SPD	VBW, VTG, RMA or RMC are not received	
В	W	3015	3	Lost COG/SOG	VTG or VBW are not received	
В	W	3015	4	Lost SET/DRIFT	VDR message is not received	
В	W	3015	5	Lost LAT/LON	GLL or GGA, GNS, RMC, RMA are not received	
В	W	3015	6	Lost datum	DTM is not received	
В	W	3015	7	Lost TIME	ZDA or RMC, GGA are not received	
В	W	3015	8	Lost AIS data	There is no AIS data. VDM is not received from AIS	
В	W	998	1	Test alert only.	Under alert test.	
А	W	10002	1	Echo zone	Images are detected in echo alarm area.	
А	W	10002	2	Echo map area	Images were detected in map area.	
А	W	10005	xxxx	Guard zone <xxxx></xxxx>	Tracked target has entered into the guard zone.	

-							
В	С	10003	1	AIS no HDG/COG	There is neither ship's bearing nor fairway of AIS		
					active target input data to HDG or COG.		
В	С	11003	1	Nav line	Own ship crossed the Nav line.		
В	С	12003	1	Cannot use CCRP	Cannot display CCRP position. Change position of		
					range.		
В	С	12003	2	Process off	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not		
					received.		
В	С	12003	3	GND Stab	Speed: VBW or VHW is not input.		
					Change to ground stabilization. Check VBW or		
					VHW sentence.		
В	С	12003	4	SOG in from EPFS	Change SOG input source from SDME (VBW) to		
					EPFS (VTG).		
В	С	12003	5	SPD manual	There is no speed signal.		
В	С	12003	6	COG/SOG manual	There are not ground course and speed signal.		
В	С	12003	7	SET/DRIFT manual	There is not tide signal.		
В	С	12003	8	LAT/LON manual	There are not latitude and longitude signal.		
А	W	13002	1	Radar abnormal	Hardware problem in the radar. Refer to hardware		
					notes.		

5.2.2 Operation note

Operation note display may appear at the lower right of the radar display as shown in Figure 5.2 when an operation error has been detected in the device.

When operation note display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar operation.

The types of operation note are shown in Table 5.2.



After 5sec. this message will disappear.

Figure 5.2 Operation note display

Table 5.2 Operation Notes

Note title	Reason
Tracked target out of range.	Acquired tracked target beyond operating distance
Pre heating.	Operated transmission key during pre-heating countdown
No HDG, LAT/LON signal.	As signals of ship's bearing, latitude/longitude had not been input, functions that need those signals have been disabled
No HDG signal.	As signals of ship's bearing had not been input, functions that need ship's bearing signal were disabled
No SPD signal.	As speed signal had not been input, functions that needs speed signal were disabled
Map data full.	More than the specified number of COAST LINE, NAV LINE, ROUTE, EVENT MKR and AREA tried to attempt to register in map function
Cursor off.	Cursor is not displayed
Inter-switch changed the mode.	During inter-switch connection, one Display unit switched over inter-switch mode
No off center.	In the maximum range, off center function was disabled
Tracking malfunction. BRG T	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of bearing has exceeded the reference
Tracking malfunction. RNG	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of range has exceeded the reference
Tracking malfunction. CPA	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of CPA has exceeded the reference

Tracking malfunction. TCPA	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of TCPA has
	exceeded the reference
Tracking malfunction. T CRS	As the result of TT test, the accuracy of true course
	has exceeded the reference
Tracking malfunction. T SPD	AS the result of TT test, the accuracy of true speed
	has exceeded the reference
Mode hold.	Attempted to change mode during operation of
	performance monitor. The mode is fixed at H-UP
Range hold.	During starting up of performance monitor, attempted
	to change the range. The range is fixed at 24 NM
Time to trial manoeuver is less than 30	The remaining time of trial manoeuver is less than 30
seconds.	seconds
Reference target overload.	Attempted to acquire reference target beyond 3
Do not use MAN COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with COG/SOG data inputted by manual
Do not use REF COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with COG/SOG data calculated by
	reference target
Do not use CURRENT COG/SOG.	Cannot use AIS with SET/DRIFT data inputted by
	manual
Do not use MAN STW.	Cannot use AIS with speed data inputted by manual
Do not use MAN POSITION.	Cannot use AIS with own ship position data inputted
	by manual
Time error.	Cannot use AIS with no time data
Do not use MAN OFFSET POSITION.	Cannot use AIS with offset positon inputted by
	manual
Change to relative bearing.	True bearing is not inputted
Change to relative vector.	VBW, VTG or VDR are not inputted
Change to relative past position.	VBW, VTG or VDR are not inputted
Change to head up.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not
	inputted
Change EBL origin position.	THS, HDT, HDM or VTG, RMA, RMC are not
	inputted
Change to sea stabilization.	Ship's bearing: THS, HDT, HDM, VTG
	Course against water: VBW
	Speed: VBW, VTG, VHW are not input
No WGS84 DATUM.	Input geodetic system is not WGS84
AIS no OS COG/SOG data.	Own ship's data that is necessary for AIS are not
	input
Receive alert of any signal or sensor in use.	Receive alert of any signal or sensors in use
Rec. Own AIS	Received AIS message to OWN ship.
Change CCRP	The set CCRP went beyond radar display. Reference
	has moved to antenna position.

5.2.3 Hardware note

Hardware note display may appear at the lower right of the radar display as shown in below when a hardware error has been detected in the device.

When hardware note display actually appears and there is something wrong with radar operation.



Figure 5.3 Hardware note display

Type of Hardware note

Note title	Reason
Antenna not connected.	Connector of Antenna may not be connected to Antenna, or
	Scanner unit may be faulty
Antenna magnetron current	Magnetron may be at the end of life or transmission high
abnormal.	voltage fuse blown
Antenna magnetron heater	Something is wrong with magnetron or Scanner unit
abnormal.	
Antenna magnetron high voltage	High voltage fuse for transmission blown
abnormal.	
Antenna high voltage abnormal.	High voltage fuse for transmission blown
Motor voltage abnormal.	Motor voltage fuse blown
Azimuth abnormal.	BP signal from Scanner unit is not received.
	May be fault in angle detecting sensor in Scanner unit or poor
	connection at connector
Head line signal abnormal.	SHF signal from Scanner unit is not received.
	May be fault in SHF sensor in Scanner unit or rotation of
	antenna may be stopped
Trigger abnormal.	Trigger from Scanner unit is not received
Radar video abnormal.	IF video from Scanner unit is not received
Panel not connected.	No communication between operating panel is available.
	Connector (J9) is disconnected
Flash memory erase & write error.	Flash memory erase and write error
Flash memory erase error.	Flash memory erase error
Flash memory write error.	Flash memory write error
Flash memory checksum error.	Flash memory checksum error
SD card problem.	SD card may be broken

SD card not ready.	There is not SD card
SD card write protected.	SD card is protect mode
SD card not enough free space.	Memory of SD card is not left
Illegal data.	The data does not agree
USB memory problem.	USB memory problem
USB memory not ready.	USB memory not ready
USB memory write protected	USB memory write protected
USB memory not enough free	USB memory not enough free space
space.	
JB-35 not connected.	No communication between junction box JB-35 is available.
	Connector J3 is disconnected
JB-35 not extended mode.	There is not JB-35 with the extended mode

5.3 Malfunction diagnostics

This chapter specifies necessary information required troubleshooting and repair of the radar system.

5.3.1 Malfunction detection step

As a first step of on board repair, refer to the following tables describing outlines of malfunction diagnostics procedure.

Table 5.3 basic malfunctions

Failure status	Ро	ssible cause	Measure		
No power.	1.	1. Power cable is disconnected.		Connect power cable firmly	
				and secure connector.	
	2.	Operation unit cable is	2.	Connect operation cable	
		disconnected.		firmly and secure connector.	
	3.	Supply voltage is out of range.	3.	Use proper power source.	
	4.	Main power fuse is blown.	4.	Change fuse with new one.	
Power is applied but no	1.	Display brilliance is adjusted to the	1.	Adjust properly.	
display		minimum.			
	2.	Connector of internal cable is	2.	Confirm by a serviceman.	
		disconnected.			
	3.	Failure of LCD unit or Backlight	3.	Request repair.	
		power PCB			

Table 5.4 possible malfunctions

Error status	Possible cause	Measure
Display brilliance is dark.	 Adjustment of display brilliance is incorrect. 	1. Adjust properly.
	 Failure of LCD driver circuit Failure of Backlight power PCB 	 Request repair Request repair
No radar echo is displayed	1. Receiver is detuned.	1. Readjust by referring to "4.2.1 Tune adjustment".
	2. Video contrast adjustment error	2. Readjust by GAIN, SEA or FTC knobs.
	3. Failure of transceiver	3. Request repair
Radar echo is too weak.	1. Receiver is detuned.	1. Readjust by referring to "4.2.1 Tune adjustment".
	 Failure of Magnetron or MIC (front-end) 	2. Request repair
Error message "Head line signal abnormal." is displayed.	1. No heading line signal input.	 Check [BP/HG] signal between an Antenna Scanner unit and a Display unit.
Antenna does not	1. Motor fuse is blown.	1. Replace fuse with a new one.
rotate.	2. Motor power is not supplied.	2. Check motor power connection.
	3. Inter-switch mode is difference.	 Set inter-switch mode to master mode.

5.3.2 Malfunction diagnostics flow chart

The following malfunction analysis chart can be used by service personnel for malfunction diagnostics and location of defective module. This chart shows flow chart of dignostics for basic malfunction troubleshooting.

5.3.2.1 Initial malfunction diagnostics





5.3.2.2 Cannot turn on the power

5.3.2.3 No display



*Subject to version change

5.3.2.4 No response from the Antenna unit



*Subject to version change
5.3.2.5 Operation unit error



5.3.2.6 No radar echo









5.3.2.8 Data such as heading, speed, latitude/longitude cannot be received

5.3.2.9 AIS





5.3.2.10 Antenna unit failure













5.4 On board repair

5.4.1 Replacement of fuse

The location of the fuses is on the back panel of Display unit.

Fuse type and rating

Application Type, dimension (mm)		Fuse characteristic	Rating
Main power	Tubular (φ6.4 x 30)	Normal blow	15 A
Modulator high voltage	Tubular (φ5.2 x 20)	Normal blow	0.8 A
Antenna drive motor	Tubular (φ5.2 x 20)	Normal blow	10 A

Fuse location



Figure 5.3 Fuse locations on Display unit back panel

5.4.2 Replacement of Internal Battery

The Display unit has a battery built-in. Battery is used only for an internal clock.

When the battery runs low, the internal clock of the radar will not always work properly.

Please exchange the internal battery.

Exchange method of the internal battery is explained as below. When replacing the battery, the internal clock is reset.

1. Remove 10 fixed screws on the back of the Display unit.



2. Remove the front panel from the main chassis by disconnecting the internal cable.



3. Exchange the internal battery on the Logic PCB (E63-700*).

Battery type name: CR2032



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Chapter 6 Maintenance

Warning: To prevent electric shock, be sure to turn off the radar system power before opening the cover of the Antenna unit.

For health safety reason, transmission is basically inhibited when antenna is not rotating. However when transmission is required for any reason without antenna rotation, following procedure is provided to do it.

Special Service Mode

- 1. Turn off the radar and remove the Antenna drive motor fuse according to Figure 5.3.
- 2. Turn on the radar at the Operation unit by pressing the POWER ON/OFF key while the OFF key is pressed.

Keep pressing the OFF key until "NO ERROR DETECT" is displayed.

After preheating time of 3 minutes, press the STBY/TX key.
 If the magnetron is already heated, transmission is possible after 10 seconds, when "NO ERROR DETECT" indication disappears.

6.1 List of parts that have longevity

Radar uses parts that have the following longevities.

<u> </u>			
name	type	location	Life expectancy
Magnetron	MAF1565N	RB808P	2000 to 3000H
	M1568BS	RB809P	1000 to 2000H
Geared motor	VGKC12-25N50L2XT6	RB808P/809P	5000H
Fan	F614T-12MC	RB809P	70000H
LCD Unit	G190EG02 V1	MRD-108P	45000H (25°C)
Battery	CR2032	MRD-108P E63-700*	For storage : 1 year 1 hour operation in every week: 8 years

List of parts that have longevity

6.2 Regular service and cleaning up

Periodic inspection and cleaning is essential to keep the radar system in the good working order for the life of the radar.

6.2.1 Monthly inspection

(1) Check whether there is any dirt or soot on the radiating part of the Antenna unit. If any, wipe it with soft cloth soaked in water or soap detergent. Also make sure no cracks or coating material is on the front radiation part of Antenna unit.



(2) Wipe the radar display with cloth soaked in static electricity inhibitor if dirty. Avoid using a dry cloth since it will generate static electricity resulting in the accumulation of dust.

6.3 Method of exchanging the magnetron

6.3.1 Magnetron replacement (RB808P)



 Remove the eight screws that secure the shield cover. Remove the shield cover from the PCB [E61-110X].



2) This picture is the view of the magnetron [MAF1565N] and the pulse transformer [KCT-373]



 Unsolder the yellow wire and green wire from the pulse transformer terminals.

Remove the four screws that secure the magnetron.

Remove the magnetron from the chassis.



4) This picture is the view of the modulator with magnetron removed.



5) Following above picture cut the excess wires from magnetron.



6) Attach new magnetron to chassis.



 Fasten four screws by non-magnetic screwdriver.

Screw: PWSM 4x12B (Quantity 4)

Caution:

Use a non-magnetic screwdriver, because the contact of the metal tool with the magnetron will cause deterioration of its performance.



 Solder the yellow wire and green wire to the pulse transformer terminals.

Attach the shield cover to the PCB [E61-110X].

6.3.2 Magnetron replacement (RB809P)



Remove the six screws that secure the shield cover.
 Remove the shield cover from the PCB [E62-110X].



2) This picture is the view of the magnetron [M1568BS] and the pulse transformer [KCT-374].



¹3) Unsolder the yellow wire and green wire from the pulse transformer terminals.

Remove the four screws that secure the magnetron.

Remove the magnetron from the chassis.



4) This picture is the view of the modulator with magnetron removed.



5) Following above picture cut the excess wires from magnetron.



- 6) Attach new magnetron to the chassis.
- With magnetron in place on this side use screw [PWSM4x10B] and the washer [2W4B].

On the other side, use the screw [PWSM 4x12B]





 Solder the yellow wire and green wire to the pulse transformer terminals.

Attach the shield cover to the PCB [E62-110X].

Chapter 7 Input/output data

7.1 Input data

7.1.1 Validity and integrity of input data

Data	HDG	Latitude and	SPD	COG/SOG	WP
indication		Longitude			
White color	THS-A*	GLL-A,D*	VBW Status water encode	VBW Status ground	RMB-A,D*
	HDT	GGA-1,2,3,4,5**	: A	speed: A	BWC-A,D*
		GNS-A,D,F,P,R*	VHW	VTG-A,D,P*	RTE/WPL
Yellow	EPFS has output of GBS which is fault detection as well as GLL, GGA, GNS, VTG, RMB, BWC				
color	and WPL. In case Expected error of GBS sentence exceeds 10 m, LAT/LON, COG/SOG will be low integrity. At this time, numerical values of LAT/LON and COG/SOG displayed at the upper right of display are shown in vellow.				
Orange	THS-E,M,S,V*	GLL-E,M,S,N*	VBW	VBW	RMB-E,M,S,N*
color and	HDT(no input)	GGA-0,6,7,8**	Status water speed	Status ground	BWC-E,M,S,N*
XXX.XX		GNS-E,M,N,S*	. v VHW(no input)	VTG-E,M,S,N*	RTE/WPL (no input)

* mark is the "Mode indicator" in the data string. Refer to "7.1.2 Details of the data input format".

** mark is the "quality indicator" in the data string. Refer to "7.1.2 Details of the data input format".

7.1.2 Details of the data input format

Check sum: All the data from \$ to the check sum position * is calculated by exclusive-OR operation and used as checksum.

<u>Heading</u>

THS	True heading and status	
	\$ <u></u> THS, <u>x.x, a</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
		Note* mode indicator
	Check sum	A=Autonomous valid
	Mode indicator*	E=Estimated invalid
	Heading, degrees true	M=Manual input invalid
		S=Simulator mode invalid
	Note for IMO mode	V=Data not valid invalid
	II, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.	

HDT	Heading true
	\$ <u></u> HDT, <u>x.x</u> , T* <u>hh</u> <cr><lf> Check sum Heading, degrees true</lf></cr>
	Note for IMO mode
	II, IN, HE, HN, HC, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted.

Note: HDG, HDM, VTG, RMC and RMA sentences are not accepted for IMO radar.

<u>Speed</u>

\$ VBW, x.x, x.x, A, x.x, X, X, X, X, X, X, A, x.x, A	

VTG	Course over ground and ground speed		
	\$ <u></u> VTG, <u>x.x</u> , <u>I</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>M</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>N</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>K</u> , <u>a*hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Mode indicator A/P/D=Valid, E/WS/N=Invalid		
	Speed over ground, knots		
	Course over ground, degrees magnetic		
	Course over ground, degrees true		
	Note for IMO mode		
	II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.		

VHW	Water speed and heading
	\$ VHW, <u>x.x</u> , <u>T</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>M</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>N</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>K*hh</u> <cr><lf> Check sum Speed, km/h Speed, knots Heading, degrees magnetic Heading, degrees true</lf></cr>
	Note for IMO mode
	II, IN, VD, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN, VM and VW are accepted.

Set and Drift



Time and date

ZDA	Time and date				
	\$ ZDA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>xx</u> , <u>xx</u> , <u>xxxx</u> , <u>xx</u> , <u>xx</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	UTC Check sum				
	Local zone minutes (00 to +59)				
	Local zone hours (00 h to +/-13 h)				
	Year (UTC)				
	Month , 01 to 12 (UTC)				
	Day, 01 to 31 (UTC)				

Note: RMC and GGA sentences are not accepted for IMO radar.

Latitude/Longitude

GLL	Geographic position – Latitude/longitude					
	\$ GLL, IIII.II, N/S, <u>vvvvv.vv</u> , E/W, hhmmss.ss, <u>A</u> , <u>a*hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
		-	Note* Mode indicator			
	Latitude Longitude UTC is not used Check sum A=Autonomous (Valid)					
	Mode indicator* D=Differential (Valid)					
	E=Estimated (Invalid)					
	Status M=Manual input (Ivalid)					
	Note for IMO mode A: Data valid S=Simulator (Invalid)					
	II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN, SN and LC are accepted.	V: Data invalid	N=Data not valid			

GGA	Global positioning system (GPS) fix data				
	\$ <u></u> GGA, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>IIII.II</u> , N/S, <u>yyyyy.yy</u> , E/W, <u>a</u> , , , , , , , * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Latitude Longitude Check sum				
	UTC of position These field is not used.				
	GPS quality indicator 1/2/3/4/5=Valid, 0/6/7/8=Invalid				
	0=Fix not invalid				
	1=GPS SPS mode 5=Float RTK				
	2=Differential GPS, SPS mode 6=Estimated mode				
	Note for IMO mode 3=GPS PPS mode 7=Manual input mode				
	II, IN, GA, GP, GL, GN and SN are accepted. 4=Real time Kinematic 8=Simulator mode				

GNS	GNSS fix data					
	\$ <u></u> GNS, <u>hhmmss.s</u>	s, <u>IIII.II</u> , N/S	β, <u>yyyyy.yy</u> , E/W, <u>c</u> ·	<u>C</u> , <u>, , , , , , ,</u>	<u>a</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>	
	Not up od	 Lotitudo	 ongitudo		Chaok our	
	Not used	N/S	Eorigitude F/W	Not used	Navigation status indicator	
		100	Mode indica	ator	S=Safe	
	A/D/P/R/F=Valid C=Caution					
	Note for IMO mode E/M/S/N=Invalid U=Unsafe					
	GN, GP, GL and GA are ac	GN, GP: firs	st character	V=Navigational status not used		
			GL: second	d character		
			GA: third c	haracter		

Note: RMA and RMC sentences are not accepted for IMO radar

<u>Datum</u>

DTM	Datum reference			
	\$ DTM, <u>ccc, a, x.x, a, x.x, a, x.x, ccc</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Check sum		Reference	Local
	Reference datum		datum	datum
	Altitude offset, m	WGS84	W84	W84
	Lon offset min, E/W	WGS72	W72	W72
	Lat offset min, N/S	SGS85	S85	S85
	Local datum subdivision code PE90		P90	P90
	Local datum	User defined	-	999

Alert handling

ACN	Alert command	
	\$ ACN, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>aaa</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>c</u> , <u>a*hh</u> <cr><lf> Relese time Check sum Sentence status flag: "C" Alert instance, 1 to 999999 Alert identifier manufacture mnemonic code</lf></cr>	Note* Alert command A: Acknow ledge Q: Request / repeat information O: Responsibility transfer S: Silence

Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence
	\$ HBT, <u>x.x</u> , <u>A</u> , <u>x</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>

AIS target and own ship information

VDM	AIS VHF data-link message
	! VDM, x, x, x, a, ss, x*hh <cr><lf> Check sum Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields) Als channel (A/B) Message number, 1 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 9 Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9</lf></cr>

VDO	AIS VHF data-link own-vessel report
	! VDO, <u>x</u> , <u>x</u> , <u>x</u> , <u>a</u> , <u>ss</u> , <u>x*hh</u> <cr><lf> Check sum Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Encapsulated ITU-R M.1371 radio message (Message part, 6bit fields) AIS channel (A/B) Message number, 1 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 9 Total number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 1 to 9</lf></cr>

Waypoint Latitude/Longitude, ID

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information					
	\$ RMB, A, x.x, a, cc, cc, IIII.II, N/S, yyyyy.yy, E/W, x.x, x.x, x.x, A, a*hh <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid	Direction to steer	Des	Destination waypoint longitude, EW tination waypoint	Not used Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/M/S/N=invalid	
	Cross track Destination waypoint ID error			ude, N/S w aypoint ID Ra na	Bearing to destination, degrees natical miles inge to destination, utical miles	



RTE	Routes
	\$ RTE, <u>x.x, x.x, a</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>cc</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Additional w aypoint "n" identifier Additional w aypoint identifiers Waypoint identifier Message mode C=complete route, all w aypoints W=w orking route, first listed w aypoint is "FROM" second is "TO" and remaining are rest of route
	Sentence number
	Total number of sentences

WPL	Waypoint location
	\$ WPL, <u>IIII.II, N/S, yyyyy.yy, E/W, cc</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Check sum
	Waypoint identifier
	Waypoint longitude, E/W
	Waypoint latitude, N/S

Waypoint Bearing/Distance

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information					
	\$ RMB, <u>A</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>a</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>IIII.II, N/S</u> , <u>yyyyy.yy, E/W</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>A</u> , <u>a</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Status	Not used		Destination	Not used Che	ck sum
	A=Valid			w aypoint longitude,	Mode i	ndicator
	V=Data	Direction		E/W	A/D=va	alid
	Invalid	to steer	to steer Destination waypoint		E/M/S/I	N=invalid
		L/R	latitu	ude, N/S	Bearing to	
	Cross track Destination waypoint ID destination,					
	error degrees natical miles					
	Range to destination,					
				na	utical miles	

BWC	Bearing and distance	e to wayp	point – Gr	eat circ	le			
	\$ BWC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , UTC of observation Note* Mode indicator A/D=Valid E/M/S/N=Invalid	IIII.II, N/S Waypoint latitude N/S	, <u>YYYYY.YY</u> , Waypoint longitiude E/W	E/W, <u>x.</u>	<u>x,</u> T, <u>x.</u> Be aring, dig	<u>x</u> , M, <u>x.</u> Dis earing, dig grees tru	x, N, <u>cc</u> , Wayp stance, naut grees magne e	a* <u>hh</u> <cr><lf> Check sum Mode indicator* point ID ical miles etic</lf></cr>

Cross-track error, measured

RMB	Recommended minimum navigation information					
	\$ RMB, <u>A, x.x, a</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>LIII.II, N/S</u> , <u>vvvvv, vv, E/W</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>A</u> , <u>a</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>					
	Status A=Valid V=Data Invalid	Direction to steer L/R rors track De	Destination W Destination E/W Destination w aypoint latitude, N/S estination w aypoint ID	Not used Check sum Mode indicator A/D=valid E/WS/N=invalid Bearing to destination, degrees natical miles Range to destination,		
			n	autical miles		

\$ XTE, <u>A</u> , <u>A</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>a</u> , N, <u>a*hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>	XTE	Cross-track error, measured
Image:		\$ XTE, <u>A, A, x.x, a</u> , N, <u>a</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf> \$ XTE, <u>A, A, x.x, a</u>, N, <u>a</u>*<u>hh</u><cr><lf> \$ Check sum Mode indicator A/D=Valid, E/M/S/N=Invalid Direction to steer, L/R Magnitude of cross-track error Status: A=data valid, V=LORAN-C cycle lock w arning flag Status: A=data valid, V=invalid</lf></cr></lf></cr>

<u>Route</u>

RTE	Routes
	\$ RTE, <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>a</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u> cc</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Image: Constraint of the constraint

WPL	Waypoint location
	\$ WPL, <u>IIII.II, N/S, yyyyy.yy, E/W, cc</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Check sum
l	Waypoint identifier
	Waypoint longitude, E/W
	Waypoint latitude, N/S

<u>Depth</u>

DPT	Depth
	\$ DPT, <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x*hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Check sum
	Offset from transducer, in metres Water depth relative to the transducer, in metres

DBT	Depth below transducer
	\$ DBT, <u>x.x</u> , f, <u>x.x</u> , M, <u>x.x</u> , F * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>

<u>Temp</u>

MTW	Water temperature
	\$ MTW, <u>x.x. C</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf> Check sum Temperature, degrees C</lf></cr>

Loran-C position (LOP)

GLC	Geographic Position Loran-C	
	\$ GLC, <u>xxxx</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>a</u> , <u>*hh</u> <cr><lf> I<!--</td--><td>Note*: Status A=Valid B=Blink w arning C=Cycle w arning S=SNR w arning</td></lf></cr>	Note*: Status A=Valid B=Blink w arning C=Cycle w arning S=SNR w arning

<u>Wind</u>

MWD	Wind direction and speed
	\$ MWD, <u>x.x, T, x.x, M, x.x, N, x.x, M</u> , * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Check sum
	Wind speed, ms
	Wind speed, knots
	Wind direction, 0° to 359° magnetic
	Wind direction, 0° to 359° true

<u>ROT</u>

ROT	Rate of turn
	\$ ROT, <u>x.x</u> , <u>A</u> , * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>

GNSS satellite fault detection

GBS	GNSS satellite fault detection
	\$ GBS, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , x.x, ^{xx} , x.x, x.x, x.x, h, h *hh <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	This field is not used. Check sum
	These fields are not used.
	Expected error in longitude
	Expected error in latitude

7.2 Details of TT tracking data output

Data standard name: IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2

Target data of the automatic tracking unit is provided via data connectors (NAV/EPFS/SDME) on the back panel.

TTD	Tracked target data
	! RATTD, <u>hh, hh, x</u> , <u>ss</u> , <u>x*hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Check sum Number of fill-bits, 0 to 5 Encapsulated tracked target data
	Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9
	Hex sentence number, 01 to FF
	Total hex number of sentences needed to transfer the message, 01 to FF

Note: The protocol version zero and protocol version one is supported and is sent together for each target information.

TLB	Target label
	\$ RATLB, x.x, cc, x.x, cc, *hh <cr><lf> \$ Check sum Additional label pairs (x.x, cc) Label assigned to target 'n' Target number 'n' reported by the device</lf></cr>

TTM	Tracked target message
	\$ RATTM, xx, x.x, T, x.x, T, x.x, x, x

7.3 Details of the radar data output

Data standard name: IEC61162-1 or IEC61162-2

Own ship data and radar system data are provided via data connectors (NAV/EPFS/SDME) on the back panel.

Radar system data

RSD	Radar system data										
	\$ RSD, <u>x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.</u>					LF>					
		Origin1		Origin2		EBL2		Cursor		Check sum	
		Bearing		Range		Berair	ng	Bearing			– Display mode
	Origir	n 1	EBĹ	.1	VR	M2	Curs	or		 Range unit 	C=Course up
	Range		Bearing		Bea	aring	rang	je Disj	olay	K=km/h	H=Head up
	VRM1 Or		gin2		Rar	nge	N=NM	N=North up			
	Bearing Be			aing				-	S=SM/h	-	

Own ship data

OSD	Own ship data
	\$RAOSD, <u>x.x, A</u> , <u>x.x, a</u> , <u>x.x, a</u> , <u>x.x, x.x, a*hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Image: Construct of the construction of the constructio

Target latitude and longitude

TLL	Target latitude and longitude				
	\$ RATLL, <u>xx</u> , <u>IIII.II, N/S</u> , <u>yyyyy.yy</u> , <u>E/W</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>a</u> , <u>a</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>				
	Target longitude UTC of data Check sum				
	E/W Target label Reference target=R, null otherw ise				
	Target latitude Target status L=Lost				
	N/S Q=Query				
	Target number (00-99) T=Tracking				

<u>Alert</u>

ALF	Alert sentence				
	\$ ALF, <u>x</u> , <u>x</u> , <u>x</u> , <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>a</u> Time of last change Sequential message identifier, 0 to 9 Sentence number, 1 to 2 Total number of ALF sentences for this message, 1 to 2	a, a, a, aaa, x.x, x.x, x.x, x.x, x. cc *hh <cr><lf> I I I Check sum Alert text Scalation counter, 0 to 9 Revision counter, 1 to 99 Alert identifier Manufacturer mnemonic code Alert priority, E, A, W or C* Note** Alert state</lf></cr>			
	Note* Alert priority E=Emergency Alerm (for use wit A=Alarm W:Warning C=Caution	h Bridge Alert Management) H Bridge Alert Management H Bridge Ale			

ALC	Cyclic alert list
	\$ ALC, <u>xx</u> , <u>xx</u> , <u>xx</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>aaa</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> ,, <u>aaa</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> , <u>x.x</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Additional Alert entries Revision counter Alert entry 1
	Alert identifier
	Manufacturer mnemonic code
	Number of alert entries
	Sequential message identifier, 00 to 99
	Sentence number, 01 to 99
	Total number of sentences for this message, 01 to 99

ARC	Alert command refused			
	\$ ARC, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>aaa, x.x, x.x</u> , c*hh <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Relese time	Check sum	Note*	
		Refused alert command, A, Q, O or S*	A: Acknowledge	
		Alert instance, 1 to 999999	Q: Request / repeat information	
		Alert identifier		
	Manu	S: Silence		

Heartbeat

HBT	Heartbeat supervision sentence		
	\$ HBT, <u>x.x</u> , <u>A</u> , <u>x</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf> Check sum Sequential sentence identifier Equipment status A=Yes V=No</lf></cr>		
	Configured repeat interval		

Event message

EVE	General event message			
	\$ EVE, <u>hhmmss.ss</u> , <u>cc</u> , <u>cc</u> * <u>hh</u> <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
	Check sum			
	Event description			
	Tag code used for identification of source of event			
	Event time			
7.4 Interface specification

7.4.1 NAV and EPFS serial data input/output specification

Input connector: J3 and J5

Connector used: BD-06PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BD-06BFFA-LL6001

J3 and J5 Data connector pin assignment (Display unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

J3 and J5		
Pin number	Signal	
	name	
1	Shield	
2	OUT-A	
3	OUT-B	
4	IN-A	
5	IN-B	
6	+12V	

Note: +12V of pin no.6 is used for power supply of

Junction box JB-35 or other device

Serial data input (Listener): Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or Input data A IEC 61162-2 is acceptable. 500 IN-A Input load: 500 Ohm Input data B Circuit configuration: Photo coupler

Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Serial data input circuit

Serial data output (Talker):

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or

IEC 61162-2 is transmittable.

Circuit configuration: RS422 driver IC

Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)



Serial data output circuit



7.4.2 SDME serial data input/output specification

Input connector: J6

Connector used: BD-06PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BD-06BFFA-LL6001

J6 Data connector pin assignment (Display unit upper view)



Serial data input (Listener):

Circuit configuration: Photo coupler

IEC 61162-2 is acceptable.

Input load: 500 Ohm

Data connector pin assignment

J6		
Pin number	Signal	
	name	
1	Shield	
2	OUT-A	
3	OUT-B	
4	IN-A	
5	IN-B	
6	NC	



Serial data input circuit

Serial data output (Talker):

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or

Standard-type signal conforming to IEC61162-1 or

IEC 61162-2 is transmittable.

Circuit configuration: RS422 driver IC

Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)

Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Serial data output circuit

7.4.3 VDR (external monitor) and Alarm output signal specification

Output connector name: VDR & Alarm

Connector used: BU-10PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-10BFFA-LL7001

Pin location is shown below.

J1 External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment (Display unit upper view)



External monitor and alarm output connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	RVD
2	R-GND
3	GVD
4	G-GND
5	BVD
6	B-GND
7	H-SYNC
8	V-SYNC
9	ALARM
10	ALARM

Signal specification

This RGB output is compliant with the image test defined in the VDR test standard IEC61996.

VDR output cannot be deactivated by the user.

Signal name	Frequency	Polarity	Signal width	Level	Impedance
Horizontal sync signal (H-SYNC)	63.981 kHz	Negative	1.037 µs	TTL	200 Ω
Vertical sync signal (V-SYNC)	60.0 Hz	Negative	47 µs	TTL	200 Ω
R, G, B Video signal	-	Positive	-	0.7 V p-p	75 Ω
Alarm output	-	-	Contact*	-	Capacity 1A

* Alarm contact will open in case of failure.

7.4.3.1 Circuit for horizontal sync, vertical sync signal output



7.4.3.2 Circuit for R, G, B video signal output



7.4.3.3 Alarm contact specification



Note: Alarm contact will open in case of failure.

7.4.4 Serial data input/output specification (AIS)

I/O connector AIS (J2)

Connector used: BD-08PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BD-08BFFA-LL6001

Serial data input (Listener):

Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 is acceptable.

Input load 500 Ohm

Circuit configuration: Photo coupler

Type ACPL-M61 (Avago)



Standard signals conforming to IEC61162-2 can be output.

Circuit configuration: RS422 Driver/Receiver IC

Type SN65HVD3085 (TI)





Serial data input circuit



Serial data output circuit

Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	Shield
2	IN-A
3	IN-B
4	OUT-B
5	OUT-A
6	GND
7	NC
8	NC

7.4.5 Radar input/output signal specification

I/O connector: Inter-switch (J8)

Connector used: BU-12PMMP-LC7001

Connector acceptable: BU-12BFFA-LL7001

J8 Inter-switch connector pin assignment (Display unit upper view)



Data connector pin assignment

Pin number	Signal name
1	VIDEO OUT
2	TRIG OUT
3	GND
4	AZIP OUT
5	SHF OUT
6	GND
7	VIDEO IN
8	TRIG IN
9	GND
10	AZIP IN
11	SHF IN
12	+12VDC

7.4.6 Talker device code of the data output devices

The device code displayed as talker is shown in the table below.

Data output device	Talker device code	Displayed code
Galileo positioning system	GA	GAL
Global positioning system (GPS)	GP	GPS (See below)
Global positioning system (DGPS)	GP	DGPS (See below)
GLONASS positioning system	GL	GLONASS
Global navigation satellite system	GN	GNSS
Heading sensors: compass, magnetic	HC	HC
: gyro, north seeking	HE	GYRO
: gyro, non-north seeking	HN	GYRO
Integrated instrumentation	11	INS
Integrated navigation	IN	INS
Loran-C	LC	LC
Electronic positioning system	SN	EPFS
Velocity sensors: Doppler, general	VD	DLOG
: magnetic log	VM	LOG
: mechanical log	VW	LOG
Other devices		Display of talker device

Notice

The change between "GPS" and "DGPS" of the device name displayed is based on the operational status display in the GLL and GGA sentences. Refer to "7.1.2. Details of the data input format" (GLL and GGA sentences).

7.4.7 Priority of talker device code

Heading

II > IN > HE >HN > HC > GN > GP > GL > GA > SN

Speed

 $\mathsf{II} > \mathsf{IN} > \mathsf{VD} > \mathsf{GN} > \mathsf{GP} > \mathsf{GL} > \mathsf{GA} > \mathsf{SN} > \mathsf{VM} > \mathsf{VW}$

Position

 $\mathsf{II} > \mathsf{IN} > \mathsf{GN} > \mathsf{GP} > \mathsf{GL} > \mathsf{GA} > \mathsf{SN} > \mathsf{LC}$

GNS

GN > GP > GL > GA



INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (RB808P)

INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (RB809P)





INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (MRD-108P/MRO-108P)



INTER CONNECTION DIAGRAM (MRM-108P/MRO-108P)

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